SMD PTC: Low Rho Series

0ZLJ Series

HF Pb 0ZLJ Series – 1206 SIZE RoHS Compliant

Product Features

- 1206 Dimension, Small surface mountable, Solid state, Faster time to trip than standard SMD devices, Lower resistance than standard SMD devices
- Full compliant with EU Directive 2011/65/EU and amending directive 2015/863

Operating (Hold Current) Range

500mA – 4.5A

Maximum Voltage

6V DC (per table)

Temperature Range

-40℃ to 85℃

Agency Approval

TUV (Std. EN/IEC 60738-1/60738-1-1 and EN/IEC 60730-1, Cert. R50102117)
UL Recognized Component (Std. UL1434, File E305051)

LEAD FREE = Pb
HALOGEN FREE = HF

Electrical Characteristics (23℃)

	Part Number	Hold Current	Trip Current	Rated Voltage	Maximum Current	Typical Power	Max Time to Trip		Resistance Tolerance		Agency Approvals	
							Current	Time	Rmin	R1max		
		I_H, A	I_T, A	V_{max}, Vdc	I_{max}, A	P_d, W	A	Sec	Ohms	Ohms		
A	0ZLJ0050FF2G	0.50	1.50	6	100	0.8	8.0	0.20	0.025	0.200	Y	Y
B	0ZLJ0075FF2G	0.75	1.80	6	100	0.8	8.0	0.30	0.018	0.180	Y	Y
C	0ZLJ0110FF2G	1.10	2.20	6	100	0.8	8.0	0.30	0.015	0.100	Y	Y
D	0ZLJ0150FF2G	1.50	3.00	6	100	0.8	8.0	0.30	0.010	0.065	Y	Y
E	0ZLJ0175FF2G	1.75	3.50	6	100	0.8	8.0	0.40	0.005	0.030	Y	Y
F	0ZLJ0200FF2G	2.00	4.00	6	100	0.8	8.0	0.50	0.005	0.025	Y	Y
G	0ZLJ0260FF2E	2.60	5.20	6	100	0.8	8.0	4.00	0.003	0.025	Y	Y
H	0ZLJ0300FF2E	3.00	6.00	6	100	0.8	8.0	4.00	0.003	0.020	Y	Y
I	0ZLJ0350FF2E	3.50	7.00	6	100	0.8	8.0	5.00	0.003	0.018	Y	Y
J	0ZLJ0380FF2E	3.80	8.00	6	100	0.8	8.0	5.00	0.002	0.014	Y	Y
K	0ZLJ0400FF2E	4.00	8.00	6	100	0.8	8.0	5.00	0.002	0.014	Y	Y
L	0ZLJ0450FF2E	4.50	9.00	6	100	0.8	22.5	2.00	0.001	0.014	Y	Y

IH Hold Current-maximum current at which the device will not trip in still air at 23℃.
IT Trip current-minimum current at which the device will always trip in still air at 23℃.
Imax Maximum fault current device can withstand without damage at rated voltage (Vmax).
Vmax Maximum voltage device can withstand without damage at its rated current. .(I MAX)
Pd Typical power dissipated by device when in tripped state in 23℃ still air environment.
Rmin Minimum device resistance at 23℃.
R1max Maximum device resistance at 23℃, 1 hour after initial device trip, or after being soldered to PCB in end application.

PTC's – Basic Theory of Operation / "Tripped" Resistance Explanation

Fundamentally, a Bel PTC consists of a block of polymeric material containing conductive filler and bonded between two conductive, planar terminations.

At currents below the device IHOLD rating, AND at temperatures below 100C, the PTC maintains a resistance value below its R1 MAX rating.

As the device's temperature approaches 130C, either due to an increase in ambient temperature or a current exceeding its I TRIP rating, volumetric expansion of the filled polymer breaks apart the majority of conductive pathways across the terminals created by chain contact of adjacent filler particles or device resistance increases sharply by several orders of magnitude.

At the much higher "Tripped" resistance, there is just enough leakage current to allow internal heating to "hold" the device in its tripped state (around 125C) until power is interrupted. Once power is removed, the PTC's core cools and contracts allowing conductive chains to reform and return the device to its low resistance state.

The catalog data for each device specifies a "Typical Power" value. This is the power required to exactly match the heat lost by the tripped device to its ambient surroundings at 23C. By Ohm's Law, power can be stated as: W = E^2/R. Thus the approximate resistance of a "Tripped" PTC can be determined by: R = E^2/W, where "E" is the voltage appearing across the PTC (usually the supply's open circuit voltage), and "W" is the Typical Power value for the particular PTC.

Since the PPTC acts to maintain a constant internal temperature, its apparent resistance will change based upon applied voltage and, to a lesser degree, ambient conditions. Consider the following example....

A PTC with a Typical Power of 1 watt protecting a circuit using a 60V supply will demonstrate an apparent, tripped resistance "R" of:

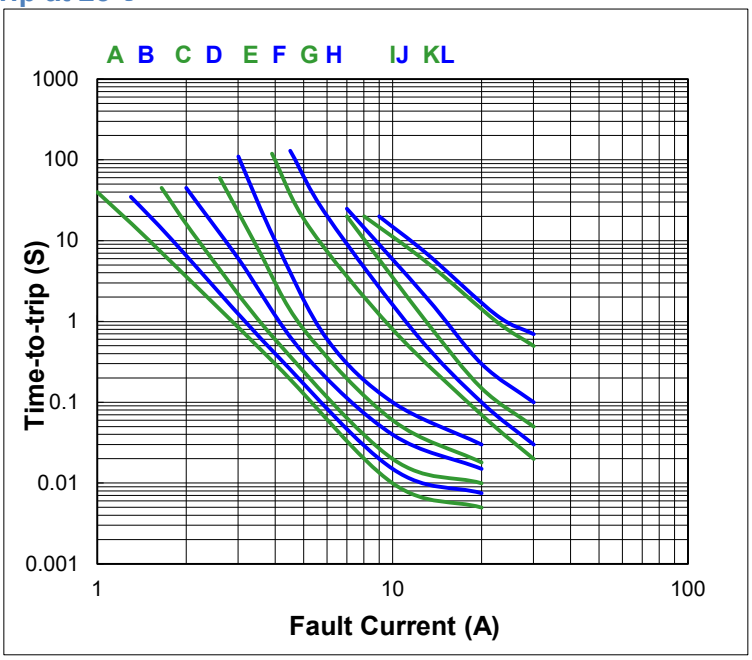
R = 60^2/1 = 3,600 ohms

This same tripped device when used to protect a 12V circuit would now present an apparent resistance of:

R = 12^2/1 = 144 ohms

The value for Typical Power is "typical" because any physical factors that affect heat loss (such as ambient temperature or air convection) will somewhat alter the level of power that the PTC needs to maintain its internal temperature. In short, PTCs do not exhibit a constant, quantifiable tripped resistance value.

Type Time – To – Trip at 23℃



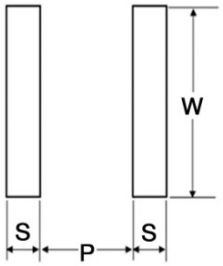
The Average Time Current Characteristic Curve and Temperature Rerating Curve are affected by a number of variables and these curves are provided for guidance only.

Bel Fuse Inc.
300 Executive Drive, Suite 300,
West Orange, NJ 07052 USA

+1 201.432.0463
Bel.US.CS@belf.com
belfuse.com/circuit-protection

Pad Layout

The dimensions in the table below provide the recommended pad layout.



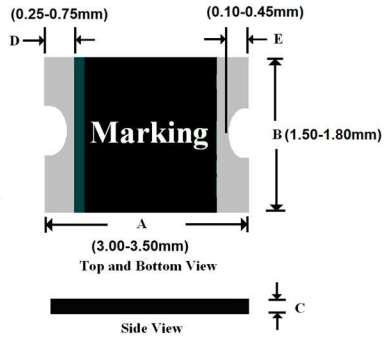
P		S		W	
Nominal		Nominal		Nominal	
mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch
2.00	0.079	1.00	0.039	1.90	0.075

Termination Pad Materials

Pure Tin

Mechanical Dimensions and Marking

All dimensions in mm.

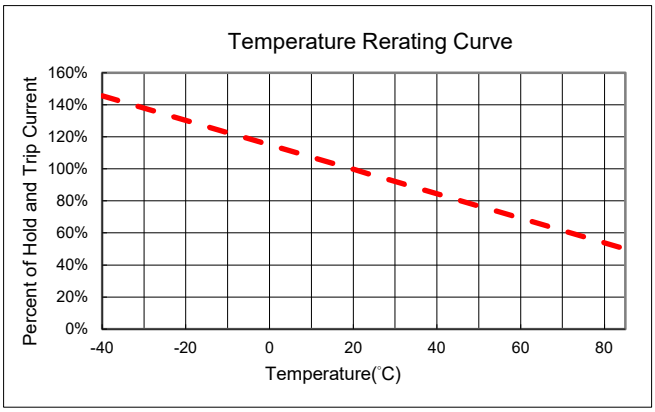


Part Number	Dimensions C Min	Dimensions C Max	Marking Code VZ IH code,"Z"	Part Number	Dimensions C Min	Dimensions C Max	Marking Code VZ IH code,"Z"
0ZLJ0050FF2G	0.30	0.70	EZ	0ZLJ0260FF2E	0.30	1.00	QZ
0ZLJ0075FF2G	0.30	0.70	FZ	0ZLJ0300FF2E	0.30	1.00	SZ
0ZLJ0110FF2G	0.30	0.70	HZ	0ZLJ0350FF2E	0.60	1.00	VZ
0ZLJ0150FF2G	0.30	0.70	JZ	0ZLJ0380FF2E	0.60	1.00	WZ
0ZLJ0175FF2G	0.30	0.70	KZ	0ZLJ0400FF2E	0.60	1.00	XZ
0ZLJ0200FF2G	0.30	0.70	MZ	0ZLJ0450FF2E	0.60	1.00	YZ

Temperature Derating Table

	Temperature Rerating									
I Hold Value	**-40**	**-20**	**0**	**23**	**30**	**40**	**50**	**60**	**70**	**85**
0ZLJ	145%	130%	115%	100%	92%	84%	77%	69%	61%	50%

Thermal Derating Curve



Cautionary Notes

1. Each product should be carefully evaluated and tested for their suitability of application.
2. Avoid PTC devices from being exposed to prolonged high temperature and/or high humidity storage environment such as 85℃ and/or 85RH% which could diminish PTC's performance.
3. Operation beyond the specified maximum ratings or improper use may result in damage and possible electrical arcing and/or flames.
4. These Polymer PTC (PPTC) devices are intended for protection against occasional overcurrent/overtemperature fault conditions and may not be suitable for use in applications where repeated and/or prolonged fault conditions are anticipated.
5. Avoid contact of PTC device with chemical solvent. Prolonged contact may adversely impact PTC performance.
6. These PTC devices may not be suitable for use in circuits with a large inductance, as the PTC trip can generate circuit voltage spikes above the PTC rated voltage.
7. These devices may be used in both DC and AC circuits provided that peak-to-peak line voltage when carrying AC does not exceed PTC's Vmax rating. As PTCs are essentially thermal devices, the RMS value of AC current carried by a PTC will produce tripping parameters and times-to-trip similar to those of a DC voltage of the same magnitude.
8. If potting is mandated, avoid rigid potting compounds as they will encase the PTC and prevent it from volumetrically expanding to properly respond to a trip event.
9. MSL: 2a (According to IPC J-Std-020).

Warning:

Low Rho PPTC tends to increase its Electrical Resistance over time, so shelf life is shorter, usually about 2 years in sealed vacuum bag and stored at temperature-controlled warehouse.
Recommend that once vacuum bag opened, Low Rho PPTC has had to be mounted on PCB immediately.
Disclaimer Notice - Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However. users should independently evaluate the suitability of and test each product selected for their own applications.
Bel products are not designed for and may not be used in all applications.

Specifications subject to change without notice

Bel Fuse Inc.
300 Executive Drive, Suite 300,
West Orange, NJ 07052 USA

+1 201.432.0463
Bel.US.CS@belf.com
belfuse.com/circuit-protection

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Resettable Fuses - PPTC ***category:***

Click to view products by Bel Fuse ***manufacturer:***

Other Similar products are found below :

RF3301-000 RF3382-000 RF3394-000 NIS5431MT1TXG BK60-090-DZ RS30-090 RS30-600 RS30-800 RS60RB-160 RS60SB-250 SB250-145 BK60-110-DI-E0.6 BK60-010-DI-E0.5 BK250-040-DY-E0.6 BSMD0402L-005 BSMD1210-150-16V BSMD0402L-075 BSMD1210-050-16V JK-SMD1210-050-13.2V JK-SMD1210-150/6V JK-SMD100L-33 SMD2018-075-60V BSMD1210-110-16V BSMD1210-150-12V JK-P730 JK-SMD400L JK-SMD1210-030-16 JK-SMD300L-16 JK-SMD185L-33 JK-P200 JK250-180T TLC-USMD150/12 TLC-USMD200/8 TLC-USMD150/8 FTR250-080 FRT220-33F FUSB135F JK-mSMD125-8 JK-P600 JK-mSMD150-8 JK-SMD125L-33 JK-mSMD300-8 JK-SMD150L-33 JK-SMD0805-004-24 JK-P210 JK-P450 JK-P100 JK-SMD400L-16 JK-D175 JK-P190