DELIVERY SPECIFICATION SPEC. No. A-General-i

D A T E: Jun, 2020

To

Non-Controlled Copy

CUSTOMER'S PRODUCT NAME	TDK'S PRODUCT NAME
	Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitors
	Bulk and Tape packaging 【RoHS compliant】
	CGA1,CGA2,CGA3,CGA4,CGA5,CGA6,CGA8,CGA9Type
	C0G,NP0,X7R,X7S,X7T,X8R,X8L Characteristics
	1

Please return this specification to TDK representatives with your signature. If orders are placed without returned specification, please allow us to judge that specification is accepted by your side.

RECEIPT CONFIRMATION

DATE:	YEAR	MONTH	DAY
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Test conditions in this specification based on AEC-Q200 for automotive application.

TDK Corporation

Sales

Engineering

Electronic Components Sales & Marketing Group Electronic Components Business Company Ceramic Capacitors Business Group

APPROVED	Person in charge

APPROVED	CHECKED	Person in charge

CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION

CGA	6	Р	1	X7R	1N	106	M	250	Α	С
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)

(1) Series

(2) Dimensions L x W (mm)

Code	EIA	Length	Width	Terminal width
1	CC0201	0.60	0.30	0.10
2	CC0402	1.00	0.50	0.10
3	CC0603	1.60	0.80	0.20
4	CC0805	2.00	1.25	0.20
5	CC1206	3.20	1.60	0.20
6	CC1210	3.20	2.50	0.20
8	CC1812	4.50	3.20	0.20
9	CC2220	5.70	5.00	0.20

(3) Thickness code

(3) THICKIC33 COUC			
Code	Thickness		
Α	0.30mm		
В	0.50mm		
<u>B</u> <u>C</u> <u>E</u> F	0.60mm		
Е	0.80mm		
F	0.85mm		
Н	1.15mm		
J	1.25mm		
L	1.60mm		
M	2.00mm		
N	2.30mm		
Р	2.50mm		
Q	2.80mm		
R	3.20mm		

(4) Voltage condition for life test

Symbol	Condition
1	1 x R.V.
2	2 x R.V.
3	1.5 x R.V.

(5) Temperature characteristics

Temperature	Temperature coefficient	Temperature
characteristics	or capacitance change	range
C0G	0±30ppm/℃	-55 to +125℃
X5R	±15%	-55 to +85℃
X7R	±15%	-55 to +125℃
X7S	±22%	-55 to +125℃
X7T	+22,-33%	-55 to +125℃

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

	- , ,
Code	Voltage (DC)
0G	4V
0J	6.3V
1A	10V
1C	16V
1E	25V
1V	35V
1H	50V
1N	75V

(7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

(Example)
$$0R5 = 0.5pF$$

 $101 = 100pF$
 $225 = 2,200,000pF = 2.2\mu F$

(8) Capacitance tolerance

(o) cap	(b) capacitance tolerance		
Code	Tolerance		
С	±0.25pF		
D	±0.50pF		
J	±5%		
K	±10%		
М	±20%		

(9) Thickness

(-)	
Code	Thickness
030	0.30mm
050	0.50mm
060	0.60mm
080	0.80mm
085	0.85mm
115	1.15mm
125	1.25mm
160	1.60mm
200	2.00mm
230	2.30mm
250	2.50mm
280	2.80mm
320	3.20mm

(10) Packaging style

	3 3 7
Code	Style
Α	178mm reel, 4mm pitch
В	178mm reel, 2mm pitch
K	178mm reel, 8mm pitch

(11) Special reserved code

(11) 000	
Code	Description
A.B.C	TDK internal code

CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION

CGA	9	Р	3	X7S	2A	156	M	250	K	В	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	

(1) Series

(2) Dimensions L x W (mm)

(2) Birrierisions 2 x vv (min)				
Code	EIA	Length	Width	Terminal width
2	CC0402	1.00	0.50	0.10
3	CC0603	1.60	0.80	0.20
4	CC0805	2.00	1.25	0.20
5	CC1206	3.20	1.60	0.20
6	CC1210	3.20	2.50	0.20
8	CC1812	4.50	3.20	0.20
9	CC2220	5.70	5.00	0.20

(3) Thickness code

(3) Thickness code		
Code	Thickness	
В	0.50mm	
С	0.60mm	
E F	0.80mm	
	0.85mm	-
Н	1.15mm	-
J	1.25mm	
K	1.30mm	
L	1.60mm	
М	2.00mm	
N	2.30mm	
Р	2.50mm	
Q	2.80mm	
R	3.20mm	

(4) Voltage condition for life test

(.)	
Symbol	Condition
1	1 x R.V.
2	2 x R.V.
3	1.5 x R.V.
4	1.2 x R.V.

(5) Temperature characteristics

Temperature	Temperature coefficient	Temperature
characteristics	or capacitance change	range
C0G	0±30ppm/℃	-55 to +125℃
X7R	±15%	-55 to +125℃
X7S	±22%	-55 to +125℃
X7T	+22,-33%	-55 to +125℃
•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

Code	Voltage (DC)
2A	100V
2E	250V
2W	450V
2J	630V

(7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

(Example) 0R5 = 0.5pF 101 = 100pF $225 = 2,200,000pF = 2.2\mu F$

(8) Capacitance tolerance

(-)	
Code	Tolerance
С	±0.25pF
D	±0.50pF
J	±5%
K	±10%
М	±20%

(9) Thickness

(9) I nickne	ess
Code	Thickness
050	0.50mm
060	0.60mm
080	0.80mm
085	0.85mm
115	1.15mm
125	1.25mm
130	1.30mm
160	1.60mm
200	2.00mm
230	2.30mm
250	2.50mm
280	2.80mm
320	3.20mm

(10) Packaging style

(10) I dekaging style		
Code	Style	
Α	178mm reel, 4mm pitch	
В	178mm reel, 2mm pitch	
K	178mm reel, 8mm pitch	

(11) Special reserved code

Code	Description
A,B,C,N	TDK internal code

CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION

CGA	6	Р	1	X8L	1 C	226	M	250	Α	С
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)

(1) Series

(2) Dimensions L x W (mm)

(=) =	1010110 L X 11 (11111	•/		
Code	EIA	Length	Width	Terminal width
2	CC0402	1.00	0.50	0.10
3	CC0603	1.60	0.80	0.20
4	CC0805	2.00	1.25	0.20
5	CC1206	3.20	1.60	0.20
6	CC1210	3.20	2.50	0.20
8	CC1812	4.50	3.20	0.20
9	CC2220	5.70	5.00	0.20

(3) Thickness code

(3) THICKIES	33 COUC
Code	Thickness
В	0.50mm
С	0.60mm
C E F	0.80mm
F	0.85mm
Н	1.15mm
J	1.25mm
L	1.60mm
M	2.00mm
N	2.30mm
Р	2.50mm
Q	2.80mm
R	3.20mm

(4) Voltage condition for life test

(i) voicage	condicion for	C	
Symbol	Condition		
1	1 x R.V.		
2	2 x R.V.		
3	1.5 x R.V.		
4	1.2 x R.V.		

(5) Temperature characteristics

Temperature	Temperature coefficient	Temperature
characteristics	or capacitance change	range
NP0	0±30ppm/℃	-55 to +150℃
X8R	±15%	-55 to +150℃
X8L	+15,-40%	-55 to +150℃

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

(0)	s.tags (2 s)
Code	Voltage (DC)
0G	4V
0J	6.3V
1A	10V
1C	16V
1E	25V
1H	50V
2A	100V
2E	250V
2W	450V
2J	630V

(7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

(Example) 0R5 = 0.5pF 101 = 100pF $225 = 2,200,000pF = 2.2\mu F$

(8) Capacitance tolerance Code Tolerance C ±0.25pF D ±0.50pF J ±5% K ±10% M ±20%

(9) Thickness			
Code	Thickness		
050	0.50mm		
060	0.60mm		
080	0.80mm		
085	0.85mm		
115	1.15mm		
125	1.25mm		
160	1.60mm		
200	2.00mm		
230	2.30mm		
250	2.50mm		
280	2.80mm		
320	3.20mm		

(10) Packaging style

(10): 00.	14.5.1.5.51,15
Code	Style
Α	178mm reel, 4mm pitch
В	178mm reel, 2mm pitch
K	178mm reel, 8mm pitch

(11) Special reserved code

Code	Description
A,B,C,N	TDK internal code

SCOPE

This delivery specification shall be applied to Multilayer ceramic chip capacitors to be delivered to

PRODUCTION PLACES

Production places defined in this specification shall be TDK Corporation, TDK(Suzhou)Co.,Ltd and TDK Components U.S.A.,Inc.

PRODUCT NAME

The name of the product to be defined in this specifications shall be $\underline{CGA} \Diamond \Diamond OO \triangle \triangle \Box \Box \Box \times$.

REFERENCE STANDARD

JIS C 5101-1:2010	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part 1: Generic specification
C 5101-21: 2014	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part21 : Sectional specification
	: Fixed surface mount multilayer capacitors of ceramic dielectric, Class1
C 5101-22: 2014	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part22 : Sectional specification
	: Fixed surface mount multilayer capacitors of ceramic dielectric, Class 2
C 0806-3:2014	Packaging of components for automatic handling - Part 3: Packaging of
	surface mount components on continuous tapes
JEITA RCR-2335 C 2014	Safety application guide for fixed ceramic capacitors for use in electronic
	equipment

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- 11. SOLDERING CONDITION
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- 13. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

<EXPLANATORY NOTE>

When the mistrust in the spec arises, this specification is given priority. And it will be confirmed by written spec change after conference of both posts involved.

This specification warrants the quality of the ceramic chip capacitor. Capacitors should be evaluated or confirmed a state of mounted on your product.

If the use of the capacitors goes beyond the bounds of this specification, we can not afford to guarantee.

Division	Date	SPEC. No.	
Ceramic Capacitors Business Group	Jun, 2020	A-General-i	

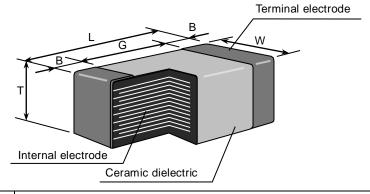
1. CODE CONSTRUCTION

(Example) CGA 2 В X7R 1 E 104 0000 3 K Т <u>CGA</u> <u>6</u> (2) 3 X7S (5) 106 0000 <u>1 H</u> (6) (7)

(1) Series

Symbol	Series
CGA	For automotive application

(2) Case size



Case size	Case size		Din	nensions (mm)		
Symbol	(EIA style)	L	W	Т	В	G
	CGA1	0.60±0.03	0.30±0.03	0.30±0.03		
1	(CC0201)	0.60 ^{+0.10} -0.03	0.30 +0.10 -0.03	0.30 ^{+0.10} -0.03	0.10 min.	0.20 min.
		1.00±0.05	0.50±0.05	0.50±0.05		
2	CGA2	1.00±0.10	0.50±0.10	0.50±0.10	0.10 min.	0.30 min.
2	(CC0402)	1.00 +0.10 -0.05	0.50 +0.10 -0.05	0.50 ^{+0.10} -0.05		0.00
		1.60±0.10	0.80±0.10	0.80±0.10		
_	CGA3	1.60±0.15	0.80±0.15	0.80±0.15		
3	(CC0603)	1.60±0.20	0.80±0.20	0.80±0.20	0.20 min.	0.30 min.
	,	1.60 ^{+0.30} -0.10	0.80 ^{+0.30} _{-0.10}	0.80 ^{+0.30} _{-0.10}		
				0.60±0.15		
	CGA4 (CC0805)	2.00±0.20	1.25±0.20	0.85±0.15		
4				1.25±0.20	0.20 min.	0.50 min.
		2.00 +0.25 -0.15	1.25 ^{+0.25} -0.15	1.25 ^{+0.25} -0.15		
	CGA5 (CC1206)			0.60±0.15		1.00 min.
			1.60±0.20	0.85±0.15	0.20 min.	
_		3.20±0.20		1.15±0.15		
5				1.30±0.20		
				1.60±0.20		
		3.20 +0.30 -0.10	1.60 ^{+0.30} -0.10	1.60 ^{+0.30} -0.10		
				1.25±0.20		
				1.60±0.20		
_	CGA6	3.20±0.40	2.50±0.30	2.00±0.20		
6	(CC1210)			2.30±0.20	0.20 min.	
				2.50±0.30		
		3.20 ^{+0.45} -0.40	2.50 +0.35 -0.30	2.50 ^{+0.35} -0.30		
				1.60±0.20		
	0049			2.00±0.20		
8	CGA8 (CC1812)	4.50±0.40	3.20±0.40	2.30±0.20	0.20 min.	
	(001012)			2.50±0.30		
				3.20±0.30		

^{*}As for each item, please refer to detail page on TDK web.

Case size	Case size		Din	nensions (mm)		
Symbol	(EIA style)	L	W	Т	В	G
		2212		1.60±0.20		
	CGA9 (CC2220) 5.70±0.40			2.00±0.20	0.20 min.	İ
9		5.70±0.40	5.00±0.40	2.30±0.20		
				2.50±0.30		
				2.80±0.30		

^{*}As for each item, please refer to detail page on TDK web..

(3) Thickness

Symbol	Dimension(mm)	Symbol	Dimension(mm)
Α	0.30	K	1.30
В	0.50	L	1.60
С	0.60	М	2.00
Е	0.80	N	2.30
F	0.85	Р	2.50
Н	1.15	Q	2.80
J	1.25	R	3.20

(4) Voltage condition in the life test

^{*} Details are shown in table 1 No.16 at 7.PERFORMANCE.

Condition
Rated Voltage
Rated Voltage x 2
Rated Voltage x 1.5
Rated Voltage x 1.2

(5) Temperature Characteristics

(6) Rated Voltage

Symbol	Rated Voltage
2 J	DC 630 V
2 W	DC 450 V
2 E	DC 250 V
2 A	DC 100 V
1 N	DC 75 V
1 H	DC 50 V

Symbol	Rated Voltage
1 V	DC 35 V
1 E	DC 25 V
1 C	DC 16 V
1 A	DC 10 V
0 J	DC 6.3 V
0 G	DC 4 V

(7) Rated Capacitance

Stated in three digits and in units of pico farads (pF). The first and Second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance, the third digit identifies the multiplier. R is designated for a decimal point.

(Example)	Symbol	Rated Capacitance
·	2R2	2.2 pF
	104	100,000 pF

(8) Capacitance tolerance

* M tolerance shall be standard for over 10uF.

Symbol	Tolerance	Capacitance
С	± 0.25 pF	10pE and under
D	± 0.5 pF	10pF and under
J	± 5%	
K	± 10 %	Over 10pF
*M	± 20 %	

^{*} Details are shown in table 1 No.6 and No.7 at 7.PERFORMANCE.

(9) Packaging

* CGA1 and CGA2 types are applicable to tape packaging only.

Symbol	Packaging
В	Bulk
Т	Taping

(10) TDK internal code

2. COMBINATION OF RATED CAPACITANCE AND TOLERANCE

Class	Temperature Characteristics	Capacitar	nce tolerance	Rated capacitance	
		10pF and		1, 1.5, 2, 2.2, 3, 3.3, 4, 4.7, 5	
	C0G	under	D (±0.5pF)	6, 6.8, 7, 8, 9, 10	
1	1 NPO	NP0 12pF to 10,000pF Over 10,000pF	J (± 5%)	E – 12 series	
				E – 6 series	
-	X7R X7S	0.1uF and under	K (± 10 %)	E – 6 series	
2	X71 X8R X8L	Over U. Tur		K (± 10 %) M (± 20 %)	1 E - o series

Capacitance Step in E series

E series	Capacitance Step											
E- 6	1.0 1.5 2.2 3.3 4.7 6.8					.8						
E-12	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2

3. OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE

T.C.	Min. operating Temperature	Max. operating Temperature	Reference Temperature
C0G	-55°C	125°C	25°C
NP0	-55°C	150°C	25°C
X7R/X7S/X7T	-55°C	125°C	25°C
X8R/X8L	-55°C	150°C	25°C

4. STORING CONDITION AND TERM

Storing temperature	Storing humidity	Storing term
5~40°C	20~70%RH	Within 6 months upon receipt.

5. P.C. BOARD

When mounting on an aluminum substrate, large case size such as CGA6 [CC1210] and larger are more likely to be affected by heat stress from the substrate.

Please inquire separate specification for the large case sizes when mounted on the substrate.

6. INDUSTRIAL WASTE DISPOSAL

Dispose this product as industrial waste in accordance with the Industrial Waste Law.

7. PERFORMANCE

Table 1

No.	Item	<u> </u>	Performance	Test o	r inspectio	n n	nethod	
1	External App	earance	No defects which may affect performance.		of CGA	agnifying o		
2	Insulation Re	esistance	10,000MΩ or 500MΩ·μF min. (As for the capacitors of rated voltage 16V DC and lower, 10,000 MΩ or 100MΩ·μF min.), whichever smaller.	(As for to DC, app	the cap		ate	d voltage 630V
3	Voltage Proo	f	Withstand test voltage without insulation breakdown or other	Class		Rated age(RV)		Apply voltage
			damage.			≦100V	3	× rated voltage
				1	100V<	(RV≦500V	1.5	× rated voltage
					500)V <rv< td=""><td></td><td>× rated voltage</td></rv<>		× rated voltage
						≦100V		× rated voltage
				2	100V<	(RV≦500V		× rated voltage
)V <rv< td=""><td></td><td>× rated voltage</td></rv<>		× rated voltage
					applica	ation time	: 1s	
4	Capacitance		Within the specified tolerance.	《Class	1》			
				Capac	citance	Measurin frequenc		Measuring voltage
					1000pF and under		%	0.5 ~ 5 Vrms.
				Over 1	Over 1000pF 1kHz±10%			
				《Class	2》			
					citance	Measurin frequenc		Measuring voltage
				un	and der	1kHz±10		1.0±0.2Vrms
				Over	10uF	120Hz±20)%	0.5±0.2Vrms.
				DC, 0.5 As an e	Vrms is xceptio	s applied. n, 1.0Vrm	s is	d voltage 6.3V applied for racteristics.
5	Q	Class1	Please refer to detail page on TDK web.	See No.		s table for	me	easuring
	Dissipation Factor	Class2						
6	Characteristi	Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance (Class1)		based of tempera	Temperature coefficient shall be calculated based on values at 25°C and 85°C temperature. Measuring temperature below 25°C shall be -10°C and -25°C.			

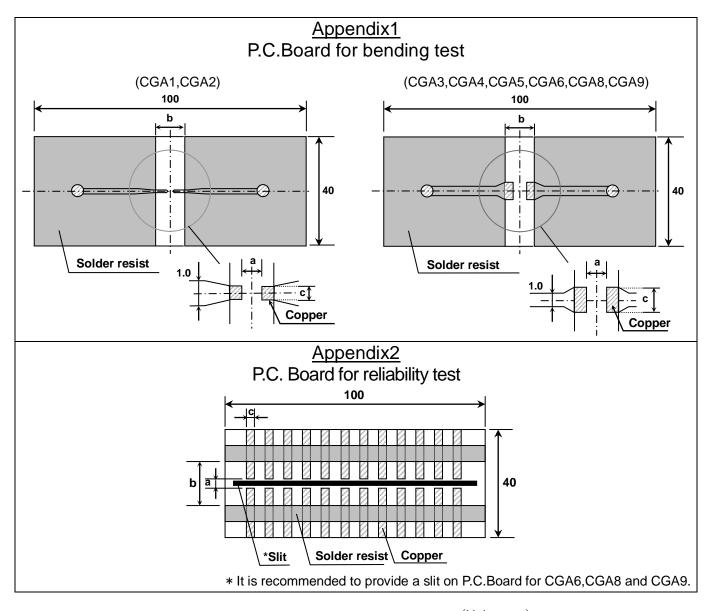
	ontinued)		Ι			
No.	Item	Performance	Test or inspection method			
7	Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance	Capacitance Change (%)	Capacitance shall be measured by the steps shown in the following table after thermal equilibrium is obtained for each			
	(Class2)	No voltage applied X7R: ± 15	step. ΔC be calculated ref. STEP3 reading			
		X7S:±22	Step Temperature(°C)			
		X7T : +22 -33	1 Reference temp. ± 2			
		X8R : ± 15 X8L : +15	2 Min. operating temp. ± 2			
		X8L: 110 -40	3 Reference temp. ± 2			
			4 Max. operating temp. ± 2			
			As for Min./ Max. operating temp. and Reference temp., please refer to "3.OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE". As for measuring voltage, please contact with our sales representative.			
8	Robustness of Terminations	No sign of termination coming off, breakage of ceramic, or other abnormal signs.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2. Apply a pushing force gradually at the center of a specimen in a horizontal direction of P.C.board. Pushing force: 17.7N (2N is applied for CGA1 and CGA2 type.) Holding time: 10±1s. Pushing force Pushing force Pushing force			
9	Bending	No mechanical damage.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1. (1mm is applied for 0.85mm thickness of Class2 items.) FRESTORY RESTORY (Unit: mm)			
10	Solderability	New solder to cover over 75% of termination. 25% may have pin holes or rough spots but not concentrated in one spot. Ceramic surface of A sections shall not be exposed due to melting or shifting of termination material. A section	Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Flux: Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K 8839) Rosin (JIS K 5902) 25% solid solution. Solder temp.: 245±5°C Dwell time: 3±0.3s. Solder Until both terminations are completely soaked.			

No.	Item Resistance External			_	ormance	Test or	inspection method										
11	Resistance to solder heat	External appearance	terminati	ons sh	allowed and all be covered at new solder.	Solder : Flux :	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K										
		Capacitance	Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test		8839) Rosin (JIS K 5902) 25% solid solution.										
														C0G NP0	± 2.5% or ± 0.25pF, whichever larger.	Solder temp. : Dwell time :	260±5°C 10±1s.
			Class2	X7R X7S X7T X8R	± 7.5 %	Solder position :	Until both terminations are completely soaked.										
				X8L		Pre-heating :	Temp. — 110~140°C Time — 30∼60s.										
		Q (Class1)	Meet the	initial	spec.		acitors in ambient										
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the	initial	spec.	condition for Class 1 : 6~24h Class 2 : 24±2h before measureme											
		Insulation Resistance	Meet the	initial	spec.												
		Voltage proof	No insulation breakdown or other damage.														
12	Vibration	External appearance	No mech	anical	damage.	Applied force Frequency : 1											
		Capacitance	Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test		sweep time : 20 min. les in each 3 mutually										
			Class1	C0G NP0	± 2.5% or ± 0.25pF, whichever larger.		ndicular directions.										
			Class2	X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L	± 7.5 %		the capacitors on a wn in Appendix 2 before										
		Q (Class1)	Meet the	initial	spec.												
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the	initial	spec.												

	ntinued)			Dorf	ormanaa		Toot or increation m	othod		
No.	Item Temperature External				ormance		Test or inspection method Expose the capacitors in the condition			
13	Temperature cycle	External appearance Capacitance	No mech	anical	damage.	step1 t	step1 through step 4 listed in the following table.			
		Capacitarioc	Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test	Temp. cycle: 1,000 cycles				
				000		Step	Temperature(°C)	Time (min.)		
			Class1	COG NP0	Please contact	1	Min. operating temp. ±3	30 ± 3		
				X7R X7S	with our sales	2	Ambient Temp.	2 ~ 5		
			Class2	X7T X8R X8L	representative.	3	Max. operating temp. ±2	30 ± 2		
			-	XOL		4	Ambient Temp.	2 ~ 5		
		Q (Class1)	Meet the	initial	spec.	refer to	Min./ Max. operating o "3.OPERATING TEI	temp., please MPERATURE		
		D.F.	Meet the	initial	spec.	RANG	L ".			
		(Class2)					the capacitors in am	bient		
		Insulation Resistance	Meet the	initial	spec.	Class	condition for Class 1 : 6~24h Class 2 : 24±2h before measurement			
		Voltage No insulation breakdown or other damage.			reakdown or	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2 before testing.				
14	Moisture	External	No mech	anical	damage.	Test temp.: 40±2°C				
	Resistance	esistance appearance				Test humidity: 90~95%RH Test time: 500 +24,0h				
	(Steady State)	· '	Charac	teristics	Change from the value before test	Leave	the capacitors in am	bient		
			Class1	C0G NP0		condition for Class 1: 6~24h Class 2: 24±2h before measurement.				
			Class2 X71 X8F X8L		representative	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before testing.				
		Q			T					
		(Class1)		itance	Q					
				nd over	350 min.					
				nd over 30pF	275+5/2×C min.					
				10pF	200+10×C min.					
		D.F. (Class2)			citance (pF) spec. max.		_			
		Insulation Resistance	(As for the voltage 1	ne capa 6V DC Ω or 10	$M\Omega \cdot \mu F$ min. acitors of rated C and lower, $DM\Omega \cdot \mu F$ min.), lier.					

No.	It	em		Perfo	ormance	Test or inspection method		
15	Moisture Resistance	External appearance	No mech	anical	damage.	Test temp.: 85±2°C Test humidity: 85%RH		
		Capacitance	Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test	Applied voltage: Rated voltage Test time: 1,000 +48,0h		
				Class1	C0G NP0		Charge/discharge current : 50mA or lower	
			Class2	X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L	Please contact with our sales representative.	Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for Class 1 : 6~24h Class 2 : 24±2h before measurement.		
		Q				Reflow solder the capacitors on a		
		(Class1)	Capac		Q	P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before testing.		
		,	30pF ar		200 min.	toomig.		
			Under		100+10/3×C min.	Initial value setting (only for class 2)		
		D.F.			citance (pF)	Voltage conditioning 《After voltage treat		
		(Class2)	200% 01	iriiliai S	pec. max.	the capacitors under testing temperature and voltage for 1 hour, leave the		
		Insulation Resistance	(As for th voltage 1	e capa 6V DC or 5MΩ	Ω·µF min. acitors of rated and lower, a·µF min.), ler.	capacitors in ambient condition for 24±2h before measurement. Use this measurement for initial value.		
16	Life	External appearance	No mechanical damage.			Test temp. : Maximum operating temperature±2°C		
		Capacitance	Unaraciensics		Change from the value before test	Applied voltage: Please contact with our sales representative. Test time: 1,000 +48,0h		
			Class1	C0G NP0	Value before test	Charge/discharge current : 50mA or lower		
			Class2 X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L X8L		with our sales	Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for Class 1 : 6~24h Class 2 : 24±2h before measurement.		
		Q	Cana	citance	Q	Reflow solder the capacitors on a		
		(Class1)	30pF a		-	P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before		
			10pF ar	nd over t		testing.		
			Under 10pF 200+10xC min. C: Rated capacitance (pF)			Initial value setting (only for class 2) Voltage conditioning 《After voltage treat		
		D.F.			pec. max.	the capacitors under testing temperature and voltage for 1 hour, leave the		
		(Class2)	20076 UI		poo. max.	capacitors in ambient condition for 24±2h		
		Insulation Resistance		1,000M Ω or 50M Ω ·μF min. (As for the capacitors of rated voltage 16V DC and lower, 1,000 M Ω or 10M Ω ·μF min.), whichever smaller.		before measurement. Use this measurement for initial value.		

^{*}As for the initial measurement of capacitors (Class2) on number 7,11,12,13 and 14 leave capacitors at 150 0,–10°C for 1 hour and measure the value after leaving capacitors for 24±2h in ambient condition.



(Unit:mm)

Symbol		Dimensions					
Case size	а	b	С				
CGA1 (CC0201)	0.3	0.8	0.3				
CGA2 (CC0402)	0.4	1.5	0.5				
CGA3 (CC0603)	1.0	3.0	1.2				
CGA4 (CC0805)	1.2	4.0	1.65				
CGA5 (CC1206)	2.2	5.0	2.0				
CGA6 (CC1210)	2.2	5.0	2.9				
CGA8 (CC1812)	3.5	7.0	3.7				
CGA9 (CC2220)	4.5	8.0	5.6				

1. Material : Glass Epoxy(As per JIS C6484 GE4)

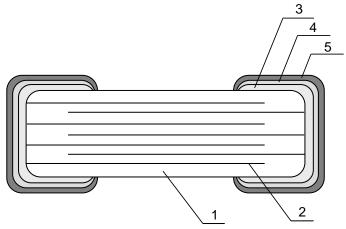
2. Thickness : Appendix 1 — 0.8mm (CGA1,CGA2)

— 1.6mm (CGA3,CGA4,CGA5,CGA6,CGA8,CGA9)

: Appendix 2 — 1.6mm

Copper(Thickness:0.035mm)
Solder resist

8. INSIDE STRUCTURE AND MATERIAL



No.	NAME	MATE	RIAL	
INO.	INAIVIE	Class1	Class2	
1	Dielectric	CaZrO₃	BaTiO₃	
2	Electrode	Nicke	l (Ni)	
3		Coppe	r (Cu)	
4	Termination	Nicke	l (Ni)	
5		Tin (in (Sn)	

9. PACKAGING

Packaging shall be done to protect the components from the damage during transportation and storing, and a label which has the following information shall be attached.

- 9.1 Each plastic bag for bulk packaging contains 1000pcs. And the minimum quantity for Bulk packaging is 1000pcs.
- 9.2 Tape packaging is as per 13. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION.
 - * CGA1 [CC0201] and CGA2 [CC0402] types are applicable to tape packaging only.
 - 1) Inspection No.
 - 2) TDK P/N
 - 3) Customer's P/N
 - 4) Quantity
 - *Composition of Inspection No.

Example
$$\frac{F}{(a)} \frac{O}{(b)} \frac{A}{(c)} - \frac{23}{(d)} - \frac{001}{(e)}$$

- (a) Line code
- (b) Last digit of the year
- (c) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
- (d) Inspection Date of the month.
- (e) Serial No. of the day
- *Composition of new Inspection No.

(Implemented on and after May 1, 2019 in sequence)

Example	1	F	0	Е	2	3	Α	0	0	1
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(6	e)	(1	f)	(0	3)

- (a) Prefix
- (b) Line code
- (c) Last digit of the year
- (d) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
- (e) Inspection Date of the month.
- (f) Serial No. of the day(00 ~ ZZ)
- (g) Suffix($00 \sim ZZ$)

Until the shift is completed, either current or new composition of inspection No. will be applied.

^{*} It was shifted to the new inspection No. on and after May 2019, but the implementation timing may be different depending on shipment bases.

10. RECOMMENDATION

As for CGA6 [CC1210] and larger, It is recommended to provide a slit (about 1mm width) in the board under the components to improve washing Flux. And please make sure to dry detergent up completely before.

11. SOLDERING CONDITION

As for CGA1 [CC0201], CGA2 [CC0402], CGA6 [CC1210] and larger, reflow soldering only. For other case sizes than the above, reflow soldering is recommended.

12. CAUTION

	Drasses	O Pr
No.	Process	Condition
1	Operating Condition (Storage, Use, Transportation)	1-1. Storage, Use The capacitors must be stored in an ambient temperature of 5 to 40°C with a relative humidity of 20 to 70%RH. JIS C 60721-3-1 Class 1K2 should be followed for the other climatic conditions.
		1) High temperature and humidity environment may affect a capacitor's solder ability because it accelerates terminal oxidization. They also deteriorate performance of taping and packaging. Therefore, SMD capacitors shall be used within 6 months. For capacitors with terminal electrodes consisting of silver or silver-palladium which tend to become oxidized or sulfurized, use as soon as possible, such as within one month after opening the bag.
		 When capacitors are stored for a longer time period than 6 months, confirm the solderability of the capacitors prior to use. During storage, keep the minimum packaging unit in its original packaging without opening it. Do not deviate from the above temperature and humidity conditions even for a short term.
		3) Corrosive gasses in the air or atmosphere may result in deterioration of the reliability, such as poor solderability of the terminal electrodes. Do not store capacitors where they will be exposed to corrosive gas (e.g., hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, chlorine ammonia etc.)
		4) Solderability and electrical performance may deteriorate due to photochemical change in the terminal electrode if stored in direct sunlight, or due to condensation from rapid changes in humidity. The capacitors especially which use resin material must be operated and stored in an environment free of dew condensation, as moisture absorption due to condensation may affect the performance.
		5) Refer to JIS C 60721-3-1, class 1K2 for other climate conditions.
		1-2. Handling in transportation In case of the transportation of the capacitors, the performance of the capacitors may be deteriorated depending on the transportation condition. (Refer to JEITA RCR-2335C 9.2 Handling in transportation)
2	Circuit design	2-1. Operating temperature
	Caution	Upper category temperature (maximum operating temperature) is specified. It is necessary to select a capacitor whose rated temperature us higher than the operating temperature. Also, it is necessary to consider the temperature distribution in the equipment and seasonal temperature variation.
		 Do not use capacitors above the maximum allowable operating temperature. Surface temperature including self heating should be below maximum operating temperature. (Due to dielectric loss, capacitors will heat itself when AC is applied. Especially at high frequencies around its SRF, the heat might be so extreme that it may damage itself or the product mounted on. Please design the circuit so that the maximum temperature of the capacitors including the self heating to be below the maximum allowable operating temperature. Temperature rise at capacitor surface shall be below 20°C)
		3) The electrical characteristics of the capacitors will vary depending on the temperature. The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the temperature into consideration. 2-2. When overvoltage is applied
		Applying overvoltage to a capacitor may cause dielectric breakdown and result in a short circuit. The duration until dielectric breakdown depends on the applied voltage and the ambient temperature.

No.	Process		С	ondition					
2	Circuit design Caution	When AC and AC or pulse w When the volta irregular volta switching. Be	2-3. Operating voltage 1) Operating voltage across the terminals should be below the rated voltage. When AC and DC are super imposed, V _{0-P} must be below the rated voltage. — (1) and (2) AC or pulse with overshooting, V _{P-P} must be below the rated voltage. — (3), (4) and (5) When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use the capacitors within rated voltage containing these Irregular voltage.						
		Voltage	(1) DC voltage	(2) DC+AC voltage	(3) AC voltage				
		Positional Measurement (Rated voltage)	V _{0-P}	V _{0-F}	V _{P-P} 0				
		Voltage	(4) Pulse voltage (A)	(5) Pulse voltage (B)	-				
		Positional Measurement (Rated voltage)	V _{P-P}	V _{P-P} 0					
		the reliability of the effective of the capacitors	of the capacitors may be capacitance will vary do so should be selected a	pe reduced. Sepending on applied D					
		consideration. 4) Abnormal voltexceed the rate	tage (surge voltage, s	static electricity, pulse	voltage, etc.) shall not				
			voltage dividing resisto		ssary to add a balancing imbalance in the voltage				
			pacitors (Class 2) are ay vibrate themselves						

No.	Process		Condition							
3	Designing P.C.board	The amount of sold capacitors.	ler at the termina	tions has a direct	effect on the reli	ability of the				
	1101838.13	The greater the and the more lil shape and size terminations.	determine the							
		Avoid using cor solder land for a	mmon solder land each terminations		ninations and pro	vide individual				
		3) Size and recom	nmended land dir	nensions.						
			Chi	ip capacitors	older land					
			c	A		der resist				
		Reflow solder	ina			(mm)				
		Case size	CGA1	CGA2	CGA3	CGA4				
		Symbol	(CC0201)	(CC0402)	(CC0603)	(CC0805)				
		A	0.25 ~ 0.35	0.3 ~ 0.5	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.9 ~ 1.2				
		В	0.20 ~ 0.30	0.35 ~ 0.45	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.7 ~ 0.9				
		С	0.25 ~ 0.35	0.4 ~ 0.6	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.9 ~ 1.2				
		Case size	CGA5 (CC1206)	CGA6 (CC1210)	CGA8 (CC1812)	CGA9 (CC2220)				
		А	2.0 ~ 2.4	2.0 ~ 2.4	3.1 ~ 3.7	4.1 ~ 4.8				
		В	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.2 ~ 1.4	1.2 ~ 1.4				
		С	1.1 ~ 1.6	1.9 ~ 2.5	2.4 ~ 3.2	4.0 ~ 5.0				
		Flow soldering	g (Unrecommend	d)	(mm)					
		Case size CGA3 CGA4 CGA5 Symbol (CC0603) (CC0805) (CC1206)								
		А	0.7 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.3	2.1 ~ 2.5	-				
		В	0.8 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.1 ~ 1.3	-				
		С	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.8 ~ 1.1	1.0 ~ 1.3	-				
					_	-				

No.	Process			Condition	
3	Designing P.C.board	4)	Recommended	chip capacitors layout is as follow	wing.
				Disadvantage against bending stress	Advantage against bending stress
			Mounting face	Perforation or slit	Perforation or slit
				Break P.C.board with mounted side up.	Break P.C.board with mounted side down.
			Chip arrangement (Direction)	Mount perpendicularly to perforation or slit Perforation or slit	Mount in parallel with perforation or slit Perforation or slit
			Distance from slit	Closer to slit is higher stress (l1 <l2)< td=""><td>Away from slit is less stress Q2 (Q1<q2)< td=""></q2)<></td></l2)<>	Away from slit is less stress Q2 (Q1 <q2)< td=""></q2)<>

No. **Process** Condition 5) Mechanical stress varies according to location of chip capacitors on the P.C.board. 3 Designing P.C.board Ε Perforation 00000 00000 В Stress force A>B>ESlit A>D>EA>C When dividing printed wiring boards, the intensities of mechanical stress applied to capacitors are different according to each dividing method in the order of : Push-back < Slit < V-groove < Perforation. Therefore consider not only position of capacitors, but also the way of the dividing the printed wiring boards. 6) Layout recommendation Use of common Use of common Soldering with solder land with Example solder land chassis other SMD Lead wire Chassis Solder Excessive solder land Chip Solder Need to avoid Excessive solder PCB Adhesive **Q** 1 Solder land Missing Solder land solder Lead wire Solder resist Solder resist Recommendation Solder resist Q2 $l_2 > l_1$

No.	Process	Condition					
4	Mounting	 4-1. Stress from mounting head If the mounting head is adjusted too low, it may induce excessive stress in the chip capacitors to result in cracking. Please take following precautions. 1) Adjust the bottom dead center of the mounting head to reach on the P.C.board surface and not press it. 2) Adjust the mounting head pressure to be 1 to 3N of static weight. 3) To minimize the impact energy from mounting head, it is important to provide support from the bottom side of the P.C.board. 					
		See following examples. Not recommended Recommended					
		Single-sided mounting Crack Support pin is not to be underneath the capacitor.					
		Double-sides mounting Solder peeling Crack Support pin					
		When the centering jaw is worn out, it may give mechanical impact on the capacitors to cause crack. Please control the close up dimension of the centering jaw and provide sufficient preventive maintenance and replacement of it.					
		4-2. Amount of adhesive					
		C C					
		Example : CGA4 (CC0805), CGA5 (CC1206)					
		a 0.2mm min.					
		b 70 ~ 100μm					
		c Do not touch the solder land					

No.	Process	Condition
5	Soldering	 5-1. Flux selection Flux can seriously affect the performance of capacitors. Confirm the following to select the appropriate flux. 1) It is recommended to use a mildly activated rosin flux (less than 0.1wt% chlorine). Strong flux is not recommended.
		Excessive flux must be avoided. Please provide proper amount of flux.
		3) When water-soluble flux is used, enough washing is necessary.
		5-2. Recommended soldering profile: Reflow method Refer to the following temperature profile at Reflow soldering.
		Reflow soldering
		Peak Temp time Reflow soldering is recommended for CGA3,CGA4,CGA5 types, but only reflow soldering is allowed for other case sizes.
		5-3. Recommended soldering peak temp and peak temp duration for Reflow soldering Pb free solder is recommended, but if Sn-37Pb must be used, refer to below.
		Temp./Duration Reflow soldering
		Solder Peak temp(°C) Duration(sec.)
		Lead Free Solder 260 max. 10 max.
		Sn-Pb Solder 230 max. 20 max.
		Recommended solder compositions Lead Free Solder : Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu

lo.	Process			Condition				
5	Soldering	5-4. Soldering profile : Flow Refer to the following tem		•	lering.			
			F	low soldering				
			Preheatir	Soldering ng L L Natural co	oling			
			Over 60 se	Peak Temp time	> I			
		Reflow soldering is recommended for CGA3,CGA4,CGA5 types.						
		5-5. Recommended soldering peak temp and peak temp duration for Flow soldering Pb free solder is recommended, but if Sn-37Pb must be used, refer to below.						
		Tomp /Duration						
		(amp. 2 am	Flow soldering					
		Solder		Peak temp(°C)	Duratio	on(sec.)		
		Lead Free Sol	der	260 max.	5 m	nax.		
		Sn-Pb Solder		250 max. 3 m		nax.		
		Recommended solder compositions Lead Free Solder : Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu 5-6. Avoiding thermal shock						
		1) Preheating condition						
		Soldering	<u> </u>	Case size		Temp. (°C)		
		Reflow soldering	CGA3	CGA1(CC0201),CGA2(CC0402) CGA3(CC0603),CGA4(CC0805) CGA5(CC1206)		ΔT ≦ 150		
			CGAS	CGA5(CC1200) CGA6(CC1210), CGA8(CC1812), CGA9(CC2220)		ΔT ≦ 130		
		Flow soldering	CGA3(CC0603), CGA4(CC0805), CGA5(CC1206)		ΔT ≦ 150			
		Flow soldering 2) Cooling condition Natural cooling using ai cleaning, the temperatu	CGA5	ommended. If the ch	ps are dip	ped into a solv		

No.	Process	Condition
5	Soldering	5-7. Amount of solder Excessive solder will induce higher tensile force in chip capacitors when temperature changes and it may result in chip cracking. In sufficient solder may detach the capacitors from the P.C.board.
		Excessive solder Higher tensile force in chip capacitors to cause crack
		Adequate Maximum amount Minimum amount
		Insufficient solder Low robustness may cause contact failure or chip capacitors come off the P.C.board.
		 5-8. Sn-Zn solder Sn-Zn solder affects product reliability. Please contact TDK in advance when utilize Sn-Zn solder. 5-9. Countermeasure for tombstone The misalignment between the mounted positions of the capacitors and the land patterns should be minimized. The tombstone phenomenon may occur especially the capacitors are mounted (in longitudinal direction) in the same direction of the reflow soldering. (Refer to JEITA RCR-2335C Annex A (Informative), Recommendations to prevent the tombstone phenomenon.)

No.	Process	Condition					
6	Solder repairing	(also called a "blower") ra					
		Reworking using a spot capacitor compared to u uniformly with a small he stress caused by quick h Moreover, where ultra-sr circuit board, reworking to the stress caused.	heater may suppress the occurrence of cracks in the sing a soldering iron. A spot heater can heat up a capacitor eat gradient which leads to lower thermal heating and cooling or localized heating. mall capacitors are mounted close together on a printed with a spot heater can eliminate the risk of direct contact lering iron and a capacitor.				
		capacitor may occur due such an occurrence. Keep more than 5mm be The blower temperature The airflow shall be set a	spot heater is too close to a capacitor, a crack in the to heat stress. Below are recommendations for avoiding etween a capacitor and a spot heater nozzle. of the spot heater shall be lower than 400°C. as weak as possible. zle is recommended to be 2mm(one-outlet type). The size is				
		Duration of blowing hot a CGA4 (CC0805) and CGCGA8(CC1812) and CGCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC	nozzle and the capacitor is recommended to be 45degrees and to avoid partial area heating. ng a soldering iron, preheating reduces thermal stress on				
			condition (Consult the component manufactures for details.)				
		Distance from nozzle	5mm and over				
		Nozzle angle	45degrees				
		Nozzle temp.	400°C and less				
		Airflow	Set as weak as possible (The airflow shall be the minimum value necessary for solder to melt in the conditions mentioned above.)				
		Nozzle diameter	φ2mm (one-outlet type)				
		Blowing duration	10s and less (CGA3 [CC0603], CGA4 [CC0805], CGA5 [CC1206]) 30s and less (CGA6 [CC1210], CGA8 [CC1812], CGA9 [CC2220])				
		• Example of recommer	nded spot heater use				
			One-outlet type nozzle Angle: 45degrees				
		Excess solder causes results in cracks. Insuffice the substrate and may reliability of the printed was a solution of the print	be suitable to from a proper fillet shape. mechanical and thermal stress on a capacitor and sient solder causes weak adherence of the capacitor to result in detachment of a capacitor and deteriorate wiring board. ropriate solder fillet shape for 5-5. Amount of solder.				

No.	Process				Condition			
6	Solder repairing	6-2. Solder repair by s	solder	iron				
		Tip temperature of land size. The high heat shock may of Please make sur	 Selection of the soldering iron tip Tip temperature of solder iron varies by its type, P.C.board material and solder land size. The higher the tip temperature, the quicker the operation. However, heat shock may cause a crack in the chip capacitors. Please make sure the tip temp. before soldering and keep the peak temp and time in accordance with following recommended condition. Manual soldering					
				1	Manual soldering (Solder iron)			
		P	eak emp (°C) . Gmb	ΔΤ	Preheating	As short as possible)	
		-			dition (Sn-Pb Sol		<u> </u>	
		Case size	Tem	p. (°C)	Duration (sec.)	Wattage (W)	Shape (mm)	
		CGA1(CC0201) CGA2(CC0402) CGA3(CC0603) CGA4(CC0805) CGA5(CC1206)	350	max.	3 max.	20 max.	Ø 3.0 max.	
		CGA6(CC1210) CGA8(CC1812) CGA9(CC2220)	280	max.				
			the s	oldering	with the condition iron with ceramic the ceramic diele	dielectric of	chip capacitors	
		6-3. Avoiding thermal	shock					
		Preheating conditi	ion					
		Soldering)		Case size		Temp. (°C)	
		Manual solde	ering	CGA3(C	CC0201),CGA2(CC0 CC0603),CGA4(CC0 CC1206)	,	ΔT ≦ 150	
				,	CC1210), CGA8(CC CC2220)	1812),	ΔT ≦ 130	

No.	Process	Condition
7	Cleaning	If an unsuitable cleaning fluid is used, flux residue or some foreign articles may stick to chip capacitors surface to deteriorate especially the insulation resistance.
		2) If cleaning condition is not suitable, it may damage the chip capacitors.
		2)-1. Insufficient washing (1) Terminal electrodes may corrode by Halogen in the flux.
		(2) Halogen in the flux may adhere on the surface of capacitors, and lower the insulation resistance.
		(3) Water soluble flux has higher tendency to have above mentioned problems (1) and (2).
		2)-2. Excessive washing
		When ultrasonic cleaning equipment is used, excessive ultrasonic power or direct vibration transfer to a printed wiring board may generate a resonant vibration in the board. This may cause a crack in a capacitor or its solder joints to the board and degradation in the terminal strength of the capacitor. In order to avoid this, the following cleaning conditions are recommended.
		Power : 20 W/ lmax.
		Frequency: 40 kHz max. Washing time: 5 minutes max.
		2)-3. If the cleaning fluid is contaminated, density of Halogen increases, and it may
		bring the same result as insufficient cleaning.
8	Coating and	1) When the P.C.board is coated, please verify the quality influence on the product.
	molding of the P.C.board	Please verify carefully that there is no harmful decomposing or reaction gas emission during curing which may damage the chip capacitors.
		3) Please verify the curing temperature.
9	Handling after chip mounted Caution	Please pay attention not to bend or distort the P.C.board after soldering in handling otherwise the chip capacitors may crack. Bend Twist

cropping jig as shown in the following figure or a board cropping prevent inducing mechanical stress on the board. (1)Example of a board cropping jig Recommended example: The board should be pushed fror close to the cropping jig so that the board is not bent and the the capacitor is compressive. Unrecommended example: If the pushing point is far from the tap pushing direction is from the front side of the board, large applied to the capacitor, which may cause cracks. Outline of jig (2)Example of a board cropping machine An outline of a printed circuit board cropping machine is sho top and bottom blades are aligned with one another along the V-grooves on printed circuit board when cropping the board Unrecommended example: Misalignment of blade position bottom, right and left, or front and rear blades may caus capacitor. Outline of machine Printed circuit board V-groove Recommended Top-bottom misalignment misalignment Fron misalignment misalignme	No.	Process	Condition							
Printed circuit board Cross-sectio Printed circuit board Top-bottom Top blade	9	chip mounted	proper tooling. Printed circuit board cropping should be carried out using a board cropping jig as shown in the following figure or a board cropping apparatus to prevent inducing mechanical stress on the board. (1)Example of a board cropping jig Recommended example: The board should be pushed from the back side, close to the cropping jig so that the board is not bent and the stress applied to the capacitor is compressive. Unrecommended example: If the pushing point is far from the cropping jig and the pushing direction is from the front side of the board, large tensile stress is applied to the capacitor, which may cause cracks.							
(2) Example of a board cropping machine An outline of a printed circuit board cropping machine is sho top and bottom blades are aligned with one another along the V-grooves on printed circuit board when cropping the board Unrecommended example: Misalignment of blade position bottom, right and left, or front and rear blades may caus capacitor. Outline of machine Printed circuit board Printed circuit board Printed circuit board Top blade			Outline of jig	I	Recommende	ed	Unrecommend	ed		
(2)Example of a board cropping machine An outline of a printed circuit board cropping machine is sho top and bottom blades are aligned with one another along the V-grooves on printed circuit board when cropping the board Unrecommended example: Misalignment of blade position bottom, right and left, or front and rear blades may caus capacitor. Outline of machine Printed circuit board Cross-section Printed circuit board V-groove Recommended Top-bottom misalignment Top blade			circuit board Board granging lie	circuit board	Load point	Load Princing book	onted Components util V-groove	Direction of load		
top and bottom blades are aligned with one another along the V-grooves on printed circuit board when cropping the board Unrecommended example: Misalignment of blade position bottom, right and left, or front and rear blades may caus capacitor. Outline of machine Principle of oper Top blade Top-bottom misalignment Top blade			3101	ırd crop	ping machine	:				
Top blade Printed circuit board Cross-sectio Printed circuit board V-groove Bottom blade Cross-sectio Printed circuit board V-groove Unrecommended Top-bottom			top and bottom b V-grooves on prii Unrecommended bottom, right and	An outline of a printed circuit board cropping machine is shown below. The top and bottom blades are aligned with one another along the lines with the V-grooves on printed circuit board when cropping the board. Unrecommended example: Misalignment of blade position between top and bottom, right and left, or front and rear blades may cause a crack in the						
Printed circuit board Cross-section Printed circuit board V-groove Bottom blade Cross-section Printed circuit board V-groove Unrecommended Top-bottom Left-right misalignment misa			Outline o	f machir	ne	Princ	ciple of operation			
Recommended Top-bottom Left-right Front misalignment misalignment misalignment misalignment Top blade Top blade To				Prin	blade Pri	V-groove	Bottom blade Cross-section Top blace]		
Top blade Top blade Top blade Top blade Top blade Top blade			Recommer	nded —		Unrecommend	ded]		
Top blade Top blade Top blade			Top blac			_	Front-rear nt misalignment			
Bottom blade Bottom blade Bottom blade Bottom			Board	ade			Top blade			

No.	Process		Condition			
9	Handling after chip mounted Caution	3) When functional check of the P.C.board is performed, check pin pressure to be adjusted higher for fear of loose contact. But if the pressure is exces and bend the P.C.board, it may crack the chip capacitors or peel the termi off. Please adjust the check pins not to bend the P.C.board. Item				
		Item	Not recommended	Recommended		
		Board bending	Termination peeling Check pin	Support pin Check pin		
10	Handling of loose chip capacitors	the large handle wi	case sized chip capacitors are tenderth care. Floor P.C.board after mounting for storage	_		
			y hit the chip capacitors of another by P.C.board			
11	Capacitance aging		rs (Class 2) have aging in the capace constant circuit. In case of the time ne well.			
12	Estimated life and estimated failure rate of capacitors	and the voltage RCR-2335C and estimated fail Temperature The failure ra	timated life and the estimated failure ge. This can be calculated by the eq Annex F (Informative) Calculation of ure rate (Voltage acceleration coeff acceleration coefficient: 10°C rule) te can be decreased by reducing the guaranteed.	uation described in JEITA the estimated lifetime and the icient: 3 multiplication rule,		

No.	Process	Condition
13	Caution during operation of equipment	A capacitor shall not be touched directly with bare hands during operation in order to avoid electric shock. Electric energy held by the capacitor may be discharged through the human body when touched with a bare hand. Even when the equipment is off, a capacitor may stay charged. The capacitor should be handled after being completely discharged using a resistor.
		2) The terminals of a capacitor shall not be short-circuited by any accidental contact with a conductive object. A capacitor shall not be exposed to a conductive liquid such as an acid or alkali solution. A conductive object or liquid, such as acid and alkali, between the terminals may lead to the breakdown of a capacitor due to short circuit
		 Confirm that the environment to which the equipment will be exposed during transportation and operation meets the specified conditions. Do not to use the equipment in the following environments. Environment where a capacitor is spattered with water or oil Environment where a capacitor is exposed to direct sunlight Environment where a capacitor is exposed to Ozone, ultraviolet rays or radiation Environment where a capacitor exposed to corrosive gas(e.g. hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, chlorine. ammonia gas etc.) Environment where a capacitor exposed to vibration or mechanical shock exceeding the specified limits. Atmosphere change with causes condensation
14	Others Caution	The product listed in this specification is intended for use in automotive applications under-normal operation and usage conditions. The product is not designed or warranted to meet the requirements of application listed below, whose performance and/or quality requires a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or defect could cause serious damage to society, person or property. Please understand that we are not responsible for any damage or liability caused by use of the products in any of the applications below or for any other use exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification sheet. If you intend to use the products in the applications listed below or if you have special requirements exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification, please contact us. (1) Aerospace/Aviation equipment (2) Transportation equipment (electric trains, ships etc.) (3) Medical equipment (Excepting Pharmaceutical Affairs Law classification Class1, 2) (4) Power-generation control equipment (5) Atomic energy-related equipment (6) Seabed equipment (7) Transportation control equipment (8) Public information-processing equipment (9) Military equipment (10) Electric heating apparatus, burning equipment (11) Disaster prevention/crime prevention equipment
		(12) Safety equipment (13) Other applications that are not considered general-purpose applications When designing your equipment even for general-purpose applications, you are kindly requested to take into consideration securing protection circuit/device or providing backup circuits in your equipment. In addition, although the product listed in this specification is intended for use in automotive applications as described above, it is not prohibited to use for general electronic equipment, whose performance and/or quality doesn't require a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or defect could not cause serious damage to society, person or property. Therefore, the description of this caution will be applied, when the product is used in general electronic equipment under a normal operation and usage conditions.

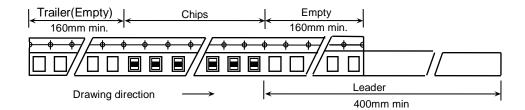
13. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

1. CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSION OF TAPING

1-1. Dimensions of carrier tape

Dimensions of paper tape shall be according to Appendix 3, 4, 5. Dimensions of plastic tape shall be according to Appendix 6, 7.

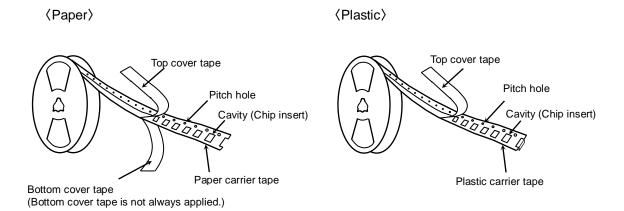
1-2. Bulk part and leader of taping



1-3. Dimensions of reel

Dimensions of Ø178 reel shall be according to Appendix 8, 9. Dimensions of Ø330 reel shall be according to Appendix 10, 11.

1-4. Structure of taping



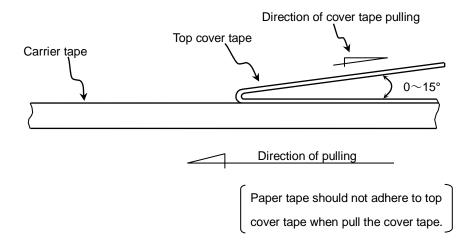
2. CHIP QUANTITY

Please refer to detail page on TDK web.

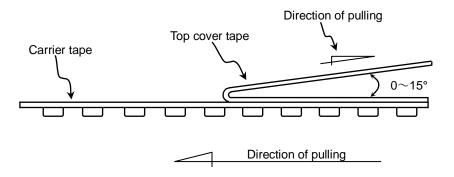
3. PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

3-1. Fixing peeling strength (top tape)0.05N < Peeling strength < 0.7N

⟨Paper⟩

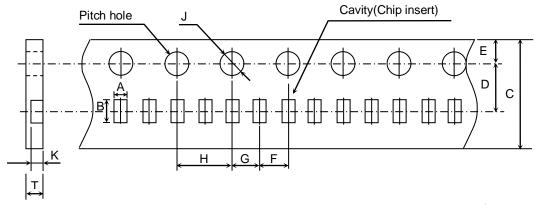


⟨Plastic⟩



- 3-2. Carrier tape shall be flexible enough to be wound around a minimum radius of 30mm with components in tape.
- 3-3. The missing of components shall be less than 0.1%
- 3-4. Components shall not stick to fixing tape.
- 3-5. When removing the cover tape, there shall not be difficulties by unfitting clearance gap, burrs and crushes of cavities. Also the sprocket holes shall not be covered by absorbing dust into the suction nozzle.

Paper Tape



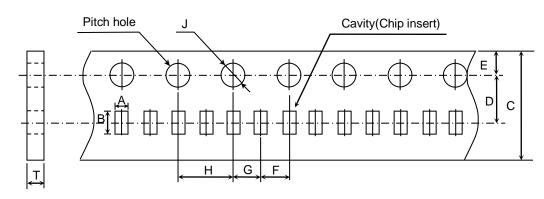
(Unit:mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA1	(0.38)	(0.68)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.05
(CC0201)	*(0.45)	*(0.75)	0.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.03
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	К	Т	-
	G 2.00 ± 0.05		J Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10}		T 0.40 min.	-

^() Reference value.

Appendix 4

Paper Tape



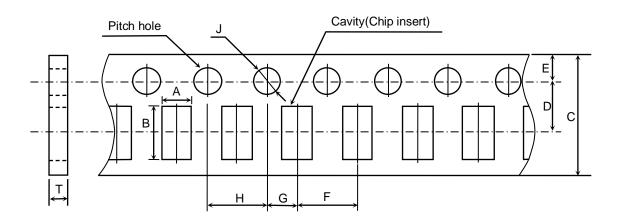
(Unit: mm)

Symbol Case size	Α	В	С	D	E	F
CGA2 (CC0402)	(0.65)	(1.15)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.05
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	Т	•	
CGA2 (CC0402)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10} ₀	0.60±0.15	•	

() Reference value.

^{*} Applied to 100nF.

Paper Tape

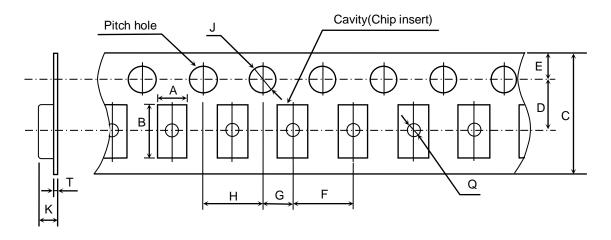


(Unit: mm)

						(-)
Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA3 (CC0603)	(1.10)	(1.90)				
CGA4 (CC0805)	(1.50)	(2.30)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA5 (CC1206)	(1.90)	(3.50)				
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	Т		
CGA3 (CC0603)						
CGA4 (CC0805)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10}	1.20 max.		
CGA5						

) Reference value.

Plastic Tape



(Unit:mm)

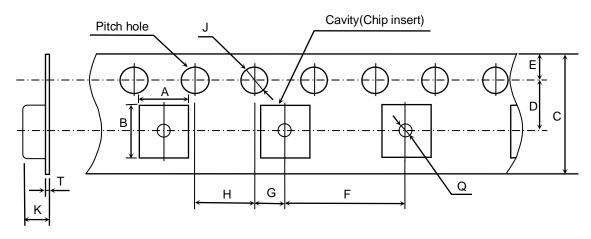
Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA3 (CC0603)	(1.10)	(1.90)				
CGA4 (CC0805)	(1.50)	(2.30)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA5 (CC1206)	(1.90)	(3.50)	* 12.00 ± 0.30	*5.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA6 (CC1210)	(2.90)	(3.60)				
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	К	Т	Q
,	G	Н	J	K 1.60 max.	Т	Q
Case size CGA3				1.60 max.		
Case size CGA3 (CC0603) CGA4	G 2.00 ± 0.05	H 4.00 ± 0.10	J Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10}	1.60 max.	T 0.60 max.	Q Ø 0.50 min.

^() Reference value.

Exceptionally no hole in the cavity is applied. Please inquire if hole in cavity is mandatory.

^{*} Applied to thickness, 2.5mm products.

Plastic Tape



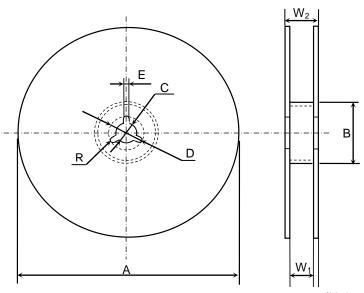
(Unit:mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA8 (CC1812)	(3.60)	(4.90)	12.00 ± 0.30	5 50 + 0 05	1 75 + 0 10	8.00 ± 0.10
CGA9 (CC2220)	(5.40)	(6.10)	12.00 ± 0.30	5.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	8.00 ± 0.10
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	К	Т	Q
	G 2.00 ± 0.05		J Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10}		T 0.60 max.	Q Ø 1.50 min.

() Reference value.

Exceptionally no hole in the cavity is applied. Please inquire if hole in cavity is mandatory.

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA1, CGA2, CGA3, CGA4, CGA5, CGA6



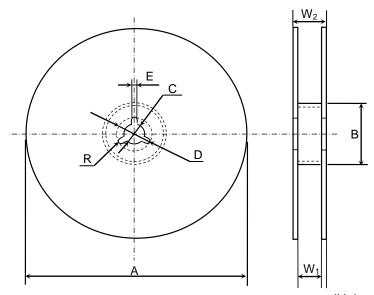
(Unit: mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	E	W ₁
Dimension	Ø178 ± 2.0	Ø60 ± 2.0	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	9.0 ± 0.3

Symbol	W ₂	R
Dimension	13.0 ± 1.4	1.0

Appendix 9

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA6(2.5mm thickness products), CGA8, CGA9

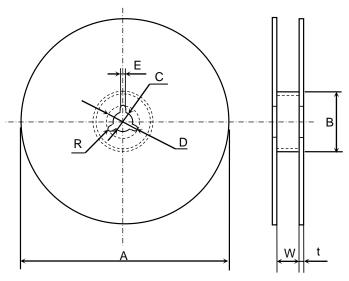


(Unit: mm)

Symbol	Α	В	С	D	Е	W ₁
Dimension	Ø178 ± 2.0	Ø60 ± 2.0	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	13.0 ± 0.3

Symbol	W ₂	R
Dimension	17.0 ± 1.4	1.0

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA1, CGA2, CGA3, CGA4, CGA5, CGA6



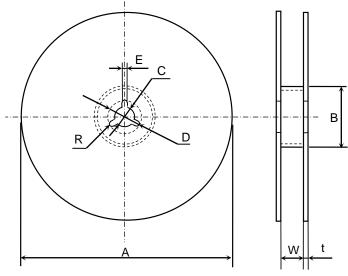
(Unit: mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	E	W
Dimension	Ø382 max. (Nominal Ø330)	Ø50 min.	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	10.0 ± 1.5

Symbol	t	R
Dimension	2.0 ± 0.5	1.0

Appendix 11

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA6(2.5mm thickness products), CGA8, CGA9



(Unit: mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	Е	W
Dimension	Ø382 max. (Nominal Ø330)	Ø50 min.	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	14.0 ± 1.5

Symbol	t	R
Dimension	2.0 ± 0.5	1.0

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1812J1K00473KXT 1812J2K00680JCT 1812J4K00102MXT 1812J5000102JCT 1812J5000103JCT 1812J5000682JCT NIN-FB391JTRF

NIN-FC2R7JTRF NPIS27H102MTRF C1206C101J1GAC C1608C0G1E472JT000N C2012C0G2A472J 2220J2K00101JCT

KHC201E225M76N0T00 LRC-LRF1206LF-01R025FTR1K 1812J1K00222JCT 1812J2K00102KXT 1812J2K00222KXT

1812J2K00472KXT 2-1622820-7-CUT-TAPE 2220J3K00102KXT 2225J2500824KXT CCR07CG103KM CGA2B2C0G1H010C

CGA2B2C0G1H040C CGA2B2C0G1H050C CGA2B2C0G1H060D CGA2B2C0G1H070D CGA2B2C0G1H151J CGA2B2C0G1H1R5C

CGA2B2C0G1H2R2C CGA2B2C0G1H3R3C CGA2B2C0G1H680J CGA2B2C0G1H6R8D CGA2B2X8R1H221K CGA2B2X8R1H472K

CGA3E1X7R1C474K