

# **DATASHEET**

# SMD • Middle Power LED 67-22S/G1C-D1525L4L82936Z6/2T



#### **Features**

- · PLCC-2 package
- Top view Green LED
- · Wide viewing angle
- Pb-free
- · RoHS compliant

#### **Description**

The Everlight 67-22S package has high efficacy, Middle power consumption, wide viewing angle and a compact form factor. These features make this package an ideal LED for all lighting applications.

#### **Applications**

- · Decorative and Entertainment Lighting
- · Agriculture Lighting
- · General use



#### **Device Selection Guide**

Chip Materials	Emitted Color	Resin Color
InGaN	Green	Water Clear

# Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_{Soldering}$ =25 $^{\circ}$ C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	60	mA
Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @10ms)	I <sub>FP</sub>	100	mA
Power Dissipation	P <sub>d</sub>	216	mW
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 ~ +100	°C
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Soldering point)	R <sub>th J-S</sub>	50	°C/W
Junction Temperature	Tj	115	°C
Soldering Temperature	$T_{sol}$	Reflow Soldering : 260 °C for 10 sec. Hand Soldering : 350 °C for 3 sec.	

Note:

The products are sensitive to static electricity and must be carefully taken when handling products

## Electro-Optical Characteristics (T<sub>Soldering</sub>=25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Luminous flux	ф	13		18	lm	I <sub>F</sub> =60mA
Forward Voltage	$V_{F}$	2.9		3.6	V	I <sub>F</sub> =60mA
Viewing Angle	2θ <sub>1/2</sub>		120		deg	I <sub>F</sub> =60mA
Reverse Current	IR			50	μΑ	V <sub>R</sub> =5V

Notes

<sup>1.</sup> Tolerance of Luminous flux: ±11%.

<sup>2.</sup> Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.1V.



### Bin Range of Luminous flux

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
L4	13	14		
L5	14	15		
L6	15	16	_ lm	I <sub>F</sub> =60mA
L7	16	17		
L8	17	18		

Notes:

Tolerance of Luminous flux: ±11%

**Bin Range of Forward Voltage** 

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
36	2.9	3.0		
37	3.0	3.1	_	
38	3.1	3.2	_	
39	3.2	3.3		I <sub>F</sub> =60mA
40	3.3	3.4	<del>_</del>	,
41	3.4	3.5		
42	3.5	3.6		
Note: Tolerance of Forward Vol	tage: ±0.1V.	31 IC	311	
Dominant Wavele	ength Bins			

# **Dominant Wavelength Bins**

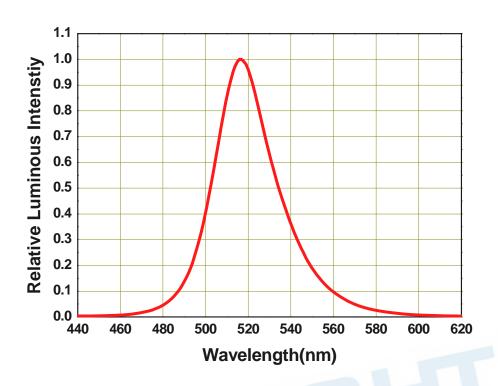
Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
G51	515	520		1 00 1
G52	520	525	- nm	I <sub>F</sub> =60mA

Notes:

Dominant / Peak wavelength measurement tolerance: ±1nm.



### **Spectrum Distribution**



## **Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves**

Fig.1 – Forward Voltage Shift vs. Junction Temperature

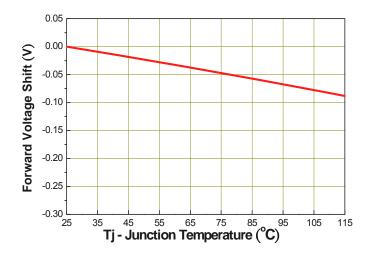
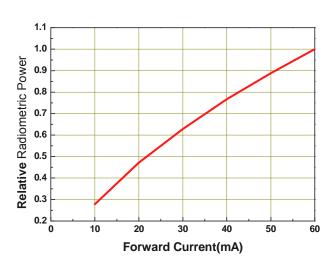


Fig.2 - Relative Radiometric Power vs. Forward Current





#### **Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves**

Fig.3 - Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Junction Temperature

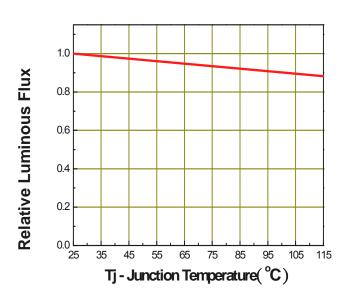


Fig.4 - Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

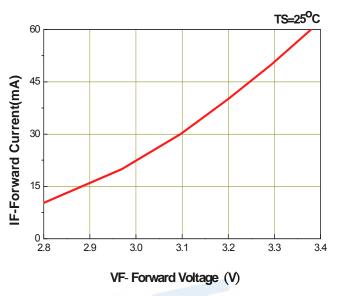


Fig.5 – Max. Driving Forward Current vs. Soldering Temperature

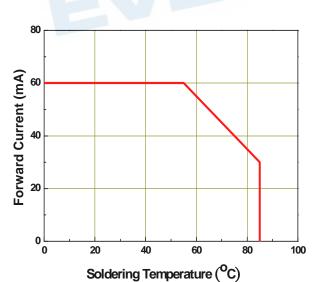
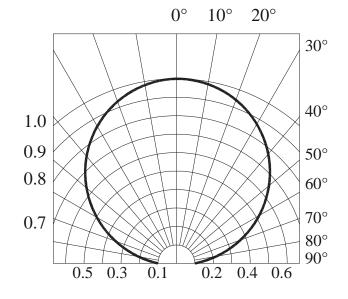


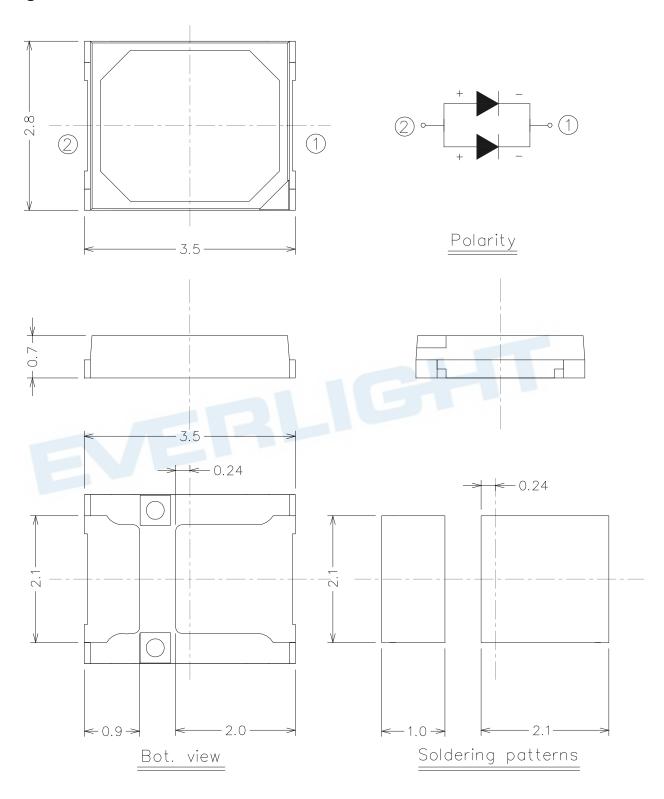
Fig.6 – Radiation Diagram



Rth j-s=50 °C/W



## **Package Dimension**



Note:

Tolerance unless mentioned is ±0.15mm; Unit = mm



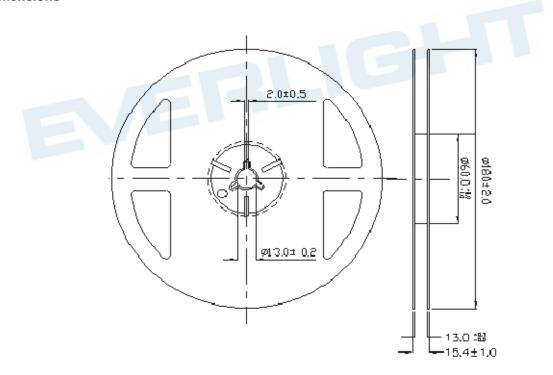
## **Moisture Resistant Packing Materials**

#### **Label Explanation**



- · CPN: Customer's Product Number
- P/N: Product Number
- · QTY: Packing Quantity
- · CAT: Luminous Intensity Rank
- · HUE: Dom. Wavelength Rank
- REF: Forward Voltage Rank
- · LOT No: Lot Number

#### **Reel Dimensions**



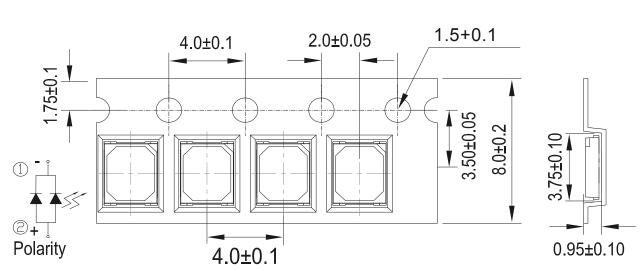
Note:

Tolerances unless mentioned ±0.1mm. Unit = mm



#### Carrier Tape Dimensions: Loaded Quantity 250/500/1000/2000/3000/4000 pcs. Per Reel

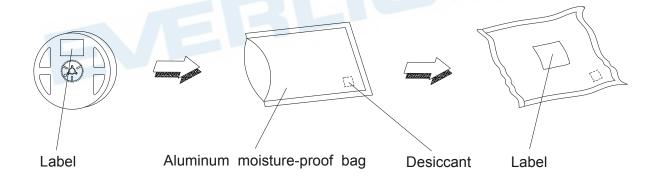
# Progressive direction



Note:

Tolerance unless mentioned is ±0.1mm; Unit = mm

#### **Moisture Resistant Packing Process**





## **Reliability Test Items and Conditions**

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below.

Confidence level: 90%

LTPD: 10%

No.	Items	Test Condition	Test Hours/Cycles	Sample Size	Ac/Re
1	Reflow Soldering	Temp.: 260°C/10sec.	6 Min.	22 PCS.	0/1
2	Thermal Shock	H : +100°C 20min ∫ 10 sec L : -10°C 20min	200 Cycles	22 PCS.	0/1
3	Temperature Cycle	H:+100°C 30min ∫ 5 min L:-40°C 30min	200 Cycles	22 PCS.	0/1
4	High Temperature/Humidity Storage	Ta=85°C,85%RH	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
5	High Temperature/Humidity Operation	Ta=85°C,85%RH, I <sub>F</sub> = 30mA	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
6	Low Temperature Storage	Ta=-40°C	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
7	High Temperature Storage	Ta=85°C	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
8	Low Temperature Operation Life	Ta=-40°C, I <sub>F</sub> = 60 mA	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
9	High Temperature Operation/ Life#1	Ta=25°C, I <sub>F</sub> = 60 mA	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
10	High Temperature Operation/ Life#2	Ta=55°C, I <sub>F</sub> =60mA	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
11	High Temperature Operation/ Life#3	Ta=85°C, I <sub>F</sub> = 30 mA	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1

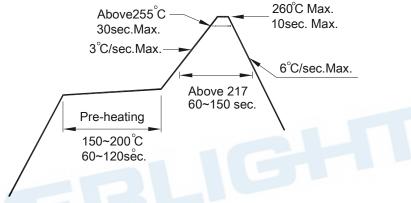


#### **Precautions for Use**

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection; otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

- 2. Storage
  - 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
  - 2.2 Before opening the package: The LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 90%RH or less.
  - 2.3 After opening the package: The LED's floor life is 168 Hrs under 30°C or less and 60% RH or less. If unused LEDs remain, it should be stored in moisture proof packages.
  - 2.4 If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions.
    - Baking treatment: 60±5°C for 24 hours.
- 3. Soldering Condition
  - 3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile

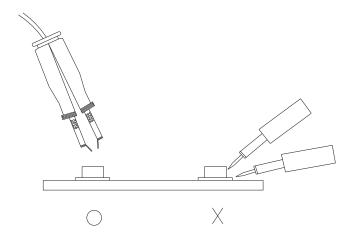


- 3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 3.3 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 3.4 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.
- 4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 350°C for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.



# **X-ON Electronics**

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Standard LEDs - SMD category:

Click to view products by Everlight manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

LTST-C190KYKT LTST-C19GD2WT LTST-N683GBEW LTW-170ZDC LTW-M140SZS40 LTW-M140ZVS 598-8110-100F 598-8170100F 598-8610-202F AAAF5060QBFSEEZGS ALMD-LB36-SV002 APT1608QGW EAST2012YA0 EASV1803BA0 SML-512VWT86A

SML-LX0606SISUGC/A SML-LXL1307SRC-TR SML-LXR851SIUPGUBC LT1ED53A AM27ZGC03 APB3025SGNC

APFA3010SURKCGKQBDC APHK1608VGCA APT2012QGW CLX6D-FKB-CN1R1H1BB7D3D3 LTST-008BGEW LTW-020ZDCG

LTW-21TS5 LTW-220DS5 598-8330-117F SML-LX0402IC-TR CMDA20AYAA7D1S CMDA16AYDR7A1X 91-21SYGD/S530-E2/TR7

598-8040-100F 598-8070-100F 598-8140-100F 598-8610-200F EAST2012GA0 EAPL3527GA5 SML-LXL1209SYC/ATR EAST2012RA0

CMD91-21VRC/TR7 SML-LXR851SGSIC-TR SML-512PWT86A SMF-2432GYC-TR LTST-C194TBKT-5A CLX6E-FKC
CH1M1D1BB7C3D3 SML-LXL0805USBC-TR SML-LX2835SYSUGCTR