

## 8-Channel Parallel High Voltage Driver



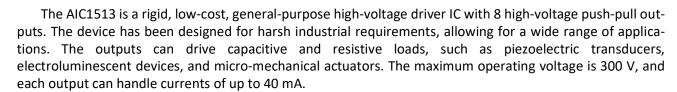
#### **FEATURES**

- High Voltage Driver with 8 Parallel Push-Pull Outputs
- Wide Supply Voltage Range (30V to 300V)
- Output Current per Channel is 40mA
- Output Rise Time Control by External Resistance
- Serial or Parallel Input
- N-channel MOSFET Outputs for Reduced Power Consumption



- Drive of Capacitive Actuators
- Piezo Transducer Excitation
- Electro-Luminescent Displays





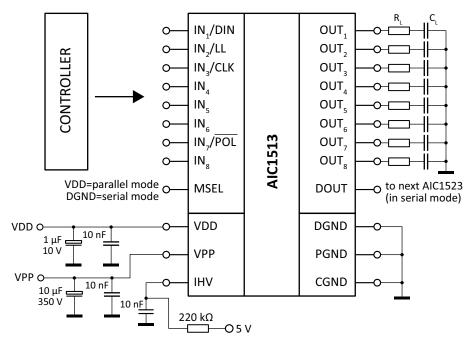
External output resistors can be used to limit the maximum power dissipation of the device, allowing the outputs to be run in parallel. The IC allows for the use of an external resistor to set the switch-on time of the outputs as well as provides protected direct transistor gate inputs. The high-voltage push-pull outputs are well protected against possible latch-up by utilizing the bulk-drain diodes of the output MOSFETs and their full dielectric isolation.

The AIC1513's inputs can be configured to operate in either parallel or serial mode. In parallel mode, each high-voltage output is controlled by a dedicated input pin. In serial mode, internal shift registers and latches convert data provided by a clocked serial input stream to the high-voltage output. Additionally, several AIC1513 devices can be daisy-chained in serial mode if more than 8 parallel outputs are required.





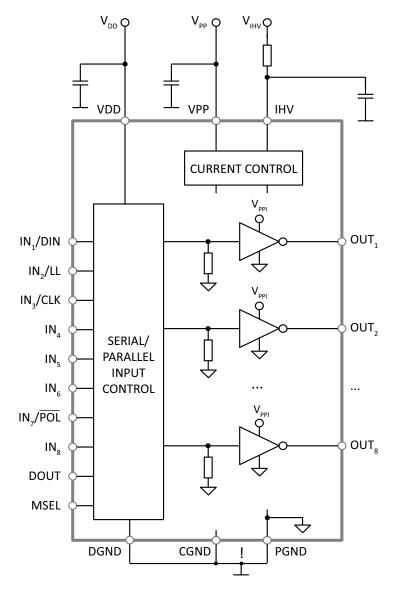
Figure 1: Common Application Circuit





## **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

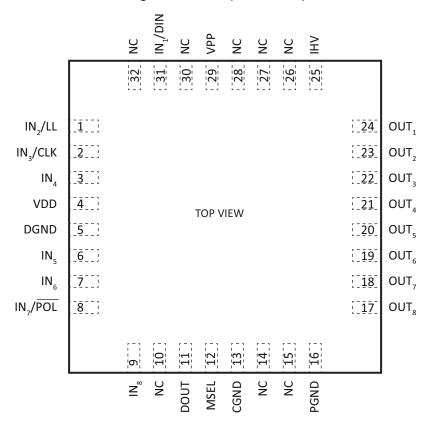
Figure 2: Block Diagram





## PINOUT AND PIN DESCRIPTION TABLE (32-PIN QFN)

Figure 3: Pinout (32-Pin QFN)



Pin Number	Name	Internal Pull Resistor	Description
1	IN <sub>2</sub> /LL	Up	Parallel mode: Input 2 Serial mode: latch lock
2	IN <sub>3</sub> /CLK	Down	Parallel mode: Input 3 Serial mode: serial data clock
3	IN <sub>4</sub>	Down	Parallel mode: Input 4 Serial mode: no function
4	VDD		Supply voltage for digital input circuit
5	DGND		Ground for digital input circuit. Must be connected externally to PGND
6	IN <sub>5</sub>	Down	Parallel mode: Input 5 Serial mode: no function
7	IN <sub>6</sub>	Down	Parallel mode: Input 6 Serial mode: no function
8	IN <sub>7</sub> /POL	Up	Parallel mode: Input 7 Serial mode: output polarity inversion (active low)



Pin Number	Name	Internal Pull Resistor	Description
9	IN <sub>8</sub>	Down	Parallel mode: Input 8 Serial mode: no function
10	NC		not connected
11	DOUT		Parallel mode: no function Serial mode: clocked data output (for daisy-chaining several devices)
12	MSEL	Down	Mode selection for input signals. Connect to VDD for parallel mode or DGND for serial mode.
13	CGND		Capacitive ground. Must be connected externally to PGND
14, 15	NC		not connected
16	PGND		Power ground of the 8 high voltage push-pull outputs
17	OUT <sub>8</sub>		High voltage push-pull output 8
18	OUT <sub>7</sub>		High voltage push-pull output 7
19	OUT <sub>6</sub>		High voltage push-pull output 6
20	OUT <sub>5</sub>		High voltage push-pull output 5
21	OUT <sub>4</sub>		High voltage push-pull output 4
22	OUT <sub>3</sub>		High voltage push-pull output 3
23	OUT <sub>2</sub>		High voltage push-pull output 2
24	OUT <sub>1</sub>		High voltage push-pull output 1
25	IHV		Input to connect an external resistor to adjust the switching speed of the high voltage push-pull outputs (if not necessary this pin can be left open)
26-28	NC		not connected
29	VPP		High voltage Supply
30	NC		not connected
31	IN <sub>1</sub> /DIN	Down	Parallel mode: Input 1 Serial mode: clocked data input
32	NC		not connected



### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Unless otherwise noted:  $T_A = 25$ °C, high voltage supply  $V_{PP} = 200$  V,  $V_{DD} = 5$  V, IHV connected to PGND.

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
High voltage supply	V <sub>PP</sub>	0	320	V
Voltage supply digital input circuitry	V <sub>DD</sub>		6	V
Output voltages	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-0.3	V <sub>PP</sub>	V
Slew rate of V <sub>PP</sub>	W <sub>VPP</sub>		160	V/ms
Input levels	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
IHV input level	I <sub>IHV</sub>	-100	300	μΑ
Continuous total power dissipation	P <sub>TOT</sub>		600	mW
Storage temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55	150	°C
Junction temperature range	T <sub>J</sub>	-40	150	°C
Thermal resistance, junction to ambient	R <sub>thja</sub>		35	°C/W

#### **NORMAL OPERATING RANGE**

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
High voltage supply	V <sub>PP</sub>		30		300	V
Output voltages	V <sub>OUT</sub>		0		300	V
Voltage supply digital input circuitry	V <sub>DD</sub>		3.0		5.5	V
	V	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V	2.3		3.3	V
High level input voltage <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>INH</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =5.0V	3.5		5.0	V
	V	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V	0		0.6	V
Low level input voltage <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>INL</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =5.0V	0		1.5	V
IHV input current	l	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V	-0.1	25	50	μΑ
IHV input current	I <sub>IHV</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =5.0V	-0.1	25	100	μΑ
Operating junction temperature	T <sub>J</sub>		-40		125	°C
Operating temperature	T <sub>A</sub>		-40		70	°C

<sup>1.</sup> The input voltage area between 30% and 70% of  $V_{DD}$  is forbidden with respect to total power dissipation

#### **DC CHARACTERISTICS**

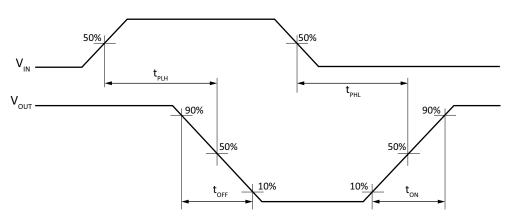
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Input current for pins with pull-up or	li I	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V		25	32	μΑ
pull-down resistors when driven externally to the alternative logic level	I <sub>PR</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =5.0V		40	60	μΑ
Maximum current in digital input pins	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.0V	-100		100	μΑ
ON resistance of sinking path	DDC(ON)I	I <sub>OUT</sub> =-10 mA, V <sub>DD</sub> =5.0V		250	1000	Ω
On resistance of sinking path	RDS(ON)L	I <sub>OUT</sub> =-10 mA, V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V				Ω



Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
ON resistance of sourcing path	RDS(ON)H	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10 mA		350	1200	Ω
National and the second of the second of	I <sub>OUTL,MIN</sub>	V <sub>PP</sub> =30.0V, V <sub>DD</sub> =5.0V	20			mA
Minimum sink current of one output		V <sub>PP</sub> =30.0V, V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V	8			mA
Minimum source current of one output	I <sub>OUTL,MIN</sub>	V <sub>PP</sub> =30.0V	40			mA

### **AC CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 4: Switching Wave Forms** 

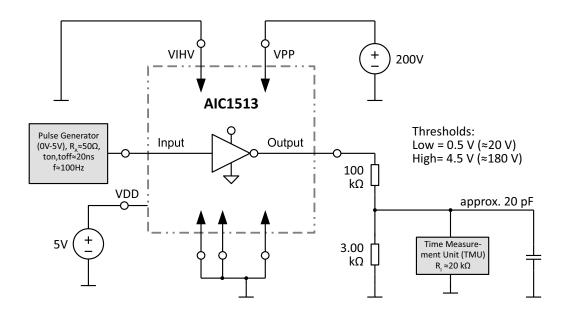


Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Propagation delay time, $V_{IN} \rightarrow low$ to high	t <sub>PLH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.0V - 5.0V C <sub>L</sub> = 20pF		1		μs
Propagation delay time, $V_{IN} \rightarrow high to low$	t <sub>PHL</sub>	$V_{IN} = 5.0V - 0.0V$ $C_{L} = 20pF$		15		μs
Output Fall time		$V_{IN} = 0.0V - 3.3V$ $C_{L} = 20pF$ $V_{DD} = 3.3 V, IHV = 0 \mu A$		0.5 <sup>1</sup>		μs
	t <sub>OFF</sub>	$V_{IN} = 0.0V - 5.0V$ $C_L = 20pF$ $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V, IHV} = 0  \mu\text{A}$		0.2		μs
Output Rise time	t <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{IN} = 5.0V - 0.0V$ $C_{L} = 20pF$	Se	See Figure 10		μs

<sup>1.</sup> The output fall time increases for  $V_{DD}$ =3.3V once IHV is greater than 100  $\mu A$ . See Figure 11 for details.



**Figure 5: AC Characteristics Test Circuit** 





#### **INPUT INTERFACE**

AIC1513 can be configured for parallel or serial input based on voltage level at the MSEL pin. In parallel mode(MSEL=1), each high voltage output is controlled by a dedicated input pin. In serial mode (MSEL=0), internal latches convert data provided by a clocked serial input stream to the high voltage output. In serial mode, several AIC1513 can be daisy chained if more than 8 parallel outputs are required.

Figure 6: Digital Input Interface Block Diagram

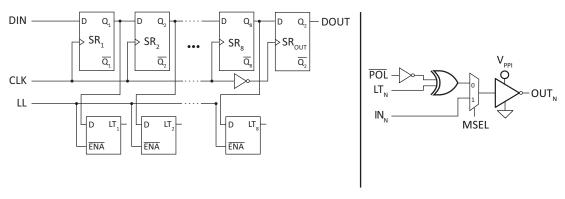
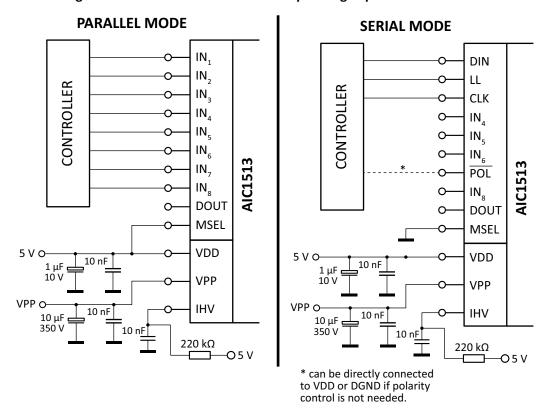


Figure 7: External connections when operating in parallel or serial mode





### **SERIAL MODE OPERATION (MSEL=0)**

When operating in serial mode, data is stored in the shift register on the rising edge of the clock (CLK) signal. For daisy chaining, the output data will become valid half a clock cycle later, meaning at the falling edge of the CLK signal. The CLK signal is always edge sensitive.

The output of the AIC1513 is controlled by the data stored in the latch registers. Data is copied from the input shift registers to the latch registers while the latch lock signal (LL) is pulled low. Please note that the LL signal is level sensitive. Thus, the AIC1513 can operate in both transparent and non-transparent serial modes. In non-transparent mode, data is shifted in on the rising edge of the clock signal while the latches are locked (with the latch lock signal LL set high). The output of the AIC1513 will not change during the shifting of the data. Once all data has been shifted in, the system can update the output of the AIC1513 by holding the clock signal at a steady level before unlocking the latches (by pulling the latch lock signal low). New data can then be provided to the device after the latches are locked again (LL is set back to high).

In transparent mode, the latches remain unlocked (with the signal LL set to low) while data is shifted in. Whenever new data is shifted in on the rising edge of the clock signal (CLK), it is also copied to the corresponding latch, updating the output of the AIC1513.

Mode	Function	DIN	CLK	LL	Shift Register (SR N)	Latch Register (LT N)
Non-Transpar-	Load Shift Register	L/H	7	Н	N=1: SR <sub>1,NEW</sub> = DIN N>1: SR <sub>N, NEW</sub> = SR <sub>N-1,PREV</sub>	no change
Cit	Load Latch	Х	H or L	<sup>1</sup> لا	no change	$LT_N = SR_N$
Transparent	Load Shift and Latch Registers	L/H	7		N=1: SR <sub>1,NEW</sub> = DIN N>1: SR <sub>N,NEW</sub> = SR <sub>N-1,PREV</sub>	N=1: $LT_1 = SR_{1,NEW}$ (DIN) N>1: $LT_N = SR_{N,NEW}$

<sup>1.</sup> The data is loaded in the latch once the signal reaches the L level, as it is level sensitive.



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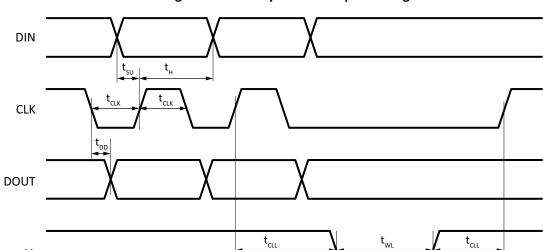


Figure 8: Serial Input Mode Input Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Clock frequency	f <sub>CLK</sub>			10		MHz
Clock width (high and low)	t <sub>CLK</sub>			50		ns
Data setup time before clock rising edge	t <sub>SU</sub>			25		ns
Data hold time after clock rising edge	t <sub>H</sub>			30		ns
Latch lock to CLK setup time	t <sub>CLL</sub>			100		ns
Latch write time	t <sub>WL</sub>			50		ns
Clock falling edge to DOUT	t <sub>DD</sub>			30		ns



## **PERFORMANCE GRAPHS**

Figure 9: One Low Output Transistor with Respect to Input Voltage and Power Dissipation

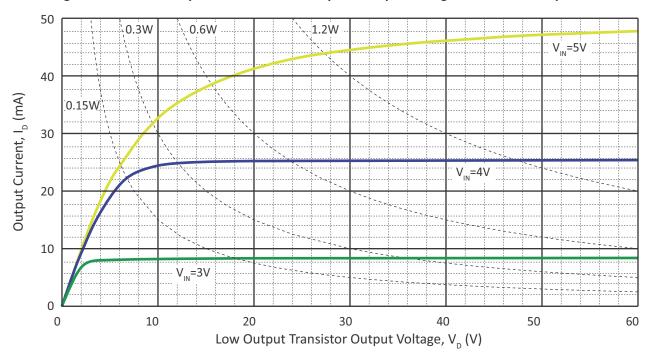
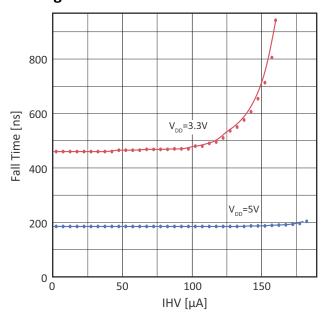


Figure 10: Rise Time vs IHV Current

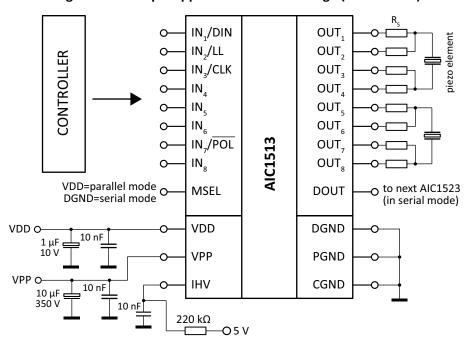
Figure 11: Fall Time vs IHV Current





### **APPLICATION**

Figure 12: Example application with full bridge (basic circuit)





OUT<sub>1</sub> IN₁/DIN piezo element IN<sub>2</sub>/LL OUT<sub>2</sub> CONTROLLER IN<sub>3</sub>/CLK OUT,  $IN_4$  $OUT_4$  $IN_5$ OUT,  $IN_6$ OUT<sub>6</sub>  $IN_{7}/\overline{POL}$ **AIC1513** OUT,  $IN_8$ OUT VDD=parallel mode O-DGND=serial mode O to next AIC1523 (in serial mode) DSEL DOUT VDD DGND VDD O-VPP **PGND** VPP O IHV CGND 10 μF 350 V Controller

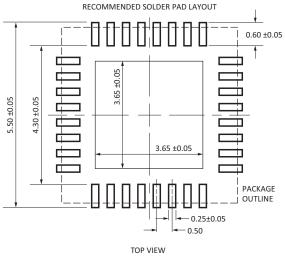
Figure 13: Example application with over current protection (basic circuit)



### **PACKAGE OPTIONS**

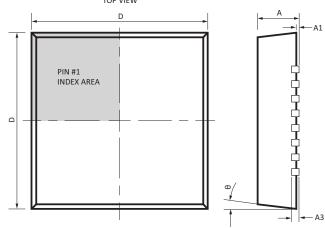
Part Number Apex Package Style		Description
AIC1513	ZK	32-pin VQFN package

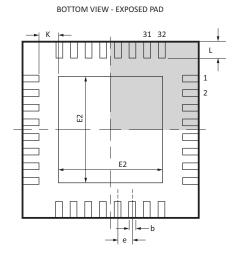
#### 32-PIN VQFN PACKAGE STYLE



#### NOTES:

- 1. DRAWING MO-220 (VHHD-4)
- 2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
- 3. ALL DIMENSIONS IN MM
- 4. EXPOSED PAD SHALL BE SOLDER PLATED
- 5. SHADED AREA FOR ILLUSTRATION ONLY





Symbol	Α	A1	А3	D	E2	е	b	L	К	θ
min	0.80	0			3.50		0.18	0.35	0.20	0°
nom	0.90	0.02	0.2	5.0	3.65	0.50	0.25	0.40		
max	1.00	0.05			3.80		0.30	0.45		14°

### **AIC1513**



#### **ESD PROTECTION**

The Requirements for Handling Electrostatic Discharge Sensitive Devices are described in the JEDEC standard JESD625-A. Please note the following recommendations:

- When handling the device, operators must be grounded by wearing a for the purpose designed grounded wrist strap with at least  $1M\Omega$  resistance and direct skin contact.
- Operators must at all times wear ESD protective shoes or the area should be surrounded by for ESD protection intended floor mats.
- Opening of the protective ESD package that the device is delivered in must only occur at a properly
  equipped ESD workbench. The tape with which the package is held together must be cut with a sharp cutting tool, never pulled or ripped off.
- Any unnecessary contact with the device or any unprotected conductive points should be avoided.
- Work only with qualified and grounded tools, measuring equipment, casing and workbenches.
- Outside properly protected ESD-areas the device or any electronic assembly that it may be part of should always be transported in EGB/ESD shielded packaging.

#### **STORAGE CONDITIONS**

The AIC1513 corresponds to moisture sensitivity classification MSL3, according to JEDEC standard J-STD-020, and should be handled and stored according to J-STD-033.

#### **NEED TECHNICAL HELP? CONTACT APEX SUPPORT!**

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