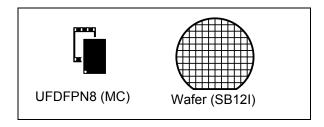




NFC Forum Type 4 Tag IC with 2-Kbit EEPROM and RF Session digital output

Datasheet - preliminary data



Features

Contactless interface

- NFC Forum Type 4 Tag
- ISO/IEC 14443 Type A
- 106 Kbps data rate
- Internal tuning capacitance: 25 pF

Memory

- 256-byte (2-kbit) EEPROM
- Support of NDEF data structure
- Data retention: 200 years
- Endurance: 1 million erase-write cycles
- Read up to 246 bytes in a single command
- · Write up to 246 bytes in a single command
- 7 bytes unique identifier (UID)
- 128 bits passwords protection

Package

UFDFPN8 ECOPACK[®]2

Digital pad

· RF Session output

Description

The SRTAG2K-D device is a dynamic NFC/RFID tag IC. It embeds an EEPROM memory. It can be operated from a 13.56 MHz RFID reader or an NFC phone.

The RF protocol is compatible with ISO/IEC 14443 Type A and NFC Forum Type 4 Tag.

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1 Functional description

The SRTAG2K-D device is a dynamic NFC/RFID tag that can be accessed from the RF interface. The RF interface is based on the ISO/IEC 14443 Type A standard. The SRTAG2K-D is compatible with the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag specifications and supports all corresponding commands.

Figure 1 displays the block diagram of the SRTAG2K-D device.

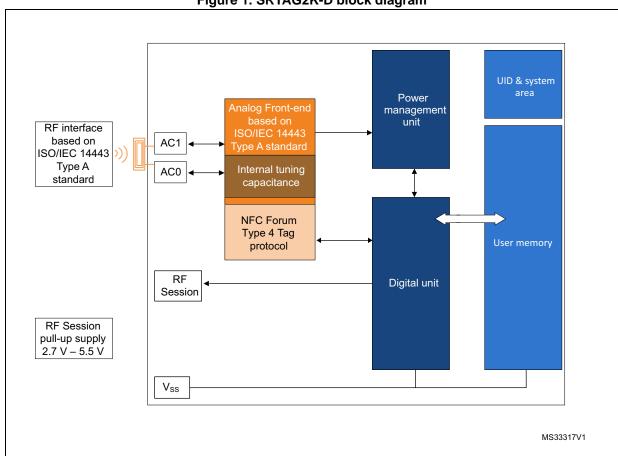


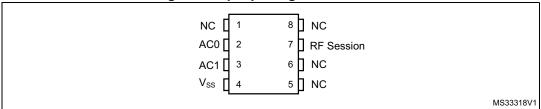
Figure 1. SRTAG2K-D block diagram

Table 1. Signal names

Signal name	Function	Direction	
AC0, AC1	Antenna coils	-	
VSS	Ground	-	
RF Session	Interrupt output (1)	Open drain output	

^{1.} An external pull-up > $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$ is required.

Figure 2. 8-pin package connections



^{1.} See Package mechanical data section for package dimensions, and how to identify pin 1.

1.1 Functional modes

The SRTAG2K-D has just one functional mode available (see Table 2).

Table 2. Functional mode

Mode	Supply source	Comments
Tag mode	RF field only	The RF interface is connected

1.1.1 Tag mode

The SRTAG2K-D is supplied by the RF field and can communicate with an RF host (RFID reader or an NFC phone). The User memory can only be accessed by the RF commands.

Signal descriptions SRTAG2K-D

2 Signal descriptions

2.1 Antenna coil (AC0, AC1)

These inputs are used to connect the device to an external coil exclusively. It is advised not to connect any other DC or AC path to AC0 or AC1.

When correctly tuned, the coil is used to access the device using NFC Forum Type 4 commands.

2.2 Ground (V_{SS})

 V_{SS} , when connected, is the reference for the V_{CC} supply voltage for all pads, even AC0 and AC1.

2.3 RF Session output

The RF Session Output pin is an open drain output and must be connected to an external pull-up resistor > 4.7 KOhm (20 KOhm is recommended to save power consumption)

2.3.1 Session Open configuration (RF Session field = 0x11)

"Session Open" pad goes to the Low state when an RF session is ongoing (see Figure 3).

An RF session is taken when SRTAG2K-D receives a valid Select Application. The session is released after SRTAG2K-D has received a valid Deselect command, when the RF field became OFF.

RF Session pad is driven low after a delay (1) when the session is open.

RF Session pad is released after a delay (2) when the session is released.

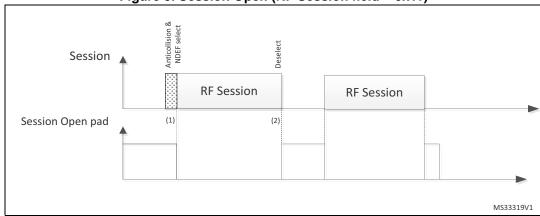


Figure 3. Session Open (RF Session field = 0x11)

- 1. CmdEOFtoGPlow (RF command End of frame to RF Session pad low)
- 2. CmdEOFtoGPHZ (RF command End of frame to RF Session pad HZ)

3 SRTAG2K-D memory management

3.1 Memory structure

The SRTAG2K-D supports the NDEF Tag Application as defined in the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag. The SRTAG2K-D is composed of three files:

- One Capability Container file
- One NDEF file
- One System file: this is an ST-proprietary file

The System file contains some information on the configuration of the SRTAG2K-D device. The CC file gives some information about the SRTAG2K-D itself and the NDEF file. The NDEF file contains the User data.

3.1.1 File identifier

The file identifier is the value used in the Select command to select a file.

Table 3. File identifier

File identifier	Meaning
0xE101	System file
0xE103	CC file
0x0001	NDEF file

3.1.2 CC file layout

The CC file gives some information about the SRTAG2K-D and the NDEF file. This file is a read-only file for the RF host and cannot be modified by issuing a write command.

The T field, Read Access and Write Access fields can be changed by the RF host by issuing a specific process (refer to Section 7: Functional procedures).

File offset	Meaning	Value	Comments
0x0000	Number of bytes of CC file	0x000F	15 bytes
0x0002	Mapping version ⁽¹⁾	0x20 or 0x10	V 2.0 or V 1.0
0x0003	Maximum number of bytes that can be read	0x00F6	246 bytes
0x0005	Maximum number of bytes that can be written	0x00F6	246 bytes
0x0007		0x04 ⁽²⁾	T field
0x0008		0x06	L field
0x0009		0x0001	FileID
0x000B	NDEF file control TLV	0x0100	Maximum NDEF file size
0x000D		0x00 ⁽²⁾	Read access
0x000E		0x00 ⁽²⁾	Write access

Table 4. CC file layout for 1 NDEF file

3.1.3 NDEF file layout

The NDEF file contains the NDEF message which contains the User data. The RF host host can read and write data inside the file. The first two bytes named NDEF Message Length define the size of the NDEF message. The NDEF Message Length shall be managed by the application and the SRTAG2K-D device does not check if its value is relevant vs the data written by the RF host. The SRTAG2K-D device uses the NDEF Message Length, e. g. the standard read can be processed only inside the NDEF message; otherwise, the SRTAG2K-D device returns an error code. For more details about the read command, refer to Section 5.6.7: ReadBinary command.

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^{1.} According to the reader.

^{2.} Delivery state.

File offset Byte 0 Byte 1 Byte 2 Byte 3 0x0000 NDEF message length User data User data 0x0004 User data User data User data User data 0x00FF User data

Table 5. NDEF file layout

3.1.4 System file layout

The system file specifies the configuration of the SRTAG2K-D. *Table 6* lists the different fields.

File offset	Field name	Number of bytes	Read access	Write access	Delivery state ⁽¹⁾
0x0000	Length system file	2	RF	-	0x0012
0x0002	ST reserved	1	RF	none	0x01
0x0003	ST reserved	1	RF	none	0x00
0x0004	RF Session field	1	RF	none	0x11
0x0005	ST reserved	1	RF	none	0x00
0x0006	ST reserved	1	RF	none	0x01
0x0007	NDEF File number (RFU)	1	RF	none	0x00
0x0008	UID	7	RF	none	0x02D2 xx xx xx xx xx ⁽²⁾
0x000F	Memory Size	2	RF	none	0x00FF
0x0011	Product Code	1	RF	none	0xD2

Table 6. Field list

3.2 Read and write access rights to the memory

An NDEF file can be locked for read or write accesses. It is also protected by a 128-bit password that the host shall present before accessing the NDEF file. There are two 128-bit passwords, one for the read access and the other one for the write access.

An NDEF file can be permanently locked for read or write accesses. Thus, the host cannot access the NDEF file.



^{2.} x values are defined by ST to insure UID unicity.

The read password shall be sent to the SRTAG2K-D device before reading a read-locked NDEF file.

The write password shall be present on the SRTAG2K-D device before writing a write-locked NDEF file. The write password shall be sent to change the read or write access. The read or write access right is defined for the NDEF file.

3.2.1 State of the Read and Write access rights

Two bytes in the CC file are used to define the Read and Write access rights to the NDEF file. For more details, refer to Section 3.1.2: CC file layout.

Table 7. Read access right

Value	Meaning
0x00	Read access without any security
0x80	Locked (1)
0xFE	Read not authorized

^{1.} The read password shall be sent before reading in the NDEF file.

Table 8. Write access right

Value	Meaning		
0x00	Write access without any security		
0x80	Locked (1)		
0xFF	Write not authorized		

^{1.} The write password shall be sent before writing in the NDEF file.

The state 0xFF and 0xFE cannot be changed by using the Read or Write passwords.

3.2.2 Changing the read access right to NDEF files

The state diagram on Figure 4 shows how to change the access right to read an NDEF file.

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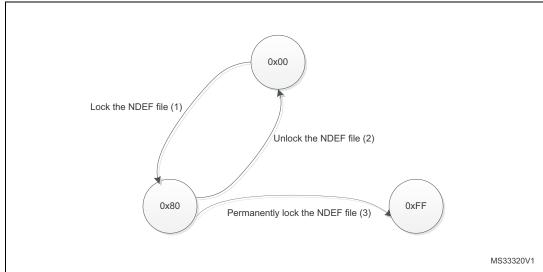


Figure 4. Changing the read access right to an NDEF file

- 1. See the procedure to lock the read access (Section 7.4: Locking an NDEF file).
- 2. See the procedure to unlock the read access (Section 7.5: Unlocking an NDEF file).
- See the procedure to permanently lock the read access (Section 7.6: Reaching the read-only state for an NDEF file).
- 4. Proprietary state, not defined by NFC Forum Type 4 Tag.

3.2.3 Changing the write access right to NDEF files

The state diagram on Figure 5 shows how to change the write access right to an NDEF file.

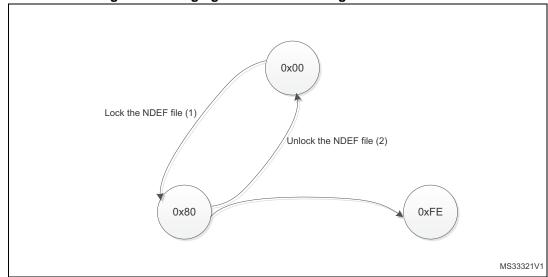


Figure 5. Changing the write access right to an NDEF file

- 1. See the procedure to lock the write access.
- 2. See the procedure to unlock the write access.
- 3. See the procedure to permanently lock the write access (Section 7.6: Reaching the read-only state for an NDFF file)
- 4. Proprietary state, not defined by NFC Forum Type 4 Tag.

3.3 Access right life time

The access right life time is validated while the NDEF file is selected or until the end of the RF session. Once the read or write access right is granted, the host can send one or more ReadBinary or UpdateBinary commands.

At the end of a session or when the host selects another file, the read and write access rights are initialized.

3.4 NDEF file passwords

The NDEF file passwords protect the read or write access from an RF interface from/to an NDEF file.

Two NDEF file passwords are available for each NDEF file:

- Read password
- Write password

The length of a password is 128 bits (16 bytes).

4 Communication mechanism

This chapter describes the principle of communication between an RF host and the SRTAG2K-D device.

4.1 Master and slave

The SRTAG2K-D acts as a slave device on the RF channel and therefore waits for a command from the RF host before sending its response.

The RF host shall generate the RF field and the RF commands.



5 RF command sets

This section describes the SRTAG2K-D command sets that can be issued by the RF host.

There are three command families:

- the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag command set
- the ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set
- the proprietary command set

The NFC Forum Type 4 Tag command set and the ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set use the I-Block format. For more details about the I-Block format, refer to Section 5.2: I-Block format.

Two other command formats exist:

- · the commands using the R-Block format
- the commands using the S-Block format

For more details about these formats, refer to the corresponding sections: Section 5.3: R-Block format and Section 5.4: S-Block format.

This section gives a brief description of the RF host commands. The format of these command sets is the I-Block format.

Table 9 lists the RF command sets.

Table 9. RF command sets

Family command set	Command name	Class byte	Instruction code	Brief description
	NDEF Tag Application Select	0x00	0xA4	NDEF Tag Application Select
	CC select	0x00	0xA4	Select the CC file
NFC Forum	NDEF select	0x00	0xA4	Select the NDEF file
Type 4 Tag	System select	0x00	0xA4	Select the system file
	ReadBinary	0x00	0xB0	Read data from file
	UpdateBinary	0x00	0xD6	Write or erase data to a NDEF file
	Verify	0x00	0x20	Checks the right access of a NDEF file or sends a password
ISO/IEC 7816-4	ChangeReferenceData	0x00	0x24	Change a Read or write password
	EnableVerificationRequirement	0x00	0x28	Activate the password security
	DisableVerificationRequirement	0x00	0x26	Disable the password security
ST Proprietary	EnablePermanentState	0xA2	0x28	Enables the Read Only or Write Only security state
ST Proprietary	ExtendedReadBinary	0xA2	0xB0	Read data from file

5.1 Structure of the command sets

The exchange of data between the RF host and the SRTAG2K-D uses three kinds of data formats, called blocks:

- I-Block: to exchange the command and the response
- R-Block: to exchange positive or negative acknowledgement
- S-Block: to use either the Deselect command or the Frame Waiting eXtension (WTX) command or response

This section describes the structure of the I-Block, R-block and S-Block. This format is used for the application command set.

5.2 I-Block format

The I-Block is used to exchange data between the RF host and the SRTAG2K-D. It is composed of three fields. *Table 10* details the I-Block format.

Table 10. I-Block format

Name	So	oD.	Payload	EoD	
Name	РСВ	DID	0	CRC	
Length	1 byte	1 byte	1 to 251 bytes	2 bytes	
PCB field					
DID field (optional)		•			
RF host to SRTAG2 SRTAG2K-D to RF I			-		
2 CRC bytes				!	

Table 11. PCB field of the I-Block format

	b7-b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
	0b00	0	0	х	0	1	х
I-Block							
RFU							
Must be set	to 0		•				
DID field, if bit is set							
Must be set to 0							
Must be set	to 1					•	
Block numb	er						•

When the RF host sends a command to the SRTAG2K-D the format of the payload is the C-APDU.

When the SRTAG2K-D sends a command to the RF host, the format of the payload is the R-APDU.

5.2.1 C-APDU: payload format of a command

The C-APDU format is used by the RF host to send a command to the SRTAG2K-D. *Table 12* describes its format.

Table 12. C-APDU format

Name		Payload field						
Name	CLA	INS	P1	P2	LC	Data	Le	
Length	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	Lc byte	1 byte	
Class byte 0x00: standa 0xA2: ST cor								
Instruction by	/te							
Param Byte 1								
Param Byte 2								
Number of bytes of the Data field								
Data bytes								
Number of by	ytes to be read i	n the SRTAG2	K-D memory				•	

5.2.2 R-APDU: payload format of a response

the SRTAG2K-D uses the I-Block format to reply to a command which used the I-Block format. This format is described in *Table 13*.

Table 13. R-APDU format

Name	Payload field				
Name	Data (optional)	SW1	SW2		
Length	Le byte	1 byte	1 byte		
Data					
Status byte 1					
Status byte 2					

5.3 R-Block format

The R-Block is used to convey positive or negative acknowledgment between the RF host and the SRTAG2K-D.

Table 14. R-Block format

РСВ	CRC
R(ACK) without the DID field: 0xA2 or 0xA3	
R(ACK) with the DID field: 0xAA or 0xAB	2 CRC bytes
R(NAK) without the DID field: 0xB2 0xB3	2 ONG Dytes
R(NAK) with the DID field: 0xBA 0xBB	

There are two kinds of R-Blocks:

- R(ACK): the acknowledgement block sent by the RF host or by the SRTAG2K-D
- R(NAK): the non-acknowledgement block sent by the RF host or by the SRTAG2K-D

Table 15. R-Block detailed format

	b7-b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
	0b10	1	х	х	0	0	Х
R-Block							
RFU		•					
0: NAK			<u>.</u>				
1: ACK							
0: DID field is n 1: DID field is p							
Must be set to	0						
RFU						•	
Block number							'

5.4 S-Block format

The S-Block is used to exchange control information between a reader and a contactless tag.

Table 16. S-Block format

NFC frame	SoD			EoD
NFC ITAILIE	РСВ	DID	Payload	CRC
Length	1 byte	1 byte	1 to 255 bytes	2 bytes
0xC2: for S(DES) when the 0xCA: for S(DES) when the 0xF2: for S(WTX) when the 0xFA: for S(WTX) when the	e DID field is present e DID field is not present			
DID field (optional)				
WTX field ⁽¹⁾			-	
2 CRC bytes				•

^{1.} This field is present when b5-b4 bits are set to 0b11 (S-Block is a WTX). see *Table 17: S-Block detailed format.*

There are two requests using the S-Block format:

- S(DES): the deselect command
- S(WTX): the Waiting Frame eXtension command or response.

A Waiting Time eXtension request occurs, in RF or I^2C , when the operating time needed by M24SRxx is greater than 9.6 ms.

The WTX field indicates the increase time factor to be used in this command execution (FDTtemp = WTX * 9.6 ms).

Table 17. S-Block detailed format

	b7-b6	b5-b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
	0b11	х	х	0	1	0
S-Block						
0b00: Deselect 0b11: WTX		<u>.</u>				
0: DID field is no 1: DID field is pro			•			
-				•		
RFU					•	
RFU						-

Note:

After receiving the deselect command, the session is released and SRTAG2K-D enters the Standby power mode.

In response to a RATS command, SRTAG2K-D returns FWI parameter (default frame waiting time used); when SRTAG2K-D needs more time for a command execution, it requests a frame waiting time extension by responding 0xF2 0xWTX (Request waiting time = FWI * WTX). If the reader accepts SRTAG2K-D request, it acknowledges by sending the command 0xF2 0xWTX. The frame waiting time becomes FWI * WTX for the current command only.

5.5 CRC of the RF frame

The two CRC bytes check the data transmission between the RF host and the SRTAG2K-D. For the RF frame, the CRC is computed on all the data bits in the frame, excluding parity bits, SOF and EOF, and the CRC itself.

The CRC is as defined in ISO/IEC 13239. The initial register content shall be 0x6363 and the register content shall not be inverted after calculation.

5.6 NFC Forum Type 4 Tag protocol

5.6.1 Commands set

SRTAG2K-D command set is built to easily support the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag protocol.

Table 18. Command set overview

Command name	Brief description
NDEF Tag Application Select	Select the NDEF Tag Application
Capability Container Select	Select the capability container (CC) file using the Select command
NDEF Select	Select the NDEF file
System File Select	Select the system file

Table 18. Command set overview (continued)

Command name	Brief description
ReadBinary	Read data from a file
UpdateBinary	Write new data to a file

5.6.2 Status and error codes

This section lists the status and the error code of the SRTAG2K-D.

Table 19. Status code of the SRTAG2K-D

	SW1	SW2	Comment
Value	0x90	0x00	Command completed successfully

Table 20. Error code of the SRTAG2K-D

	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	1 byte	1 byte	
Value	0x62	0x80	File overflow (Le error)
Value	0x62	0x82	End of file or record reached before reading Le bytes
Value	0x63	0x00	Password is required
Value	0x63	0xCX	Password is incorrect, X further retries allowed (X can take value 0,1, 2)
Value	0x65	0x81	Unsuccessful updating
Value	0x67	0x00	Wrong length
Value	0x69	0x81	Cmd is incompatible with the file structure
Value	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	0x69	0x84	Reference data not usable
Value	0x6A	0x80	Incorrect parameters Le or Lc
Value	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	0x6A	0x84	File overflow (Lc error)
Value	0x6A	0x86	Incorrect P1 or P2 values
Value	0x6D	0x00	INS field not supported
Value	0x6E	0x00	Class not supported

5.6.3 NDEF Tag Application Select command

the RF host shall send this command to activate the NDEF Tag Application.

To activate the NDEF Tag Application, the RF host sends the Select command (see *Table 21*) in addition to the sequence defined in the NFC Forum digital protocol.

Table 21 defines the C-APDU of the Select command to select the NDEF Tag Application (called NDEF Tag Application Select).

Table 21. C-APDU of the NDEF Tag Application Select command

Name	CLA	INS	P1	P2	Lc	Data	Le			
Value	0x00	0xA4	0x04	0x00	0x07	0xD27600 00850101	0x00			
Class byte										
Select instruc	tion code	•								
P1 field			•							
P2 field				1						
Number of by	tes of data				1					
Application ID										
Le field		Le field								

Table 22 defines the R-APDU of the NDEF Tag Application Select command.

Table 22. R-APDU of the NDEF Tag Application Select command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte -	
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	NDEF Tag Application not found
Value	-	0x6D	0x00	Class not supported

5.6.4 Capability Container Select command

The RF host uses the Capability Container Select procedure to select the capability container (CC) file.

The CC file is selected when this command returns "command completed" in the R-APDU. *Table 23* defines the C-APDU of the Select command to select the CC file (called Capability Container Select).

Table 23. C-APDU of the Capability Container Select command

Name	CLA	INS	P1	P2	Lc	Data	Le		
Value	0x00	0xA4	0x00	0x0C	0x02	0xE103	-		
Class byte									
Select instruct	tion code	•							
P1 field									
P2 field									
Number of by	tes of data				•				
CC file ID						_			
-									

Table 24 defines the R-APDU of the CC Select command.

Table 24. R-APDU of the Capability Container Select command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6D	0x00	Class not supported

5.6.5 NDEF Select command

The RF host uses the NDEF Select command to select the NDEF file.

The NDEF file is selected when this command returns "command completed" in the R-APDU. *Table 25* defines the C-APDU of the Select command to select the NDEF file (called NDEF Select).

Table 25. C-APDU of the NDEF Select command

Name	CLA	INS	P1	P2	Lc	Data	Le
Value	0x00	0xA4	0x00	0x0C	0x02	0x000X	-
Class byte							
Select instruc	tion code	•					
P1 field			•				
P2 field				•			
Number of by	tes of data				1		
0x0001: first N	NDEF file					_	
-							

Table 26 defines the R-APDU of the NDEF Select command.

Table 26. R-APDU of the NDEF Select command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found

5.6.6 System File Select command

The RF host uses this command to select the system file.

The System file is selected when this command returns "command completed" in the R-APDU.

Table 27 defines the C-APDU of the command to select the System file (called System Select).

Table 27. C-APDU of the System File Select command

Name	CLA	INS	P1	P2	Lc	Data	Le	
	0x00	0xA4	0x00	0x0C	0x02	0xE101	-	
Class byte								
Select instruction code								
P1 field								
P2 field								
Number of byt	tes of data				_			
System file ID						_		
-							!	

Table 28 defines the R-APDU of the System File Select command.

Table 28. R-APDU of the System File Select command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	Capability container not found, no data is returned

5.6.7 ReadBinary command

On receiving the ReadBinary command, the SRTAG2K-D reads the requested memory field and sends back its value in the R-APDU response.

Before sending a ReadBinary command, a file shall be selected by using a Select command

The Response of the ReadBinary command is successful when the data to be read is within the selected file ^(a); in other words, when the sum of P1-P2 and Le fields is equal to or lower than the selected file length.

Table 29 defines the ReadBinary command.

Table 29. C-APDU of the ReadBinary command

<u>*</u>								
Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le		
	0x00	0xB0	2 bytes	-	-	1 byte		
Class byte								
Read instructi	ion code	•						
Offset in the f	ile selected		<u>.</u>					
-								
-								
Number of bytes to read between 0x01 ≤Le ≤max(Selected File length, 0xF6)								

Table 30 defines the R-APDU of the ReadBinary command.

Table 30. R-APDU of the ReadBinary command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment	
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-	
Value	Content read	0x90	0x00	Command completed	
Value	-	0x67	0x00	Wrong length	
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied	
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found	
Value	-	0x6E	0x00	Class not supported	

5.6.8 UpdateBinary command

On receiving the UpdateBinary command, the SRTAG2K-D writes the data field into the selected file and sends back a status in the R-APDU response. If needed, M24SR will request a timing extension (see *Section 5.4*).

Before sending an UpdateBinary command, a file shall be selected by issuing a Select command.

Table 31 defines the UpdateBinary command.

a. For more details about CC file, refer to Section 3.1.2: CC file layout. For more details about NDEF file, refer to Section 3.1.3: NDEF file layout. For more details about System file, refer to Section 3.1.4: System file layout.

Table 31. C-APDU of the UpdateBinary command

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le
	0x00	0xD6	2 bytes	1 byte	Lc bytes	-
Class byte						
Write instructi	on code	•				
Offset in the fi	ile selected		<u>-</u>			
Number of bytes of data (0x01 ≤Lc ≤0xF6)						
Data to write in the SRTAG2K-D memory						
<u> </u>						

Table 32 defines the R-APDU of the UpdateBinary command.

Table 32. R-APDU of the UpdateBinary command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x65	0x81	Unsuccessful updating
Value	-	0x67	0x00	Wrong length
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6E	0x00	Class not supported

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Status and error codes.

5.7 ISO/IEC 7816-4 commands

The ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set offers some extended features such as the protection of the NDEF file. This command set is used to manage the right access of the NDEF file.

5.7.1 Verify command

The Verify command has two functions:

- 1. Check if a password is required to access to the NDEF file (the LC field = 0x00).
- 2. Check that the password embedded in the Verify command allows the access to the memory (the Lc field = 0x10 and the password is present).

When the Lc field if equal to 0x00, the verify command returns a success code (0x90 00) provided that the access to the NDEF file does not require a password. When the access to the NDEF file is protected, the response to the Verify command returns an error code (0x63 00).

When the Lc field equals 0x10, on receiving the Verify command, the SRTAG2K-D compares the requested password with the data contained in the request and reports whether the operation has been successful in the response.

Before sending this command, an NDEF file shall be selected by issuing the NDEF Select command. Thus, this command checks the right access condition of the last NDEF file selected.

After a successful command, an access is granted for the whole NDEF file.

Table 33 defines the Verify command.

Table 33. Verify command format

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le
	0x00	0x20	2 bytes	1 byte	Lc bytes	-
Class byte						
Instruction co	de	•				
	ntification I NDEF passwo NDEF passwo					
0x00: the pass 0x10: the pass						
Password			•			
-						_

Table 34 defines the R-APDU of the Verify command.

Table 34. R-APDU of the Verify command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed, the password is correct
Value	-	0x69	0x85	The conditions of use are not satisfied (e.g. no NDEF file was selected)
Value	-	0x69	0x81	Cmd incompatible with file structure
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	-	0x6A	0x80	Incorrect parameter in cmd data field
Value	-	0x63	0x00	A password is required
Value	-	0x63	0xCX ⁽¹⁾	The password transmitted is incorrect and X encodes the number of further allowed retries.
Value	-	0x6E	0x00	Class not supported

^{1.} At each session, the RF host can check a password 3 times.

5.7.2 Change Reference Data command

The Change Reference Data command replaces the read or write password related to the NDEF files previously selected. It can be performed only if the security status satisfies the security attributes for this command.

Before sending this command, the verify command with the correct NDEF write password shall be issued. Thus, this command changes the reference data of the NDEF file.

Table 35 defines the Change Reference Data command.

Table 35. Change reference data command format

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	L	
	0x00	0x24	2 bytes	1 byte	Lc bytes		
Class byte							
Instruction co	de	•					
	ntification I password trar password trar						
0x10: the password is present in the data field							
NDEF file Pas	ssword				_		
-						•	

Table 36 defines the R-APDU of the Change Reference Data command.

Table 36. R-APDU of the Change Reference Data command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	0	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed, the access right has been changed
Value	-	0x69	0x81	Cmd is incompatible with the file structure
Value	-	0x65	0x81	Unsuccessful updating
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	-	0x6A	0x80	CC file or System file selected
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6A	0x86	Incorrect P1 or P2 values
Value	-	0x6E	0x00	Class not supported

5.7.3 Enable Verification Requirement command

The Enable Verification Requirement command activates the protection by password of the NDEF file. When this command is successful, the read or write access to the NDEF file is protected by a 128-bit password. It can be performed only if the security status satisfies the security attributes for this command.

This command can update the right access of the NDEF file by writing into the EEPROM. In this case, the response timing will be around 5 ms.

Before sending this command, the verify command with the correct NDEF write password shall be issued. Thus, this command changes the access right of the NDEF file.

Table 37 defines the Enable Verification requirement command.

Table 37. Enable Verification Requirement command format

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le
	0x00	0x28	2 bytes	-	-	-
Class byte						
Instruction co	de					
	attributes ble the read pro ble the write pro					
-						
-						
-			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	

The last five bits identify the password sent in the Verify command.

Table 38 defines the R-APDU of the Enable Verification Requirement command.

Table 38. R-APDU of the Enable Verification Requirement command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	0	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed, the password is correct
Value	-	0x69	0x81	Cmd is incompatible with the file structure
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	-	0x6A	0x80	CC file or System file selected
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6A	0x86	Incorrect P1 or P2 values

5.7.4 Disable Verification Requirement command

The Disable Requirement command deactivates the protection by password of the NDEF file. When this command is successful, the read or write access to the NDEF file is granted without security requirements. It can be performed only if the security status satisfies the security attributes for this command.

Before sending this command, the verify command with the correct NDEF write password shall be issued. Thus, this command changes the access right of the NDEF file.

This command can update the right access of the NDEF file by writing into the EEPROM. In this case, the response timing will be around 6 ms.

Table 39 defines the Disable Verification Requirement command.

Table 39. Disable Verification Requirement command format

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le
	0x00	0x26	2 bytes	-	-	-
Class byte						
Instruction co	de	•				
	attributes ole the read pro ole the write pro					
-						
-						
-						

Table 40 defines the R-APDU of the Disable Verification Requirement command.

Data SW1 SW₂ Comment Length 0 1 byte 1 byte 0x90 0x00 Command completed, the password is correct Value Value 0x69 0x81 Cmd is incompatible with the file structure Value 0x69 0x82 Security status not satisfied Value 0x6A 0x80 CC file or System file selected Value 0x6A 0x82 File or application not found Value 0x6A 0x86 Incorrect P1 or P2 values Value 0x6E 0x00 Class not supported Value 0x65 0x81 Update failed

Table 40. R-APDU of the Disable Verification Requirement command

5.8 ST Proprietary command set

The RF host can be issued with the command set described in this chapter.

5.8.1 ExtendedReadBinary command

On receiving the ExtendedReadBinary command, the SRTAG2K-D reads the requested memory field and sends back its value in the R-APDU response.

Before sending an ExtendedReadBinary command, a file shall be selected by issuing an NDEF select command.

The response of the ExtendedReadBinary command will be successful even if the data to be read is beyond the NDEF message. The command returns an error code if the data to be read goes beyond the end of the file.

Table 41. C-APDU of the ExtendedReadBinary command

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le		
Length	0xA2	0xB0	2 bytes	-	-	1 byte		
ST Class byte	;							
Read instructi	on code	•						
Offset in the fi	le selected		•					
-								
-	-							
-								
Number of bytes to read between 0x01 ⊴_e ⊴0xF6								

Table 42 defines the R-APDU of the read binary command.

Table 42. R-APDU of the ExtendedReadBinary command

	Data	SW1	SW2	comment
Length	Le bytes	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	Content read	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x67	0x00	Wrong length
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6A	0x86	Incorrect P1 or P2 values
Value	-	0x6E	0x00	Class not supported

5.8.2 EnablePermanentState command

The command configures the NDEF file to the ReadOnly or to the WriteOnly State.

This command can update the right access to the NDEF file by writing into the EEPROM. In this case, the response timing will be around 6 ms.

Table 43 defines the EnablePermanentState requirement command.

Table 43. EnablePermanentState command format

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le
Length	0xA2	0x28	2 bytes	-	-	-
Class byte						
Instruction co	de					
	attributes le the read pro le the write pro					
-						
-						
-						
-						

Table 44 defines the R-APDU of the EnablePermanentState command.

Table 44. R-APDU table of the EnablePermanentState command

	Data	SW1	SW2	comment	
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-	
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed	
Value	-	0x65	0x81	Update failed	
Value	-	0x67	0x00	Wrong length	

Data **SW1** SW₂ comment Value 0x69 0x82 Security status not satisfied 0x6A CC file or System file selected Value 0x80 Value 0x6A 0x82 File or application not found Incorrect P1 or P2 values Value 0x6A 0x86

0x00

Class not supported

Table 44. R-APDU table of the EnablePermanentState command (continued)

5.9 Specific RF command set

Value

This section describes the command set that can be issued only by the RF host.

0x6E

5.9.1 Anticollision command set

Table 45 lists the commands that can be issued only by the RF host. The format of these commands is described in the NFC Forum Digital Protocol specification.

 Family command set
 Command name
 Instruction code

 ALL_REQ
 0x52 (1)

 SENS_REQ
 0x26 (1)

 SDD_REQ
 0x93 or 0x95 or 0x97

 SEL_REQ
 0x93 or 0x95 or 0x97

 SLP_REQ
 0x50

Table 45. Commands issues by the RF host

5.9.2 RATS command and ATS response

RATS command and ATS response are used for NFC Forum Type 4A Tag Platform Device Activation (as defined in NFC Forum Digital Protocol specification).

Table 46 details the RATS command. This command shall be sent after the anticollision process.

Table 40. KATS Command							
Name INS		Param		CRC			
Byte field	0xE0	1 byte		2 bytes			
Bit field		b7-b4	b3-b0				
Instruction code							
FSDI		•					
DID (0 ≤DID ≤14)							
2 CRC bytes							

Table 46, RATS command

^{1.} Code on 7 bits.

SRTAG2K-D RF command sets

The FSDI field codes the FSD that defines the maximum size that an RF host is able to receive. *Table 47* gives the conversion from FDSI to FSD.

Table 47. Conversion from FDSI to FSD

FSDI	0x0	0x1	0x2	0x3	0x4	0x5	0x6	0x7	0x8	0x9h- 0xE	0xF
FSD	16	24	32	40	48	64	96	128	256	RFU	256

The DID field defines the value of the addressed SRTAG2K-D.

Table 48. ATS response

Name	TL	ТО	TA(1)	TB(1)		TC(1)	CRC
Byte field	0x05	0x78	1 byte	1 byte		0x02	2 bytes
Bit field				b8-b5	b4-b1		
Length of the	ATS response						
FSCI = 256 by	FSCI = 256 bytes						
	The maximum ascending data rate is 106 kbps The maximum descending data rate is 106 kbps						
FWI field (9.6	ms when TB =	0x50)					
SFGI field (30	2 μs when TB =	= 0x50)			•		
The DID is su	pported					•	
2 CRC bytes							-

The FSCI codes the FSC which stands for the maximum frame size that the SRTAG2K-D is able to receive. The SRTAG2K-D is able to receive up to 256 bytes of command. If the RF host sends a command with more than 256 bytes, the SRTAG2K-D will not be able to treat the command and will not reply.

The FWI which stands for the Frame Waiting time Integer codes the FWT. This time corresponds to the maximum duration while an RF host shall send before sending the next command.

The SFGI which stands for the Start-up Frame Guard Time is the minimum time that the reader shall wait after receiving the response of the SRTAG2K-D.

5.9.3 PPS command & response

PPS (Protocol and Parameter Selection) command and response are defined in ISO/IEC 14443-4, in the Protocol Activation of PICC Type A.

The PPS command allows to change the data rates of the ascending (RF host to SRTAG2K-D) and descending (SRTAG2K-D to RF host) data rates.

RF command sets SRTAG2K-D

Table 49. PPS command

	Name	Name INS		PPS0	PPS1			CRC
-	Byte field	0xl	ΟX	0x11	1 byte		1 byte	
	Bit field	b7-b4	b3-b0		0b0000	b3-b2	b1-b0	
INS	Instruction code							
INS	DID							
	PPS1 is pres	sent		•				
	RFU				•			
PPS1	Descending	data rate						
	Ascending d	ata rate					•	
	2 CRC bytes	}						•

The ascending and descending data rates shall be coded as described in *Table 50*.

Table 50. Ascending and descending data rate coding

Value	0b00	0b01	0b10	0b11
Data rate	106 kbps	RFU	RFU	RFU

When the SRTAG2K-D is able to change both data rates, it returns the following response. The data rate of this response is 106 kbps; then, the SRTAG2K-D changes the ascending and descending data rates.

Table 51 gives the details sof the PPS response.

Table 51. PPS response

Name	INS	-	PPS0					
Byte field	0xDX	-	0x11					
Bit field	b8-b5	b4-b1						
Response code								
DID field		•						
2 CRC bytes								

SRTAG2K-D RF device operation

6 RF device operation

6.1 Anticollision and Device Activation command set for the RF interface

The SRTAG2K-D device supports the command set defined in the NFC-A Technology and the Type 4A Tag Platform chapters of the NFC Digital Protocol V1.0 specification.

6.2 Open an RFsession

Once the RF host has terminated the anticollision procedure and retrieve the ATS response, it shall send the SelectApplication command. The SRTAG2K-D will open an RF session. At this point, the RF host can send the applicative command set.

6.3 Close an RFsession

The RF host can close the RF session by issuing one of these methods:

- send an S(DES) command
- turn off the RF field

6.4 Applicative command set

The applicative command set is composed of the following command sets:

- the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag command set
- the ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set
- the proprietary command set

7 Functional procedures

This section describes some procedure to access the memory or manage its protection.

7.1 Selection of an NDEF message

The RF host shall use this procedure to detect the NDEF message inside an SRTAG2K-D.

The NDEF detection procedure is as follows:

- 1. Open an RF session
- 2. Send the SelectNDEFTagApplication command
- 3. Select the CC file
- 4. Read the CC file
- 5. Select the NDEF file.

7.2 Reading of an NDEF message

The RF host executes the NDEF read procedure to read the NDEF file.

- 1. Detect successfully the NDEF file using the NDEF detection procedure
- 2. Check that the read access without any security is granted for the NDEF file from the information provided by the CC file
- 3. Select the NDEF file
- 4. Read the NDEF file.

7.3 Reading a locked NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to read an NDEF file which has been locked previously.

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the NDEF file
- 3. Verify the Read password by using the Verify command
- 4. Read the data in the NDEF file.

7.4 Locking an NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to protect an NDEF file.

- Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Check the right access provided by the CC file
- 3. Select the NDEF file
- 4. Transmit the NDEF file Write password by using the Verify command
- 5. Lock the NDEF file by sending the Enable verification command.

7.5 Unlocking an NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to read an NDEF file which has been locked previously.

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the NDEF file
- 3. Verify the NDEF file Write password by using the Verify command
- 4. Unlock the NDEF file by sending the Disable verification command.

7.6 Reaching the read-only state for an NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to read an NDEF file which has been locked previously.

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- Select the NDEF file
- 3. Transmit the NDEF file Write password by using the Verify command
- Send an EnablePermanentState command as the Write access right of the previous Select NDEF file.

7.7 Changing an NDEF password procedure

The RF host could use this procedure to change one NDEF password. it can be a Read or Write password.

- Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the NDEF file
- 3. Transmit the NDEF file Write password by using the Verify command
- 4. Change the password by sending a ChangeReferenceData command.

7.8 Changing a File type Procedure

The RF host executes this procedure to change the File Type of a file for which all access rights were previously granted.

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the File to be modified
- 3. Set the File Length to 0x00 using the UpdateBinary command
- 4. Send an UpdateFileType command with the New file Type as data.

UID: Unique identifier SRTAG2K-D

8 UID: Unique identifier

The SRTAG2K-D is uniquely identified by a 7 bytes unique identifier (UID). The UID is a read-only code and comprises:

- The IC manufacturer code on 1 byte (0x02 for STMicroelectronics).
- The Product code on 1 byte.
- A device number on 5 bytes.

Table 52 describes the UID format.

Table 52. UID format

	0x02	0xD2	5 bytes
IC manufacturer code			
SRTAG2K-D product code	е	•	
Device number			•

SRTAG2K-D Maximum rating

9 Maximum rating

Stressing the device above the rating listed in *Table 53* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect the device reliability.

Table 53. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Paramete	er	Min.	Max.	Unit
T _A	Ambient operating temp	perature	-40	85	°C
		_	15	25	°C
T _{STG} , h _{STG} , t _{STG}	Storage conditions	Sawn wafer on UV tape		6 ⁽¹⁾	months
010		'	kept in its	s original packing	g form
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	UFDFPN8	-65	150	°C
	Storage temperature Sawn Bumped		15	25	°C
T _{STG}	Storage time	Wafer (kept in its antistatic bag)		6	months
T _{LEAD}	Lead temperature during soldering		see note (2)		°C
RFSession	RF Session pad output	range	-0.50	6.5	V
I _{CC} (3)	RF supply current AC0	- AC1	-	100	mA
V _{MAX_1} (3)	RF input voltage amplitude between AC0 and AC1, GND pad left floating	VAC0-VAC1	-	10	V
V _{MAX_2} (3)	AC voltage between AC0 and GND, or AC1 and GND	VAC0-GND or VAC1-GND	-0.5	4.5	V
V _{ESD}	Electrostatic discharge voltage (human body model) (4)		-	1000	V
V _{ESD}	Electrostatic discharge voltage (human body model) ⁽⁴⁾	RF Session	-	3500	V

^{1.} Counted from ST shipment date.

Compliant with JEDEC Std J-STD-020D (for small body, Sn-Pb or Pb assembly), the ST ECOPACK[®]
7191395 specification, and the European directive on Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (ROHS
directive 2011/65/EU, July 2011).

^{3.} Based on characterization, not tested in production. Maximum absorbed power = 100 mW @ 7.5 A/m

^{4.} AEC-Q100-002 (compliant with JEDEC Std JESD22-A114A, C1 = 100 pF, R1 = 1500 Ω , R2 = 500 Ω)

Maximum rating SRTAG2K-D

Table 54. DC characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
V _{OL}	Output low voltage (RF session pad)	I_{OL} = 1 mA, V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V	-	0.4	V

10 RF Session pad parameters

This section lists the timing of the RF Session pad according to its configuration.

Table 55. RF Session pad timings measurement ⁽¹⁾

RF Session pad		I/F	Condition	Command	Symbol	Тур.	Unit
Session Open	0x11	RF	RF Session pad low when session active	NDEF select	CmdEOFtoGPlow	170	μs
		RF	RF Session pad return HZ	Deselect	CmdEOFtoGPHZ	370	μs

^{1.} Characterized only.

RF electrical parameters 11

This section summarizes the operating and measurement conditions, and the DC and AC characteristics of the device in RF mode.

The parameters in the DC and AC characteristics tables that follow are derived from tests performed under the Measurement Conditions summarized in the relevant tables. Designers should check that the operating conditions in their circuit match the measurement conditions when relying on the quoted parameters.

Table 56. Default operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
T _A	Ambient operating temperature	-40	85	°C

Table 57. RF characteristics (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f _C	External RF signal frequency		13.553	13.56	13.567	MHz
H_ISO	Operating field according to ISO	T _A = 0 °C to 50 °C	1500	-	7500	mA/m
H_Extended	Operating field in extended temperature range	T _A = -40 °C to 85 °C	500	-	7500	mA/m
MI _{CARRIER}	100% carrier modulation index	MI=(A-B)/(A+B)	90	-	100	%
t ₁	Pause A length	-	28/f _C	-	40.5/f _C	μs
t ₂	Pause A low time	-	7/f _C	-	t1	μs
t ₃	Pause A rise time	-	1.5xt4	-	16/f _C	μs
t ₄	Pause A rise time section	-	0	-	6/f _C	μs
t _{MIN CD}	Minimum time from carrier generation to first data	From H-field min	-	-	5	ms
W _t	RF write time (including internal Verify) for one page	-	-	6	-	ms
C _{TUN}	Internal tuning capacitor in SO8 (2)	f _C = 13.56 MHz	22.5	25	27.5	pF
t _{RF_OFF}	RF OFF time	Chip reset	-	-	5	ms

All timing characterizations were performed on a reference antenna with the following characteristics: External size: 75 mm x 48 mm Number of turns: 6

Width of conductor: 0.6 mm

Space between two conductors: 0.6 mm

Value of the tuning capacitor in SO8: 25 pF (SRTAG2K-D)

Value of the coil: 5 µH

Tuning frequency: 14.2 MHz.

2. Characterized only, at room temperature only, measured at VAC0-VAC1 = 2 V peak to peak at 13.56 MHz.

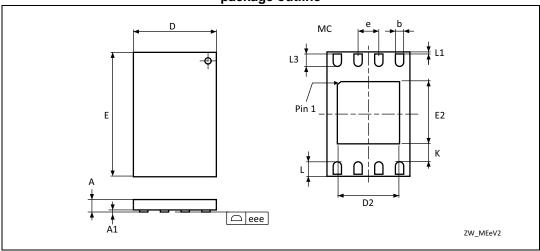
12 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com.

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12.1 Mechanical data for the UFDFPN8 package

Figure 6. UFDFPN8 - 8-lead ultra thin fine pitch dual flat package, no lead, 2x3 mm, package outline



- 1. Drawing is not to scale.
- 2. The central pad (area E2 by D2 in the above illustration) is internally pulled to V_{SS} . It must not be connected to any other voltage or signal line on the PCB, for example during the soldering process.

Table 58. UFDFPN8 - 8-lead ultra thin fine pitch dual flat package, no lead, package data

Symbol		millimeters			inches (1)	
Symbol	Тур	Min	Max	Тур	Min	Max
Α	0.550	0.450	0.600	0.0217	0.0177	0.0236
A1	0.020	0.000	0.050	0.0008	0.0000	0.0020
b	0.250	0.200	0.300	0.0098	0.0079	0.0118
D	2.000	1.900	2.100	0.0787	0.0748	0.0827
D2 (rev MC)	-	1.200	1.600	-	0.0472	0.0630
E	3.000	2.900	3.100	0.1181	0.1142	0.1220
E2 (rev MC)	-	1.200	1.600	-	0.0472	0.0630
е	0.500	-	-	0.0197	-	-
K (rev MC)	-	0.300	-	-	0.0118	-
L	-	0.300	0.500		0.0118	0.0197
L1	-	-	0.150	-	-	0.0059
L3	-	0.300	-	-	0.0118	-
eee (2)	-	0.080	-	-	0.0031	-

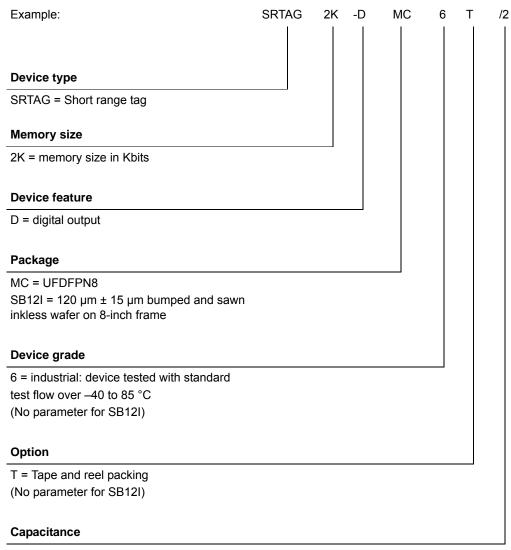
^{1.} Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

Applied for exposed die paddle and terminals. Exclude embedded part of exposed die paddle from measuring.

SRTAG2K-D Part numbering

13 Part numbering

Table 59. Ordering information scheme for packaged devices



/2 = 25 pF

Revision history SRTAG2K-D

14 Revision history

Table 60. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
31-Oct-2013	1	Initial release.
07-Nov-2013	2	Placed Table 4: CC file layout for 1 NDEF file in Section 3.1.2: CC file layout.
24-Feb-2014	3	Edited the third paragraph of Section 5.8.1: ExtendedReadBinary command. Added Section 7.8: Changing a File type Procedure. Removed V _{ESD} (machine model) row from Table 53: Absolute maximum ratings. Fixed a typo in Figure 6: UFDFPN8 - 8-lead ultra thin fine pitch dual flat package, no lead, 2x3 mm, package outline title: UFDPFN8 changed into UFDFPN8. Added Table 54: DC characteristics.

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