

Freescale Semiconductor Addendum

Document Number: QFN_Addendum Rev. 0, 07/2014

Addendum for New QFN Package Migration

This addendum provides the changes to the 98A case outline numbers for products covered in this book. Case outlines were changed because of the migration from gold wire to copper wire in some packages. See the table below for the old (gold wire) package versus the new (copper wire) package.

To view the new drawing, go to Freescale.com and search on the new 98A package number for your device.

For more information about QFN package use, see EB806: *Electrical Connection Recommendations for the Exposed Pad on QFN and DFN Packages*.



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Part Number	Package Description	Original (gold wire) package document number	Current (copper wire) package document number
MC68HC908JW32	48 QFN	98ARH99048A	98ASA00466D
MC9S08AC16			
MC9S908AC60			
MC9S08AC128			
MC9S08AW60			
MC9S08GB60A			
MC9S08GT16A			
MC9S08JM16			
MC9S08JM60			
MC9S08LL16			
MC9S08QE128			
MC9S08QE32			
MC9S08RG60			
MCF51CN128			
MC9RS08LA8	48 QFN	98ARL10606D	98ASA00466D
MC9S08GT16A	32 QFN	98ARH99035A	98ASA00473D
MC9S908QE32	32 QFN	98ARE10566D	98ASA00473D
MC9S908QE8	32 QFN	98ASA00071D	98ASA00736D
MC9S08JS16	24 QFN	98ARL10608D	98ASA00734D
MC9S08QB8			
MC9S08QG8	24 QFN	98ARL10605D	98ASA00474D
MC9S08SH8	24 QFN	98ARE10714D	98ASA00474D
MC9RS08KB12	24 QFN	98ASA00087D	98ASA00602D
MC9S08QG8	16 QFN	98ARE10614D	98ASA00671D
MC9RS08KB12	8 DFN	98ARL10557D	98ASA00672D
MC9S08QG8			
MC9RS08KA2	6 DFN	98ARL10602D	98ASA00735D

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Data Sheet: Technical Data

Document Number: MC9S08JS16 Rev. 4, 4/2009

MC9S08JS16 Series

Covers: MC9S08JS16 MC9S08JS8 MC9S08JS16L MC9S08JS8L

Features:

- 8-Bit HCS08 Central Processor Unit (CPU)
 - 48 MHz HCS08 CPU (central processor unit)
 - 24 MHz internal bus frequency
 - Support for up to 32 interrupt/reset sources
- Memory Options
 - Up to 16 KB of on-chip in-circuit programmable flash memory with block protection and security options
 - Up to 512 bytes of on-chip RAM
 - 256 bytes of USB RAM
- Clock Source Options
 - Clock source options include crystal, resonator, external clock
 - MCG (multi-purpose clock generator) PLL and FLL; internal reference clock with trim adjustment
- System Protection
 - Optional computer operating properly (COP) reset with option to run from independent 1 kHz internal clock source or the bus clock
 - Low-voltage detection
 - Illegal opcode detection with reset
 - Illegal address detection with reset
- Power-Saving Modes
 - Wait plus two stops
- · USB Bootload
 - Mass erase entire flash array
 - Partial erase flash array erase all flash blocks except for the first 1 KB of flash
- Program flash
- Peripherals
 - USB USB 2.0 full-speed (12 Mbps) with dedicated on-chip 3.3 V regulator and transceiver; supports endpoint 0 and up to 6 additional endpoints



24 QFN Case 1982-01

- SPI One 8- or 16-bit selectable serial peripheral interface module with a receive data buffer hardware match function
- SCI One serial communications interface module with optional 13 bit break. Full duplex non-return to zero (NRZ); LIN master extended break generation; LIN slave extended break detection; wakeup on active edge
- MTIM One 8-bit modulo counter with 8-bit prescaler and overflow interrupt
- TPM One 2-channel 16-bit timer/pulse-width modulator (TPM) module; selectable input capture, output compare, and edge-aligned PWM capability on each channel; timer module may be configured for buffered, centered PWM (CPWM) on all channels
- **KBI** 8-pin keyboard interrupt module
- **RTC** Real-time counter with binary- or decimal-based prescaler
- CRC Hardware CRC generator circuit using 16-bit shift register; CRC16-CCITT compliancy with $x^{16}+x^{12}+x^{5}+1$ polynomial
- Input/Output
 - Software selectable pullups on ports when used as inputs
 - Software selectable slew rate control on ports when used as outputs
 - Software selectable drive strength on ports when used as outputs
 - Master reset pin and power-on reset (POR)
 - Internal pullup on RESET, IRQ, and BKGD/MS pins to _ reduce customer system cost
- · Package Options
 - 24-pin quad flat no-lead (QFN)
 - 20-pin small outline IC package (SOIC)

This document contains information on a product under development. Freescale reserves the right to change or discontinue this product without notice.



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Revision History

To provide the most up-to-date information, the revision of our documents on the World Wide Web will be the most current. Your printed copy may be an earlier revision. To verify you have the latest information available, refer to:

http://freescale.com/

The following revision history table summarizes changes contained in this document.

Revision	Date	Description of Changes
1	9/1/2008	Initial public released
2	1/8/2009	In Table 7, changed the parameter description of $\rm RI_{\rm DD}$ and $\rm S3I_{\rm DD,}$ the typicals of $\rm RI_{\rm DD}$ were changed as well.
3	3/9/2009	Corrected the 24-pin QFN case number and doc. number information.
4	4/24/2009	Added new parts information about MC9S08JS16L and MC9S08JS8L.

Related Documentation

Find the most current versions of all documents at: http://www.freescale.com

Reference Manual (MC9S08JS16RM)

Contains extensive product information including modes of operation, memory, resets and interrupts, register definition, port pins, CPU, and all module information.



MCU Block Diagram 1

The block diagram, Figure 1, shows the structure of the MC9S08JS16 series MCU.



NOTES:

- 1. Port pins are software configurable with pullup device if input port.
- 2. Pin contains software configurable pullup/pulldown device if IRQ is enabled (IRQPE = 1). Pulldown is enabled if rising edge detect is selected (IRQEDG = 1).
- 3. IRQ does not have a clamp diode to V_{DD} . IRQ must not be driven above V_{DD} . 4. RESET contains integrated pullup device if PTB1 enabled as reset pin function (RSTPE = 1).
- 5. Pin contains integrated pullup device.
- 6. When pin functions as KBI (KBIPEn = 1) and associated pin is configured to enable the pullup device, KBEDGn can be used to reconfigure the pullup as a pulldown device.

Figure 1. MC9S08JS16 Series Block Diagram

MC9S08JS16 Series MCU Data Sheet, Rev. 4



Pin Assignments

2 Pin Assignments

This section shows the pin assignments in the packages available for the MC9S08JS16 series.

Pin Number (Package)		< Lowest	Priority	> Highest	
24 (QFN) 20 (SOIC)		Port Pin	Alt 1	Alt 2	
1	4	PTB0	IRQ	TCLK	
2	5	PTB1		RESET	
3	6	PTB2	BKGD	MS	
4	7	PTB3		BLMS	
5	8	PTA0	KBIP0	TPMCH0	
6		NC			
7	9	PTA1	KBIP1	MISO	
8	10	PTA2	KBIP2	MOSI	
9	11	PTA3	KBIP3	SPSCK	
10	12	PTA4	KBIP4	SS	
11	13			V _{DD}	
12	_	NC			
13	14			V _{SS}	
14	15			USBDN	
15	16			USBDP	
16	17			V _{USB33}	
17	18	PTA5	KBIP5	TPMCH1	
18	—	NC			
19	19	PTA6	KBIP6	RxD	
20	20	PTA7	KBIP7	TxD	
21	1	PTB4	XTAL		
22	2	PTB5	EXTAL		
23	3			V _{SSOSC}	
24	—	NC			

Table 1. Pin Availability by Package Pin-Count

Pin Assignments









Figure 3. MC9S08JS16 Series in 20-pin SOIC Package

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3 Electrical Characteristics

This chapter contains electrical and timing specifications.

3.1 Parameter Classification

The electrical parameters shown in this supplement are guaranteed by various methods. To give the customer a better understanding, the following classification is used and the parameters are tagged accordingly in the tables where appropriate:

Table 2. Parameter Classifications

Ρ	Those parameters are guaranteed during production testing on each individual device.
С	Those parameters are achieved by the design characterization by measuring a statistically relevant sample size across process variations.
Т	Those parameters are achieved by design characterization on a small sample size from typical devices under typical conditions unless otherwise noted. All values shown in the typical column are within this category.
D	Those parameters are derived mainly from simulations.

NOTE

The above classifications are used in the column labeled "C" in applicable tables of this data sheet.

3.2 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only, and functional operation at the maximum is not guaranteed. Stress beyond the limits specified in Table 3 may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device. For functional operating conditions, refer to the remaining tables in this section.

This device contains circuitry protecting against damage due to high static voltage or electrical fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltages higher than maximum-rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit. Reliability of operation is enhanced if unused inputs are tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (for instance, either V_{SS} or V_{DD}).

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DD}	2.7 to 5.5	V
Input voltage	V _{In}	-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Instantaneous maximum current Single pin limit (applies to all port pins) ^{1, 2, 3}	Ι _D	±25	mA
Maximum current into V _{DD}	I _{DD}	120	mA
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to 150	°C
Maximum junction temperature	TJ	150	°C

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings



- ¹ Input must be current limited to the value specified. To determine the value of the required current-limiting resistor, calculate resistance values for positive (V_{DD}) and negative (V_{SS}) clamp voltages, then use the larger of the two resistance values.
- $^2~$ All functional non-supply pins are internally clamped to V_{SS} and $V_{DD}.$
- ³ Power supply must maintain regulation within operating V_{DD} range during instantaneous and operating maximum current conditions. If positive injection current (V_{In} > V_{DD}) is greater than I_{DD}, the injection current may flow out of V_{DD} and could result in external power supply going out of regulation. Ensure external V_{DD} load will shunt current greater than maximum injection current. This will be the greatest risk when the MCU is not consuming power. Examples are: if no system clock is present, or if the clock rate is very low which would reduce overall power consumption.

3.3 Thermal Characteristics

This section provides information about operating temperature range, power dissipation, and package thermal resistance. Power dissipation on I/O pins is usually small compared to the power dissipation in on-chip logic and it is user-determined rather than being controlled by the MCU design. In order to take $P_{I/O}$ into account in power calculations, determine the difference between actual pin voltage and V_{SS} or V_{DD} and multiply by the pin current for each I/O pin. Except in cases of unusually high pin current (heavy loads), the difference between pin voltage and V_{SS} or V_{DD} will be very small.

Rating		Symbol	Value	Unit
Operating temperature range (packaged)		T _A	T _L to T _H -40 to 85	°C
Thermal resistance ^{1,2,3,4}				
24-pin QFN				
	1s 2s2p	θ_{JA}	92 33	°C/W
20-pin SOIC			00	
	1s 2s2p		86 58	

Junction temperature is a function of die size, on-chip power dissipation, package thermal resistance, mounting site (board) temperature, ambient temperature, air flow, power dissipation of other components on the board, and board thermal resistance

² Junction to Ambient Natural Convection

³ 1s — Single layer board, one signal layer

⁴ 2s2p — Four layer board, 2 signal and 2 power layers

The average chip-junction temperature (T_J) in °C can be obtained from:

$$T_{J} = T_{A} + (P_{D} \times \theta_{JA})$$
 Eqn. 1

where:

 $T_A =$ Ambient temperature, °C

 θ_{JA} = Package thermal resistance, junction-to-ambient, °C/W



 $P_D = P_{int} + P_{I/O}P_{int} = I_{DD} \times V_{DD}$, Watts — chip internal power

 $P_{I/O}$ = Power dissipation on input and output pins — user determined

For most applications, $P_{I/O} \ll P_{int}$ and can be neglected. An approximate relationship between P_D and T_J (if $P_{I/O}$ is neglected) is:

$$P_{D} = K \div (T_{J} + 273^{\circ}C)$$
 Eqn. 2

Solving Equation 1 and Equation 2 for K gives:

where K is a constant pertaining to the particular part. K can be determined from Equation 3 by measuring P_D (at equilibrium) for a known T_A . Using this value of K, the values of P_D and T_J can be obtained by solving Equation 1 and Equation 2 iteratively for any value of T_A .

3.4 Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Protection Characteristics

Although damage from static discharge is much less common on these devices than on early CMOS circuits, normal handling precautions must be used to avoid exposure to static discharge. Qualification tests are performed to ensure that these devices can withstand exposure to reasonable levels of static without suffering any permanent damage. This device was qualified to AEC-Q100 Rev E. A device is considered to have failed if, after exposure to ESD pulses, the device no longer meets the device specification requirements. Complete DC parametric and functional testing is performed per the applicable device specification at room temperature followed by hot temperature, unless specified otherwise in the device specification.

Table 5. ESD Protection Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
ESD Target for Machine Model (MM) — MM circuit description	V _{THMM}	200	V
ESD Target for Human Body Model (HBM) — HBM circuit description	V _{THHBM}	2000	V

3.5 DC Characteristics

This section includes information about power supply requirements, I/O pin characteristics, and power supply current in various operating modes.

Table 6. DC Characteristics

Num	С	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical ¹	Max	Unit
1		Operating voltage ²	—	2.7	—	5.5	V



Electrical Characteristics

Num	С	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical ¹	Max	Unit
2	Р	Output high voltage — Low drive (PTxDSn = 0) 5 V, $I_{Load} = -2 \text{ mA}$ 3 V, $I_{Load} = -0.6 \text{ mA}$ 5 V, $I_{Load} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$ 3 V, $I_{Load} = -0.24 \text{ mA}$ Output high voltage — High drive (PTxDSn = 1)	V _{OH}	V _{DD} - 1.5 V _{DD} - 1.5 V _{DD} - 0.8 V _{DD} - 0.8	 		V
		5 V, I _{Load} = -10 mA 3 V, I _{Load} = -3 mA 5 V, I _{Load} = -2 mA 3 V, I _{Load} = -0.4 mA		$V_{DD} - 1.5$ $V_{DD} - 1.5$ $V_{DD} - 0.8$ $V_{DD} - 0.8$			
3	Р	Output low voltage — Low drive (PTxDSn = 0) 5 V, I _{Load} = 2 mA 3 V, I _{Load} = 0.6 mA 5 V, I _{Load} = 0.4 mA 3 V, I _{Load} = 0.24 mA		1.5 1.5 0.8 0.8	 	 	v
5	•	Output low voltage — High drive (PTxDSn = 1) $5 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{\text{Load}} = 10 \text{ mA}$ $3 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{\text{Load}} = 3 \text{ mA}$ $5 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{\text{Load}} = 2 \text{ mA}$ $3 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{\text{Load}} = 0.4 \text{ mA}$	V _{OL}	1.5 1.5 0.8 0.8			·
4	Ρ	Output high current — Max total I _{OH} for all ports 5 V 3 V	I _{OHT}			100 60	mA
5	Ρ	Output low current — Max total I _{OL} for all ports 5 V 3 V	I _{OLT}	_	_	100 60	mA
6	Ρ	Input high voltage; all digital inputs	V _{IH}	$0.65 imes V_{DD}$	_		v
7	Ρ	Input low voltage; all digital inputs	V _{IL}	—	—	$0.35\times V_{DD}$	v
8	Ρ	Input hysteresis; all digital inputs	V _{hys}	$0.06 \times V_{DD}$	—	—	mV
9	Ρ	Input leakage current; input only pins ³	ll _{In} l	—	0.1	1	μA
10	Ρ	High Impedance (off-state) leakage current ³	ll _{oz} l	_	0.1	1	μA
11	Ρ	Internal pullup resistors ⁴	R _{PU}	20	45	65	kΩ
12	Ρ	Internal pulldown resistors ⁵	R _{PD}	20	45	65	kΩ
13	С	Internal pullup resistor to USBDP (to V _{USB33}) Idle Transmit	R _{PUPD}	900 1425		1575 3090	kΩ
14	С	Input capacitance; all non-supply pins	C _{In}	_	_	8	pF
15	С	RAM retention voltage	V _{RAM}	0.6	1.0		V
16	Ρ	POR rearm voltage	V _{POR}	0.9	1.4	2.0	V
17	D	POR rearm time	t _{POR}	10	—	—	μS

Table 6. DC Characteristics (continued)

Num	С	Parameter	Sy	mbol	Min	Typical ¹	Max	Unit
18	Ρ		, falling ⁵ rising	LVD1	3.9 4.0	4.0 4.1	4.1 4.2	v
19	Ρ		o falling Trising	LVD0	2.48 2.54	2.56 2.62	2.64 2.70	v
20	С		v_{l} falling v_{l} rising	LVW3	4.5 4.6	4.6 4.7	4.7 4.8	v
21	Ρ		$_{0} falling V_{1}$	LVW2	4.2 4.3	4.3 4.4	4.4 4.5	v
22	Ρ		v_{l} falling v_{l} rising	LVW1	2.84 2.90	2.92 2.98	3.00 3.06	v
23	С		o falling Trising	LVWO	2.66 2.72	2.74 2.80	2.82 2.88	v
24	Т	Low-voltage inhibit reset/recover hysteresis	5 V V 3 V	/ _{hys}		100 60		mV

Typical values are based on characterization data at 25 °C unless otherwise stated.
Operating voltage with USB enabled can be found in Section 3.11, "USB Electricals."

³ Measured with $V_{In} = V_{DD}$ or V_{SS} . ⁴ Measured with $V_{In} = V_{SS}$. ⁵ Measured with $V_{In} = V_{DD}$.





Figure 4. Typical I_{OH} (Low Drive) vs V_{DD}–V_{OH} at V_{DD} = 3 V



Figure 5. Typical I_{OH} (High Drive) vs V_{DD}–V_{OH} at V_{DD} = 3 V





Figure 6. Typical I_{OH} (Low Drive) vs V_{DD}–V_{OH} at V_{DD} = 5 V



Figure 7. Typical I_{OH} (High Drive) vs V_{DD}–V_{OH} at V_{DD} = 5 V



Figure 8. I_{OL} vs V_{OL} (Low Drive) at V_{DD} = 5 V



Figure 9. I_{OL} vs V_{OL} (High Drive) at V_{DD} = 5 V





Figure 10. I_{OL} vs V_{OL} (Low Drive) at V_{DD} = 3 V



Figure 11. I_{OL} vs V_{OL} (High Drive) at V_{DD} = 3 V



3.6 Supply Current Characteristics

Num	С	Parameter	Symbol	V _{DD} (V)	Typical ¹	Max ²	Unit
1	С	Run supply current ³ measured at (CPU clock	PI	5	1.03	—	mA
I	C	= 2 MHz, f _{Bus} = 1 MHz, BLPE mode)	RI _{DD}	3	0.83	_	IIIA
_	_	Run supply current ³ measured at (CPU		5	19.93	_	
2	P	clock = 48 MHz, f _{Bus} = 24 MHz, PEE mode, all module on)	RI _{DD}	3	18.74	_	mA
3	Р	Stop2 mode supply current	601	5	1.36	_	μA
3	F		S2I _{DD}	3	1.18	—	μA
4	Р	Stop3 mode supply current, all module off	621	5	1.50	_	μA
4		Stope mode supply current, all module on	S3I _{DD}	3	1.31	_	μA
5	Р	RTC adder to stop2 or stop3 ³ , 25 °C		5	300	_	nA
5			∆I _{SRTC}	3	300	_	nA
6	Р	LVD adder to stop3 (LVDE = LVDSE = 1)	A.L.	5	106.7	_	μA
0			ΔI_{SLVD}	3	95.6	_	μA
7	Р	Adder to stop3 for oscillator enabled ⁴		5	5.6	_	μA
/		(ERCLKEN =1 and EREFSTEN = 1)	∆I _{SOSC}	3	5.3	_	μΑ
8	Т	USB module enable current ⁵	ΔI_{USBE}	5	1.5	_	mA
9	Т	USB suspend current ⁶	I _{SUSP}	5	273.3	—	μA

Table 7. Supply Current Characteristics

¹ Typicals are measured at 25 °C. See Figure 12 through Figure 10 for typical curves across voltage/temperature.

² Values given here are preliminary estimates prior to completing characterization.

³ Most customers are expected to find that auto-wakeup from stop2 or stop3 can be used instead of the higher current wait mode. Wait mode typical is 560 μ A at 5 V and 422 μ A at 3 V with f_{Bus} = 1 MHz.

⁴ Values given under the following conditions: low range operation (RANGE = 0), low power mode (HGO = 0).

⁵ Here USB module is enabled and clocked at 48 MHz (USBEN = 1, USBVREN =1, USBPHYEN = 1 and USBPU = 1), and D+ and D- pulled down by two 15.1 k Ω resisters independently. The current consumption may be much higher when the packets are being transmitted through the attached cable.

⁶ MCU enters stop3 mode, USB bus in idle state. The USB suspend current will be dominated by the D+ pullup resister.





Figure 12. Typical Run I_{DD} for PEE, FBE and BLPE Modes (I_{\text{DD}} vs. V_{\text{DD}})





3.7 External Oscillator (XOSC) Characteristics

Num	С	Rating	Symbol	Min	Typ ¹	Max	Unit
1	С	Oscillator crystal or resonator (EREFS = 1, ERCLKEN = 1) Low range (RANGE = 0) High range (RANGE = 1) FEE or FBE mode ² High range (RANGE = 1) PEE or PBE mode ³ High range (RANGE = 1, HGO = 1) BLPE mode High range (RANGE = 1, HGO = 0) BLPE mode	f _{lo} f _{hi-fll} f _{hi-pll} f _{hi-hgo} f _{hi-lp}	32 1 1 1 1	 	38.4 5 16 16 8	kHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz
2		Load capacitors	C _{1,} C ₂			r resonato commend	
3	_	Feedback resistor Low range (32 kHz to 38.4 kHz) High range (1 MHz to 16 MHz)	R _F	_	10 1	_	MΩ
4	_	Series resistor Low range, low gain (RANGE = 0, HGO = 0) Low range, high gain (RANGE = 0, HGO = 1) High range, low gain (RANGE = 1, HGO = 0) High range, high gain (RANGE = 1, HGO = 1) $\geq 8 \text{ MHz}$ 4 MHz 1 MHz	R _S		0 100 0 0 0 0	 0 10 20	kΩ
5	т	Crystal start-up time ⁴ Low range, low gain (RANGE = 0, HGO = 0) Low range, high gain (RANGE = 0, HGO = 1) High range, low gain (RANGE = 1, HGO = 0) ⁵ High range, high gain (RANGE = 1, HGO = 1) ⁵	t CSTL-LP CSTL-HGO CSTH-LP CSTH-HGO	 	200 400 5 15	 	ms
6	т	Square wave input clock frequency (EREFS = 0, ERCLKEN = 1) FEE or FBE mode ² PEE or PBE mode ³ BLPE mode	f _{extal}	0.03125 1 0		5 16 40	MHz

¹ Typical data was characterized at 3.0 V, 25 °C or is recommended value.

² When MCG is configured for FEE or FBE mode, input clock source must be divided using RDIV to within the range of 31.25 kHz to 39.0625 kHz.

³ When MCG is configured for PEE or PBE mode, input clock source must be divided using RDIV to within the range of 1 MHz to 2 MHz.

⁴ This parameter is characterized and not tested on each device. Proper PC board layout procedures must be followed to achieve specifications.

⁵ 4 MHz crystal.



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3.8 MCG Specifications

Table 9. MCG Frequency Specifications (Temperature Range = -40 to 85°C Ambient)

Num	С	Rating	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
1	С	Average internal reference frequency — untrimmed	f _{int_ut}	25	32.7	41.66	kHz
2	Ρ	Average internal reference frequency — trimmed	f _{int_t}	31.25	_	39.0625	kHz
3	Т	Internal reference startup time	t _{irefst}		60	100	μS
4	С	DCO output frequency range — untrimmed	f _{dco_ut}	25.6	33.48	42.66	MHz
5	Ρ	DCO output frequency range — trimmed	f _{dco_t}	32	_	40	MHz
6	С	Resolution of trimmed DCO output frequency at fixed voltage and temperature (using FTRIM)	$\Delta f_{dco_res_t}$	_	±0.1	±0.2	%f _{dco}
7	С	Resolution of trimmed DCO output frequency at fixed voltage and temperature (not using FTRIM)	$\Delta f_{dco_res_t}$	_	±0.2	±0.4	%f _{dco}
8	Ρ	Total deviation of trimmed DCO output frequency over voltage and temperature	Δf_{dco_t}	—	0.5 -1.0	±2	%f _{dco}
9	С	Total deviation of trimmed DCO output frequency over fixed voltage and temperature range of 0–70 °C	Δf_{dco_t}	_	±0.5	±1	%f _{dco}
10	С	FLL acquisition time ¹	t _{fll_acquire}	—	_	1	ms
11	D	PLL acquisition time ²	t _{pll_acquire}	—	_	1	ms
12	С	Long term Jitter of DCO output clock (averaged over 2ms interval) ³	C _{Jitter}	_	0.02	0.2	%f _{dco}
13	D	VCO operating frequency	f _{vco}	7.0		55.0	MHz
14	D	PLL reference frequency range	f _{pll_ref}	1.0		2.0	MHz
15	Т	Long term accuracy of PLL output clock (averaged over 2 ms)	f _{pll_jitter_2ms}	_	0.590 ⁴	_	%
16	Т	Jitter of PLL output clock measured over 625 ns ⁵	f _{pll_jitter_625ns}	—	0.566 ⁴	—	%
17	D	Lock entry frequency tolerance ⁶	D _{lock}	±1.49	_	±2.98	%
18	D	Lock exit frequency tolerance ⁷	D _{unl}	±4.47	_	±5.97	%
19	D	Lock time — FLL	t _{fll_lock}			t _{fll_acquire+} 1075(1/ ^f int_t)	s
20	D	Lock time — PLL	t _{pll_lock}	_	_	t _{pll_acquire+} 1075(1/ ^f pll_ref)	s
21	D	Loss of external clock minimum frequency — RANGE = 0	f _{loc_low}	(3/5) x f _{int}	_	_	kHz
22	D	Loss of external clock minimum frequency — RANGE = 1	f _{loc_high}	(16/5) x f _{int}	_	_	kHz

¹ This specification applies any time the FLL reference source or reference divider is changed, trim value changed or changing from FLL disabled (BLPE, BLPI) to FLL enabled (FEI, FEE, FBE, FBI). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.

² This specification applies to any time the PLL VCO divider or reference divider is changed, or changing from PLL disabled (BLPE, BLPI) to PLL enabled (PBE, PEE). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.



- ³ Jitter is the average deviation from the programmed frequency measured over the specified interval at maximum f_{BUS}. Measurements are made with the device powered by filtered supplies and clocked by a stable external clock signal. Noise injected into the FLL circuitry via V_{DD} and V_{SS} and variation in crystal oscillator frequency increase the C_{Jitter} percentage for a given interval.
- ⁴ Jitter measurements are based upon a 48 MHz clock frequency.
- ⁵ 625 ns represents 5 time quanta for CAN applications, under worst case conditions of 8 MHz CAN bus clock, 1 Mbps CAN bus speed, and 8 time quanta per bit for bit time settings. 5 time quanta is the minimum time between a synchronization edge and the sample point of a bit using 8 time quanta per bit.
- ⁶ Below D_{lock} minimum, the MCG is guaranteed to enter lock. Above D_{lock} maximum, the MCG will not enter lock. But if the MCG is already in lock, then the MCG may stay in lock.
- ⁷ Below D_{unl} minimum, the MCG will not exit lock if already in lock. Above D_{unl} maximum, the MCG is guaranteed to exit lock.

3.9 AC Characteristics

This section describes AC timing characteristics for each peripheral system.

3.9.1 Control Timing

Num	С	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical ¹	Max	Unit
1	D	Bus frequency (t _{cyc} = 1/f _{Bus})	f _{Bus}	DC		24	MHz
2	D	Internal low-power oscillator period	t _{LPO}	700	—	1300	μs
3	D	External reset pulse width ² (t _{cyc} = 1/f _{Self_reset})	t _{extrst}	$1.5 imes t_{Self_reset}$	_	_	ns
4	D	Reset low drive	t _{rstdrv}	$66 imes t_{cyc}$	—	_	ns
5	D	Active background debug mode latch setup time	t _{MSSU}	25	_	_	ns
6	D	Active background debug mode latch hold time	t _{MSH}	25	—	_	ns
7	D	IRQ pulse width Asynchronous path ² Synchronous path ³	t _{ILIH,} t _{IHIL}	100 1.5 × t _{cyc}	_	_	ns
8	D	KBIPx pulse width Asynchronous path ² Synchronous path ³	t _{ILIH,} t _{IHIL}	100 1.5 × t _{cyc}	_	_	ns
9	с	Port rise and fall time (load = 50 pF) ⁴ Slew rate control disabled (PTxSE = 0) Slew rate control enabled (PTxSE = 1)	t _{Rise} , t _{Fall}		3 30	_	ns

Figure 13. Control Timing

¹ Typical values are based on characterization data at $V_{DD} = 5.0$ V, 25 °C unless otherwise stated.

² This is the shortest pulse that is guaranteed to be recognized as a reset pin request. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to override reset requests from internal sources.

³ This is the minimum pulse width guaranteed to pass through the pin synchronization circuitry. Shorter pulses may or may not be recognized. In stop mode, the synchronizer is bypassed so shorter pulses can be recognized in that case.

 4 Timing is shown with respect to 20% V_{DD} and 80% V_{DD} levels. Temperature range –40°C to 85°C.





Figure 15. IRQ/KBIPx Timing

3.9.2 Timer/PWM (TPM) Module Timing

Synchronizer circuits determine the shortest input pulses that can be recognized or the fastest clock that can be used as the optional external source to the timer counter. These synchronizers operate from the current bus rate clock.

Num	С	Function	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
1	D	External clock frequency	f _{TPMext}	dc	f _{Bus} /4	MHz
2	D	External clock period	t _{TPMext}	4	_	t _{cyc}
3	D	External clock high time	t _{clkh}	1.5	—	t _{cyc}
4	D	External clock low time	t _{clkl}	1.5	_	t _{cyc}
5	D	Input capture pulse width	t _{ICPW}	1.5	—	t _{cyc}

Table 10. TPM Input Timing



Figure 16. Timer External Clock

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Figure 17. Timer Input Capture Pulse

3.10 SPI Characteristics

Table 11 and Figure 18 through Figure 21 describe the timing requirements for the SPI system.



Num ¹	С	Characteristic ²		Symbol	Min	Typical	Мах	Unit
1	D	Operating frequency ³	Master Slave	f _{op} f _{op}	f _{Bus} /2048DC		f _{Bus} /2 f _{Bus} /4	Hz
2	D	Cycle time	Master Slave	t _{SCK} t _{SCK}	2 4	_	2048 —	t _{cyc}
3	D	Enable lead time	Master Slave	t _{Lead} t _{Lead}		1/2 1/2		t _{SCK}
4	D	Enable lag time	Master Slave	t _{Lag} t _{Lag}	—	1/2 1/2		t _{SCK}
5	D	Clock (SPSCK) high time	Master Slave	t _{SCKH}	— 1/2 t _{SCK} – 25	1/2 t _{SCK} 1/2 t _{SCK}	_ _	ns
6	D	Clock (SPSCK) low time	Master Slave	t _{SCKL}	 1/2 t _{SCK} – 25	1/2 t _{SCK} 1/2 t _{SCK}	—	ns
7	D	Data setup time (inputs)	Master Slave	t _{SI(M)} t _{SI(S)}	30 30	_		ns
8	D	Data hold time (inputs)	Master Slave	t _{HI(M)} t _{HI(S)}	30 30	_		ns
9	D	Access time, slave ⁴		t _A	—	_	40	ns
10	D	Disable time, slave ⁵		t _{dis}	—	_	40	ns
11	D	Data setup time (outputs)	Master Slave	t _{SO} t _{SO}			25 25	ns
12	D	Data hold time (outputs)	Master Slave	t _{НО} t _{НО}	-10 -10		_	ns

Table 11. SPI Electrical Characteristic

¹ Refer to Figure 18 through Figure 21.
² All timing is shown with respect to 20% V_{DD} and 80% V_{DD}, unless noted; 50 pF load on all SPI pins. All timing assumes slew rate control disabled and high drive strength enabled for SPI output pins.

³ The maximum frequency is 8 MHz when input filter on SPI pins is disabled.

⁴ Time to data active from high-impedance state.

⁵ Hold time to high-impedance state.





NOTES:

1. \overline{SS} output mode (MODFEN = 1, SSOE = 1).

2. LSBF = 0. For LSBF = 1, bit order is LSB, bit 1, ..., bit 6, MSB.

Figure 18. SPI Master Timing (CPHA = 0)



NOTES:

- 1. \overline{SS} output mode (MODFEN = 1, SSOE = 1).
- 2. LSBF = 0. For LSBF = 1, bit order is LSB, bit 1, ..., bit 6, MSB.

Figure 19. SPI Master Timing (CPHA = 1)

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1. Not defined but normally MSB of character just received





3.11 Flash Specifications

This section provides details about program/erase times and program-erase endurance for the flash memory. Program and erase operations do not require any special power sources other than the normal V_{DD} supply.

Table 12. Flash Characteristics								
Num	С	Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typical ¹	Max	Unit	
1	D	Supply voltage for program/erase	V _{prog/erase}	2.7	_	5.5	V	
2	D	Supply voltage for read operation	V _{Read}	2.7	—	5.5	V	
3	D	Internal FCLK frequency ²	f _{FCLK}	150	—	200	kHz	
4	D	Internal FCLK period (1/FCLK)	t _{Fcyc}	5	—	6.67	μS	
5	Ρ	Byte program time (random location) ²	t _{prog}		9		t _{Fcyc}	
6	Ρ	Byte program time (burst mode) ²	t _{Burst}	4			t _{Fcyc}	
7	Ρ	Page erase time ³	t _{Page}	4000			t _{Fcyc}	
8	Ρ	Mass erase time ²	t _{Mass}	20,000			t _{Fcyc}	
9	с	Program/erase endurance ⁴ T _L to T _H = -40° C to 85 °C T = 25 °C	_	10,000	 100,000		cycles	
10	С	Data retention ⁵	t _{D_ret}	15	100	_	years	

hla 10 Elach Characteristi

Typical values are based on characterization data at V_{DD} = 5.0 V, 25 °C unless otherwise stated.

² The frequency of this clock is controlled by a software setting.

3 These values are hardware state machine controlled. User code does not need to count cycles. This information supplied for calculating approximate time to program and erase.

Typical endurance for flash was evaluated for this product family on the 9S12Dx64. For additional information on how Freescale Semiconductor defines typical endurance, please refer to Engineering Bulletin EB619/D, Typical Endurance for Nonvolatile Memory.

5 Typical data retention values are based on intrinsic capability of the technology measured at high temperature and de-rated to 25 °C using the Arrhenius equation. For additional information on how Freescale Semiconductor defines typical data retention, please refer to Engineering Bulletin EB618/D, Typical Data Retention for Nonvolatile Memory.

3.12 **USB Electricals**

The USB electricals for the S08USBV1 module conform to the standards documented by the Universal Serial Bus Implementers Forum. For the most up-to-date standards, visit http://www.usb.org.

If the Freescale S08USBV1 implementation requires additional or deviant electrical characteristics, this space would be used to communicate that information.

	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Regulator operating voltage	V _{regin}	3.9	—	5.5	V
V _{reg} output	V _{regout}	3	3.3	3.6	V
V _{reg} filter capacitor	C _{usbreg}		100		pF
V_{usb33} input with internal V_{reg} disabled	V _{usb33in}	3	3.3	3.6	V

Table 13. Internal USB 3.3 V Voltage Regulator Characteristics



Ordering Information

	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
External 3.3 V regulator output current		39		_	mA

Table 14. External 3.3 V Voltage Regulator Supply for V_{usb33} Pin

4 Ordering Information

This section contains ordering information for Device Numbering System. See below for an example of the device numbering system.



4.1 Package Information

Table 15. Package Descriptions

Pin Count	Package Type	Abbreviation	Designator	Case No.	Document No.
24	Quad Flat No-Leads	QFN	FK	1982-01	98ARL10608D
20	Wide Body Small Outline Integrated Circuit	W-SOIC	WJ	751D	98ASB42343B

4.2 Mechanical Drawings

This following pages contain mechanical specifications for MC9S08JS16 series package options.

- 24-pin QFN (quad flat no-lead)
- 20-pin W-SOIC (wide body small outline integrated circuit)





NP						
	MECHANICAL OUTLINES	DOCUMENT NO: 98ARL10608D				
freescale semiconductor	DICTIONARY	PAGE:	1982			
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NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2. INTERPRET DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 3. THE COMPLETE JEDEC DESIGNATOR FOR THIS PACKAGE IS: HF-PQFN.

4. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO LEADS, CORNER LEADS, AND DIE ATTACH PAD.

5. MIN METAL GAP SHOULD BE 0.2MM.

TITLE: THERMALLY ENHANCED QUAD	CASE NUMBER: 1982-01		
FLAT NON-LEADED PACKAGE (QFN)	STANDARD: JEDEC-MO-220 VHHC-1		
24 TERMINAL, 0.65 PITCH (5 X 5 X 1)	PACKAGE CODE: 6238 SHEET: 3 OF 4		





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TITLE:	DOCUMENT NO: 98ASB42343B		REV: J	
20LD SOIC W/B, 1.27 PITCH CASE-OUTLINE		CASE NUMBER: 751D-07		23 MAR 2005
		STANDARD: JE	DEC MS-013AC	



NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 3. DATUMS A AND B TO BE DETERMINED AT THE PLANE WHERE THE BOTTOM OF THE LEADS EXIT THE PLASTIC BODY.
- THIS DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSION OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSION OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 MM PER SIDE. THIS DIMENSION IS DETERMINED AT THE PLANE WHERE THE BOTTOM OF THE LEADS EXIT THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 5. THIS DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTER-LEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. INTER-LEAD FLASH AND PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 MM PER SIDE. THIS DIMENSION IS DETERMINED AT THE PLANE WHERE THE BOTTOM OF THE LEADS EXIT THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 6. THIS DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT CAUSE THE LEAD WIDTH TO EXCEED 0.62 mm.

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TITLE: 20LD SOIC W/B, 1.27 PITCH, CASE OUTLINE		DOCUMENT NO: 98ASB42343B		REV: J
		CASE NUMBER: 751D-07		23 MAR 2005
	_	STANDARD: JEDEC MS-013AC		

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