

CHIP COILS (CHIP INDUCTORS) LQW18AN□□□□0Z□
Murata Standard Reference Specification [AEC-Q200]

1. Scope

This reference specification applies to chip coils (chip inductors) LQW18AN_0Z series for automotive electronics based on AEC-Q200 except for power trains and safeties.

2. Part Numbering

(Ex.)

LQ	W	18	A	N	2N2	D	0	Z	D
Product ID	Structure	Dimension (L × W)	Application and characteristic	Category	Inductance	Tolerance	Performance	Category Z: Automotive	Packaging D: taping *B: bulk

*B: Bulk packing is also available (taping condition: however, products without reels are put in plastic bags).

3. Part Number and Rating

Operating temperature range	-55°C to +125°C
Storage temperature range	-55°C to +125°C

Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Inductance		Q (Min.)	DC resistance (Ω max.)	Self-resonant frequency (MHz min.)	Rated current (mA)	ESD Rank 6: 25 kV
		Nominal value (nH)	Tolerance					
	LQW18AN2N2D0ZD	2.2	D: ±0.5 nH	16	0.042	6000	700	6
	LQW18AN3N6C0ZD	3.6	C: ±0.2 nH	25	0.059	6000	850	6
	LQW18AN3N6D0ZD	3.6	D: ±0.5 nH	25	0.059	6000	850	6
	LQW18AN3N9C0ZD	3.9	C: ±0.2 nH	35	0.059	6000	850	6
	LQW18AN3N9D0ZD	3.9	D: ±0.5 nH	35	0.059	6000	850	6
	LQW18AN4N3C0ZD	4.3	C: ±0.2 nH	35	0.059	6000	850	6
	LQW18AN4N3D0ZD	4.3	D: ±0.5 nH	35	0.059	6000	850	6
	LQW18AN4N7D0ZD	4.7	D: ±0.5 nH	35	0.059	6000	850	6
	LQW18AN5N6C0ZD	5.6	C: ±0.2 nH	35	0.082	6000	750	6
	LQW18AN5N6D0ZD	5.6	D: ±0.5 nH	35	0.082	6000	750	6
	LQW18AN6N2C0ZD	6.2	C: ±0.2 nH	35	0.082	6000	750	6
	LQW18AN6N2D0ZD	6.2	D: ±0.5 nH	35	0.082	6000	750	6
	LQW18AN6N8C0ZD	6.8	C: ±0.2 nH	35	0.082	6000	750	6
	LQW18AN6N8D0ZD	6.8	D: ±0.5 nH	35	0.082	6000	750	6
	LQW18AN7N5C0ZD	7.5	C: ±0.2 nH	35	0.082	6000	750	6
	LQW18AN7N5D0ZD	7.5	D: ±0.5 nH	35	0.082	6000	750	6
	LQW18AN8N2C0ZD	8.2	C: ±0.2 nH	35	0.11	6000	650	6
	LQW18AN8N2D0ZD	8.2	D: ±0.5 nH	35	0.11	6000	650	6
	LQW18AN8N7C0ZD	8.7	C: ±0.2 nH	35	0.11	6000	650	6
	LQW18AN8N7D0ZD	8.7	D: ±0.5 nH	35	0.11	6000	650	6
	LQW18AN9N1C0ZD	9.1	C: ±0.2 nH	35	0.11	6000	650	6
	LQW18AN9N1D0ZD	9.1	D: ±0.5 nH	35	0.11	6000	650	6
	LQW18AN9N5D0ZD	9.5	D: ±0.5 nH	35	0.11	6000	650	6
	LQW18AN10NG0ZD	10	G: ±2%	35	0.11	6000	650	6
	LQW18AN10NJ0ZD	10	J: ±5%	35	0.11	6000	650	6
	LQW18AN11NG0ZD	11	G: ±2%	35	0.11	6000	650	6
	LQW18AN11NJ0ZD	11	J: ±5%	35	0.11	6000	650	6
	LQW18AN12NG0ZD	12	G: ±2%	35	0.13	6000	600	6
	LQW18AN12NJ0ZD	12	J: ±5%	35	0.13	6000	600	6

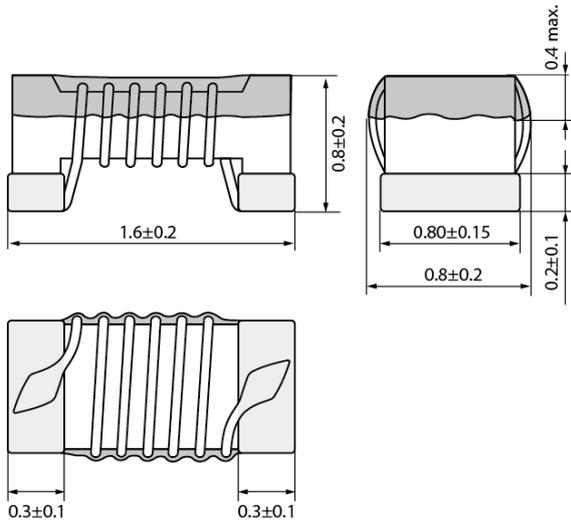
Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Inductance		Q (Min.)	DC resistance (Ω max.)	Self-resonant frequency (MHz min.)	Rated current (mA)	ESD Rank 6: 25 kV
		Nominal value (nH)	Tolerance					
	LQW18AN13NG0ZD	13	G: $\pm 2\%$	35	0.13	6000	600	6
	LQW18AN13NJ0ZD	13	J: $\pm 5\%$	35	0.13	6000	600	6
	LQW18AN15NG0ZD	15	G: $\pm 2\%$	40	0.13	6000	600	6
	LQW18AN15NJ0ZD	15	J: $\pm 5\%$	40	0.13	6000	600	6
	LQW18AN16NG0ZD	16	G: $\pm 2\%$	40	0.16	5500	550	6
	LQW18AN16NJ0ZD	16	J: $\pm 5\%$	40	0.16	5500	550	6
	LQW18AN18NG0ZD	18	G: $\pm 2\%$	40	0.16	5500	550	6
	LQW18AN18NJ0ZD	18	J: $\pm 5\%$	40	0.16	5500	550	6
	LQW18AN20NG0ZD	20	G: $\pm 2\%$	40	0.16	4900	550	6
	LQW18AN20NJ0ZD	20	J: $\pm 5\%$	40	0.16	4900	550	6
	LQW18AN22NG0ZD	22	G: $\pm 2\%$	40	0.17	4600	500	6
	LQW18AN22NJ0ZD	22	J: $\pm 5\%$	40	0.17	4600	500	6
	LQW18AN24NG0ZD	24	G: $\pm 2\%$	40	0.21	3800	500	6
	LQW18AN24NJ0ZD	24	J: $\pm 5\%$	40	0.21	3800	500	6
	LQW18AN27NG0ZD	27	G: $\pm 2\%$	40	0.21	3700	440	6
	LQW18AN27NJ0ZD	27	J: $\pm 5\%$	40	0.21	3700	440	6
	LQW18AN30NG0ZD	30	G: $\pm 2\%$	40	0.23	3300	420	6
	LQW18AN30NJ0ZD	30	J: $\pm 5\%$	40	0.23	3300	420	6
	LQW18AN33NG0ZD	33	G: $\pm 2\%$	40	0.23	3200	420	6
	LQW18AN33NJ0ZD	33	J: $\pm 5\%$	40	0.23	3200	420	6
	LQW18AN36NG0ZD	36	G: $\pm 2\%$	40	0.26	2900	400	6
	LQW18AN36NJ0ZD	36	J: $\pm 5\%$	40	0.26	2900	400	6
	LQW18AN39NG0ZD	39	G: $\pm 2\%$	40	0.26	2800	400	6
	LQW18AN39NJ0ZD	39	J: $\pm 5\%$	40	0.26	2800	400	6
	LQW18AN43NG0ZD	43	G: $\pm 2\%$	40	0.29	2700	380	6
	LQW18AN43NJ0ZD	43	J: $\pm 5\%$	40	0.29	2700	380	6
	LQW18AN47NG0ZD	47	G: $\pm 2\%$	38	0.29	2600	380	6
	LQW18AN47NJ0ZD	47	J: $\pm 5\%$	38	0.29	2600	380	6
	LQW18AN51NG0ZD	51	G: $\pm 2\%$	38	0.33	2500	370	6
	LQW18AN51NJ0ZD	51	J: $\pm 5\%$	38	0.33	2500	370	6
	LQW18AN56NG0ZD	56	G: $\pm 2\%$	38	0.35	2400	360	6
	LQW18AN56NJ0ZD	56	J: $\pm 5\%$	38	0.35	2400	360	6
	LQW18AN62NG0ZD	62	G: $\pm 2\%$	38	0.51	2300	280	6
	LQW18AN62NJ0ZD	62	J: $\pm 5\%$	38	0.51	2300	280	6
	LQW18AN68NG0ZD	68	G: $\pm 2\%$	38	0.38	2200	340	6
	LQW18AN68NJ0ZD	68	J: $\pm 5\%$	38	0.38	2200	340	6
	LQW18AN72NG0ZD	72	G: $\pm 2\%$	34	0.56	2100	270	6
	LQW18AN72NJ0ZD	72	J: $\pm 5\%$	34	0.56	2100	270	6
	LQW18AN75NG0ZD	75	G: $\pm 2\%$	34	0.56	2050	270	6
	LQW18AN75NJ0ZD	75	J: $\pm 5\%$	34	0.56	2050	270	6
	LQW18AN82NG0ZD	82	G: $\pm 2\%$	34	0.60	2000	250	6
	LQW18AN82NJ0ZD	82	J: $\pm 5\%$	34	0.60	2000	250	6
	LQW18AN91NG0ZD	91	G: $\pm 2\%$	34	0.64	1900	230	6
	LQW18AN91NJ0ZD	91	J: $\pm 5\%$	34	0.64	1900	230	6
	LQW18ANR10G0ZD	100	G: $\pm 2\%$	34	0.68	1800	220	6
	LQW18ANR10J0ZD	100	J: $\pm 5\%$	34	0.68	1800	220	6

Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Inductance		Q (Min.)	DC resistance (Ω max.)	Self-resonant frequency (MHz min.)	Rated current (mA)	ESD Rank 6: 25 kV
		Nominal value (nH)	Tolerance					
	LQW18ANR11G0ZD	110	G: $\pm 2\%$	32	1.2	1700	200	6
	LQW18ANR11J0ZD	110	J: $\pm 5\%$	32	1.2	1700	200	6
	LQW18ANR12G0ZD	120	G: $\pm 2\%$	32	1.3	1600	180	6
	LQW18ANR12J0ZD	120	J: $\pm 5\%$	32	1.3	1600	180	6
	LQW18ANR13G0ZD	130	G: $\pm 2\%$	32	1.4	1450	170	6
	LQW18ANR13J0ZD	130	J: $\pm 5\%$	32	1.4	1450	170	6
	LQW18ANR15G0ZD	150	G: $\pm 2\%$	32	1.5	1400	160	6
	LQW18ANR15J0ZD	150	J: $\pm 5\%$	32	1.5	1400	160	6
	LQW18ANR16G0ZD	160	G: $\pm 2\%$	32	2.1	1350	150	6
	LQW18ANR16J0ZD	160	J: $\pm 5\%$	32	2.1	1350	150	6
	LQW18ANR18G0ZD	180	G: $\pm 2\%$	25	2.2	1300	140	6
	LQW18ANR18J0ZD	180	J: $\pm 5\%$	25	2.2	1300	140	6
	LQW18ANR20G0ZD	200	G: $\pm 2\%$	25	2.4	1250	120	6
	LQW18ANR20J0ZD	200	J: $\pm 5\%$	25	2.4	1250	120	6
	LQW18ANR22G0ZD	220	G: $\pm 2\%$	25	2.5	1200	120	6
	LQW18ANR22J0ZD	220	J: $\pm 5\%$	25	2.5	1200	120	6
	LQW18ANR27G0ZD	270	G: $\pm 2\%$	30	3.4	960	110	6
	LQW18ANR27J0ZD	270	J: $\pm 5\%$	30	3.4	960	110	6
	LQW18ANR33G0ZD	330	G: $\pm 2\%$	30	5.5	800	85	6
	LQW18ANR33J0ZD	330	J: $\pm 5\%$	30	5.5	800	85	6
	LQW18ANR39G0ZD	390	G: $\pm 2\%$	30	6.2	800	80	6
	LQW18ANR39J0ZD	390	J: $\pm 5\%$	30	6.2	800	80	6
	LQW18ANR47G0ZD	470	G: $\pm 2\%$	30	7.0	700	75	6
	LQW18ANR47J0ZD	470	J: $\pm 5\%$	30	7.0	700	75	6

4. Testing Conditions

Unless otherwise specified	Temperature: ordinary temperature (15°C to 35°C) Humidity: ordinary humidity [25% to 85% (RH)]
In case of doubt	Temperature: 20°C \pm 2°C Humidity: 60% to 70% (RH) Atmospheric pressure: 86 kPa to 106 kPa

5. Appearance and Dimensions



(in mm)

Unit mass (typical value):
0.003 g

6. Marking

No marking.

7. Electrical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test method												
7.1	Inductance	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipment: Keysight E4991A or the equivalent Measuring frequency: <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>Inductance</td> <td colspan="2">100 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="4">Q</td> <td>250 MHz</td> <td>2.2 nH to 39 nH</td> </tr> <tr> <td>200 MHz</td> <td>43 nH to 68 nH</td> </tr> <tr> <td>150 MHz</td> <td>72 nH to 160 nH</td> </tr> <tr> <td>100 MHz</td> <td>180 nH to 470 nH</td> </tr> </table> Measuring conditions: Measurement signal level: Approx. 0 dBm Measurement terminal distance: 1.0 mm Electrical length: 10.0 mm Measuring fixture: Keysight 16197A Position the chip coil under test as shown in the measuring example below and connect it to the electrode by applying weight. Measurement example: <div style="text-align: center; margin: 10px 0;"> </div> Measuring method: see "Electrical performance: Measuring method for inductance/Q" in the chapter "13. Appendix".	Inductance	100 MHz		Q	250 MHz	2.2 nH to 39 nH	200 MHz	43 nH to 68 nH	150 MHz	72 nH to 160 nH	100 MHz	180 nH to 470 nH
Inductance	100 MHz														
Q	250 MHz	2.2 nH to 39 nH													
	200 MHz	43 nH to 68 nH													
	150 MHz	72 nH to 160 nH													
	100 MHz	180 nH to 470 nH													
7.2	Q	Meet chapter 3 ratings.													
7.3	DC resistance	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipment: digital multimeter												

No.	Item	Specification	Test method
7.4	Self-resonant frequency	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipment: Keysight N5230A or the equivalent
7.5	Rated current	Product temperature rise: 20°C max. Inductance change rate: within ±10%	Apply the rated current specified in chapter 3.

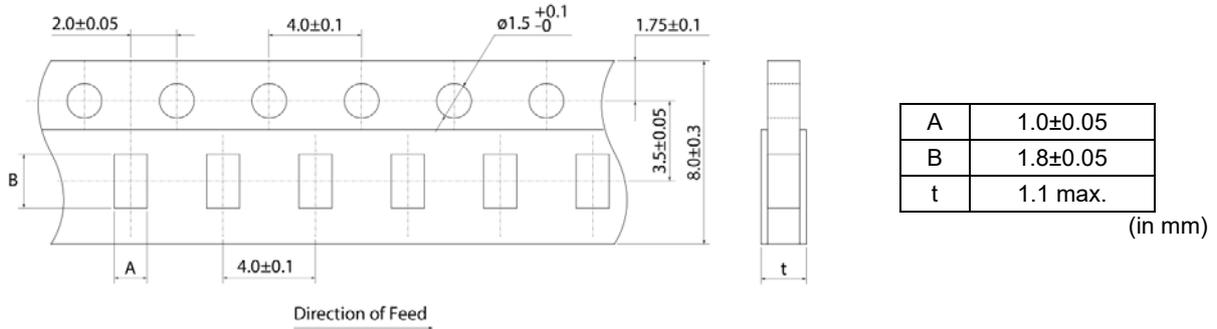
8. AEC-Q200 Requirement

8.1 Performance [based on table 5 for magnetics (inductors/transformer) AEC-Q200 Rev. D issued June 1, 2010]

AEC-Q200			Murata specification/deviation				
No.	Stress	Test method					
3	High temperature exposure	1000 h at 125°C Set for 24 h at room condition, then measured.	Meet table A after testing. Table A <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Appearance</td> <td>No damage</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Inductance change rate (at 100 MHz)</td> <td>Within ±5%</td> </tr> </table>	Appearance	No damage	Inductance change rate (at 100 MHz)	Within ±5%
Appearance	No damage						
Inductance change rate (at 100 MHz)	Within ±5%						
4	Temperature cycling	1000 cycles -40°C to +125°C Set for 24 h at room condition, then measured.	Meet table A after testing.				
7	Biased humidity	1000 h at 85°C, 85% (RH). Unpowered. Set for 24 h at room condition, then measured.	Meet table A after testing.				
8	Operational life	Apply rated current 125°C 1000 h Set for 24 h at room condition, then measured.	Meet table A after testing.				
9	External visual	Visual inspection	No abnormalities				
10	Physical dimension	Meet chapter 5, "Appearance and Dimensions".	No defects				
12	Resistance to solvents	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 215	Not applicable				
13	Mechanical shock	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 213 Condition C: 100 g's (0.98 N), 6 ms, half sine, 12.3 ft/s	Meet table A after testing.				
14	Vibration	5 g's (0.049 N) for 20 min, 12 cycles each of 3 orientations Test from 10 Hz to 2000 Hz	Meet table A after testing.				
15	Resistance to soldering heat	No-heating Solder temperature 260°C±5°C Immersion time 10 s	Pre-heating: 150°C±10°C, 60 s to 90 s Meet table A after testing.				
17	ESD	Per AEC-Q200-002	ESD rank: Refer to chapter 3 ratings. Meet table A after testing.				
18	Solderability	Per J-STD-002	Method b: not applicable 95% of the terminations is to be soldered (except exposed wire).				
19	Electrical characterization	Measured: inductance	No defects				
20	Flammability	Per UL-94	Not applicable				
21	Board flex	Epoxy-PCB (1.6 mm) Deflection 2 mm (min.) Holding time 60 s	Meet table B after testing. Table B <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Appearance</td> <td>No damage</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DC resistance change rate</td> <td>Within ±10%</td> </tr> </table>	Appearance	No damage	DC resistance change rate	Within ±10%
Appearance	No damage						
DC resistance change rate	Within ±10%						
22	Terminal strength	Per AEC-Q200-006 A force of 17.7 N for 60 s	Murata deviation request: 10 N for 5 s No defect				

9. Specification of Packaging

9.1 Appearance and dimensions of tape (8 mm width/paper tape)



9.2 Taping specifications

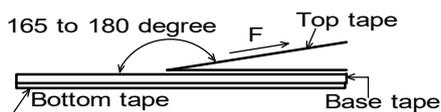
Packing quantity (Standard quantity)	4000 pcs/reel
Packing method	The products are placed in embossed cavities of a base tape and sealed by a top tape and a bottom tape.
Feed hole position	The feed holes on the base tape are on the right side when the top tape is pulled toward the user.
Joint	The base tape and the top tape are seamless.
Number of missing products	Number of missing products within 0.1% of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The specified quantity per reel is kept.

9.3 Break down force of tape

Break down force of top tape	5 N min.
Break down force of bottom tape	5 N min.

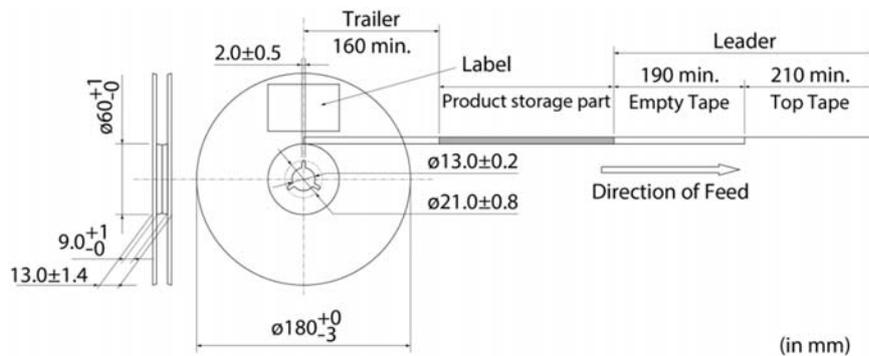
9.4 Peeling off force of top tape

Speed of peeling off	300 mm/min
Peeling off force	0.1 N to 0.6 N (The lower limit is for typical value.)



9.5 Dimensions of leader section, trailer section and reel

A vacant section is provided in the leader (start) section and trailer (end) section of the tape for the product. The leader section is further provided with an area consisting only of the top tape. (See the diagram below.)



9.6 Marking for reel

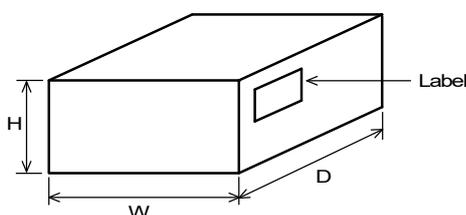
Customer part number, Murata part number, inspection number (*1), RoHS marking (*2), quantity, etc.

<p>*1 Expression of inspection No.:</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; width: 33%;">□□</td> <td style="text-align: center; width: 33%;">○○○○</td> <td style="text-align: center; width: 33%;">◇◇◇◇</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">(1)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">(2)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">(3)</td> </tr> </table>	□□	○○○○	◇◇◇◇	(1)	(2)	(3)	<p>(1) Factory code (2) Date First digit: year/last digit of year Second digit: month/Jan. to Sep.→1 to 9, Oct. to Dec.→O, N, D Third, Fourth digit: day (3) Serial No.</p>
□□	○○○○	◇◇◇◇					
(1)	(2)	(3)					
<p>*2 Expression of RoHS marking:</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">ROHS- Y</td> <td style="text-align: center;">(△)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">(1)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">(2)</td> </tr> </table>	ROHS- Y	(△)	(1)	(2)	<p>(1) RoHS regulation conformity (2) Murata classification number</p>		
ROHS- Y	(△)						
(1)	(2)						

9.7 Marking on outer box (corrugated box)

Customer name, purchasing order number, customer part number, Murata part number, RoHS marking (*2), quantity, etc.

9.8 Specification of outer box



Dimensions of outer box (mm)			Standard reel quantity in outer box (reel)
W	D	H	
186	186	93	5
* Above outer box size is typical. It depends on a quantity of an order.			

10. ⚠Caution

10.1 Restricted applications

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Aircraft equipment (2) Aerospace equipment (3) Undersea equipment (4) Power plant control equipment (5) Medical equipment | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (6) Disaster/crime prevention equipment (7) Traffic signal equipment (8) Transportation equipment (trains, ships, etc.) (9) Data-processing equipment (10) Applications of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above |
|---|---|

10.2 Precautions on rating

Do not use the products in excess of their rated current. Doing so may cause the product to generate heat, resulting in short circuit between wires, wire breakage, or melted solder, which may cause dropping of parts.

10.3 Fail-safe

Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function on your product to prevent a second damage that may be caused by the abnormal function or the failure of our product.

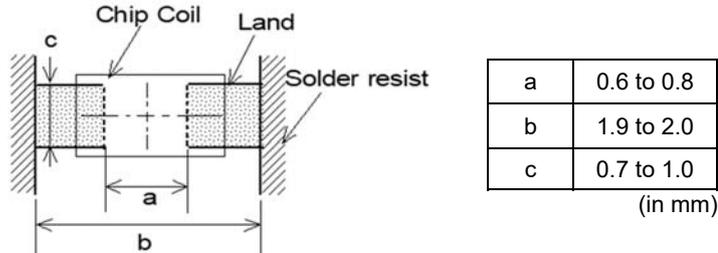
11. Precautions for Use

This product is for use only with reflow soldering. It is designed to be mounted by soldering. If you want to use other mounting method, for example, using a conductive adhesive, please consult us beforehand.

11.1 Land dimensions

The following diagram shows the recommended land dimensions for reflow soldering.

The land dimensions are designed in consideration of electrical characteristics and mountability. Use of other land dimensions may preclude achievement of performance. In some cases, it may result in poor solderability, including positional shift. If you use other land pattern, consider it adequately.

**11.2 Flux and solder used**

Flux	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use a rosin-based flux that includes an activator with a chlorine conversion value of 0.06(wt)% to 0.1(wt)%. Do not use a highly acidic flux with a halide content exceeding 0.2(wt)% (chlorine conversion value). Do not use a water-soluble flux.
Solder	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder. Standard thickness of solder paste: 100 μm to 150 μm

If you want to use a flux other than the above, please consult our technical department.

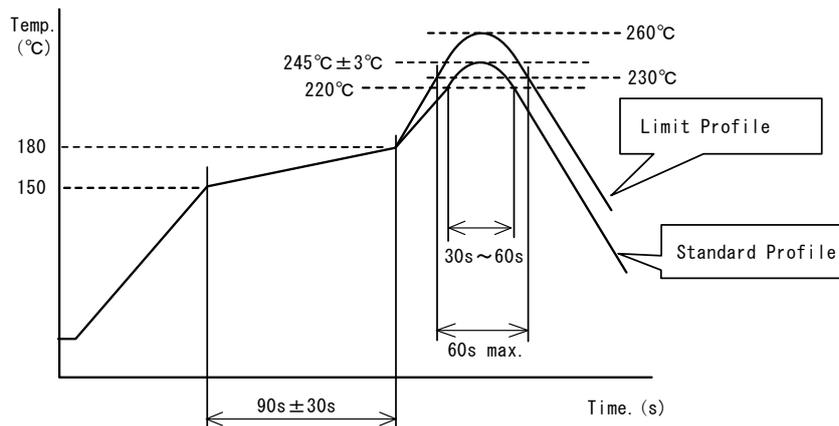
11.3 Soldering conditions (reflow)

- Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and product surface is limited to 150°C max.

Cooling into solvent after soldering also should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max. Insufficient pre-heating may cause cracks on the product, resulting in the deterioration of product quality.

- Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows.

The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and/or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.



	Standard profile	Limit profile
Pre-heating	150°C to 180°C/90 s \pm 30 s	150°C to 180°C/90 s \pm 30 s
Heating	Above 220°C/30 s to 60 s	Above 230°C/60 s max.
Peak temperature	245°C \pm 3°C	260°C/10 s
Number of reflow cycles	2 times	2 times

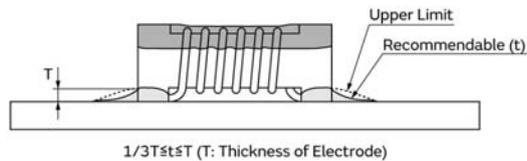
11.4 Reworking with soldering iron

The following requirements must be met to rework a soldered product using a soldering iron.

Item	Requirement
Pre-heating	150°C/approx. 1 min
Tip temperature of soldering iron	350°C max.
Power consumption of soldering iron	80 W max.
Tip diameter of soldering iron	ø3 mm max.
Soldering time	3 s (+1 s, -0 s)
Number of reworking operations	2 times max.
* Avoid a direct contact of the tip of the soldering iron with the product. Such a direction contact may cause cracks in the ceramic body due to thermal shock.	

11.5 Solder volume

Solder shall be used not to increase the volume too much.



An increased solder volume increases mechanical stress on the product. Exceeding solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance.

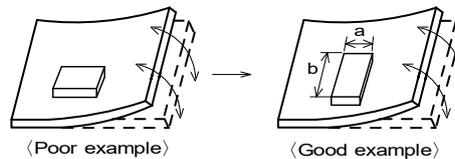
11.6 Product's location

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out PCBs.

(1) PCB shall be designed so that products are not subject to mechanical stress due to warping the board.

[Products direction]

Products shall be located in the sideways direction (length: $a < b$) to the mechanical stress.

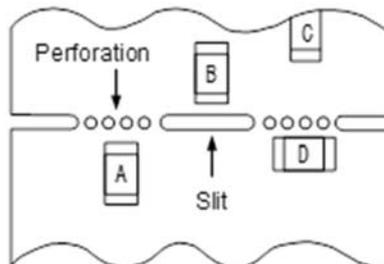


(2) Components location on PCB separation

It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board.

It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

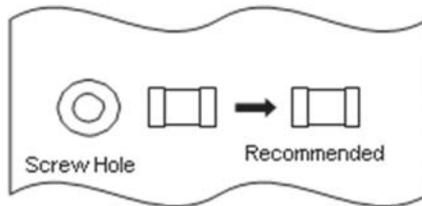
Contents of measures	Stress level
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	$A > D^*1$
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	$A > B$
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.	$A > C$
*1 $A > D$ is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with hand separation. If a cutting disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore $A > D$ is invalid.	



(3) Mounting components near screw holes

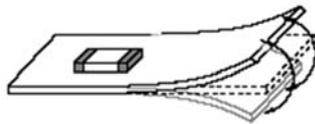
When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw.

Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.

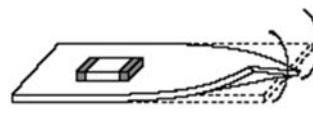
**11.7 Handling of substrate**

After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate.

Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.



Bending



Twisting

11.8 Cleaning

The product shall be cleaned under the following conditions.

- (1) The cleaning temperature shall be 60°C max. If isopropyl alcohol (IPA) is used, the cleaning temperature shall be 40°C max.
- (2) Perform ultrasonic cleaning under the following conditions. Exercise caution to prevent resonance phenomenon in mounted products and the PCB.

Item	Requirement
Power	20 W/L max.
Time	5 min max.
Frequency	28 kHz to 40 kHz

(3) Cleaner

Alcohol-based cleaner: IPA

Aqueous agent: PINE ALPHA ST-100S

- (4) There shall be no residual flux or residual cleaner. When using aqueous agent, rinse the product with deionized water adequately and completely dry it so that no cleaner is left.

* For other cleaning, consult our technical department.

11.9 Storage and transportation

Storage period	Use the product within 12 months after delivery. If you do not use the product for more than 12 months, check solderability before using it.
Storage conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The products shall be stored in a room not subject to rapid changes in temperature and humidity. The recommended temperature range is -10°C to +40°C. The recommended relative humidity range is 15% to 85%. • Keeping the product in corrosive gases, such as sulfur, chlorine gas or acid, oxidizes the electrode, resulting in poor solderability or corrosion of the coil wire of the product. • Do not keep products in bulk packaging. Doing so may cause collision between the products or between the products and other products, resulting in core chipping or wire breakage. • Do not place the products directly on the floor; they should be placed on a palette so that they are not affected by humidity or dust. • Avoid keeping the products in a place exposed to direct sunlight, heat or vibration.
Transportation	Excessive vibration and impact reduces the reliability of the products. Exercise caution when handling the products.

11.10 Resin coating

The inductance value may change due to high cure-stress of resin to be used for coating/molding products.

A wire breakage issue may occur by mechanical stress caused by the resin, amount/cured shape of resin, or operating condition etc. Some resin contains some impurities or chloride possible to generate chlorine by hydrolysis under some operating condition may cause corrosion of wire of coil, leading to wire breakage.

So, please pay your careful attention when you select resin in case of coating/molding the products with the resin.

Prior to use the coating resin, please make sure no reliability issue is observed by evaluating products mounted on your board.

11.11 Handling of product

- Sharp material such as a pair of tweezers or other material such as bristles of cleaning brush, shall not be touched to the winding portion to prevent the breaking of wire.
- Mechanical shock should not be applied to the products mounted on the board to prevent the breaking of the core.

11.12 Handling with mounting equipment

- With some types of mounting equipment, a support pin pushes up the product from the bottom of the base (paper) tape when the product is sucked with the pick-up nozzle.
When using this type of equipment, detach the support pin to prevent the breaking of wire on the product.
- In some cases, the laser recognition function of the mounting equipment may not recognize this product correctly.
Please contact us when using laser recognition. (There is no problem with the permeation and reflection type.)

12. ⚠Note

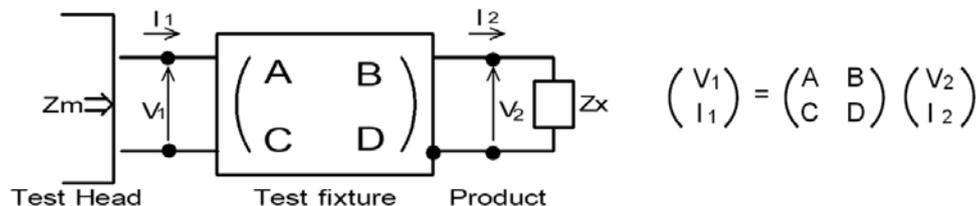
- (1) Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- (2) You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- (3) The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice. Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.

13. Appendix

Electrical performance: Measuring method for inductance/Q (Q measurement is applicable only when the Q value is included in the rating table.)

Perform measurement using the method described below. (Perform correction for the error deriving from the measuring terminal.)

- (1) Residual elements and stray elements of the measuring terminal can be expressed by the F parameter for the 2-pole terminal as shown in the figure below.



- (2) The product's impedance value (Z_x) and measured impedance value (Z_m) can be expressed as shown below, by using the respective current and voltage for input/output.

$$Z_m = \frac{V_1}{I_1} \quad Z_x = \frac{V_2}{I_2}$$

- (3) Thus, the relationship between the product's impedance value (Z_x) and measured impedance value (Z_m) is as follows.

$Z_x = \alpha \frac{Z_m - \beta}{1 - Z_m \Gamma}$	<p>Here,</p> <p>$\alpha = D/A = 1$</p> <p>$\beta = B/D = Z_{sm} - (1 - Y_{om} Z_{sm}) Z_{ss}$</p> <p>$\Gamma = C/A = Y_{om}$</p> <p>$Z_{sm}$: measured impedance of short chip</p> <p>Z_{ss}: residual impedance of short chip (0.771 nH)</p> <p>Y_{om}: measured admittance when measuring terminal is open</p>
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(4) Calculate inductance Lx and Qx using the equations shown below.

$Lx = \frac{\text{Im}(Zx)}{2\pi f}$	Lx: inductance of chip coil Qx: Q of chip coil f: measuring frequency
$Qx = \frac{\text{Im}(Zx)}{\text{Re}(Zx)}$	

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