General Description

The MAX4030E/MAX4031E unity-gain stable op amps combine high-speed performance, rail-to-rail outputs, and ±15kV ESD protection. Targeted for applications where an input or an output is exposed to the outside world, such as video and communications, these devices are compliant with International ESD Standards: ±15kV IEC 1000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge, ±8kV IEC 1000-4-2 Contact Discharge, and the ±15kV Human Body Model.

The MAX4030E/MAX4031E operate from a single 5V supply and consume only 12mA of guiescent supply current per amplifier while achieving a 144MHz -3dB bandwidth, 20MHz 0.1dB gain flatness, and a 115V/us slew rate. The MAX4031E provides individual shutdown control for each of the amplifiers.

The dual MAX4030E is available in 8-pin µMAX® and SO packages, and the triple MAX4031E is available in 14-pin TSSOP and SO packages. All devices are specified over the -40°C to +85°C extended temperature range.

Set-Top Boxes	Notebooks
Standard Definition	Projectors
Television (SDTV)	Security Video Systems
Enhanced Television	Camcorders
(ETV)	Digital Still Cameras
High-Definition Television (HDTV)	Portable DVD Players

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Pin Configurations

Applications

Features

- ESD-Protected Video Inputs and Outputs ±15kV – Human Body Model ±8kV - IEC 1000-4-2 Contact Discharge ±15kV - IEC 1000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge
- SV Single-Supply Operation
- ♦ 0.1µA Low-Power Shutdown Mode (MAX4031E)
- Input Common-Mode Range Extends to Ground
- 2VP-P Large-Signal -3dB BW > 50MHz
- Directly Drives 150Ω Loads
- Low Differential Gain/Phase: 0.2%/0.2°
- ♦ -40°C to +85°C Extended Temperature Range
- Compact 8-Pin µMAX and 14-Pin TSSOP Packages

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX4030EEUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 µMAX
MAX4030EESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX4031EEUD	-40°C to +85°C	14 TSSOP
MAX4031EESD	-40°C to +85°C	14 SO

Typical Operating Circuit



Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(All voltages referenced to GND, unless otherwise noted.)

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V _{CC} 0.3V to +6V
IN, IN_+, OUT_, SHDN0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3V)
Current into IN, IN_+, SHDN±20mA
Output Short-Circuit Duration to V _{CC} or GNDContinuous
Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$)
8-Pin µMAX (derate 4.5mW/°C above +70°C)

ο-ι πι μινι/	AX (UEIALE 4.01100/ C above +70 C)	
8-Pin SO	(derate 5.9mW/°C above +70°C)	471mW

14-Pin TSSOP (derate 9.1mW/°C above +70°C)	727mW
14-Pin SO (derate 8.3mW/°C above +70°C)	667mW
Operating Temperature Range40°C	to +85°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C t	o +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = 5V, V_{CM} = 0V, V_{OUT} = V_{CC}/2, \overline{SHDN} = V_{CC}, R_L = \infty$ to $V_{CC}/2, T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Operating Supply Voltage Range	V _{CC}	Guaranteed by PSRR		4.5		5.5	V
Quiescent Current (per Amplifier)	ICC				12	22	mA
Shutdown Current (per Amplifier)	ISHDN	SHDN_ = GND (MAX	4031E)		0.1	10	μA
Input Common-Mode Voltage	V _{CM}	Guaranteed by CMR	7	0		V _{CC} - 2.25	V
Input Offset Voltage	V _{OS}	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$			5	13 26	mV
Input Offset Voltage Matching	ΔV _{OS}				2.6		mV
Input Offset Voltage Tempco	TCVOS				31		µV/°C
Input Bias Current	ΙB				0.01	1	μA
Input Offset Current	I _{OS}				0.01		μA
Input Resistance	RIN				1		GΩ
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$GND \le V_{CM} \le V_{CC} - 2.25V$		50	70		dB
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$4.5V \le V_{CC} \le 5.5V$		40	60		dB
	Avol	$0.5V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 4.5V, R_L = 2k\Omega$ to $V_{CC}/2$			80		
Open-Loop Gain		$0.6V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 4.4V, R_L = 150\Omega$ to $V_{CC}/2$		50	70		dB
		$0.4V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 3.5V,$	$R_L = 150\Omega$ to GND	50	70		
	Vout_	R_{L} = 2k Ω to V _{CC} /2	V _{CC} - V _{OH}		0.05		- V
			V _{OL} - GND		0.05		
Output Voltage Swing		$R_L = 150\Omega$ to $V_{CC}/2$	V _{CC} - V _{OH}		0.15	0.4	
Output voltage Swing			V _{OL} - GND		0.15	0.4	
		$R_L = 150\Omega$ to GND	V _{CC} - V _{OH}		0.3	0.8	
			V _{OL} - GND		0.01	0.05	
Output Short-Circuit Current	ISC	Sinking or sourcing			±100		mA
SHDN_ Logic Threshold	VIL	MAX4031E MAX4031E				0.8	v
Logic Infestiola	VIH			2.0			v
SHDN_ Logic Input Current	١ _{١L}	SHDN_ = GND (MAX4031E)			0.10	10	μA
	IIН	$\overline{\text{SHDN}} = V_{\text{CC}} (\text{MAX})$	4031E)		0.10	10	μΑ



DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V_{CC} = 5V, V_{CM} = 0V, V_{OUT} = V_{CC}/2, \overline{SHDN} = V_{CC}, R_L = ∞ to V_{CC}/2, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Disabled Output Leakage Current	IOUT_SH	$\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ = GND (MAX4031E)		0.1	10	μA
		Human Body Model		±15		
ESD Protection Voltage (Note 2)		IEC 1000-4-2 Contact Discharge		±8		kV
		IEC 1000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge		±15		

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = 5V, V_{CM} = 1.5V, R_L = 150\Omega$ to GND, $\overline{SHDN} = V_{CC}, A_{VCL} = +2V/V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
Small-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	D\\/aa	V_{OUT} = 100mV _{P-P} , A _{VCL} = +1V/V	144		MHz		
Smail-Signal -Sub Bandwidth	BWSS	V_{OUT} = 100mV _{P-P} , A _{VCL} = +2V/V		53			
Large-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	BWLS	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}, A_{VCL} = +1V/V$		52		MHz	
Large-Signal -Sub Bandwidth	DWLS	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}, A_{VCL} = +2V/V$		40		IVII IZ	
Small Signal 0.1dP Cain Elathoan		V_{OUT} = 100mV _{P-P} , A _{VCL} = +1V/V		20		MHz	
Small-Signal 0.1dB Gain Flatness	BW _{0.1dBSS}	V_{OUT} = 100mV _{P-P} , A _{VCL} = +2V/V		10		IVILITZ	
Large-Signal 0.1dB Gain Flatness	BW _{0.1dBLS}	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}, A_{VCL} = +1V/V$		20		MHz	
		$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}, A_{VCL} = +2V/V$		9		IVILITZ	
Slew Rate	SR	V _{OUT} = 2V step		115		V/µs	
Settling Time to 0.1%	ts	V _{OUT} = 2V step		40		ns	
Channel-to-Channel Isolation	CHISO	f = 4.43MHz		65		dB	
Differential Phase Error	DP	NTSC, R _L = 150 Ω to GND, A _{VCL} = +2V/V		0.2		Degrees	
Differential Gain Error	DG	NTSC, R _L = 150 Ω to GND, A _{VCL} = +2V/V		0.2		%	
Input Capacitance	CIN			8		pF	
Capacitive-Load Stability		No sustained oscillations		200		pF	
Output Impedance	Z _{OUT}	f = 4.43MHz		2		Ω	
Enable Time	ton	V _{IN} = 1V (MAX4031E)		2		μs	
Disable Time	toff	V _{IN} _ = 1V (MAX4031E)		0.15		μs	

Note 1: All devices are 100% production tested at $T_A = +25$ °C. Specifications over temperature limits are guaranteed by design. **Note 2:** ESD protection is specified for test point A and test point B only (Figure 7).

Typical Operating Characteristics

 $(V_{CC} = 5V, V_{CM} = 1.5V, A_{VCL} = +2V/V, R_L = 150\Omega$ to $V_{CC}/2, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)



MAX4030E/MAX4031E

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(V_{CC} = 5V, V_{CM} = 1.5V, A_{VCL} = +2V/V, R_L = 150 Ω to V_{CC}/2, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



Pin Description

PIN			FUNCTION			
MAX4030E	MAX4031E	NAME	FUNCTION			
1	7	OUTA	Amplifier A Output			
2	6	INA-	Amplifier A Inverting Input			
3	5	INA+	Amplifier A Noninverting Input			
4	11	GND	Ground			
5	10	INB+	Amplifier B Noninverting Input			
6	9	INB-	Amplifier B Inverting Input			
7	8	OUTB	Amplifier B Output			
8	4	Vcc	Positive Power Supply. Bypass V_{CC} to GND with a 0.1µF capacitor.			
	1	SHDNA	Amplifier A Shutdown Input. Connect SHDNA high to enable amplifier A.			
	2	SHDNC	Amplifier C Shutdown Input. Connect SHDNC high to enable amplifier C.			
	3	SHDNB	Amplifier B Shutdown Input. Connect SHDNB high to enable amplifier B.			
	12	INC+	Amplifier C Noninverting Input			
	13	INC-	Amplifier C Inverting Input			
	14	OUTC	Amplifier C Output			

Detailed Description

The MAX4030E/MAX4031E dual/triple, 5V operational amplifiers achieve 115V/µs slew rates and 144MHz bandwidths. High ±15kV ESD protection at video inputs and outputs guards against unexpected discharge. Excellent harmonic distortion and differential gain/ phase performance make these amplifiers an ideal choice for a wide variety of video and RF signal-processing applications.

Ground-Sensing Inputs

The MAX4030E/MAX4031E input stage can sense common-mode voltages from ground to within 2.25V of the positive supply.

Rail-to-Rail Outputs

The MAX4030E/MAX4031E rail-to-rail outputs can swing to within 100mV of each supply because local feedback around the output stage ensures low openloop output impedance, reducing gain sensitivity to load variations.

Shutdown (MAX4031E Only)

The MAX4031E offers individual shutdown control for each amplifier. Drive SHDN_ low to shut down the amplifier. In shutdown, the amplifier output impedance is high impedance.

Applications Information

Choosing Resistor Values

Unity-Gain Configuration

The MAX4030E/MAX4031E are internally compensated for unity gain. When configured for unity gain, a 24Ω resistor (R_F) in series with the feedback path optimizes AC performance. This resistor improves AC response by reducing the Q of the parallel LC circuit formed by the parasitic feedback capacitance and lead inductance.

Video Line Driver

The MAX4030E/MAX4031E are low-power, voltage-feedback amplifiers featuring bandwidths up to 40MHz and 0.1dB gain flatness to 9MHz. They are designed to minimize differential-gain error and differential-phase error to 0.2% and 0.2°, respectively. They have a 40ns settling time to 0.1%, 110V/µs slew rates, and output-current-drive capability of up to 50mA, making them ideal for driving video loads.

Inverting and Noninverting Configurations

Select the feedback (R_F) and input (R_G) resistor values to fit the gain requirements of the application. Large resistor values increase voltage noise and interact with the amplifier's input and PC board capacitance. This can generate undesirable poles and zeros and



Figure 1. Noninverting Gain Configuration



Figure 2. Inverting Gain Configuration

decrease bandwidth or cause oscillations. For example, a noninverting gain-of-two configuration (R_F = R_G) using 2k Ω resistors, combined with 4pF of amplifier input capacitance and 1pF of PC board capacitance, cause a pole at 79.6MHz. Since this pole is within the amplifier bandwidth, it jeopardizes stability. Reducing the 2k Ω resistors to 100 Ω extends the pole frequency to 1.59GHz, but could limit output swing by adding 200 Ω in parallel with the amplifier's load resistor (Figures 1 and 2).

Layout and Power-Supply Bypassing

These amplifiers operate from a single 5V power supply. Bypass V_{CC} to ground with a 0.1μ F capacitor as close to V_{CC} as possible. Maxim recommends using microstrip and stripline techniques to obtain full bandwidth. To ensure that the PC board does not degrade the amplifier's performance, design it for a frequency greater than 1GHz. Pay careful attention to inputs and outputs to avoid large parasitic capacitance. Under all conditions observe the following design guidelines:

- Do not use wire-wrap boards. Wire-wrap boards are too inductive.
- Do not use IC sockets. Sockets increase parasitic capacitance and inductance.
- Use surface mount instead of through-hole components for better high-frequency performance.

- Use a PC board with at least two layers. The PC board should be as free from voids as possible.
- Keep signal lines as short and as straight as possible. Do not make 90° turns; round all corners.

Output Capacitive Loading and Stability The MAX4030E/MAX4031E are optimized for AC perfor-

The MAX4030E/MAX4031E are optimized for AC performance and do not drive highly reactive loads, which decreases phase margin and can produce excessive ringing and oscillation. Figure 3 shows a circuit modification that uses an isolation resistor (R_{ISO}) to eliminate this problem. Figure 4 shows a graph of the Optimal Isolation Resistor (R_{ISO}) vs. Capacitive Load. Figure 5 shows how a capacitive load causes excessive peaking of the amplifier's frequency response if the capacitor is not isolated from the amplifier by a resistor. A small isolation resistor (usually 10 Ω to 15 Ω) placed before the reactive load prevents ringing and oscillation. At higher capacitive loads, the interaction of the load capacitance and the isolation resistor controls the AC performance. Figure 6 shows the effect of a 10 Ω isolation resistor on closed-loop response.

ESD Protection

As with all Maxim devices, ESD protection structures are incorporated on all pins to protect against ESD encountered during handling and assembly. Input and output pins of the MAX4030E/MAX4031E have extra protection against static electricity. Maxim's engineers have developed state-of-the-art structures enabling these pins to withstand ESD up to ± 15 kV without damage when placed in the test circuit (Figure 7). The MAX4030E/MAX4031E are characterized for protection to the following limits:

- ±15kV using the Human Body Model
- ±8kV using the Contact Discharge method specified in IEC 1000-4-2
- ±15kV using the Air-Gap Discharge method specified in IEC 1000-4-2



Figure 3. Driving a Capacitive Load Through an Isolation Resistor



Figure 4. Isolation Resistance vs. Capacitive Load



Figure 5. Small-Signal Gain vs. Frequency with Load Capacitance and No Isolation Resistor

Human Body Model

Figure 8 shows the Human Body Model and Figure 9 shows the current waveform it generates when discharged into low impedance. This model consists of a 150pF capacitor charged to the ESD voltage of interest, and then discharged into the test device through a $1.5k\Omega$ resistor.



Figure 6. Small-Signal Gain vs. Frequency with Load Capacitance and 10Ω Isolation Resistor

IEC 1000-4-2

The IEC 1000-4-2 standard covers ESD testing and performance of finished equipment; it does not specifically refer to ICs. The MAX4030E/MAX4031E enable the design of equipment that meets the highest level (level 4) of IEC 1000-4-2 without the need for additional ESD protection components. The major difference between tests done using the Human Body Model and IEC 1000-4-2 is higher peak current in IEC 1000-4-2. Because series resistance is lower in the IEC 1000-4-2 model, the ESD-withstand voltage measured to this standard is generally lower than that measured using the Human Body. Figure 10 shows the IEC 1000-4-2 model and Figure 11 shows the current waveform for the ±8kV IEC 1000-4-2 level 4 ESD Contact Discharge test. The Air-Gap test involves approaching the device with a charged probe. The Contact Discharge method connects the probe to the device before the probe is energized.

Chip Information

MAX4030E TRANSISTOR COUNT: 271 MAX4031E TRANSISTOR COUNT: 387 PROCESS: BICMOS

MAX4030E/MAX4031E



Figure 7. ESD Test Circuit



Figure 8. Human Body ESD Model



Figure 9. Human Body Current Waveform



Figure 10. IEC 1000-4-2 ESD Test Model



Figure 11. IEC 1000-4-2 ESD Generator Current Waveform

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



_Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to <u>www.maxim-ic.com/packages</u>.)



_Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



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