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## MAX86171

# Low-Noise AFE for Pulse Oximeter and Heart Rate Monitor

### General Description

The MAX86171 is an ultra-low-power optical data acquisition system with both transmit and receive channels. On the transmitter side, the MAX86171 has nine LED driver output pins, programmable from three high-current, 8-bit LED drivers. On the receiver side, MAX86171 has two low-noise charge integrating front-ends that each include independent 19.5 bit ADCs and best-in-class ambient light cancellation (ALC) circuits, producing the highest performing integrated optical data acquisition system on the market today.

Due to its low power consumption, compact size, ease and flexibility of use, the MAX86171 is ideal for a wide variety of optical sensing applications such as pulse-oximetry and heart-rate detection.

The MAX86171 operates on a 1.8V main supply voltage and a 3.1V to 5.5V LED driver supply voltage. The device supports both I<sup>2</sup>C and SPI compatible interfaces in a fully autonomous way. The device has a large 256-word built-in FIFO. The MAX86171 is available in a compact 28-bump WLP package.

### Applications

- Wearable Devices for Fitness, Wellness, and Medical Applications
- Clinical Accuracy
- Suitable for Wrist, Finger, Ear, and Other Locations
- Optimized Performance to Detect:
  - Optical Heart Rate
  - Heart-Rate Variability
  - Oxygen Saturation (SpO<sub>2</sub>)
  - Body Hydration
  - Muscle and Tissue Oxygen Saturation (SmO<sub>2</sub> and StO<sub>2</sub>)
  - Maximum Oxygen Consumption (VO<sub>2</sub> max)

### Benefits and Features

- Complete Dual-Channel Optical Data Acquisition System
- Ultra Low-Power Operation for Wearable Devices
  - Low-Power Operation, Optical Readout Channel < 11µA at 25 fps
  - Exposure Integration Period Ranging from 14.6µs to 117.1µs
  - Low Shutdown Current < 1µA
- Excellent Top-End Dynamic Range > 91dB in White Card Loop-Back Test (Nyquist Sample-to-Sample Variance)
- Extended Dynamic Range up to 110dB (Averaging and Off-Chip Filtering)
- Supports Frame Rates from 1fps to 2.9kfps
- High Resolution 19.5-Bit Charge Integrating ADCs
- Supports Four PD Inputs for Multi-Parameter Measurements
- Supports Nine LED Driver Output Pins Generated from Three 8-Bit LED Current Drivers
- Low Dark Current Noise of < 50pA RMS (Sample to Sample Variance in 117.1µs Integration Time)
- Excellent Ambient Range and Rejection Capability
  - > 200µA Ambient Photodiode Current
  - > 70dB Ambient Rejection at 120Hz (Average Mode > 2)
- Miniature 2.78mm x 1.71mm, 7 x 4, 0.35mm Ball Pitch WLP Package
- -40°C to +85°C Operating Temperature Range

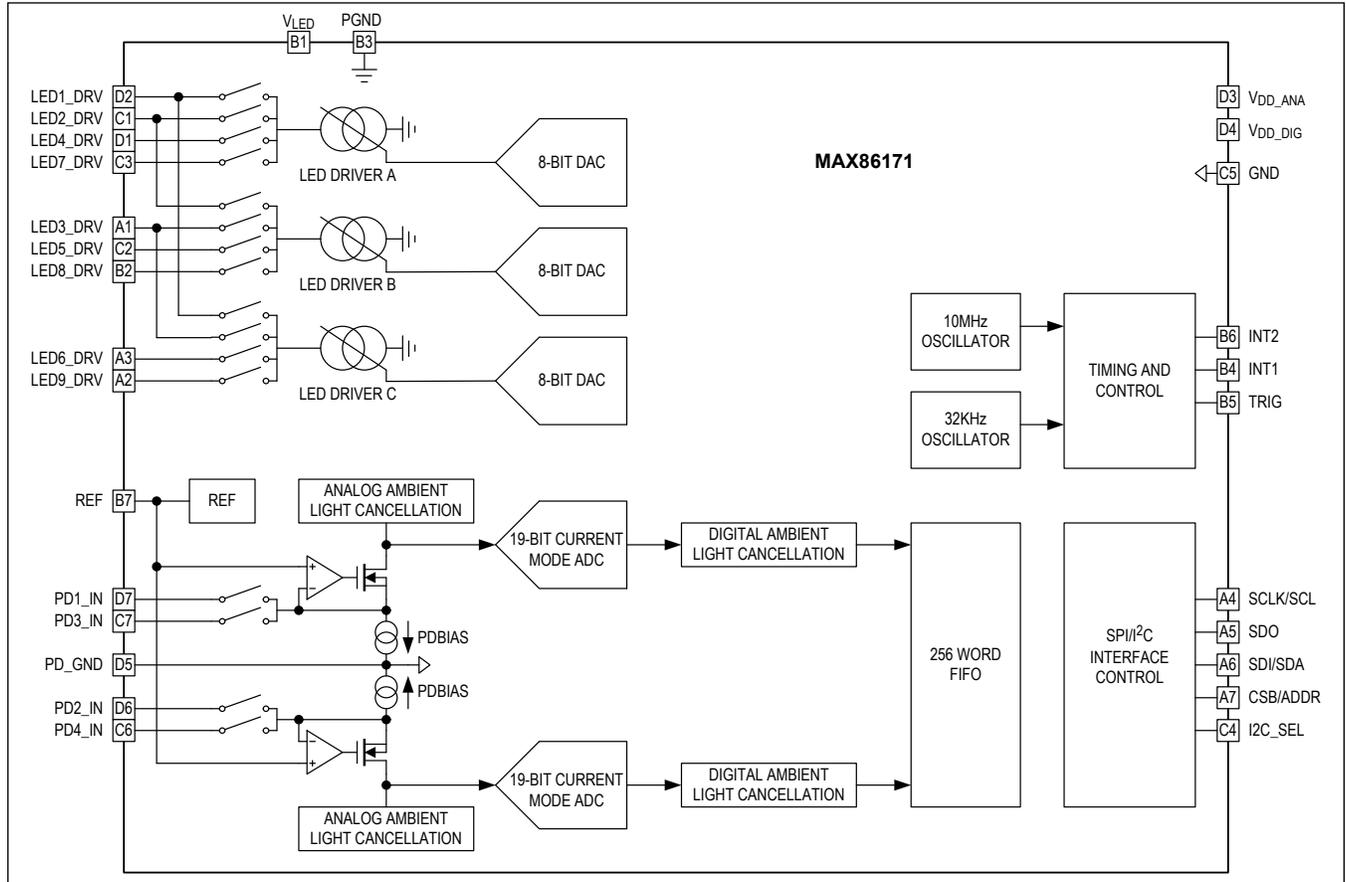
[Ordering Information](#) appears at end of data sheet.

19-100558; Rev 4; 6/22

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Simplified Block Diagram



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

|   |                                  |  |                 |
|---|----------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| V <sub>DD_ANA</sub> , V <sub>DD_DIG</sub> to GND              | -0.3V to +2.2V                   | Output Short-Circuit Duration  | Continuous      |
| V <sub>LED</sub> to PGND                                      | -0.3V to +6.0V                   | Continuous Input Current Into Any Pin (except LED <sub>x_DRV</sub> Pins) | ±50mA           |
| PGND to GND   | -0.3V to +0.3V                   | Continuous Power Dissipation (WLP) (derate 27.24mW/°C above +70°C)       | 357mW           |
| PD <sub>x_IN</sub> to GND                                     | -0.3V to +2.2V                   | Operating Temperature Range  | -40°C to +85°C  |
| PD_GND to GND   | -0.3V to +0.3V                   | Storage Temperature Range  | -40°C to +150°C |
| V <sub>REF</sub> to GND                                       | -0.3V to +2.2V                   | Soldering Temperature (reflow)   | +260°C          |
| LED <sub>x_DRV</sub> to PGND                                  | -0.3V to V <sub>LED</sub> + 0.3V |  |                 |
| SDO to GND  | -0.3V to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3V  |  |                 |
| SDI/SDA, SCLK/SCL, CSB/ADDR, I2C_SEL, INT1, INT2, TRIG to GND | -0.3V to +6.0V                   |  |                 |

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## Package Information

### 28-BUMP WLP

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Package Code                                | N281A2+1                                       |
| Outline Number                              | <a href="#">21-100259</a>                      |
| Land Pattern Number                         | Refer to <a href="#">Application Note 1891</a> |
| <b>THERMAL RESISTANCE, FOUR-LAYER BOARD</b> |  |
| Junction-to-Ambient ( $\theta_{JA}$ )       | 58.01°C/W                                      |

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to [www.maximintegrated.com/packages](http://www.maximintegrated.com/packages). Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to [www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial](http://www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial).

## Electrical Characteristics

(V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V, V<sub>LED</sub> = 5.0V, MEAS<sub>x\_PPGy\_ADC\_RGE</sub> = 16 $\mu$ A, FR\_CLK\_SEL = 0, FR\_CLK\_DIV = 32 (F<sub>FRAME</sub> = 1kfps), MEAS<sub>x\_TINT</sub> = 14.6 $\mu$ s, MEAS<sub>x\_LED\_SETLNG</sub> = 6 $\mu$ s, MEAS<sub>x\_LED\_RGE</sub> = 128mA, C<sub>PD</sub> = 65pF, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, min/max are from T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2, 3)

| PARAMETER                    | SYMBOL            | CONDITIONS                             | MIN | TYP  | MAX | UNITS   |
|------------------------------|-------------------|--|-----|------|-----|---------|
| <b>READOUT CHANNEL</b>       |                   |  |     |      |     |         |
| ADC Resolution               |                   |  |     | 19.5 |     | Bits    |
| ADC INL                      | INL <sub>RX</sub> | MEAS <sub>x_TINT</sub> = 117.1 $\mu$ s |     | ±10  |     | LSB     |
|                              |                   | MEAS <sub>x_TINT</sub> = 14.6 $\mu$ s  |     | ±40  |     |         |
| ADC DNL                      | DNL <sub>RX</sub> | MEAS <sub>x_TINT</sub> = 117.1 $\mu$ s |     | ±3   |     | LSB     |
|                              |                   | MEAS <sub>x_TINT</sub> = 14.6 $\mu$ s  |     | ±10  |     |         |
| ADC Full-Scale Input Current | I <sub>FS</sub>   | MEAS <sub>x_PPGy_ADC_RGE</sub> = 0x0   |     | 4.0  |     | $\mu$ A |
|                              |                   | MEAS <sub>x_PPGy_ADC_RGE</sub> = 0x1   |     | 8.0  |     |         |
|                              |                   | MEAS <sub>x_PPGy_ADC_RGE</sub> = 0x2   |     | 16.0 |     |         |
|                              |                   | MEAS <sub>x_PPGy_ADC_RGE</sub> = 0x3   |     | 32.0 |     |         |

**Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

( $V_{DD} = 1.8V$ ,  $V_{LED} = 5.0V$ ,  $MEASx\_PPGy\_ADC\_RGE = 16\mu A$ ,  $FR\_CLK\_SEL = 0$ ,  $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 32$  ( $F_{FRAME} = 1kfps$ ),  $MEASx\_TINT = 14.6\mu s$ ,  $MEASx\_LED\_SETLNG = 6\mu s$ ,  $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 128mA$ ,  $C_{PD} = 65pF$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , min/max are from  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2, 3)

| PARAMETER                           | SYMBOL               | CONDITIONS  | MIN                     | TYP     | MAX   | UNITS      |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------------|---------|-------|------------|
| ADC Integration Time                | $t_{INT}$            | $MEASx\_TINT = 0x0$   |                         | 14.6    |       | $\mu s$    |
|                                     |                      | $MEASx\_TINT = 0x1$   |                         | 29.2    |       |            |
|                                     |                      | $MEASx\_TINT = 0x2$   |                         | 58.6    |       |            |
|                                     |                      | $MEASx\_TINT = 0x3$   |                         | 117.1   |       |            |
| Minimum Free-Running Frame Rate     |                      |   | 1                       |         |       | FPS        |
| Maximum Free-Running Frame Rate     |                      |   |                         | 2978.9  |       | FPS        |
| Internal Frame-Rate Clock           | $f_{FRAME\_CLK}$     | $FR\_CLK\_SEL = 0$ , $T_A = 0^\circ C$ to $+50^\circ C$                                       | -1%                     | 32000   | +1%   | Hz         |
|                                     |                      | $FR\_CLK\_SEL = 1$ , $T_A = 0^\circ C$ to $+50^\circ C$                                       | -1%                     | 32768   | +1%   |            |
| TRIG External Frame-Clock Frequency | $f_{TRIG\_EXT\_CLK}$ |   | 31000                   |         | 34000 | Hz         |
| TRIG Pulse-Width                    | $t_{TRIG}$           |   | 1                       |         |       | $\mu s$    |
| Internal Power-Up Time              |                      |   |                         | 200     |       | $\mu s$    |
| Maximum DC Ambient Light Rejection  | ALR                  | $ALC\_OVF = 1$  |                         | 200     |       | $\mu A$    |
| Dynamic Ambient Light Rejection     |                      | $I_{EXPOSURE} = 1\mu A$ , $I_{AMBIENT} = 1\mu A$ DC with $\pm 0.4\mu A_{p-p}$ 120Hz sine wave |                         | 80      |       | dB         |
| DC Ambient Light Rejection          |                      | $I_{EXPOSURE} = 1\mu A$ , $I_{AMBIENT} = 1\mu A$ and $30\mu A$                                |                         | 0.5     |       | nA         |
| Dark Current Offset                 | DC_O                 | $ALC = ON$ , $PDX\_BIAS = 0x1$ , $MEASx\_TINT = 117.1\mu s$                                   |                         | $\pm 1$ |       | COUNTS     |
| Dark Current Input Referred Noise   |                      | $MEASx\_TINT = 14.6\mu s$   |                         | 212     |       | $pA_{RMS}$ |
|                                     |                      | $MEASx\_TINT = 29.2\mu s$   |                         | 150     |       |            |
|                                     |                      | $MEASx\_TINT = 58.6\mu s$   |                         | 106     |       |            |
|                                     |                      | $MEASx\_TINT = 117.1\mu s$  |                         | 75      |       |            |
| <b>LED DRIVER</b>                   |                      |   |                         |         |       |            |
| LED Current Resolution              |                      |   |                         | 8       |       | Bits       |
| Driver DNL                          | $DNL_{TX}$           | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x3$   | -1                      |         | +1    | LSB        |
| Driver INL                          | $INL_{TX}$           | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x3$   |                         | 1       |       | LSB        |
| Full-Scale LED Current              | $I_{LED}$            | $MEASx\_DRVy\_PA = 0xFF$  | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x0$ |         | 32    | mA         |
|                                     |                      |   | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x1$ |         | 64    |            |
|                                     |                      |   | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x2$ |         | 96    |            |
|                                     |                      |   | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x3$ | 116     | 128   |            |
| LED Driver Rise Time                |                      | $MEASx\_DRVy\_PA = 0xFF$ , 10% to 90%, all range settings                                     |                         |         | 3     | $\mu s$    |
| LED Driver Fall Time                |                      | $MEASx\_DRVy\_PA = 0xFF$ , 10% to 90%, all range settings                                     |                         |         | 3     | $\mu s$    |

**Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

( $V_{DD} = 1.8V$ ,  $V_{LED} = 5.0V$ ,  $MEASx\_PPGy\_ADC\_RGE = 16\mu A$ ,  $FR\_CLK\_SEL = 0$ ,  $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 32$  ( $F_{FRAME} = 1kfps$ ),  $MEASx\_TINT = 14.6\mu s$ ,  $MEASx\_LED\_SETLNG = 6\mu s$ ,  $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 128mA$ ,  $C_{PD} = 65pF$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , min/max are from  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2, 3)

| PARAMETER                                 | SYMBOL    | CONDITIONS   | MIN                     | TYP      | MAX  | UNITS     |
|---|-----------|--|-------------------------|----------|------|-----------|
| Minimum Output Voltage                    | $V_{OL}$  | $MEASx\_DRVy\_PA = 0xFF$ , <1% change in LED current   | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x0$ | 170      |      | mV        |
|   |           |  | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x1$ | 260      |      |           |
|   |           |  | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x2$ | 380      |      |           |
|   |           |  | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x3$ | 500      | 800  |           |
| LED Driver DC $V_{LED}$ PSR               |           | $MEASx\_DRVy\_PA = 0xFF$ , $V_{DD} = 1.8V$ , $V_{LEDx\_DRV} = 1.2V$ , $V_{LED} = 3.1V$ to 5.5V | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x0$ | $\pm 10$ |      | $\mu A/V$ |
|   |           |  | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x1$ | $\pm 11$ |      |           |
|   |           |  | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x2$ | $\pm 12$ |      |           |
|   |           |  | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x3$ | -200     | +200 |           |
| LED Driver Compliance Interrupt Threshold |           | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x0$  | 120                     | 148      | 180  | mV        |
|   |           | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x1$  | 260                     | 287      | 320  |           |
|   |           | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x2$  | 395                     | 425      | 460  |           |
|   |           | $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 0x3$  | 530                     | 560      | 600  |           |
| <b>POWER SUPPLY</b>                       |           |  |                         |          |      |           |
| Power-Supply Voltage                      | $V_{DD}$  | Verified during PSRR Test  | 1.7                     | 1.8      | 2.0  | V         |
| LED-Supply Voltage                        | $V_{LED}$ | Verified during PSRR Test  | 3.1                     |          | 5.5  | V         |

**Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

( $V_{DD} = 1.8V$ ,  $V_{LED} = 5.0V$ ,  $MEASx\_PPGy\_ADC\_RGE = 16\mu A$ ,  $FR\_CLK\_SEL = 0$ ,  $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 32$  ( $F_{FRAME} = 1kfps$ ),  $MEASx\_TINT = 14.6\mu s$ ,  $MEASx\_LED\_SETLNG = 6\mu s$ ,  $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 128mA$ ,  $C_{PD} = 65pF$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , min/max are from  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2, 3)

| PARAMETER                       | SYMBOL   | CONDITIONS   | MIN  | TYP | MAX  | UNITS |         |  |
|---------------------------------|----------|--|--|-----|------|-------|---------|--|
| Average $V_{DD}$ Supply Current | $I_{DD}$ | One Meas/Frame, $MEASx\_TINT = 14.6\mu s$ , $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 128mA$ , $MEASx\_DRVy\_PA = 0x7F$ , $FR\_CLK\_SEL = 1$ , $PPG1\_PWRDN = 0$ , $PPG2\_PWRDN = 1$  | $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 64$ ,<br>Frame Rate = 512fps |     | 120  | 160   | $\mu A$ |  |
|                                 |          |  | $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 512$ , Frame Rate = 64fps    |     | 24   |       |         |  |
|                                 |          |  | $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 4096$ , Frame Rate = 8fps    |     | 5    |       |         |  |
|                                 |          | Four Meas/Frame, $MEASx\_TINT = 14.6\mu s$ , $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 128mA$ , $MEASx\_DRVy\_PA = 0x7F$ , $FR\_CLK\_SEL = 1$ , $PPG1\_PWRDN = 0$ , $PPG2\_PWRDN = 1$ | $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 64$ ,<br>Frame Rate = 512fps |     | 373  | 448   |         |  |
|                                 |          |  | $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 512$ , Frame Rate = 64fps    |     | 48.5 |       |         |  |
|                                 |          |  | $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 4096$ , Frame Rate = 8fps    |     | 8.2  |       |         |  |
|                                 |          | One Meas/Frame, $MEASx\_TINT = 14.6\mu s$ , $MEASx\_LED\_REG = 128mA$ , $MEASx\_DRVy\_PA = 0x7F$ , $FR\_CLK\_SEL = 1$ , $PPG1\_PWRDN = 0$ , $PPG2\_PWRDN = 0$  | $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 64$ ,<br>Frame Rate = 512fps |     | 170  | 210   |         |  |
|                                 |          |  | $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 512$ , Frame Rate = 64fps    |     | 28   |       |         |  |
|                                 |          |  | $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 4096$ , Frame Rate = 8fps    |     | 5.5  |       |         |  |
|                                 |          | Four Meas/Frame, $MEASx\_TINT = 14.6\mu s$ , $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 128mA$ , $MEASx\_DRVy\_PA = 0x7F$ , $FR\_CLK\_SEL = 1$ , $PPG1\_PWRDN = 0$ , $PPG2\_PWRDN = 0$ | $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 64$ ,<br>Frame Rate = 512fps |     | 532  | 672   |         |  |
|                                 |          |  | $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 512$ , Frame Rate = 64fps    |     | 71   |       |         |  |
|                                 |          |  | $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 4096$ , Frame Rate = 8fps    |     | 9.7  |       |         |  |

**Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

( $V_{DD} = 1.8V$ ,  $V_{LED} = 5.0V$ ,  $MEASx\_PPGy\_ADC\_RGE = 16\mu A$ ,  $FR\_CLK\_SEL = 0$ ,  $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 32$  ( $F_{FRAME} = 1kfps$ ),  $MEASx\_TINT = 14.6\mu s$ ,  $MEASx\_LED\_SETLNG = 6\mu s$ ,  $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 128mA$ ,  $C_{PD} = 65pF$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , min/max are from  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2, 3)

| PARAMETER                                  | SYMBOL       | CONDITIONS  | MIN  | TYP   | MAX  | UNITS   |
|--|--------------|---|--|-------|------|---------|
| Average $V_{LED}$ Supply Current           | $I_{LED}$    | One LED/Frame, $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 128mA$ , $MEASx\_DRVy\_PA = 0x7F$ , $MEASx\_TINT = 14.6\mu s$ , $MEASx\_LED\_SETLNG = 1$ , $FR\_CLK\_SEL = 1$ , $PPG1\_PWRDN = 0$ , $PPG2\_PWRDN = 1$ | $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 64$ ,<br>Frame Rate = 512fps |       | 870  | $\mu A$ |
|  |              |   | $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 512$ , Frame Rate = 64fps    |       | 85   |         |
|  |              |   | $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 4096$ , Frame Rate = 8fps    |       | 10.6 |         |
| $V_{DD}$ Current in Shutdown               |              | $T_A = +25^\circ C$   |  | 0.85  | 3    | $\mu A$ |
| $V_{LED}$ Current in Shutdown              |              | $T_A = +25^\circ C$   |  |       | 0.5  | $\mu A$ |
| <b>DIGITAL I/O CHARACTERISTICS</b>         |              |   |  |       |      |         |
| Input Voltage Low                          | $V_{IL}$     | I2C_SEL, CSB/ADDR, SDI/SDA, SCLK/SCL, TRIG  |  |       | 0.4  | V       |
| Input Voltage High                         | $V_{IH}$     | I2C_SEL, CSB/ADDR, SDI/SDA, SCLK/SCL, TRIG  | 1.4  |       |      | V       |
| Input Hysteresis                           | $V_{HYS}$    | I2C_SEL, CSB/ADDR, SDI/SDA, SCLK/SCL, TRIG  |  | 430   |      | mV      |
| Input Capacitance                          | $C_{IN}$     | I2C_SEL, CSB/ADDR, SDI/SDA, SCLK/SCL, TRIG  |  | 10    |      | pF      |
| Input Leakage Current                      | $I_{IN}$     | I2C_SEL, CSB/ADDR, SDI/SDA, SCLK/SCL, TRIG, $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , $V_{IN} = 0V$ or $1.8V$   | -1   | +0.01 | +1   | $\mu A$ |
| Output-Low Voltage                         | $V_{OL}$     | SDO, INT1, INT2, SDI/SDA (in I2C mode), $I_{SINK} = 4mA$  |  |       | 0.4  | V       |
| Output-High Voltage                        | $V_{OH}$     | SDO, INT1, INT2, $I_{SOURCE} = 4mA$   | $V_{DD} - 0.4$                               |       |      | V       |
| Open-Drain Output-Low Voltage              | $V_{OL\_OD}$ | INT1_OCFG = INT2_OCFG = 0x0, $I_{SINK} = 4mA$   |  |       | 0.4  | V       |
| <b>SPI TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (Note 4)</b> |              |   |  |       |      |         |
| SCLK Frequency                             | $f_{SCLK}$   |   |  |       | 25   | MHz     |
| SCLK Period                                | $t_{CP}$     |   | 40   |       |      | ns      |
| SCLK Pulse-Width High                      | $t_{CH}$     |   | 18   |       |      | ns      |
| SCLK Pulse-Width Low                       | $t_{CL}$     |   | 18   |       |      | ns      |
| CSB Fall-to-SCLK Rise Setup Time           | $t_{CSS0}$   | Applies to 1 <sup>st</sup> SCLK rising edge after CSB goes low  | 20   |       |      | ns      |
| CSB Fall-to-SCLK Rise Hold Time            | $t_{CSH0}$   | Applies to inactive rising edge preceding 1 <sup>st</sup> rising edge   | 5  |       |      | ns      |

**Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

( $V_{DD} = 1.8V$ ,  $V_{LED} = 5.0V$ ,  $MEASx\_PPGy\_ADC\_RGE = 16\mu A$ ,  $FR\_CLK\_SEL = 0$ ,  $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 32$  ( $F_{FRAME} = 1kfps$ ),  $MEASx\_TINT = 14.6\mu s$ ,  $MEASx\_LED\_SETLNG = 6\mu s$ ,  $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 128mA$ ,  $C_{PD} = 65pF$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , min/max are from  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2, 3)

| PARAMETER   | SYMBOL        | CONDITIONS  | MIN           | TYP | MAX | UNITS   |
|---|---------------|---|---------------|-----|-----|---------|
| Last SCLK Rise to CSB Rise                            | $t_{CSH1}$    | Applies to last SCLK rising edge in a transaction                           | 20            |     |     | ns      |
| Last SCLK Rise to Next CSB Fall                       | $t_{CSF}$     | Applies to last SCLK rising edge to next CSB falling edge (new transaction) | 60            |     |     | ns      |
| CSB Pulse-Width High                                  | $t_{CSPW}$    |   | 40            |     |     | ns      |
| SDI to SCLK Rise Setup Time                           | $t_{DS}$      |   | 5             |     |     | ns      |
| SDI to SCLK Rise Hold Time                            | $t_{DH}$      |   | 5             |     |     | ns      |
| SCLK Fall to SDO Transition                           | $t_{DOT}$     | $C_{LOAD} = 30pF$   |               |     | 15  | ns      |
| CSB Fall to SDO Enabled                               | $t_{DOE}$     | $C_{LOAD} = 0pF$  | 10            |     |     | ns      |
| CSB Rise to SDO Hi-Z                                  | $t_{DOZ}$     | Disable Time  |               |     | 5   | ns      |
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (Note 4)</b> |               |   |               |     |     |         |
| I <sup>2</sup> C Write Address                        |               | ADDR = 0  |               | C8  |     | HEX     |
|   |               | ADDR = 1  |               | CA  |     |         |
| I <sup>2</sup> C Read Address                         |               | ADDR = 0  |               | C9  |     | HEX     |
|   |               | ADDR = 1  |               | CB  |     |         |
| Serial Clock Frequency                                | $f_{SCL}$     |   | 0             |     | 400 | kHz     |
| Bus Free-Time Between STOP and START Conditions       | $t_{BUF}$     |   | 1.3           |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| Hold Time START and Repeat START Condition            | $t_{HD\_STA}$ |   | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| SCL Pulse-Width Low                                   | $t_{LOW}$     |   | 1.3           |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| SCL Pulse-Width High                                  | $t_{HIGH}$    |   | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| Setup Time for a Repeated START Condition             | $t_{SU\_STA}$ |   | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| Data Hold Time  | $t_{HD\_DAT}$ |   | 0             |     | 900 | ns      |
| Data Setup Time                                       | $t_{SU\_DAT}$ |   | 100           |     |     | ns      |
| Setup Time for STOP Condition                         | $t_{SU\_STO}$ |   | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| Pulse-Width of Suppressed Spike                       | $t_{SP}$      |   | 0             |     | 50  | ns      |
| Bus Capacitance                                       | CB            |   |               |     | 400 | pF      |
| SDA and SCL Receiving Rise Time                       | $t_R$         |   | 20 +<br>0.1CB |     | 300 | ns      |
| SDA and SCL Receiving Fall Time                       | $t_F$         |   | 20 +<br>0.1CB |     | 300 | ns      |

**Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

( $V_{DD} = 1.8V$ ,  $V_{LED} = 5.0V$ ,  $MEASx\_PPGy\_ADC\_RGE = 16\mu A$ ,  $FR\_CLK\_SEL = 0$ ,  $FR\_CLK\_DIV = 32$  ( $F_{FRAME} = 1kfps$ ),  $MEASx\_TINT = 14.6\mu s$ ,  $MEASx\_LED\_SETLNG = 6\mu s$ ,  $MEASx\_LED\_RGE = 128mA$ ,  $C_{PD} = 65pF$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , min/max are from  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2, 3)

| PARAMETER                  | SYMBOL   | CONDITIONS | MIN           | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|----------------------------|----------|------------|---------------|-----|-----|-------|
| SDA Transmitting Fall Time | $t_{TF}$ |            | 20 +<br>0.1CB |     | 300 | ns    |

**Note 1:** All devices are 100% production tested at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ . Specifications over temperature limits are guaranteed by Maxim Integrated's bench or proprietary automated test equipment (ATE) characterization.

**Note 2:** Definitions of terms:

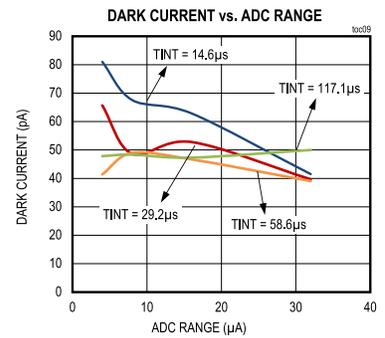
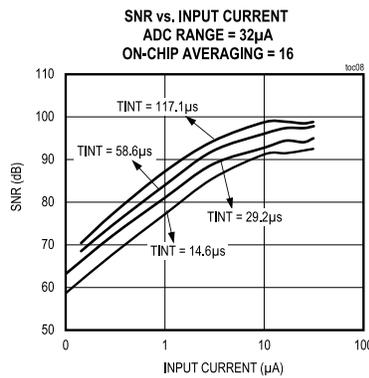
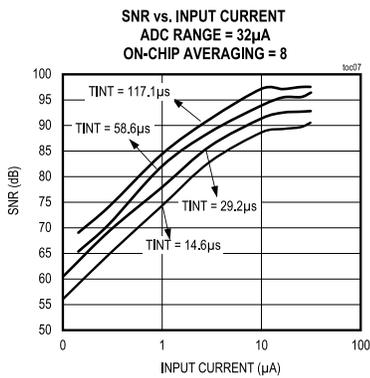
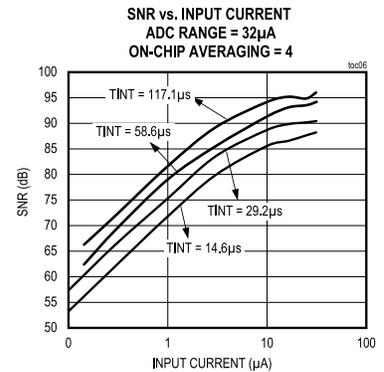
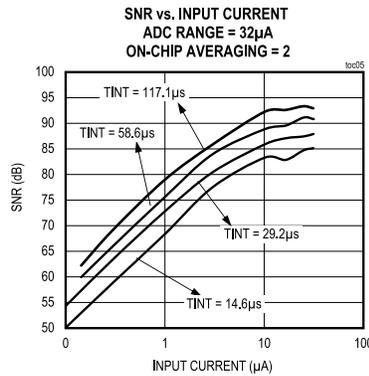
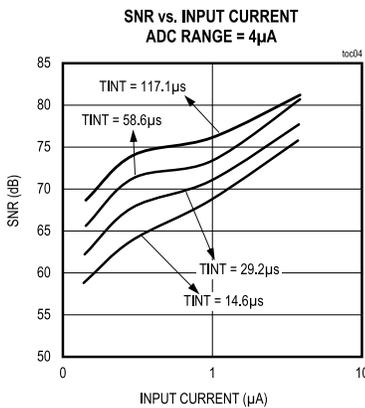
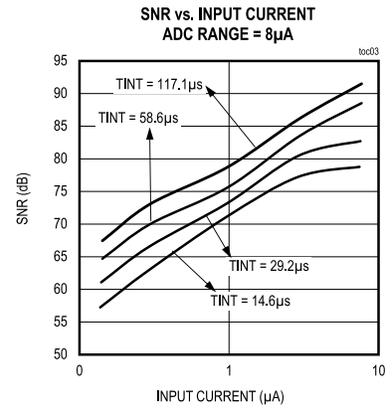
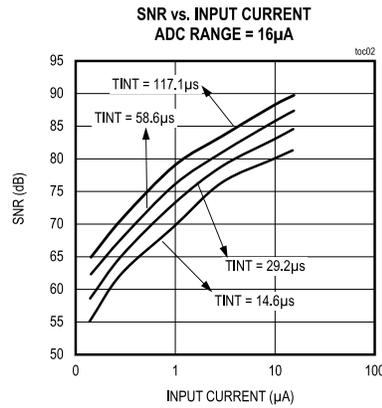
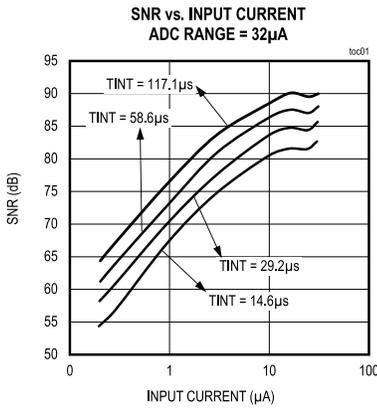
1. Frame = All measurements made during a particular wake-up interval.
2. Measurement = Ambient light corrected output.

**Note 3:** All other register settings assumed to be PORb defaults, unless otherwise noted.

**Note 4:** For design guidance only. Not production tested.

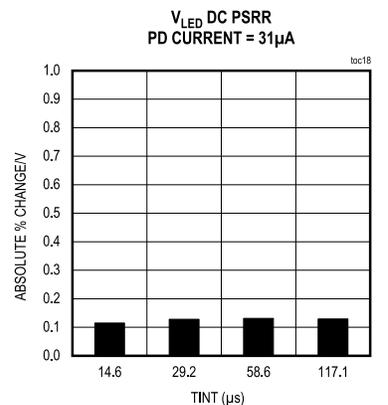
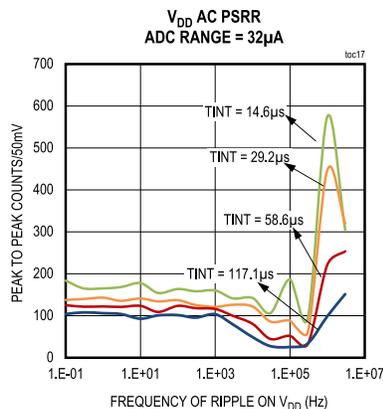
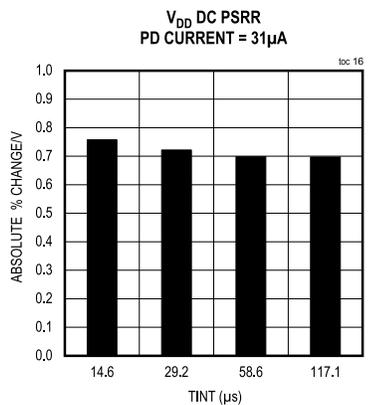
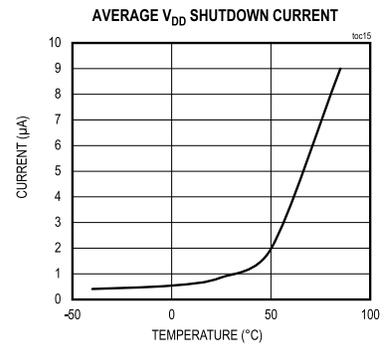
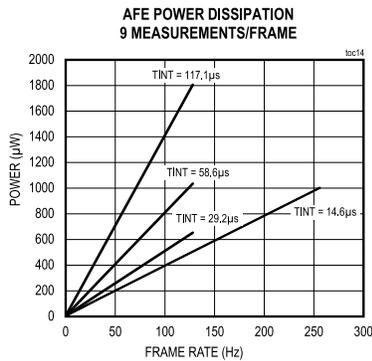
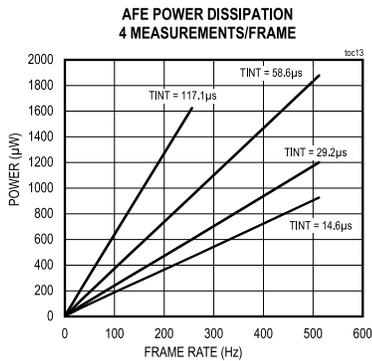
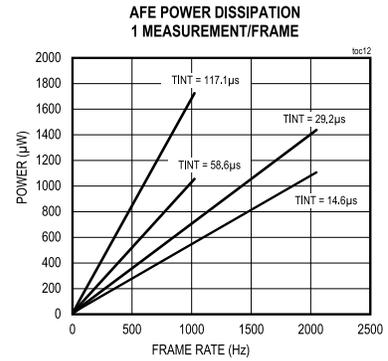
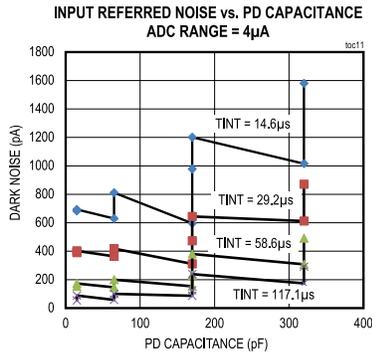
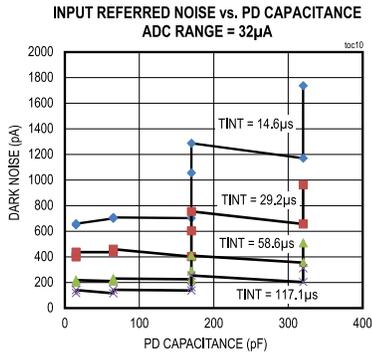
Typical Operating Characteristics

( $V_{DD} = 1.8V$ ,  $V_{LED} = 5.0V$ ,  $GND = PGND = 0V$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)



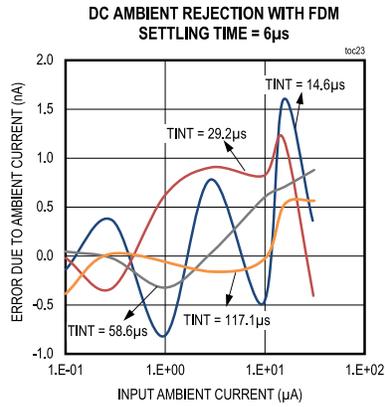
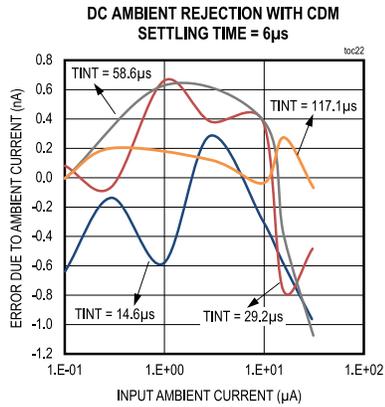
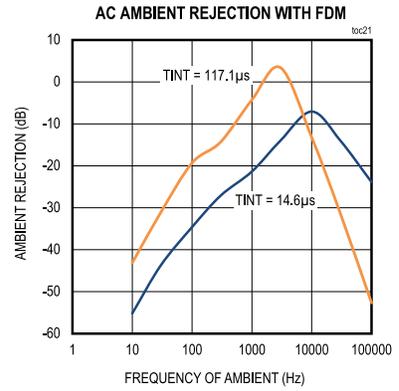
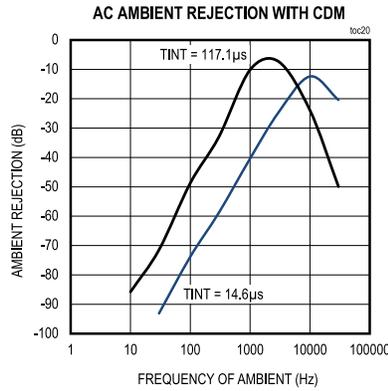
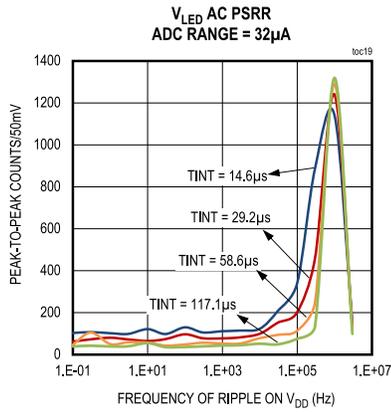
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 1.8V$ ,  $V_{LED} = 5.0V$ ,  $GND = PGND = 0V$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)



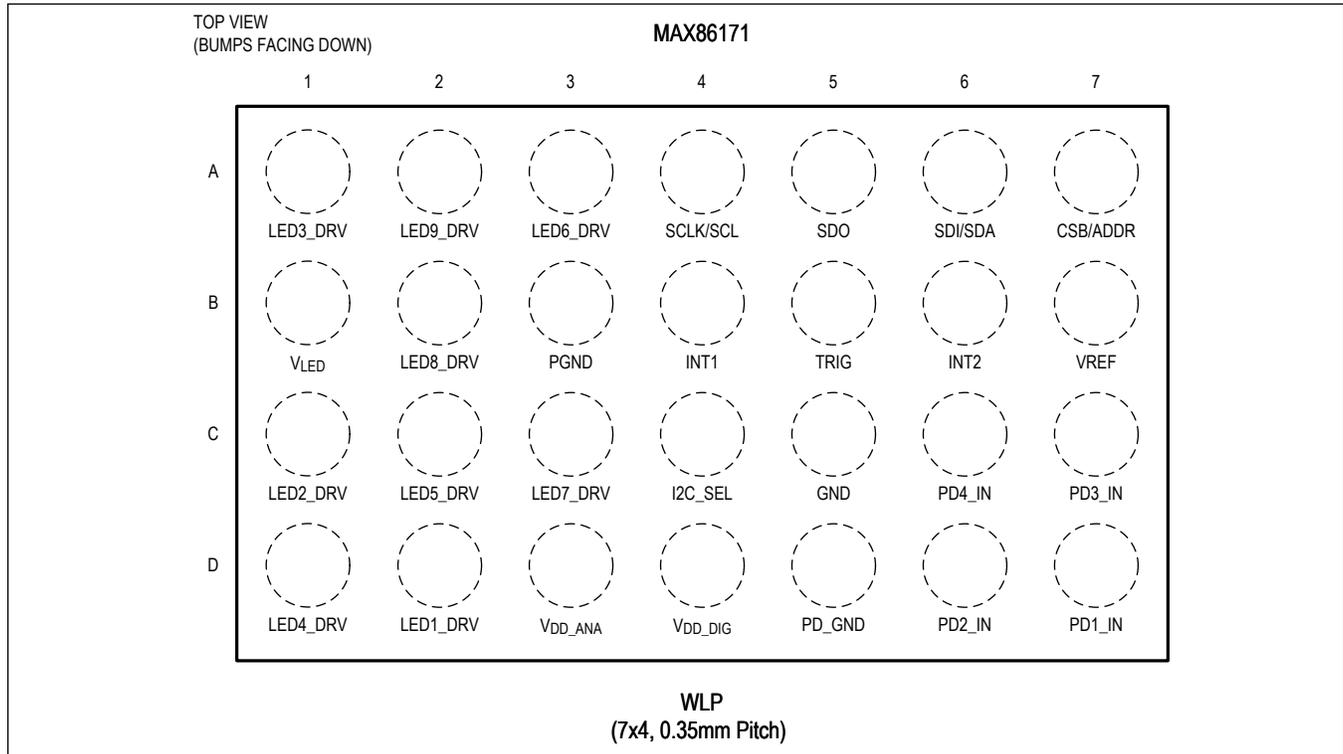
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 1.8V$ ,  $V_{LED} = 5.0V$ ,  $GND = PGND = 0V$ ,  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)



## Pin Configuration

### MAX86171



## Pin Description

| PIN                      | NAME                | FUNCTION  |
|--------------------------|---------------------|---|
| <b>POWER</b>             |                     |   |
| D3                       | V <sub>DD_ANA</sub> | Analog Power Supply. Connect to an externally regulated supply. Bypass to GND with a 0.1µF and 10µF capacitor as close to the bump as possible.   |
| D4                       | V <sub>DD_DIG</sub> | Digital Power Supply. Connect to an externally regulated supply. Bypass to GND with a 0.1µF and 10µF capacitor as close to the bump as possible.  |
| C5                       | GND                 | Main Power Supply Return. Connect to PCB Ground. Refer to the <a href="#">PCB Layout Guidelines Section</a> for more information.   |
| B1                       | V <sub>LED</sub>    | LED Power Supply Input. In a configuration with more than one LED supply, connect V <sub>LED</sub> to the highest LED supply voltage. Bypass with a 10µF capacitor to PGND.                     |
| B3                       | PGND                | LED Power Return. Connect to PCB Ground. Refer to the <a href="#">PCB Layout Guidelines Section</a> for more information.   |
| <b>CONTROL INTERFACE</b> |                     |   |
| A4                       | SCLK/SCL            | SPI Clock/I <sup>2</sup> C Clock  |
| A5                       | SDO                 | SPI Data Output. Tie to GND or V <sub>DD</sub> when this pin is not used.   |
| A6                       | SDI/SDA             | SPI Data Input/I <sup>2</sup> C Data  |
| A7                       | CSB/ADDR            | SPI Chip Select Input/I <sup>2</sup> C Device Address Selector.   |
| C4                       | I2C_SEL             | Input to Select I <sup>2</sup> C or SPI Mode. When I2C_SEL is active (high) the interface operates in I <sup>2</sup> C mode. When I2C_SEL is inactive (low) the interface operates in SPI mode. |

## Pin Description (continued)

| PIN                 | NAME     | FUNCTION  |
|---------------------|----------|---|
| B5                  | TRIG     | External Clock or Start of Conversion Trigger Input. Tie to GND or $V_{DD}$ when this pin is not used.  |
| B6                  | INT2     | Interrupt 2 Output. When not used, this pin can be left unconnected.  |
| B4                  | INT1     | Interrupt 1 Output. When not used, this pin can be left unconnected.  |
| <b>OPTICAL PINS</b> |          |   |
| D7                  | PD1_IN   | Photodiode Cathode Input. PPG1_PDSEL = 0. When not used, this pin can be left unconnected.  |
| D6                  | PD2_IN   | Photodiode Cathode Input. PPG2_PDSEL = 0. When not used, this pin can be left unconnected.  |
| C7                  | PD3_IN   | Photodiode Cathode Input. PPG1_PDSEL = 1. When not used, this pin can be left unconnected.  |
| C6                  | PD4_IN   | Photodiode Cathode Input. PPG2_PDSEL = 1. When not used, this pin can be left unconnected.  |
| D5                  | PD_GND   | Photodiode Anode. Star connect to PCB Ground near the MAX86171. Use the PD_GND node to shield the PDX_IN nodes.   |
| D2                  | LED1_DRV | LED Output Pin 1. Driven from LED driver A and C. Connect the LED cathode to LED1_DRV and its anode to the $V_{LED}$ supply. When not used, this pin can be left unconnected. |
| C1                  | LED2_DRV | LED Output Pin 2. Driven from LED driver A and B. Connect the LED cathode to LED2_DRV and its anode to the $V_{LED}$ supply. When not used, this pin can be left unconnected. |
| A1                  | LED3_DRV | LED Output Pin 3. Driven from LED driver B and C. Connect the LED cathode to LED3_DRV and its anode to the $V_{LED}$ supply. When not used, this pin can be left unconnected. |
| D1                  | LED4_DRV | LED Output Pin 4. Driven from LED driver A. Connect the LED cathode to LED4_DRV and its anode to the $V_{LED}$ supply. When not used, this pin can be left unconnected.       |
| C2                  | LED5_DRV | LED Output Pin 5. Driven from LED driver B. Connect the LED cathode to LED5_DRV and its anode to the $V_{LED}$ supply. When not used, this pin can be left unconnected.       |
| A3                  | LED6_DRV | LED Output Pin 6. Driven from LED driver C. Connect the LED cathode to LED6_DRV and its anode to the $V_{LED}$ supply. When not used, this pin can be left unconnected.       |
| C3                  | LED7_DRV | LED Output Pin 7. Driven from LED driver A. Connect the LED cathode to LED7_DRV and its anode to the $V_{LED}$ supply. When not used, this pin can be left unconnected.       |
| B2                  | LED8_DRV | LED Output Pin 8. Driven from LED driver B. Connect the LED cathode to LED8_DRV and its anode to the $V_{LED}$ supply. When not used, this pin can be left unconnected.       |
| A2                  | LED9_DRV | LED Output Pin 9. Driven from LED driver C. Connect the LED cathode to LED9_DRV and its anode to the $V_{LED}$ supply. When not used, this pin can be left unconnected.       |
| <b>REFERENCE</b>    |          |   |
| B7                  | VREF     | Internal Reference Decoupling Point. Bypass with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor to PCB Ground.   |

## Detailed Description

The MAX86171 is a complete integrated optical data-acquisition system, ideal for various applications including optical pulse-oximetry and heart-rate detection applications. It is designed for the demanding requirements of mobile and wearable devices and requires minimal external hardware components for integration into a wearable device. It includes high-resolution optical readout signal processing channels with robust ambient light cancellation and high current LED driver DACs to form a complete optical readout signal chain.

The MAX86171 is fully adjustable through software registers and the digital output data is stored in a 256-word FIFO. The FIFO allows the MAX86171 to be connected to a microcontroller or processor on a shared bus, I<sup>2</sup>C, or SPI depending on hardware selection on the I2C\_SEL pin. It operates in fully autonomous mode for low-power battery applications. For wearables with compact optical architectures, refer to MAX86170A and MAX86170B that can support 6/4 LEDs and 4/2 PDs.

The MAX86171 incorporates dual optical readout channels that operate simultaneously. The MAX86171 has three LED drivers. With the built-in MUX and control logic on the chip, the MAX86171 can support up to Nine LEDs and Four PDs. It is well suited for a wide variety of optical sensing applications.

The MAX86171 operates on a 1.8V main supply voltage, with a separate 3.1V to 5.5V LED driver power supply. This device has flexible exposure, timing, and shutdown configurations as well as control of individual blocks so that an optimized measurement can be made at minimum power levels.

## Optical Transmitter Overview

The MAX86171 has three independent precision LED current drivers that are muxed to Nine LED driver pins. Three LED current DACs modulate LED pulses for a variety of optical measurements. The three LED current DACs have an 8-bit dynamic range with four programmable full-scale range settings of 32mA, 64mA, 96mA, and 128mA. The three current drivers, DRVA, DRVB, and DRVC, is connected to four of the LED driver pins through a mux according to [Table 1](#). The MEASx Selects registers define how each LED driver is connected for that particular measurement. Thus, the configuration of the LED drivers can be uniquely set for each measurement. Each measurement can drive one, two, or all three LED drivers.

**Table 1. LED DRIVER AND LED MUX CONFIGURATION**

| MEASx_DRVA |              | MEASx_DRVB |              | MEASx_DRVC |              |
|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| Code       | LEDx_DRV Pin | Code       | LEDx_DRV Pin | Code       | LEDx_DRV Pin |
| 00         | LED1_DRV     | 00         | LED2_DRV     | 00         | LED1_DRV     |
| 01         | LED2_DRV     | 01         | LED3_DRV     | 01         | LED3_DRV     |
| 10         | LED4_DRV     | 10         | LED5_DRV     | 10         | LED6_DRV     |
| 11         | LED7_DRV     | 11         | LED8_DRV     | 11         | LED9_DRV     |

This configuration of LED driver and LED mux is highly flexible, allowing for any of the Nine LED driver pins to sink up to 128mA. Additionally LED1\_DRV, LED2\_DRV, and LED3\_DRV can combine two LED drivers to get a total of 256mA per pin in a given measurement. [Table 2](#) also lists which of the three LED drivers can be connected to which of the Nine LED driver pins.

**Table 2. LED DRIVERS TO LED\_DRV PIN MAPPING**

|              | LED1_DRV | LED2_DRV | LED3_DRV | LED4_DRV | LED5_DRV | LED6_DRV | LED7_DRV | LED8_DRV | LED9_DRV |
|--------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| LED Driver A | x        | x        |          | x        |          |          | x        |          |          |
| LED Driver B |          | x        | x        |          | x        |          |          | x        |          |
| LED Driver C | x        |          | x        |          |          | x        |          |          | x        |

**Table 2. LED DRIVERS TO LED\_DRV PIN MAPPING (continued)**

|  | LED1_DRV | LED2_DRV | LED3_DRV | LED4_DRV | LED5_DRV | LED6_DRV | LED7_DRV | LED8_DRV | LED9_DRV |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>Total Possible Driver</b>           | 2        | 2        | 2        | 1        | 1        | 1        | 1        | 1        | 1        |
| <b>Total Possible Max Current (mA)</b> | 256      | 256      | 256      | 128      | 128      | 128      | 128      | 128      | 128      |

The three LED current DAC/Mux combinations are low-dropout current sources allowing for low-noise, power-supply independent LED currents to be sourced at the lowest supply voltage possible; thus, minimizing LED power consumption. The four full-scale range settings are provided to allow for a trade-off between LED driver noise,  $V_{LED}$  power supply rejection, and dropout voltage on the pins. [Table 3](#) illustrates this trade-off.

**Table 3. LED DRIVER FULL-SCALE RANGE TRADE-OFF**

| FULL-SCALE RANGE (mA) | LED DAC RESOLUTION LED CURRENT FOR 1 LSB (mV) | RECOMMENDED MINIMUM $V_{LEDx\_DRV}$ (mV) | PEAK LOOP-BACK SNR (dB) |
|-----------------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| 32                    | 0.125   | 300                                      | 84                      |
| 64                    | 0.250   | 500                                      | 88                      |
| 96                    | 0.375   | 700                                      | 90                      |
| 128                   | 0.500   | 900                                      | 91                      |

### Optical Receiver Overview

The optical path in MAX86171 is composed of a front-end photodiode biasing circuit with an analog ambient light cancellation (ALC) sample and hold circuit that nulls the ambient light photodiode current at the input of the ADC. This front-end biasing circuit is followed by a current integrating, continuous-time sigma-delta ADC with a proprietary discrete time filter. This discrete time filter uses multiple dark and exposure optical samples to generate an accurate 20-bit effective exposure output signal with excellent low- and high-frequency ambient light rejection.

This combination of analog circuits and back-end digital filtering helps reduce shifts due to ambient light variations. An exposure signal varies less than 0.5nA, on a homogenous photodiode with ambient light variations from 0 $\mu$ A to over 30 $\mu$ A, or over 95dB of DC rejection, all but eliminating issues in high-intensity outdoor lighting conditions. This level of ambient light cancellation is maintained under indoor lighting conditions with over 70dB of rejection at line (mains) rate, 100Hz and 120Hz. In addition back-end filtering also suppresses the high rate of modulation of newer compact fluorescent and LED lighting as well.

The MAX86171 incorporates dual optical-signal paths and has Four PD input pins. Configured by MEASx\_PPGy\_PDSEL (x = 1...9, y = 1, 2) in each measurement, the on-chip mux switches two of four PDs to these two independent optical signal paths so that two PDs are able to operate simultaneously. Refer to [Figure 1](#).

Each optical signal path supports four full-scale range settings of 4 $\mu$ A, 8 $\mu$ A, 16 $\mu$ A, and 32 $\mu$ A set in the MEASx\_PPGy\_ADC\_RGE (x = 1 to 9, y = 1, 2) field. Also supported are four options of integration times, which effectively modulate the optical channel bandwidth, allowing for a trade-off between light energy consumed and PPG signal quality. Each optical signal path also incorporates a 2-bit offset DAC for extending the optical dynamic range. This is especially useful under certain conditions that occur when attempting to limit the exposure LED current level (red shift in SpO<sub>2</sub> for example). The optical paths also support multiple photodiode and LED settling times in order to support flexible multiparameter measurements for different types of photodiode/LED wavelength combinations.

Most significantly, each MAX86171 signal path supports up to nine unique combinations of the above configurations to be defined and easily enabled and disabled as needed; the goal is to allow a single optical AFE to support multiple optical measurements in a compact, energy efficient design.

The MAX86171 supports both internally timed frame rates and externally triggered frames. The internally timed frame

rate uses an on-chip generated 32768Hz/32000Hz clock from a low-power oscillator paired with a programmable divider. Frame rates of  $32768/N$  or  $32000/N$  where  $N = 11$  to 32786 are directly programmable. The on-chip oscillator can also be fine tuned (register 0x15) to support thermal compensation. In addition, the MAX86171 allows for externally defined frame rates with either an external frame trigger input or an external 32768Hz/32000Hz clock input and the on-chip divider.

The MAX86171 operates in a dynamic power-down mode, always powering down between frames; thus, minimizing power consumption. For more details on the power consumption at various frame rates, refer to the [Electrical Characteristics](#) table.

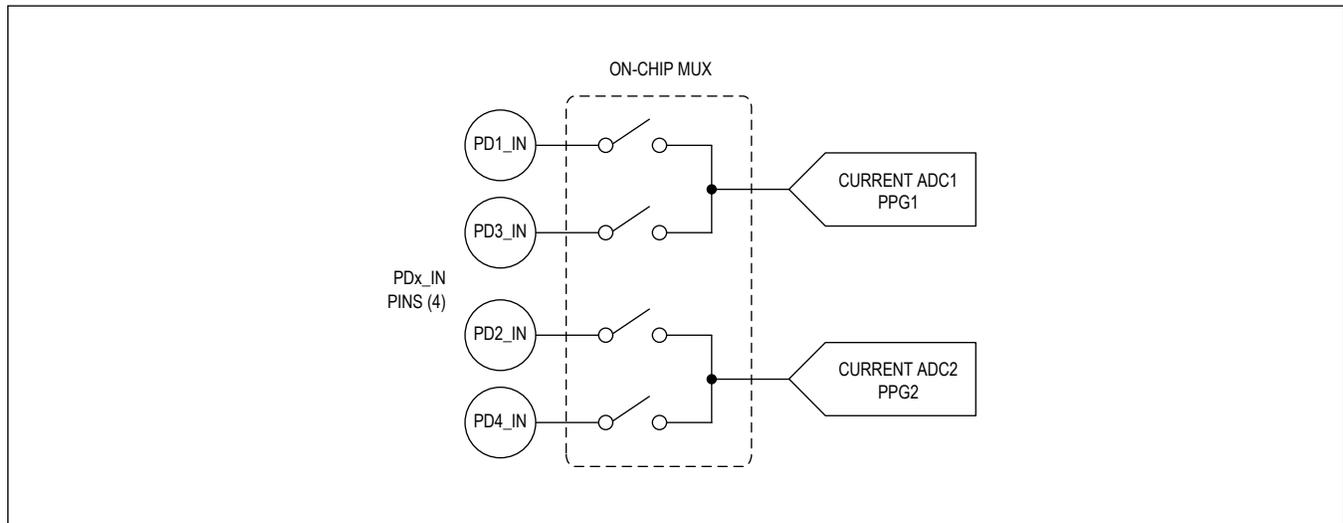


Figure 1. On-Chip Mux for the PDX\_IN Pins

## Synchronization Modes

The MAX86171 supports three modes of frame rate controls. These are internally timed frame rates through an internal oscillator and divider, externally timed frame rates through an external frame trigger input, and externally timed frame rates through an external frame timing clock and the internal frame clock divider.

### SYNC\_MODE = 0x0 Internal Frame Oscillator and Divider Mode

SYNC\_MODE = 0x0 is the free running mode of operation. In this mode, the MAX86171 uses the internal frame rate oscillator ( $f_{\text{FRAME\_CLK}}$ ) and the internal user programmable divider (FR\_CLK\_DIV) to set the time between measurement instances or the frame rate. The FR\_CLK\_DIV register can be set to any value between 11 and 32768; thus, allowing a large variety of frame rates to be programmed. In addition, the internal oscillator ( $f_{\text{FRAME\_CLK}}$ ) can be set to one of two primary values, 32000Hz with the FR\_CLK\_SEL bit = 0 or 32768Hz with the FR\_CLK\_SEL bit = 1. This feature allows additional flexibility in the user-defined frame rate.

The MAX86171 also offers a fine adjust feature (FR\_CLK\_FINE\_TUNE), which can be used in combination with a highly stable crystal-based real-time clock (RTC) oscillator in the host microcontroller to trim out the drift of the on-chip  $f_{\text{FRAME\_CLK}}$  oscillator. By counting the time between MAX86171 generated interrupts using the microcontroller based RTC, it is possible to compute the error in the  $f_{\text{FRAME\_CLK}}$  oscillator and trim that error to within  $\pm 0.2\%$  of the microcontroller based RTC.

### SYNC\_MODE = 0x1 External Frame Trigger Input Mode

SYNC\_MODE = 0x1 enables the TRIG input pin to be a start for frame sync signal. On either the falling edge (TRIG\_ICFG = 0) or the rising edge (TRIG\_ICFG = 1) of the TRIG input, the MAX86171 begins a measurement frame. This frame includes powering up and then executing each enabled measurement from MEAS1 to MEAS9.

### SYNC\_MODE = 0x2 External Frame Clock Input

SYNC\_MODE = 0x2 enables the TRIG input to be an external frame clock input. This input clock effectively replaces

the MAX86171 internal frame clock ( $f_{\text{FRAME\_CLK}}$ ) for the purpose of setting the time between start of frame wake-up periods. The MAX86171 uses the FR\_CLK\_DIV register value to divide this external clock input in order to generate the start of frame wake-up period. However, the stability of frame rate is driven entirely by the external frame clock input.

This mode is useful when the microcontroller can output a 32kHz crystal-based clock. This mode can also be used to lock other sensors together through this same oscillator.

### Photodiode Biasing

The MAX86171 provides three photodiode biasing options to support a large range of photodiode capacitance. Each photodiode input can have a separate bias setting; thus, allowing for different photodiodes to be accommodated. The PDx\_BIAS values adjust the PDx\_IN bias point impedance to ensure that the Photodiode settles rapidly enough to support the signal timing.

**Table 4. Recommended PD BIAS Values Based on Photodiode Capacitance**

| PDx_BIAS[1:0] | PHOTODIODE CAPACITANCE (pF) |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| 00            | x                           |
| 01            | 0 to 125                    |
| 10            | 125 to 250                  |
| 11            | 250 to 500                  |

x = Do not use

The PDx\_BIAS value impacts the dark current noise of the MAX86171. The relationship between PDx\_BIAS and noise with increasing Photodiode capacitance is illustrated in TOC10 and TOC11 in the [Typical Operating Characteristics](#) section. Because of the increased noise with PDx\_BIAS setting, the lowest recommended PDx\_BIAS value should be used for a given Photodiode capacitance.

### Measurement Configuration and Timing

The MAX86171 optical controller is capable of being configured to make a variety of measurements.

The controller can be configured to pulse one, two or three LED drivers sequentially to make measurements at multiple wavelengths as is done in pulse oximetry measurements or simultaneously to drive multiple LEDs as is done with heart rate measurements on the wrist.

Each LED exposure is ambient light compensated. The controller is also configurable to measure the direct ambient level for every exposure. The direct ambient measurement can be used to adjust the LED-drive level to compensate for increased noise levels when high interfering ambient signals are present.

**Frame:** Frame is a collection of measurements that can have a minimum of 1 measurement and a maximum of 9 measurements.

**Frame Rate:** This is similar to sampling rate of a system. Frame rate defines how frequently a frame is repeated.

The optical timing diagrams in [Figure 2](#), [Figure 3](#), [Figure 4](#), [Figure 5](#), and [Figure 6](#) illustrate several possible measurement configurations.

### Measurement Configuration

A measurement is essentially one optical sample from one or more LEDs in a single channel configuration and two optical samples in a dual channel configuration. MAX86171 supports nine individual measurements, each of which can be configured independently. Each measurement can be configured in the MEASx registers. These registers help set up a varied set of parameters as outlined by the list below.

These parameters can be configured on a per measurement basis:

- Connections of each of the three LED Drivers to one of the Nine LEDx\_DRV pins
- Connection of each of two channels to one of two possible PDs on either channel
- LED driver range and drive currents
- LED settling time
- PD settling time

- Number of averages of each measurement
- Ambient rejection scheme (CDM or FDM)
- Decimation filter selection (COI or SINC3)
- ADC integration time
- ADC range for each channel
- DAC offset for each channel

### One Measurement: CDM, No Averaging

The optical timing diagram in [Figure 2](#) represents one measurement with only one LED driver active in central difference method (CDM) mode. No averaging is used.

As seen in [Figure 2](#) only MEASn\_DRVA is pulsing during the exposure time.

This timing mode would be used when heart rate is being measured with a single LED. In this mode, three conversions (CDM1, CDM2, and CDM3) occur. The two ambient samples, CDM1 and CDM3, are used for ambient light cancellation. The exposure sample CDM2 will appear in the FIFO as a single optical-sampled value after ambient cancellation.

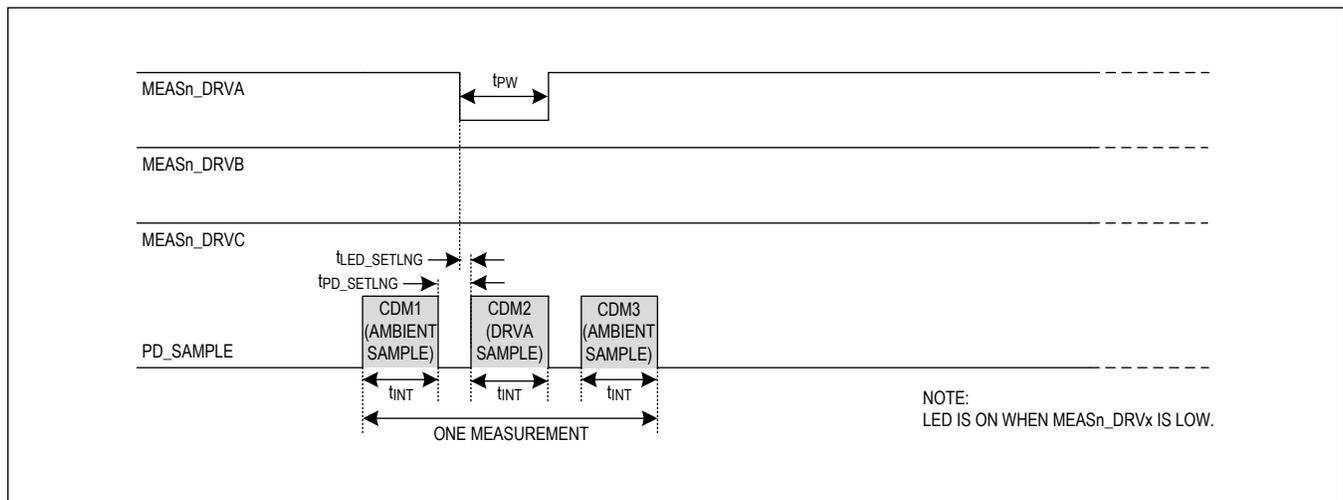


Figure 2. Measurement with CDM

### One Measurement with FDM

The optical timing diagram in [Figure 3](#) represents DRVB pulsing with forward difference method (FDM) mode enabled. In this mode, two conversions (FDM1 and FDM2) occur. The ambient sample FDM1 is only used for ambient cancellation. The exposure sample FDM2 appears in the FIFO as a single optical sampled value after ambient cancellation.

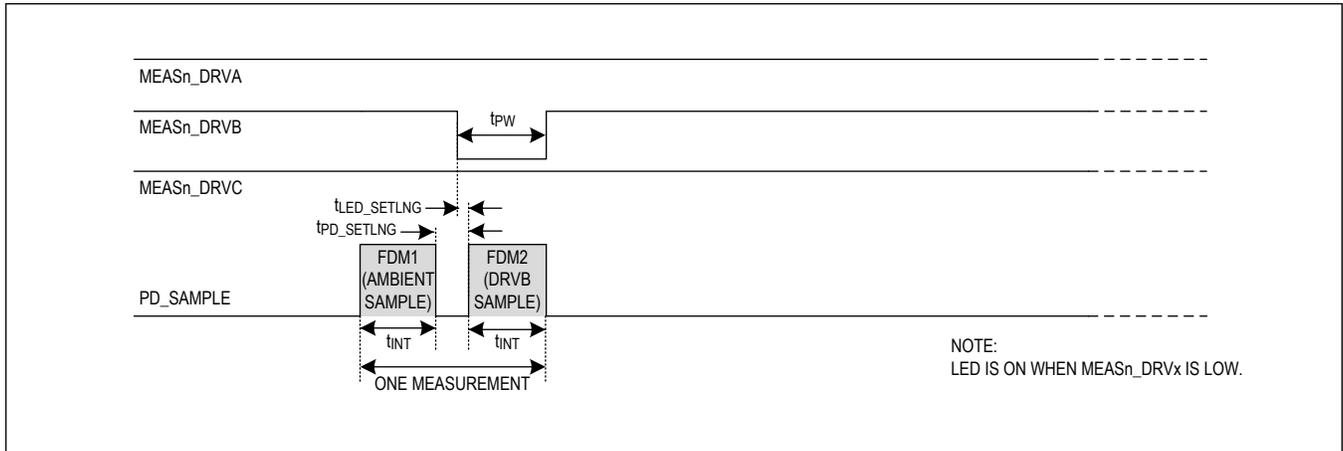


Figure 3. Measurement with FDM

**Frame**

A frame is a combination of measurements as configured by MEASx\_EN (x = 1 to 9). Each frame contains one to nine measurements depending on the register configuration. The frame rate defines how many frames per second (fps). The frame rate is defined by FR\_CLK\_DIV (register 0x16 and 0x17) or the active edge of TRIG input depending on SYNC\_MODE[1:0].

Measurements can be enabled in any order. For example, it is valid to enable MEAS1, MEAS2, and MEAS5 while MEAS3 and MEAS4 are skipped. But if a measurement of direct ambient is configured, then this measurement must be configured as the last measurement in the frame.

**Frame with One Measurement Only**

Figure 4 represents the timing diagram for one measurement in each frame. This measurement only has one LED driver pulsing.

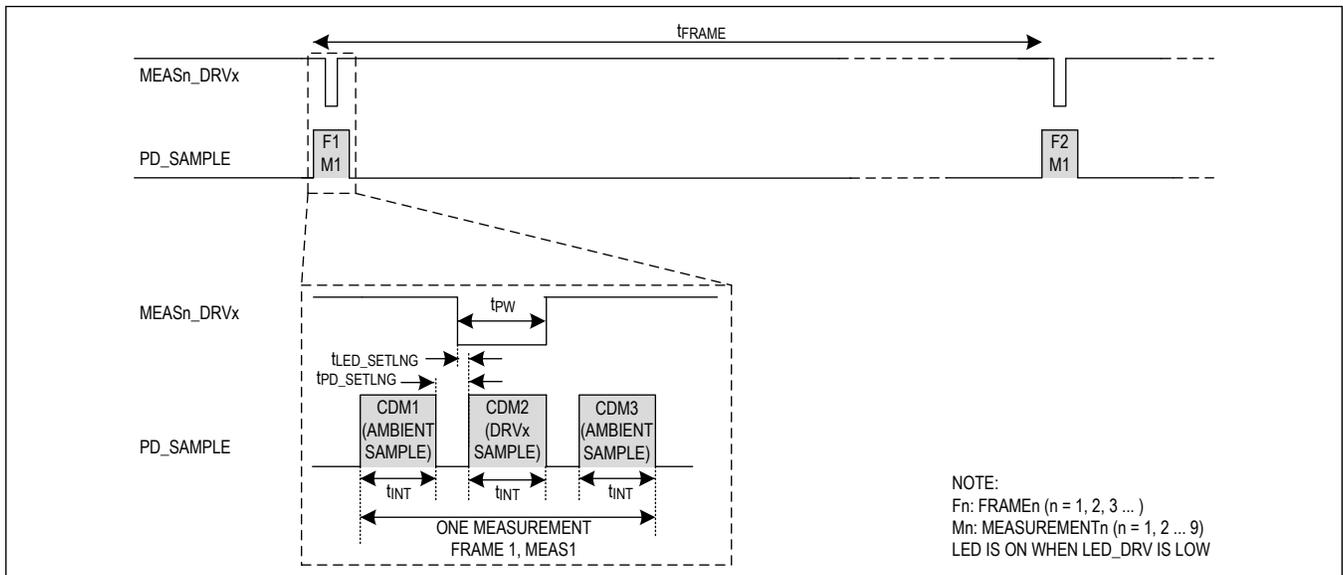


Figure 4. Frame with One Measurement

**Frame with All Nine Measurements Enabled**

Figure 5 illustrates timing for nine measurements in each frame. MEAS3 is configured as CDM and one of MEAS3\_DRVx (x = A, B, C) is sinking current.

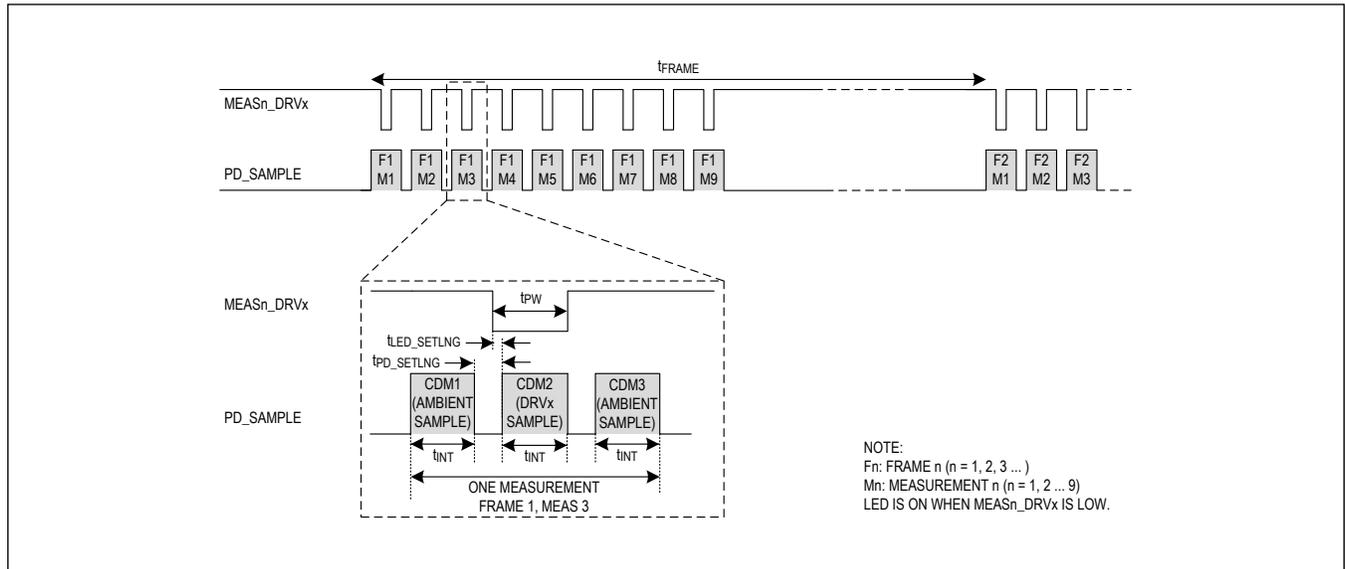


Figure 5. Frame with Nine Measurements

**Frame with Measurement Averaging**

Figure 6 illustrates timing for nine measurements in each frame with MEAS3 configured as CDM and on-chip average of 2. The result of MEAS3 measurement in each frame only has one FIFO data pushed into FIFO. This FIFO data is the averaged data of N1 and N2 where  $N1 = N1CDM2 - (N1CDM1 + N1CMD3) / 2$  and  $N2 = N2CDM2 - (N1CDM3 + N2CDM3) / 2$ . The averaging factor is configured by MEASn\_AVER (n = 1 to 9).

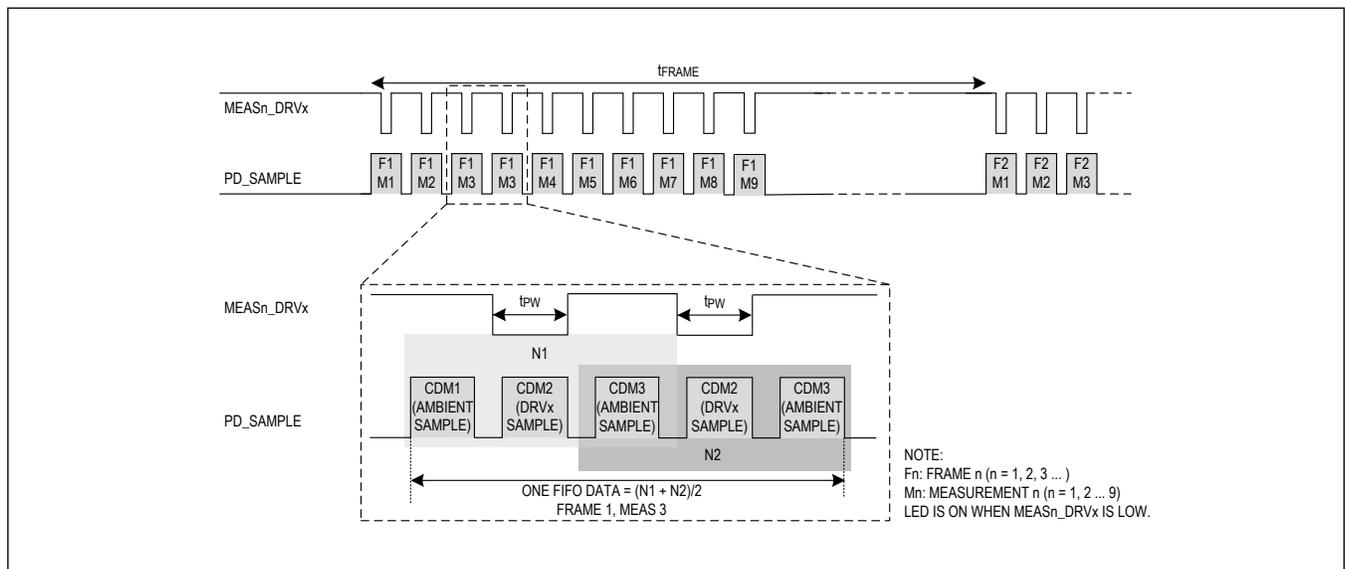


Figure 6. Measurement Averaging

## FIFO Description

The FIFO depth is 256 samples and is designed to support various data types. Each sample width is 3 bytes, which includes a 4-bit tag. The tag embedded in the FIFO\_DATA[23:0] is used to identify the source of each sample data. The description of each tag is shown in [Figure 6](#).

### Measurement Sequence Control (address 0x0C to address 0x0D)

The data format in the FIFO as well as the sequencing of exposures are controlled by the MEAS1\_EN through MEAS9\_EN bits in the System Configuration 1 and System Configuration 2 registers. There are up to nine measurements available in a frame. The ADC conversion sequence cycles through the enabled measurements shown in [Table 5](#), starting from MEAS1 to MEAS9.

**Table 5. MEASUREMENT SEQUENCE CONTROL REGISTERS**

| ADDRESS | REGISTER NAME          | B7       | B6       | B5       | B4       | B3       | B2       | B1       | B0       |
|---------|------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 0x0C    | System Configuration 1 | MEAS9_EN |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| 0x0D    | System Configuration 2 | MEAS8_EN | MEAS7_EN | MEAS6_EN | MEAS5_EN | MEAS4_EN | MEAS3_EN | MEAS2_EN | MEAS1_EN |

Each of the nine measurements is configured in the MEAS1 setup to MEAS9 Setup registers (See Register Map for details).

[Table 6](#) shows the format of the FIFO data. Optical data, whether ambient corrected LED exposure or direct ambient sampled data, is left justified. Bits F23:F20 of the FIFO word contain the tag that identifies the data. F19:F0 of the FIFO word contain the data which is in 2's complement form. F19 is the sign bit and F18:F0 is the 19 bit sample that was pushed to FIFO after conversion.

**Table 6. FIFO DATA FORMAT**

| FIFO DATA FORMAT (FIFO_DATA[23:16]) |     |     |     |                             |     |     |     |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| TAG(TAG[3:0])                       |     |     |     | ADC VALUE(FIFO_DATA[19:16]) |     |     |     |
| F23                                 | F22 | F21 | F20 | F19                         | F18 | F17 | F16 |
| T3                                  | T2  | T1  | T0  | O19                         | O18 | O17 | O16 |
| FIFO DATA FORMAT (FIFO_DATA[15:8])  |     |     |     |                             |     |     |     |
| ADC VALUE (FIFO_DATA[15:8])         |     |     |     |                             |     |     |     |
| F15                                 | F14 | F13 | F12 | F11                         | F10 | F9  | F8  |
| O15                                 | O14 | O13 | O12 | O11                         | O10 | O9  | O8  |
| FIFO DATA FROMAT (FIFO_DATA[7:0])   |     |     |     |                             |     |     |     |
| ADC VALUE (FIFO_DATA[7:0])          |     |     |     |                             |     |     |     |
| F7                                  | F6  | F5  | F4  | F3                          | F2  | F1  | F0  |
| O7                                  | O6  | O5  | O4  | O3                          | O2  | O1  | O0  |

There is no separate tag to identify the measurements for the two optical channels, and for the photodiodes selected for each optical channel. They are distinguished by their relative positions in the FIFO, and the Photodiodes selected for a given measurement. When there is a configuration change, the conversions for the current frame is aborted and a new frame starts with the new configuration. But part of the frame corresponding to the old configuration might have already been saved in the FIFO. So it is important to flush the FIFO after any configuration change. Otherwise, data alignment for the two optical channels might be lost. After the FIFO flush, ignore the data until you get Tag 1 (or the first enabled measurement).

When COLLECT\_RAW\_DATA is set to 0, computed data is collected in the FIFO. When COLLECT\_RAW\_DATA is set to 1, raw data for the ambient current and for LED ON current are collected in the FIFO.

Tags 1 to 9 are used when:

1. Computed data (for  $2^{\text{MEASx\_AVER}}$  pulses) is pushed to the FIFO

2. Raw MEASx data is pushed to the FIFO.

Raw Dark data has a separate tag, and is common to all measurements.

When more than one of the ALC\_OVF, EXP\_OVF and picket fence event (see the [Picket Fence Detect-and-Replace Function](#) section) are detected the following priority is used for tag selection:

1. Picket Fence Tag
2. ALC\_OVF Tag
3. EXP\_OVF Tag
4. MEASx Tag

When COLLECT\_RAW\_DATA is set to 1, Picket Fence Detection is disabled. An attempt to read an empty FIFO returns the INVALID\_DATA tag. The FIFO tags and corresponding data types are explained in [Table 7](#).

**Table 7. TAGS AND DATA TYPES**

| TAG[3:0] | DATA TYPE        | COMMENTS   |
|----------|------------------|--|
| 0x0      | Reserved         |  |
| 0x1      | PPG MEAS1 DATA   | Measurement 1 ADC data   |
| 0x2      | PPG MEAS2 DATA   | Measurement 2 ADC data   |
| 0x3      | PPG MEAS3 DATA   | Measurement 3 ADC data   |
| 0x4      | PPG MEAS4 DATA   | Measurement 4 ADC data   |
| 0x5      | PPG MEAS5 DATA   | Measurement 5 ADC data   |
| 0x6      | PPG MEAS6 DATA   | Measurement 6 ADC data   |
| 0x7      | PPG MEAS7 DATA   | Measurement 7 ADC data   |
| 0x8      | PPG MEAS8 DATA   | Measurement 8 ADC data   |
| 0x9      | PPG MEAS9 DATA   | Measurement 9 ADC data   |
| 0xA      | PPG DARK DATA    | Dark data when Raw data is captured in the FIFO  |
| 0xB      | PPG ALC_OVF DATA | ALC Overflow was detected. Location of data implies which Measurement and for which PD.  |
| 0xC      | PPG EXP_OVF DATA | Exposure Overflow was detected. Location of data implies which Measurement and for which PD.   |
| 0xD      | PPG_PF DATA      | Picket Fence event was detected. This occurs only if picket fence is enabled in PPGn_PF_MEAS_SEL[3:0] register. Location of data implies which Measurement and for which PD. |
| 0xE      | INVALID DATA     | This tag indicates that there was an attempt to read an empty FIFO.  |
| 0xF      | Reserved         |  |

There are seven registers that control how the FIFO is configured and read out. Details of these registers are in [Table 8](#).

**Table 8. FIFO CONFIGURATION REGISTERS**

| ADDRESS | REGISTER NAME      | B7                   | B6               | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 |
|---------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0X04    | FIFO Write Pointer | FIFO_WR_PTR[7:0]     |                  |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 0X05    | FIFO Read Pointer  | FIFO_RD_PTR[7:0]     |                  |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 0X06    | FIFO Counter 1     | FIFO_DATA_COUNT [8]  | OVF_COUNTER[6:0] |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 0X07    | FIFO Counter 2     | FIFO_DATA_COUNT[7:0] |                  |    |    |    |    |    |    |

**Table 8. FIFO CONFIGURATION REGISTERS (continued)**

| ADDRESS | REGISTER NAME        | B7               | B6 | B5 | B4         | B3              | B2          | B1      | B0 |
|---------|----------------------|------------------|----|----|------------|-----------------|-------------|---------|----|
| 0X08    | FIFO Data Register   | FIFO_DATA[7:0]   |    |    |            |                 |             |         |    |
| 0X09    | FIFO Configuration 1 | FIFO_A_FULL[7:0] |    |    |            |                 |             |         |    |
| 0X0A    | FIFO Configuration 2 | RAW_DATA         | -  |    | FLUSH_FIFO | FIFO_STATUS_CLR | A_FULL_TYPE | FIFO_RO |    |

**Write Pointer (address 0x04)**

FIFO\_WR\_PTR[7:0] points to the FIFO location where the next data will be written. This pointer advances for each data item pushed on to the FIFO by the internal conversion process. The write pointer is an 8 bit counter and wraps around to count 0x00 on the next data after count 0xFF.

**Read Pointer (address 0x05)**

FIFO\_RD\_PTR[7:0] points to the location from where the next data from the FIFO is read through the serial interface. This advances each time a data item is read from the FIFO. The read pointer can be both read and written to. This allows a data item to be reread from the FIFO if it has not already been overwritten. The read pointer is updated from an 8 bit counter and wraps around to count 0x00 from count 0xFF.

**Overflow Counter (address 0x06)**

OVF\_COUNTER[6:0] logs the number of data items lost if the FIFO is not read in a timely fashion. This counter saturates at count value 0x7F. When a complete data item is popped from the FIFO (when the read pointer advances), the OVF\_COUNTER is reset to zero. This counter is essentially a debug tool. It should be read immediately before reading the FIFO in order to check if an overflow condition has occurred. See FIFO\_RO for more details.

**FIFO Data Counter (address 0x06 B7 and address 0x07)**

FIFO\_DATA\_COUNT[8:0] is a read-only register which holds the number of items available in the FIFO for the host to read. This increments when a new item is pushed to the FIFO, and decrements when the host reads an item from the FIFO.

**FIFO Data (address 0x08)**

FIFO\_DATA[7:0] is a read-only register used to retrieve data from the FIFO. It is important to burst read the data from the FIFO. Each data item is three bytes. So burst reading three bytes at the FIFO\_DATA register through the serial interface advances the FIFO\_RD\_PTR[7:0]. The format and data type of the data stored in the FIFO is determined by the tag associated with the data. Readout from the FIFO follows a progression defined by measurements enabled by MEAS1\_EN to MEAS9\_EN bits in the System Configuration 1 (register 0x0C) and System Configuration 2 (register 0x0D) registers, starting from MEAS1\_EN. As mentioned earlier, the data from the two optical channels for a given measurement share the same tag, but can be distinguished by their relative position in the FIFO. The configuration is best illustrated by a few examples.

Assume it is desired to perform an SpO2 measurement and also monitor the ambient level on the photodiode to adjust the IR and red LED intensity using dual optical channels with photodiodes 1 and 2 selected. To perform this measurement, configure the following registers.

**Table 9. SYSTEM CONFIGURATION**

| SYSTEM CONFIGURATION |                           |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| MEAS1_EN = 1'b1      | (IR LED exposure)         |
| MEAS2_EN = 1'b1      | (RED LED exposure)        |
| MEAS3_EN = 1'b1      | (DIRECT AMBIENT exposure) |
| MEAS4_EN = 1'b0      | (NONE)                    |

**Table 9. SYSTEM CONFIGURATION (continued)**

| <b>SYSTEM CONFIGURATION</b>                               |   |
|---|---|
| MEAS5_EN = 1'b0   | (NONE)  |
| MEAS6_EN = 1'b0   | (NONE)  |
| MEAS7_EN = 1'b0   | (NONE)  |
| MEAS8_EN = 1'b0   | (NONE)  |
| MEAS9_EN = 1'b0   | (NONE)  |
| <b>MEASUREMENT 1 SETUP (IR LED ON LED DRVA ON PIN 1)</b>  |   |
| MEAS1_AMB = 1'b0  | (Ambient measurement off)                       |
| MEAS1_DRVA = 2'b00  | (LED Driver A on pin 1 and Current is non-zero) |
| MEAS1_DRVB = 2'b00  | (Don't Care because Current is 0)               |
| MEAS1_DRVC = 2'b00  | (Don't Care because Current is 0)               |
| MEAS1_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0]                                   | (PPG1 Gain Range Control)                       |
| MEAS1_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0]                                   | (PPG2 Gain Range Control)                       |
| MEAS1_PPG_TINT[1:0]                                       | (LED Pulse Width Control)LED Pulse Amplitude    |
| MEAS1_DRVA_PA[7:0] = 8'h0F                                | (LED Driver A Current)                          |
| MEAS1_DRVB_PA[7:0] = 8'h00                                | (LED Driver B Current)                          |
| MEAS1_DRVC_PA[7:0] = 8'h00                                | (LED Driver C Current)                          |
| MEAS1_PPG1_PDSEL = 1'b0                                   | (Photodiode 1 selected on Optical Channel 1)    |
| MEAS1_PPG2_PDSEL = 1'b0                                   | (Photodiode 2 selected on Optical Channel 2)    |
| <b>MEASUREMENT 2 SETUP (RED LED ON LED DRVB ON PIN 2)</b> |   |
| MEAS2_AMB = 1'b0  | (Ambient measurement off)                       |
| MEAS2_DRVA = 2'b00  | (Don't Care because Current is 0)               |
| MEAS2_DRVB = 2'b00  | (LED Driver B on pin 2 and Current is non-zero) |
| MEAS2_DRVC = 2'b00  | (Don't Care because Current is 0)               |
| MEAS2_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0]                                   | (PPG1 Gain Range Control)                       |
| MEAS2_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0]                                   | (PPG2 Gain Range Control)                       |
| MEAS2_PPG_TINT[1:0]                                       | (LED Pulse Width Control)LED Pulse Amplitude    |
| MEAS2_DRVA_PA[7:0] = 8'h00                                | (LED Driver A Current)                          |
| MEAS2_DRVB_PA[7:0] = 8'h0A                                | (LED Driver B Current)                          |
| MEAS2_DRVC_PA[7:0] = 8'h00                                | (LED Driver C Current)                          |
| MEAS2_PPG1_PDSEL = 1'b0                                   | (Photodiode 1 selected on Optical Channel 1)    |
| MEAS2_PPG2_PDSEL = 1'b0                                   | (Photodiode 2 selected on Optical Channel 2)    |
| <b>MEASUREMENT 3 SETUP (AMBIENT MEASUREMENT)</b>          |   |
| MEAS3_AMB = 1'b1  | (Ambient measurement selected)                  |
| MEAS3_DRVA = 2'b00  | (Don't Care because MEAS3_AMB = 1)              |
| MEAS3_DRVB = 2'b00  | (Don't Care because MEAS3_AMB = 1)              |
| MEAS3_DRVC = 2'b00  | (Don't Care because MEAS3_AMB = 1)              |
| MEAS3_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0]                                   | (PPG1 Gain Range Control)                       |
| MEAS3_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0]                                   | (PPG2 Gain Range Control)                       |
| MEAS3_PPG_TINT[1:0]                                       | (LED Pulse Width Control)                       |
| MEAS3_PPG1_PDSEL = 1'b0                                   | (Photodiode 1 selected on Optical Channel 1)    |
| MEAS3_PPG2_PDSEL = 1'b0                                   | (Photodiode 2 selected on Optical Channel 2)    |

With this configuration the sample sequence and the data format in the FIFO follows the following time/location sequence.

tag 1, PPG1 IR data  
tag 1, PPG2 IR data  
tag 2, PPG1 RED data  
tag 2, PPG2 RED data  
tag 3, PPG1 Ambient data  
tag 3, PPG2 Ambient data  
tag 1, PPG1 IR data  
tag 1, PPG2 IR data  
tag 2, PPG1 RED data  
tag 2, PPG2 RED data  
tag 3, PPG1 Ambient data  
tag 3, PPG2 Ambient data  
.  
.  
.  
tag 1, PPG1 IR data  
tag 1, PPG2 IR data  
tag 2, PPG1 RED data  
tag 2, PPG2 RED data  
tag 3, PPG1 Ambient data  
tag 3, PPG2 Ambient data

where:

PPGm IR data = Ambient corrected exposure data from IR LED in Optical channel m

PPGm RED data = Ambient corrected exposure data from RED LED in Optical channel m

PPGm Ambient data = Direct ambient sample in Optical channel m

m = 1 for Optical Channel 1, and 2 for Optical Channel 2

For a second example, assume it is desired to pulse IR LED and RED LED simultaneously while also monitoring the ambient level.

**Table 10. SYSTEM CONFIGURATION**

| SYSTEM CONFIGURATION   |                               |
|--|-------------------------------|
| MEAS1_EN = 1'b1  | (IR LED and RED LED exposure) |
| MEAS2_EN = 1'b0  | (NONE)                        |
| MEAS3_EN = 1'b0  | (NONE)                        |
| MEAS4_EN = 1'b1  | (DIRECT AMBIENT exposure)     |
| MEAS5_EN = 1'b0  | (NONE)                        |
| MEAS6_EN = 1'b0  | (NONE)                        |
| MEAS7_EN = 1'b0  | (NONE)                        |
| MEAS8_EN = 1'b0  | (NONE)                        |
| MEAS9_EN = 1'b0  | (NONE)                        |
| <b>MEASUREMENT 1 Setup (IR LED ON LED DRVA ON PIN 1, RED LED ON LED DRVB ON PIN 3)</b> |                               |

**Table 10. SYSTEM CONFIGURATION (continued)**

|  |   |
|--|---|
| MEAS1_AMB = 1'b0                                 | (Ambient measurement off)                       |
| MEAS1_DRVA= 2'b00                                | (LED Driver A on pin 1 and Current is non-zero) |
| MEAS1_DRVB= 2'b01                                | (LED Driver B on pin 3 and Current is non-zero) |
| MEAS1_DRVC= 2'b00                                | (Don't Care because Current is 0)               |
| MEAS1_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0]                          | (PPG1 Gain Range Control)                       |
| MEAS1_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0]                          | (PPG2 Gain Range Control)                       |
| MEAS1_PPG_TINT[1:0]                              | (LED Pulse Width Control)LED Pulse Amplitude    |
| MEAS1_DRVA_PA[7:0] = 8'h0B                       | (LED Driver A Current)                          |
| MEAS1_DRVB_PA[7:0] = 8'h0E                       | (LED Driver B Current)                          |
| MEAS1_DRVC_PA[7:0] = 8'h00                       | (LED Driver C Current)                          |
| <b>MEASUREMENT 4 SETUP (AMBIENT MEASUREMENT)</b> |   |
| MEAS4_AMB = 1'b1                                 | (Ambient measurement selected)                  |
| MEAS4_DRVA= 2'b00                                | (Don't Care because MEAS4_AMB = 1)              |
| MEAS4_DRVB= 2'b00                                | (Don't Care because MEAS4_AMB = 1)              |
| MEAS4_DRVC= 2'b00                                | (Don't Care because MEAS4_AMB = 1)              |
| MEAS4_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0]                          | (PPG1 Gain Range Control)                       |
| MEAS4_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0]                          | (PPG2 Gain Range Control)                       |
| MEAS4_PPG_TINT[1:0]                              | (LED Pulse Width Control)                       |

In this case, the sequencing in the FIFO is,

```

tag 1, PPG1 IR+RED data
tag 1, PPG2 IR+RED data
tag 4, PPG1 Ambient data
tag 4, PPG2 Ambient data
tag 1, PPG1 IR+RED data
tag 1, PPG2 IR+RED data
tag 4, PPG1 Ambient data
tag 4, PPG2 Ambient data
.
.
.
tag 1, PPG1 IR+RED data
tag 1, PPG2 IR+RED data
tag 4, PPG1 Ambient data
tag 4, PPG2 Ambient data

```

where:

PPGm IR+RED data = Ambient corrected exposure data from IR and RED for optical channel m

PPGm Ambient data = Direct ambient corrected sample for optical channel m

m = 1 for Optical Channel 1, and 2 for Optical Channel 2

The number of bytes of data for the two Optical Channels in one frame is given by:  $2 \times 3 \times N$

where, N is the number of measurements enabled

To calculate the number of data items available in the FIFO the following pseudo-code can be performed:

```

read the OVF_COUNTER register
read the FIFO_DATA_COUNT registers
if OVF_COUNTER == 0 //no overflow occurred
    NUM_AVAILABLE_SAMPLES = FIFO_DATA_COUNT
else
    NUM_AVAILABLE_SAMPLES = 256 // overflow occurred and data has been lost
endif

```

#### **FIFO\_A\_FULL (address 0x09)**

The FIFO\_A\_FULL[7:0] field in the FIFO Configuration 1 register (0x09) sets the watermark for the FIFO and determines when the A\_FULL bit in the Status register (0x00) gets asserted. The A\_FULL bit sets when the number of data items in FIFO is equal to 256 minus FIFO\_A\_FULL[7:0]. The interrupt is routed to the INT1 if A\_FULL\_EN1 mask bit in the Interrupt 1 Enable 1 register (0x78) is set, and to the INT2 pin if the A\_FULL\_EN2 mask bit in Interrupt 2 Enable 1 register (0x7C) is set. This condition should prompt the applications processor to read samples from the FIFO immediately. The A\_FULL bit is cleared when the status register is read.

The application processor can read both the FIFO\_WR\_PTR[7:0] and FIFO\_RD\_PTR[7:0] to calculate the number of data items available in the FIFO, or just read the OVF\_COUNTER[6:0] and FIFO\_DATA\_COUNT[8:0] registers, and read as many data items as it needs to empty the FIFO. Alternatively, if the application always responds much faster than the selected sample rate, it could read 256 minus FIFO\_A\_FULL[7:0] number of data items every time it gets an A\_FULL interrupt and be assured that all data from the FIFO are read.

#### **FIFO\_RO (address 0x0A)**

The FIFO\_RO bit in the FIFO Configuration 2 register (0x0A) determines whether samples get pushed on to the FIFO when it is full. If FIFO\_RO is set to 1, push is enabled when FIFO is full, old samples are lost. Both FIFO\_WR\_PTR and FIFO\_RD\_PTR increment for each data item pushed to the FIFO after it is full. If FIFO\_RO is set to 0, the new sample is dropped and the FIFO is not updated. FIFO\_WR\_PTR and FIFO\_RD\_PTR do not increment until a data item is read from the FIFO.

#### **A\_FULL\_TYPE (address 0x0A)**

The A\_FULL\_TYPE bit defines the behavior of the A\_FULL interrupt. If the A\_FULL\_TYPE bit is set low, the A\_FULL interrupt gets asserted when the A\_FULL condition is detected and cleared by a status register read, but reasserts for every sample if the A\_FULL condition persists. If A\_FULL\_TYPE bit is set high, the A\_FULL interrupt gets asserted only when a new A\_FULL condition is detected. The interrupt gets cleared on the Interrupt Status 1 register read, and does not reassert for every sample until a new A\_FULL condition is detected.

#### **FIFO\_STAT\_CLR (address 0x0A)**

The FIFO\_STAT\_CLR bit defines whether the A\_FULL interrupt should get cleared by FIFO\_DATA[7:0] register read. If FIFO\_STAT\_CLR is set low, A\_FULL and FIFO\_DATA\_RDY interrupts do not get cleared by the FIFO\_DATA register read but get cleared by the status register read. If FIFO\_STAT\_CLR is set high, A\_FULL and FIFO\_DATA\_RDY interrupts get cleared by a FIFO\_DATA register read or a status register read.

#### **FLUSH\_FIFO (address 0x0A)**

The FIFO Flush bit is used for flushing the FIFO. The FIFO becomes empty and the FIFO\_WR\_PTR[7:0], FIFO\_RD\_PTR[7:0], FIFO\_DATA\_COUNT[8:0] and OVF\_COUNTER[6:0] get reset to zero. FLUSH\_FIFO is a self-clearing bit.

### **Ambient Rejection**

The MAX86171 implements ambient light cancellation in two steps, a coarse cancellation and a fine cancellation. Each MEASx gets its own ambient light cancellation. The coarse cancellation is in the analog domain. It is enabled by default and can be disabled by setting register bit ALC\_DISABLE. The fine cancellation is a digital cancellation scheme and is configured as central difference method (CDM) or forward different method (FDM) (register bit MEASx\_FILT\_SEL).

ALC is an analog sample and hold which can cancel up to 200µA of DC photodiode current. Any drift or residual from ALC is cancelled by CDM/FDM cancellation.

CDM is comprised of 3 ADC conversions with 2 ambient and 1 exposure conversion. FDM is comprised of 2 ADC conversions with 1 ambient only and 1 exposure conversion.

The ambient and exposure samples are used for digital cancellation of any residual error (from ALC) or drift (in ambient signal). The final computed value is the effective exposure signal which is stored in the FIFO. See [Figure 7](#) for the timing diagram for CDM and [Figure 8](#) shows the timing diagram for FDM.

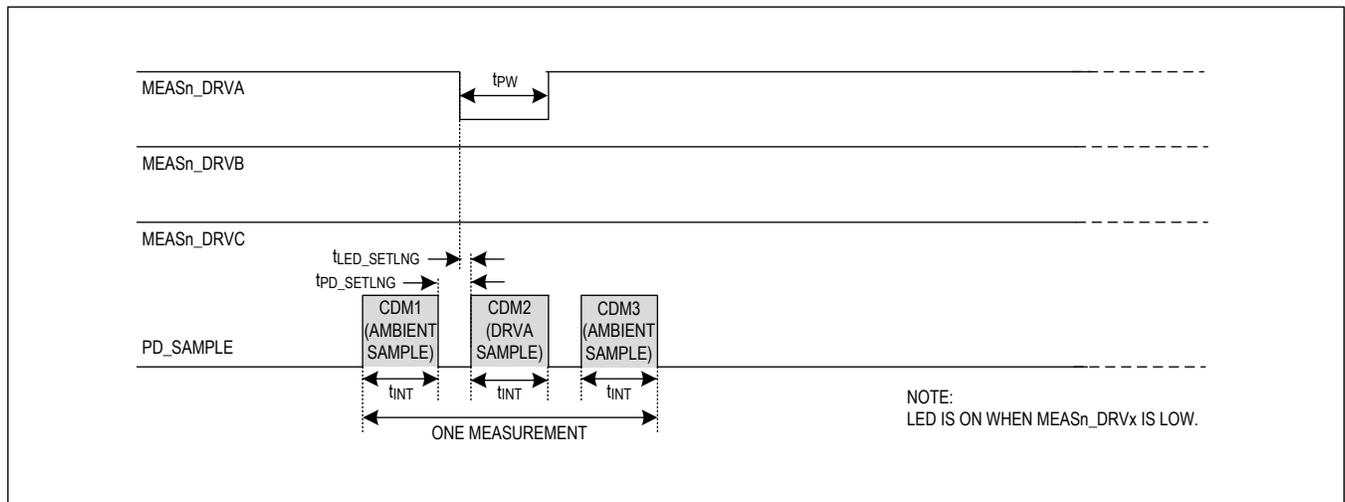


Figure 7. Central Difference Method (CDM)

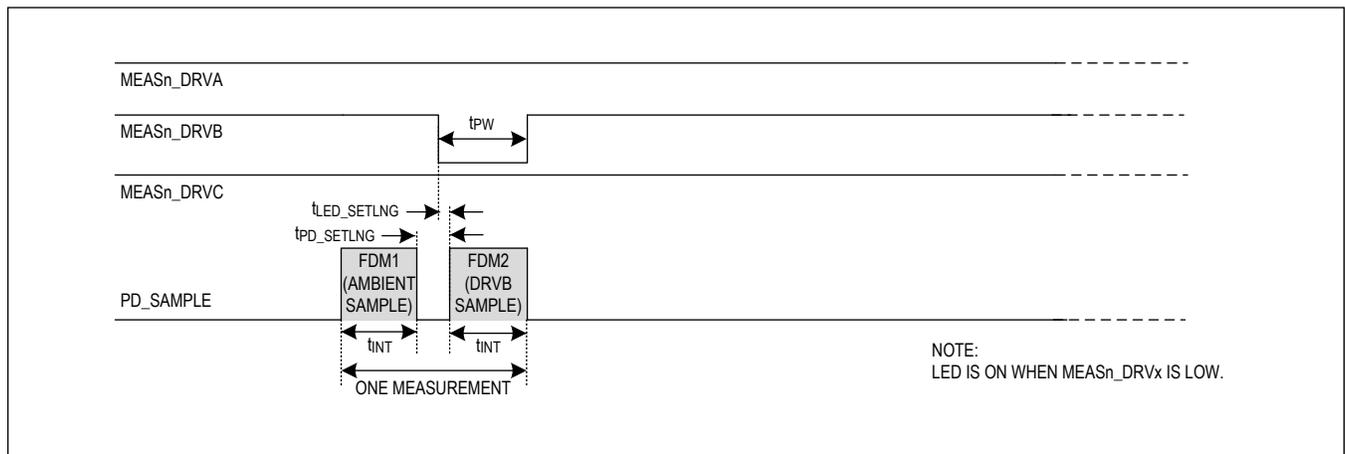


Figure 8. Forward Difference Method (FDM)

### Threshold Detect Function

The MAX86171 includes a threshold detect function that significantly reduces energy consumption and extends battery life when the sensor is not in contact with skin. There are two thresholds available in MAX86171, THRESHOLD1 and THRESHOLD2. Both are disabled by default.

The Threshold function is enabled by setting THRESHx\_HILO\_EN1 (x = 1, 2) in register 0x78 and THRESHx\_HILO\_EN2(x = 1,2) in register 0x7C. The Threshold detect function can be set up for either PPG1 or PPG2 through THRESH2\_PPG\_SEL and THRESH1\_PPG\_SEL (register 0x69). In order to configure the threshold detect function, both an upper limit and a lower limit must be set. These can be configured in the THRESHOLD Interrupts

register block (0x68 to 0x6D).

In addition, two features are available to make the threshold detect function more adaptable for various system and application requirements. These are Time Hysteresis and Level Hysteresis (TIME\_HYST[1:0] and LEVEL\_HYST[2:0] bits) and are configurable through the THRESHOLD\_HYST register (0x69).

When enabled, the THRESHx\_HILO interrupt bit (register 0x00) is asserted and threshold mode is activated when the ADC counts of the assigned measurement on the specified PPG channel drops below the lower limit, or exceeds the upper limit (in consideration with LEVEL\_HYST and TIME\_HYST settings). The LED configuration during the threshold detect active mode is determined by the firmware settings as needed for each application. The LED current, ADC integration time, and frame rate can be reduced significantly; thereby reducing power consumption during situations when there is no reflective returned signal.

### Picket Fence Detect-and-Replace Function

Under typical situations, the rate of change of ambient light is such that the ambient signal level during exposure can be accurately predicted and high levels of ambient rejection are obtained. However, it is possible to have situations where the ambient light level changes extremely rapidly, for example when in a car with direct sunlight exposure passes under a bridge and into a dark shadow. In these situations, it is possible for the MAX86171 ambient light correction (ALC) circuit to fail and produce an erroneous estimation of the ambient light during the exposure interval. The MAX86171 has a built-in algorithm called the picket fence function that corrects the final PPG results in case of the ALC circuit failure due to these extreme conditions.

The picket fence function works on the basis that the extreme conditions causing a failure of the ALC are rare events. These events result in a large deviation from the past sample history of a normal PPG signal, which normally would change relatively slowly with respect to the sampling interval. Under these conditions, the picket fence function enables the user to detect sample values that are well outside the normal sample-to-sample deviation and replace those samples with an extrapolated value based on the relatively recent history of samples.

The picket fence function is configured in the Picket Fence Measurement Select Register (address 0x70). Picket Fence can be enabled on any of the 9 measurements at any one time. Also, picket fence can be enabled on one or both PPG channels. The power-on-reset default of MAX86171 has the picket fence function disabled. The function begins with detecting a picket fence event. Detection is done by taking the absolute value of the difference between the present ADC converted value and a predicted point called an estimation error, and comparing this estimation error to a threshold. If the estimation error exceeds the threshold, then the present ADC converted point is considered a picket fence event.

The predicted point referred to above is computed in one of two ways, set by the value in the PF\_ORDER (address 0x71[6]) bit. If PF\_ORDER = 0 the predicted point is simply the previous ADC converted point. If PF\_ORDER = 1 the predicted point is a least square fit extrapolation based on the previous four picket fence outputs, which under normal circumstances is identical to the ADC converted inputs.

The threshold used in detecting a picket fence event is a low pass version of the running estimation error computed above times a multiplier. The multiplier used is set by the THRESHOLD\_SIGMA\_MULT (address 0x71[1:0]) bits and can be 4, 8, 16, or 32 times the running low-pass filter output of the estimation error.

The low pass filter function is controlled by two parameters, the IIR\_TC (address 0x71[5:4]) bits and IIR\_INIT\_VALUE (address 0x71[3:2]) bits. The IIR\_TC bits control the filter's time constant and are adjustable from 8 to 64 samples. The IIR\_INIT\_VALUE bits control the initial values for the IIR low pass filter when the algorithm is initialized.

[Figure 9](#) below illustrates the function in block diagram form. If the picket fence algorithm is enabled (address 0x70), the input from the ADC,  $s(n)$  generates  $p(n)$  in a way that is dependent on the value of the PF\_ORDER bit. Value  $s(n)$  is subtracted from  $p(n)$  and turned into a positive number  $d(n)$  and fed into the IIR low pass filter producing value  $lpf(n)$ . The output of the low pass filter  $lpf(n)$  is then multiplied by a user constant, THRESHOLD\_SIGMA\_MULT to produce the picket fence threshold, PFT(n). The value  $d(n)$  is then compared to this threshold and if greater than the PFT(n), the point  $s(n)$  is replaced with the point  $p(n)$ .

This scheme essentially produces a threshold that tracks the past returned optical signal with a bandwidth based on the past historical change from sample to sample. [Figure 10](#) below illustrates graphically how the threshold detection scheme works on a real PPG signal. Note that the black trace is the real ADC sample points, the red trace is the output of the low pass filter of the error estimation mirrored around the ADC points, and the blue traces are the threshold values.

The recommended settings for the picket fence algorithm are the default power on reset values for all registers except

the THRESHOLD\_SIGMA\_MULT bits. Here, it is recommended that the 32x value 0x3 be used so only large excursions are classified as picket fence events. Lower values of THRESHOLD\_SIGMA\_MULT can cause the algorithm to go off track in case of an extremely noisy waveform.

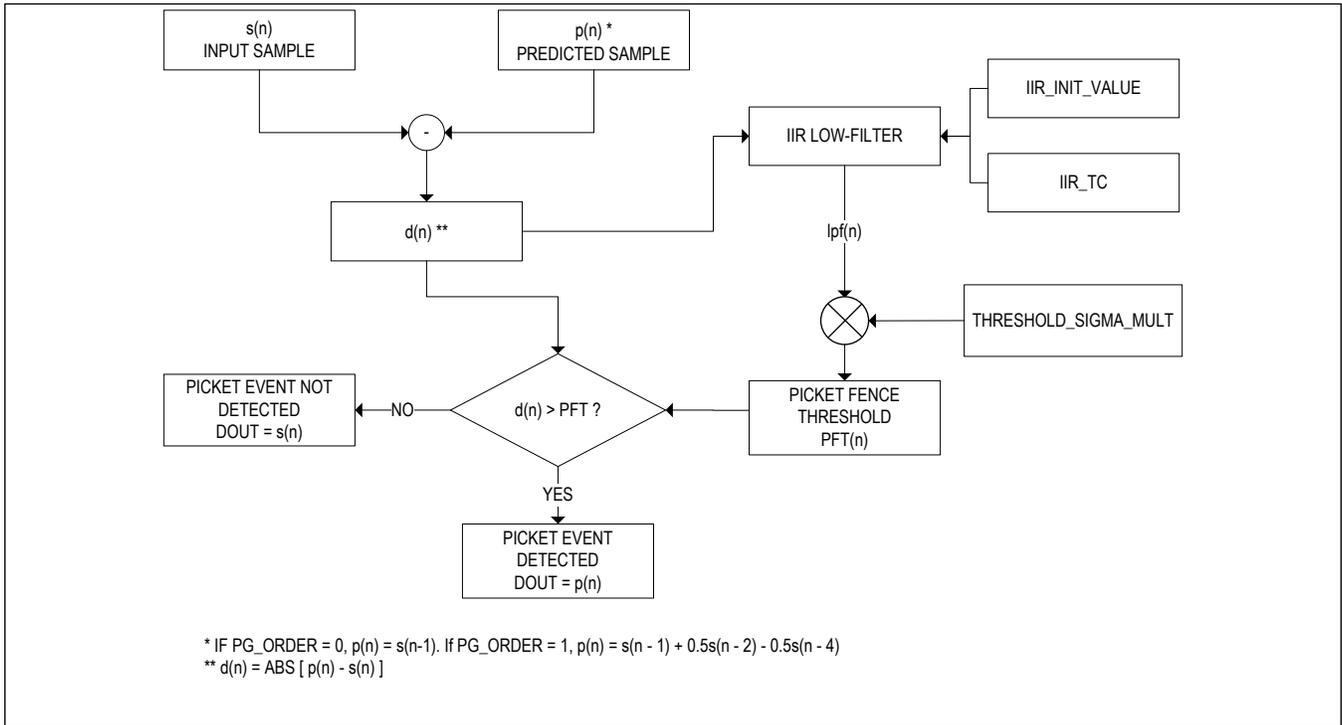


Figure 9. Picket Fence Function Flow

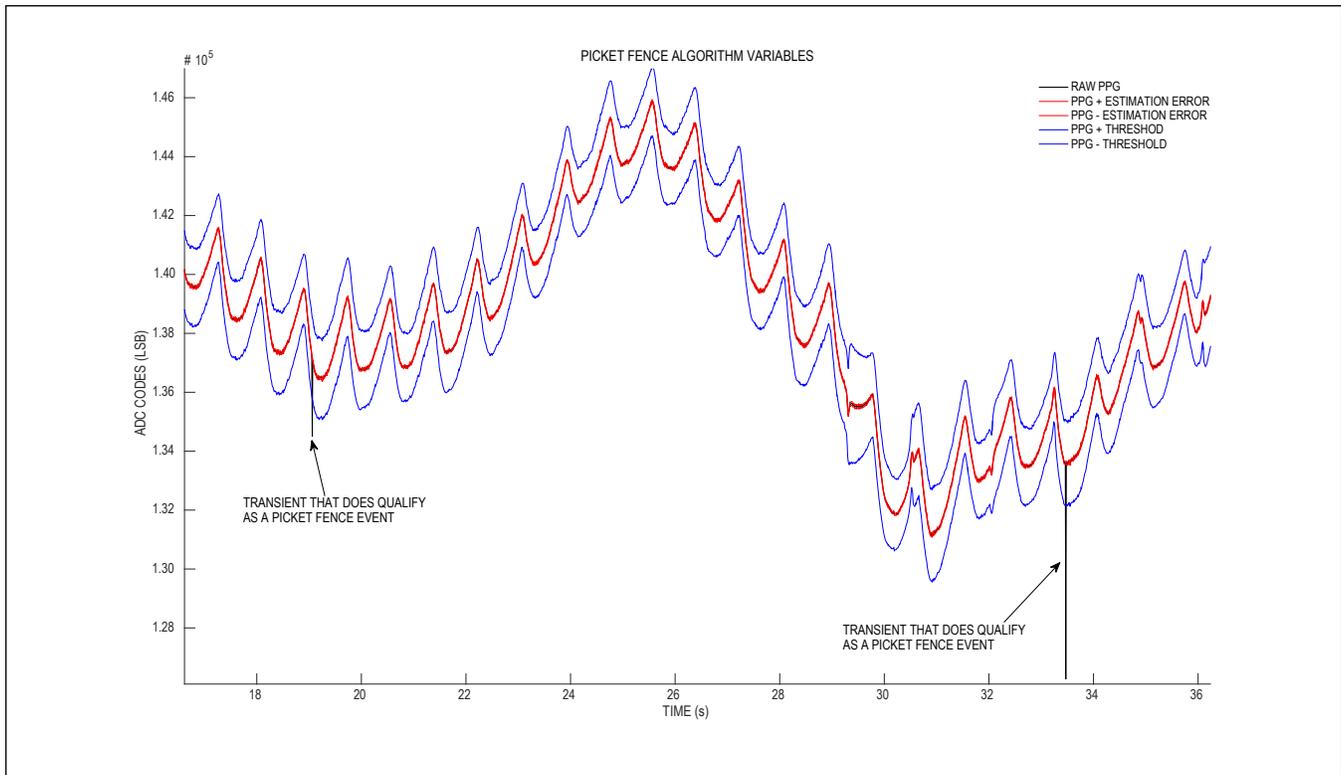


Figure 10. Picket Fences Variables In A PPG Waveform

## Digital Interface

The MAX86171 has an I<sup>2</sup>C and SPI combination interface. The I2C\_SEL pin selects between the two interfaces. When I2C\_SEL is high, the interface is in the I<sup>2</sup>C mode and idles looking for a start bit to occur on the SCL and SDA pins, while the SPI interface is held in a reset state. When I2C\_SEL is low, the I<sup>2</sup>C interface is in a reset state, the SPI interface is activated and the SDO pin goes active. In the following sections, both interface timings and protocols are described.

## SPI Timing

### Detailed SPI Timing

The MAX86171 detailed SPI timing diagram is illustrated in [Figure 11](#). The timings indicated are all specified in the [Electrical Characteristics](#) section.

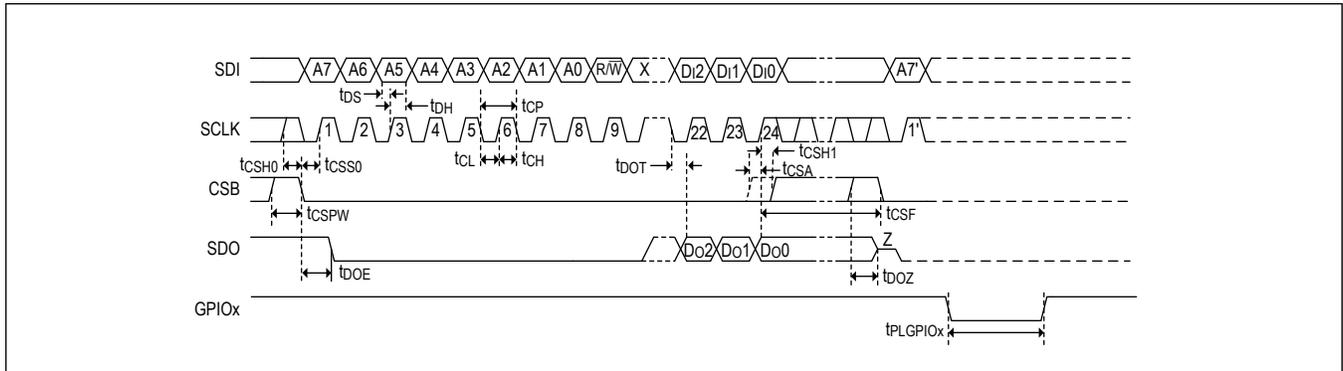


Figure 11. Detailed SPI Timing Diagram

**Single-Word SPI Register Read/Write Transaction**

The SPI interface on the MAX86171 is SPI/QSPI/Micro-wire/DSP compatible. The operation of the SPI interface is shown in [Figure 12](#). Data is strobed into the MAX86171 on the SCLK rising edge while clocked out on the SCLK falling edge. All single-word SPI read and write operations are done in a three-byte, 24-clock-cycle SPI instruction framed by a CSB low interval. The content of the SPI operation consists of a one-byte register address, A[7:0], followed by a one byte command word which defines the transaction as write or read, followed by a single-byte data word either written to or read from the register location provided in the first byte.

Write mode operations are executed on the 24<sup>th</sup> SCLK rising edge using the first three bytes of data available. In write mode, any data supplied after the 24<sup>th</sup> SCLK rising edge is ignored. Subsequent writes require CSB to deassert high and then assert low for the next write command. A rising CSB edge preceding the 24<sup>th</sup> rising edge of SCLK ([Figure 11](#)), results in the transaction being aborted.

Read mode operations access the requested data on the 16<sup>th</sup> SCLK rising edge, and present the MSB of the requested data on the following SCLK falling edge, allowing the SPI master to latch the data MSB on the 17<sup>th</sup> SCLK rising edge. Configuration and status registers are available via normal mode read-back sequences. FIFO reads must be done with a burst mode FIFO read (see [SPI FIFO Burst Mode Read Transaction](#) section). If more than 24 SCLK rising edges are provided in a normal read sequence then the excess edges are ignored and the device reads back zeros.

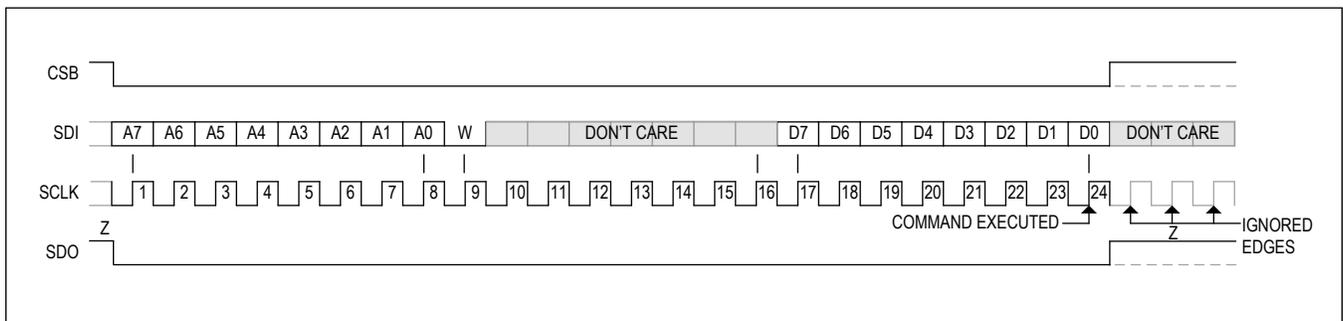


Figure 12. SPI Write Transaction

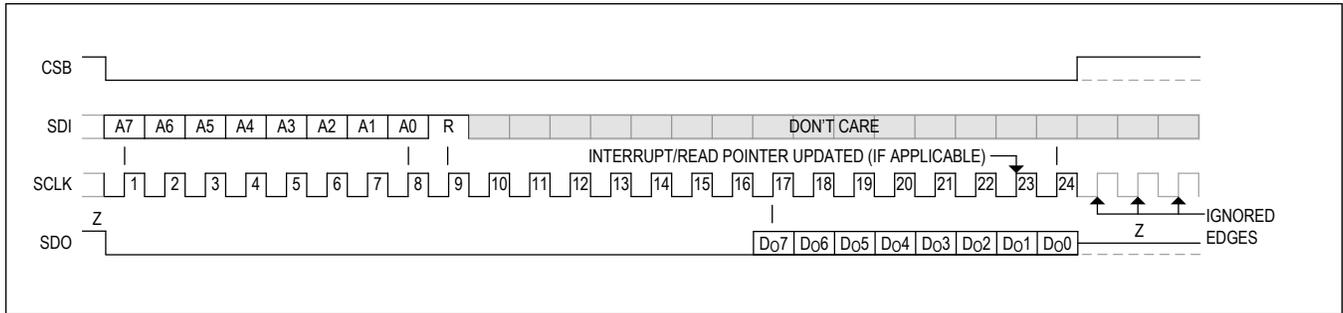


Figure 13. SPI Read Transaction

**SPI FIFO Burst Mode Read Transaction**

The MAX86171 provides a FIFO burst read mode to increase data transfer efficiency. The first 16 SCLK cycles operate exactly as described for the normal read mode, the first byte being the register address, the second being a read command. The subsequent SCLKs consist of FIFO data, 24 SCLKs per word. All words in the FIFO should be read with a single FIFO burst read command.

Each FIFO sample consists of three bytes per sample ([[FIFO Data Format]]); thus, requires 24 SCLKs per sample to read out. The first byte (SCLK 17 to 24) consists of a tag indicating the data type of the subsequent bits. Following the tag is the MSBs of the subsequent data (MSB, MSB1, MSB2, and MSB3). The next byte (SCLK 25 to 32) consists of data bits MSB4 to MSB11. The final byte of each sample (SCLK 33 to 40) consists of the data LSB bits. The number of words in the FIFO depends on the FIFO configuration. See the FIFO\_A\_FULL (0x09) section for more details.

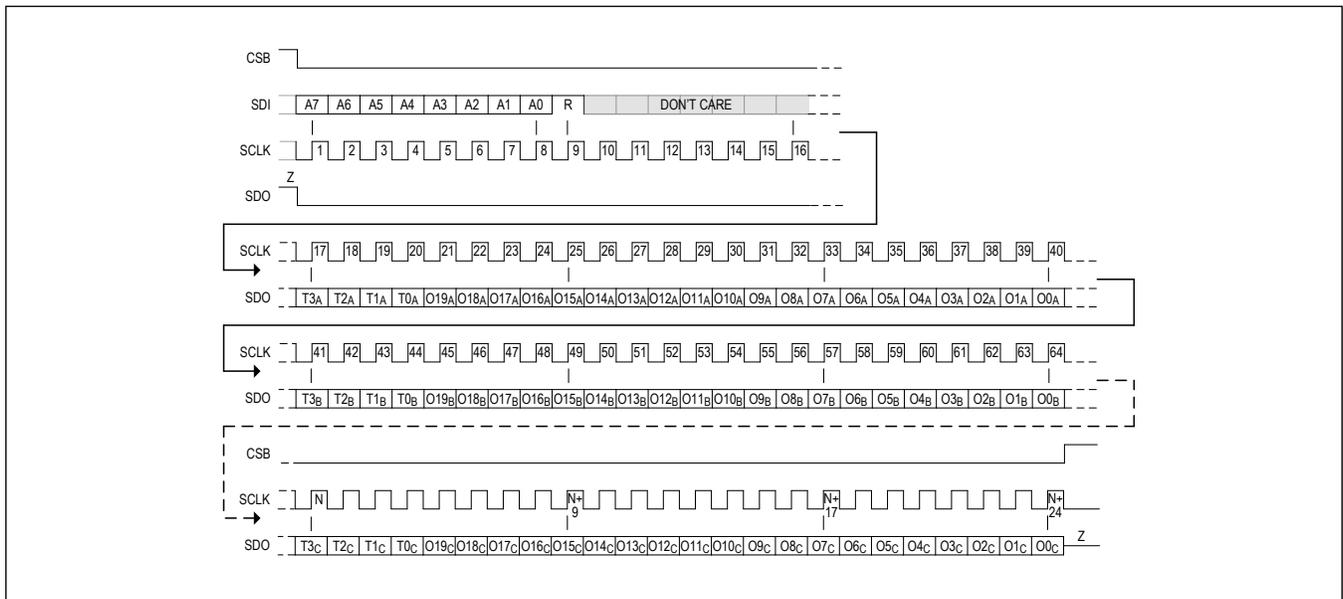


Figure 14. SPI FIFO Burst Mode Read Transaction

**I<sup>2</sup>C/SMBus-Compatible Serial Interface**

The I<sup>2</sup>C interface on the MAX86171 is an I<sup>2</sup>C/SMBus-compatible, 2-wire serial interface consisting of a serial data line (SDA) and a serial clock line (SCL). SDA and SCL facilitate communication between the MAX86171 and the master at clock rates up to 400kHz.

Figure 15 shows the 2-wire interface timing diagram. The master generates SCL and initiates data transfer on the bus. The master device writes data to the MAX86171 by transmitting the proper slave address followed by the register address and then the data word. Each transmit sequence is framed by a START (S) or REPEATED START (Sr) condition and a

STOP (P) condition. Each word transmitted to the MAX86171 is eight-bits long and is followed by an acknowledge clock pulse. A master reading data from the MAX86171 transmits the proper slave address followed by a series of nine SCL pulses. The MAX86171 transmits data on SDA in sync with the master-generated SCL pulses. The master acknowledges receipt of each byte of data. Each read sequence is framed by a START (S) or REPEATED START (Sr) condition, a not acknowledge, and a STOP (P) condition. SDA operates as both an input and an open-drain output. A pullup resistor is required on SDA. SCL operates only as an input. A pullup resistor is required on SCL if there are multiple masters on the bus, or if the single master has an open-drain SCL output. Series resistors in line with SDA and SCL are optional. Series resistors protect the digital inputs of the MAX86171 from high voltage spikes on the bus lines, and minimize crosstalk and undershoot of the bus signals.

### Detailed I<sup>2</sup>C Timing Diagram

The detailed timing diagram of various electrical characteristics is shown in [Figure 15](#).

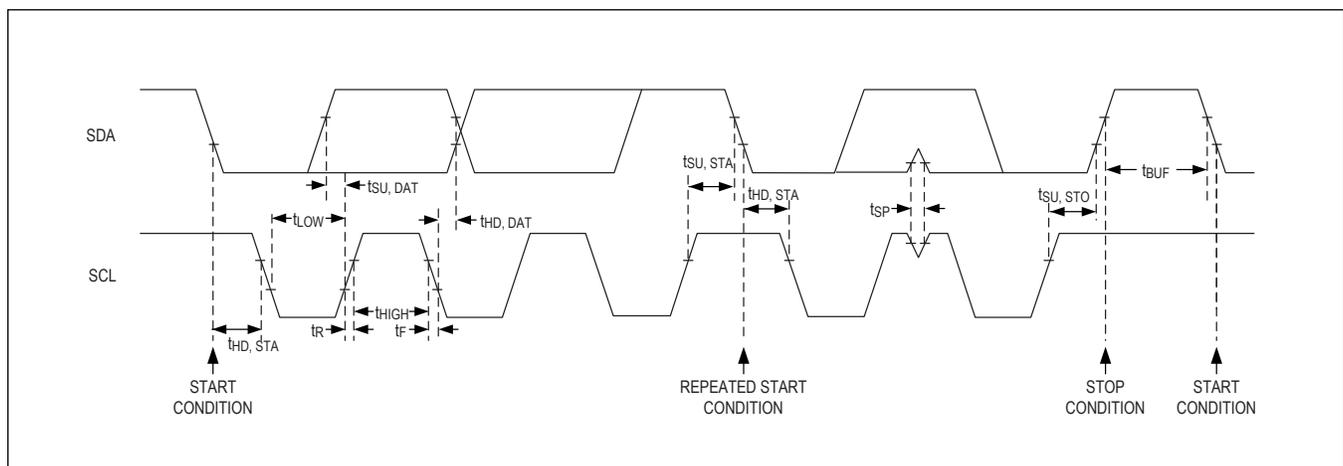


Figure 15. Detailed I<sup>2</sup>C Timing Diagram

### Bit Transfer

One data bit is transferred during each SCL cycle. The data on SDA must remain stable during the high period of the SCL pulse. Changes in SDA while SCL is high are control signals (see the [START and STOP Conditions](#) section).

### START and STOP Conditions

SDA and SCL idle high when the bus is not in use. A master initiates communication by issuing a START condition. A START condition is a high-to-low transition on SDA with SCL high. A STOP condition is a low-to-high transition on SDA while SCL is high ([Figure 16](#)). A START condition from the master signals the beginning of a transmission to the MAX86171. The master terminates transmission and frees the bus by issuing a STOP condition. The bus remains active if a REPEATED START condition is generated instead of a STOP condition.

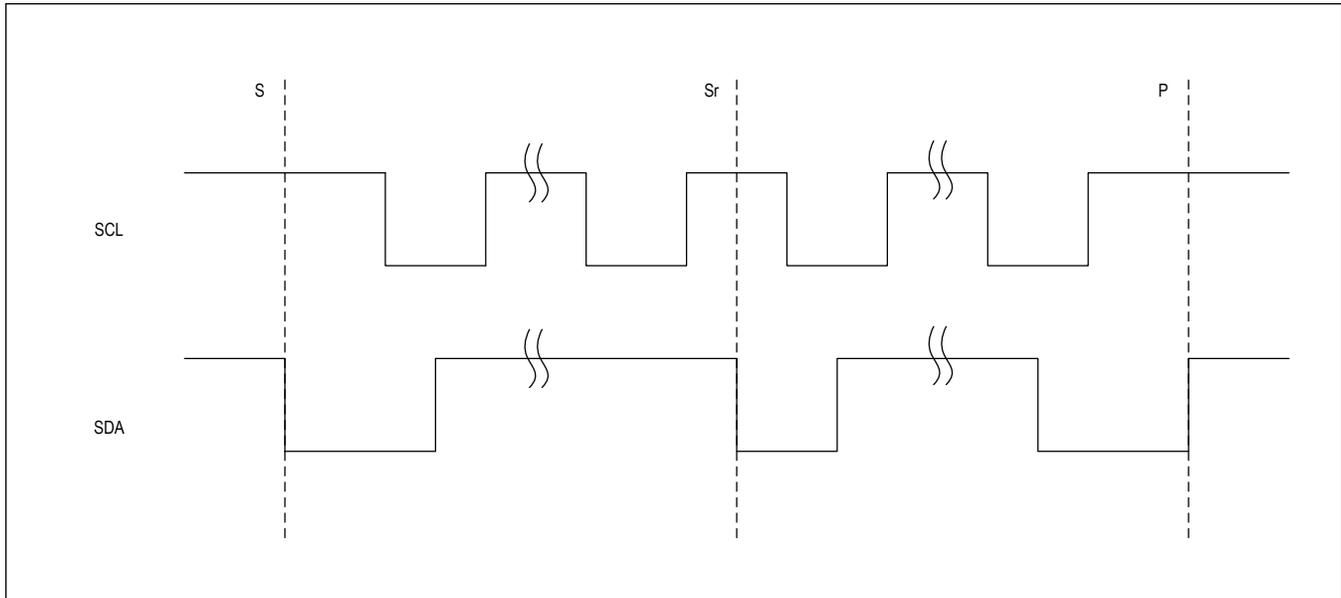


Figure 16. I<sup>2</sup>C START, STOP, and REPEATED START Conditions

### Early STOP Conditions

The MAX86171 recognizes a STOP condition at any point during data transmission except if the STOP condition occurs in the same high pulse as a START condition. For proper operation, do not send a STOP condition during the same SCL high pulse as the START condition.

### Slave Address

The slave address is defined as the seven most significant bits (MSBs) followed by the read/write bit. For the MAX86171 the seven most significant bits are 0b110010X, where X is determined by the CSB/ADDR pin. For read mode, set the read/write bit to 1. For write mode, set the read/write bit to 0. The address is the first byte of information sent to the IC after the START condition. See [Table 11](#).

**Table 11. I<sup>2</sup>C Slave Address**

| ADDR PIN | WRITE | READ |
|----------|-------|------|
| High     | 0xCA  | 0xCB |
| Low      | 0xC8  | 0xC9 |

### Acknowledge Bit

The acknowledge bit (ACK) is a clocked 9<sup>th</sup> bit that the MAX86171 uses to handshake receipt of each byte of data when in write mode ([Figure 17](#)). The MAX86171 pulls down SDA during the entire master-generated 9<sup>th</sup> clock pulse if the previous byte is successfully received. Monitoring ACK allows for detection of unsuccessful data transfers. An unsuccessful data transfer occurs if a receiving device is busy or if a system fault has occurred. In the event of an unsuccessful data transfer, the bus master retries communication. The master pulls down SDA during the 9<sup>th</sup> clock cycle to acknowledge receipt of data when the MAX86171 is in read mode. An acknowledge is sent by the master after each read byte to allow data transfer to continue. A not-acknowledge (NACK) is sent when the master reads the final byte of data from the MAX86171 followed by a STOP condition.

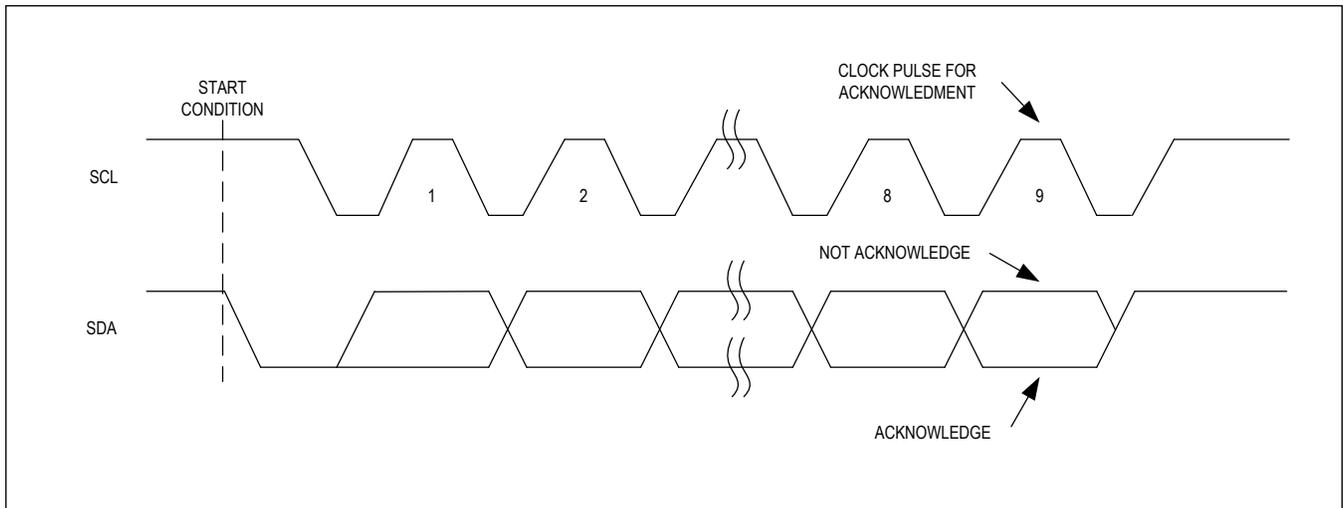


Figure 17. I<sup>2</sup>C Acknowledge Bit

### I<sup>2</sup>C Write Data Format

A write to the MAX86171 includes transmission of a START condition, the slave address with the  $\overline{R/W}$  bit set to 0, one byte of data to configure the internal register address pointer, one or more bytes of data, and a STOP condition. [Figure 18](#) illustrates the proper frame format for writing one byte of data to the MAX86171. [Figure 19](#) illustrates the frame format for writing n-bytes of data to the MAX86171.

The slave address with the  $\overline{R/W}$  bit set to 0 indicates that the master intends to write data to the MAX86171. The MAX86171 acknowledges receipt of the address byte during the master-generated 9<sup>th</sup> SCL pulse.

The second byte transmitted from the master configures the MAX86171 internal register address pointer. The pointer tells the MAX86171 where to write the next byte of data. An acknowledge pulse is sent by the MAX86171 upon receipt of the address pointer data.

The third byte sent to the MAX86171 contains the data that is written to the chosen register. An acknowledge pulse from the MAX86171 signals receipt of the data byte. The address pointer autoincrements to the next register address after each received data byte. This autoincrement feature allows a master to write to sequential registers within one continuous frame. The master signals the end of transmission by issuing a STOP condition. The autoincrement feature is disabled when there is an attempt to write to the FIFO\_DATA register.

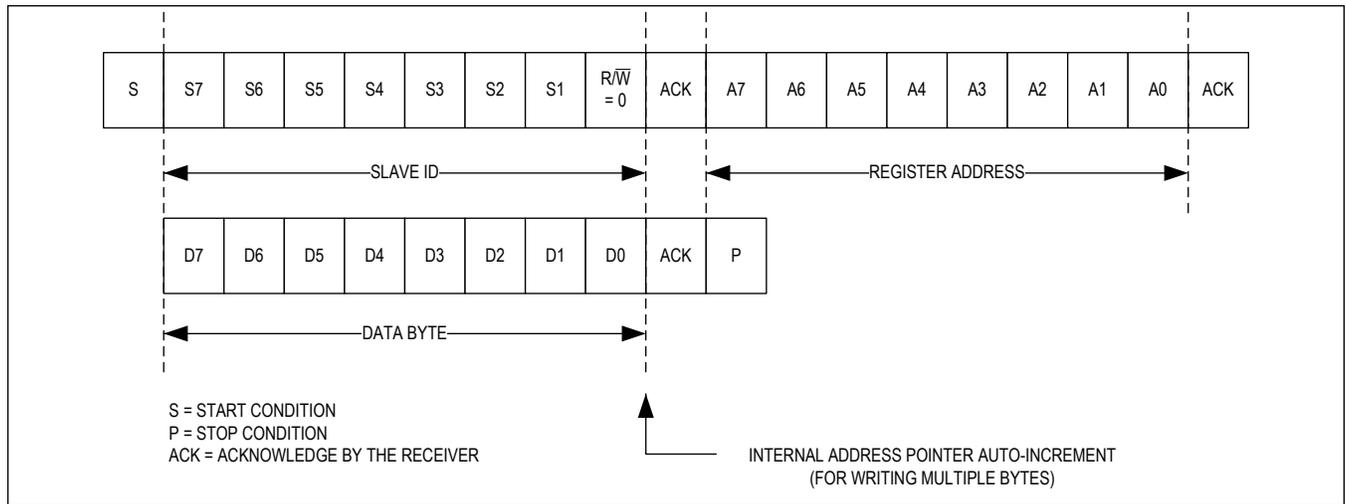


Figure 18. I<sup>2</sup>C Single Byte Write Transaction

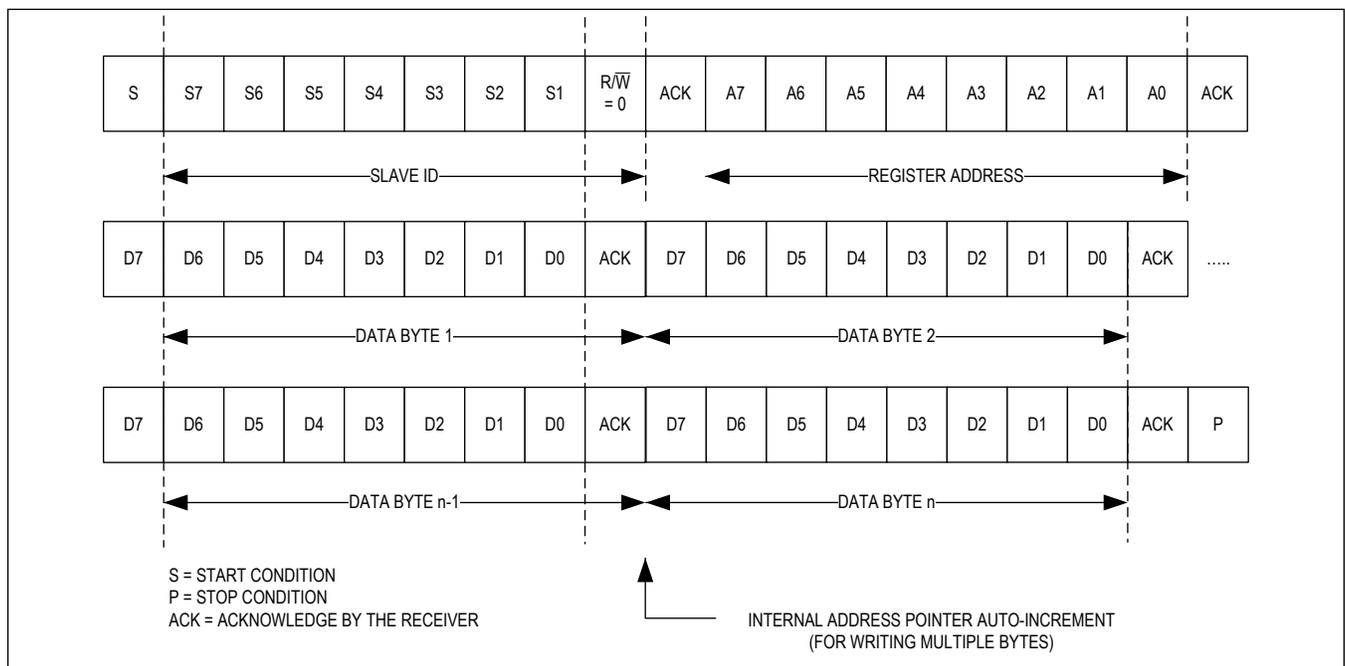


Figure 19. I<sup>2</sup>C Multi-Byte Write Transaction

**I<sup>2</sup>C Read Data Format**

Send the slave address with the  $\overline{R/W}$  bit set to 1 to initiate a read operation. The MAX86171 acknowledges receipt of its slave address by pulling SDA low during the 9th SCL clock pulse. A START command followed by a read command resets the address pointer to register 0x00.

The first byte transmitted from the MAX86171 is the contents of register 0x00. Transmitted data is valid on the rising edge of SCL. The address pointer auto-increments after each read data byte. This auto-increment feature allows all registers to be read sequentially within one continuous frame. The auto\_increment feature is disabled when there is an attempt to read from the FIFO\_DATA register. A STOP condition can be issued after any number of read data bytes. If a STOP condition is issued followed by another read operation, the first data byte to be read is from register 0x00.

The address pointer can be preset to a specific register before a read command is issued. The master presets the address pointer by first sending the MAX86171 slave address with the  $R/\bar{W}$  bit set to 0 followed by the register address. A REPEATED START condition is then sent followed by the slave address with the  $R/\bar{W}$  bit set to 1. The MAX86171 then transmits the contents of the specified register. The address pointer auto-increments after transmitting the first byte.

The master acknowledges receipt of each read byte during the acknowledge clock pulse. The master must acknowledge all correctly received bytes except the last byte. The final byte must be followed by a NACK from the master and then a STOP condition.

Figure 20 illustrates the frame format for reading one byte from the MAX86171. Figure 21 illustrates the frame format for reading multiple bytes from the MAX86171.

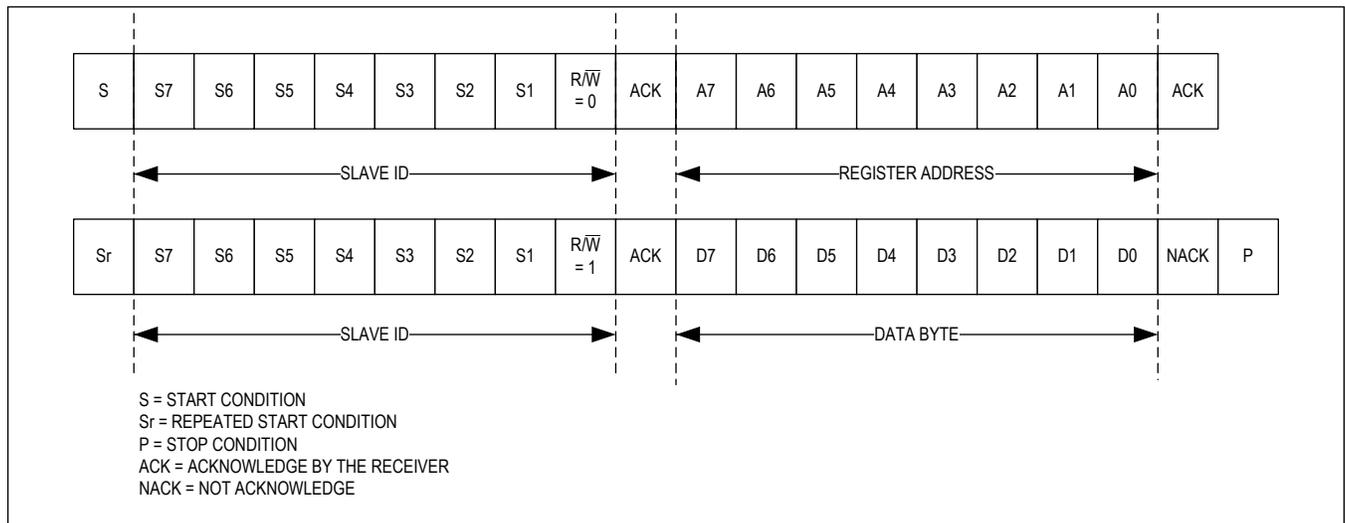


Figure 20. I<sup>2</sup>C Single Byte Read Transaction

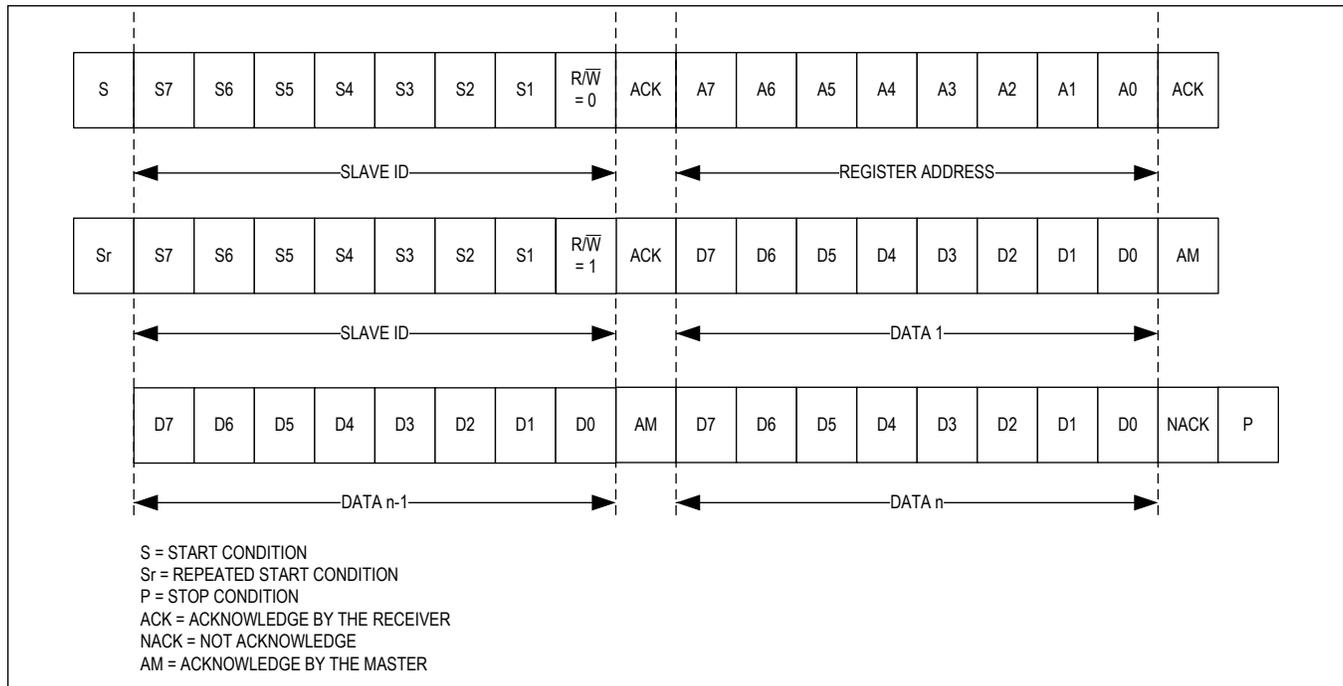


Figure 21. I<sup>2</sup>C Multi-Byte Read Transaction

## PCB Layout Guidelines

MAX86171 is a high dynamic range analog front-end (AFE) and its performance can be adversely impacted by the physical printed circuit board (PCB) layout. It is important that all bypass recommendation in the pin table be followed. Specifically, it is recommended that the  $V_{DD\_ANA}$  and  $V_{DD\_DIG}$  pins be shorted at the PCB. It is also recommended that GND, and PGND be shorted to a single PCB ground plane.

The combined  $V_{DD\_ANA}$  and  $V_{DD\_DIG}$  pins should then be decoupled with a 0.1 $\mu$ F and a larger ceramic chip capacitor around 10 $\mu$ F to the PCB Ground plane. In addition, the VREF pin should be decoupled to the PCB Ground plane with a 1.0 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor. The voltage on the VREF pin is nominally 1.21V, so a 6.3V-rated ceramic capacitor should be adequate for this purpose. It is recommended that all decoupling caps use individual vias to the PCB Ground plane to avoid mutual impedance coupling between decoupled supplies when sharing vias.

The most critical aspect of the PCB layout of MAX86171 is the handling of the PD\_IN and PD\_GND nodes. Parasitic capacitive coupling to the PD\_IN can result in additional noise being injected into the MAX86171 front-end. To minimize external interference coupling to PD\_IN, it is recommended that the PD\_IN node be fully shielded by the PD\_GND node. An example of this recommendation is in [Figure 22](#). The PD\_IN node is shielded with a coplanar PD\_GND trace. The photodiode cathode should be entirely shielded with the PD\_GND shield, which is also the photodiode anode. The PD\_GND pin should only be attached to the PCB Ground in only one point.

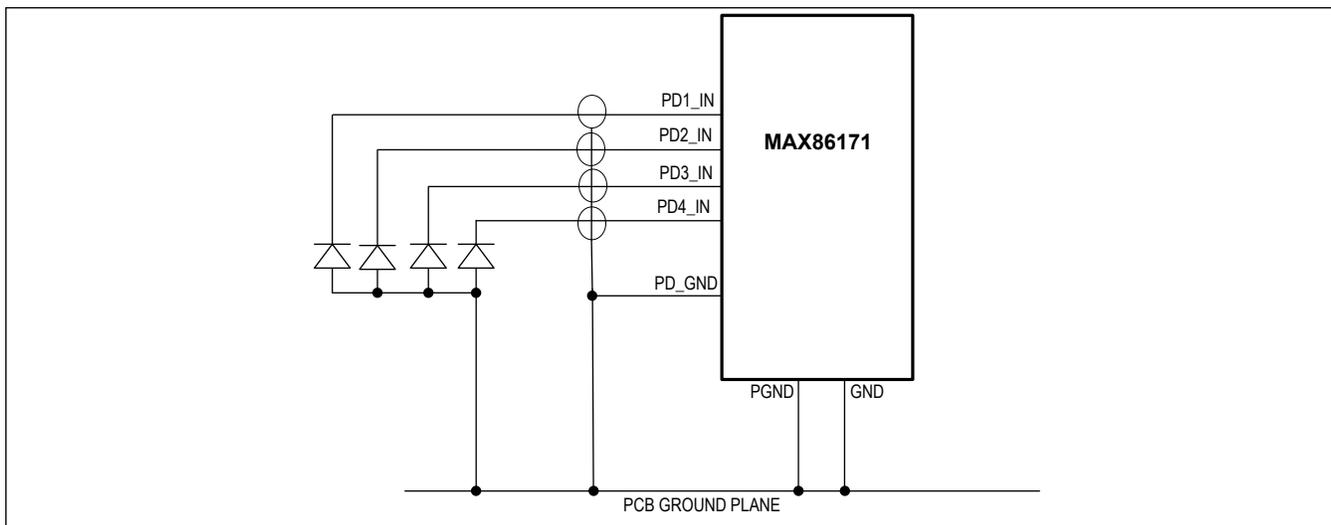


Figure 22. PCB Layout Recommendation

## Register Map

## User Register Map

| ADDRESS                 | NAME  | MSB                      |                   |                |                       |                   |                |                  | LSB              |
|-------------------------|---|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| <b>Status</b>           |   |                          |                   |                |                       |                   |                |                  |                  |
| 0x00                    | <a href="#">Status 1[7:0]</a>                     | A_FULL                   | FRAME_RDY         | FIFO_DATA_RDY  | ALC_OVERFLOW          | EXP_OVERFLOW      | THRESH2_HILO   | THRESH1_HILO     | PWR_RDY          |
| 0x01                    | <a href="#">Status 2[7:0]</a>                     | LED9_C OMPB              | VDD_OR            | -              | -                     | -                 | INVALID_CFG    | -                | -                |
| 0x02                    | <a href="#">Status 3[7:0]</a>                     | LED8_C OMPB              | LED7_C OMPB       | LED6_C OMPB    | LED5_C OMPB           | LED4_C OMPB       | LED3_C OMPB    | LED2_C OMPB      | LED1_C OMPB      |
| <b>FIFO</b>             |   |                          |                   |                |                       |                   |                |                  |                  |
| 0x04                    | <a href="#">FIFO Write Pointer[7:0]</a>           | FIFO_WR_PTR[7:0]         |                   |                |                       |                   |                |                  |                  |
| 0x05                    | <a href="#">FIFO Read Pointer[7:0]</a>            | FIFO_RD_PTR[7:0]         |                   |                |                       |                   |                |                  |                  |
| 0x06                    | <a href="#">FIFO Counter 1[7:0]</a>               | FIFO_DATA_COUNT_MSB      | OVF_COUNTER[6:0]  |                |                       |                   |                |                  |                  |
| 0x07                    | <a href="#">FIFO Counter 2[7:0]</a>               | FIFO_DATA_COUNT_LSB[7:0] |                   |                |                       |                   |                |                  |                  |
| 0x08                    | <a href="#">FIFO Data Register[7:0]</a>           | FIFO_DATA[7:0]           |                   |                |                       |                   |                |                  |                  |
| 0x09                    | <a href="#">FIFO Configuration 1[7:0]</a>         | FIFO_A_FULL[7:0]         |                   |                |                       |                   |                |                  |                  |
| 0x0A                    | <a href="#">FIFO Configuration 2[7:0]</a>         | -                        | -                 | -              | FLUSH_FIFO            | FIFO_STATUS_CLEAR | A_FULL_TYPE    | FIFO_READ_ONLY   | -                |
| <b>System Control</b>   |   |                          |                   |                |                       |                   |                |                  |                  |
| 0x0C                    | <a href="#">System Configuration 1[7:0]</a>       | MEAS9_EN                 | SW_FORCE_SYNC     | SYNC_MODE[1:0] |                       | PPG2_P_WRDN       | PPG1_P_WRDN    | SHDN             | RESET            |
| 0x0D                    | <a href="#">System Configuration 2[7:0]</a>       | MEAS8_EN                 | MEAS7_EN          | MEAS6_EN       | MEAS5_EN              | MEAS4_EN          | MEAS3_EN       | MEAS2_EN         | MEAS1_EN         |
| 0x0E                    | <a href="#">System Configuration 3[7:0]</a>       | -                        | -                 | -              | ALC_DISABLE           | -                 | -              | COLLECT_RAW_DATA | MEAS1_CONFIG_SEL |
| 0x0F                    | <a href="#">Photodiode Bias[7:0]</a>              | PD4_BIAS[1:0]            |                   | PD3_BIAS[1:0]  |                       | PD2_BIAS[1:0]     |                | PD1_BIAS[1:0]    |                  |
| 0x10                    | <a href="#">Pin Functional Configuration[7:0]</a> | -                        | -                 | -              | INT2_FCFG[1:0]        |                   | -              | -                | TRIG_ICFG        |
| 0x11                    | <a href="#">Output Pin Configuration[7:0]</a>     | -                        | -                 | -              | INT2_OCFG[1:0]        |                   | INT1_OCFG[1:0] |                  | -                |
| <b>Frame Rate Clock</b> |   |                          |                   |                |                       |                   |                |                  |                  |
| 0x15                    | <a href="#">FR Clock Frequency Select[7:0]</a>    | -                        | -                 | FR_CLK_SEL     | FR_CLK_FINE_TUNE[4:0] |                   |                |                  |                  |
| 0x16                    | <a href="#">FR Clock Divider MSB[7:0]</a>         | -                        | FR_CLK_DIV_H[6:0] |                |                       |                   |                |                  |                  |
| 0x17                    | <a href="#">FR Clock Divider LSB[7:0]</a>         | FR_CLK_DIV_L[7:0]        |                   |                |                       |                   |                |                  |                  |

| ADDRESS            | NAME                                       | MSB                  |                       |                         |                         |                         | LSB |
|--------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----|
| <b>MEAS1 Setup</b> |  |                      |                       |                         |                         |                         |     |
| 0x18               | <a href="#">MEAS1 Selects[7:0]</a>         | –                    | MEAS1_AMB             | MEAS1_DRVC[1:0]         | MEAS1_DRVB[1:0]         | MEAS1_DRVA[1:0]         |     |
| 0x19               | <a href="#">MEAS1 Configuration 1[7:0]</a> | –                    | MEAS1_PPG2_PDSEL      | MEAS1_PPG1_PDSEL        | MEAS1_TINT[1:0]         | MEAS1_AVER[2:0]         |     |
| 0x1A               | <a href="#">MEAS1 Configuration 2[7:0]</a> | MEAS1_SINC3_SEL      | MEAS1_FILT_SEL        | MEAS1_LED_RGE[1:0]      | MEAS1_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] | MEAS1_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |     |
| 0x1B               | <a href="#">MEAS1 Configuration 3[7:0]</a> | MEAS1_PD_SETLNG[1:0] | MEAS1_LED_SETLNG[1:0] | MEAS1_PPG2_DAC_OFF[1:0] | MEAS1_PPG1_DAC_OFF[1:0] |                         |     |
| 0x1C               | <a href="#">MEAS1 DRVA Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS1_DRVA_PA[7:0]   |                       |                         |                         |                         |     |
| 0x1D               | <a href="#">MEAS1 DRVB Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS1_DRVB_PA[7:0]   |                       |                         |                         |                         |     |
| 0x1E               | <a href="#">MEAS1 DRVC Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS1_DRVC_PA[7:0]   |                       |                         |                         |                         |     |
| <b>MEAS2 Setup</b> |  |                      |                       |                         |                         |                         |     |
| 0x20               | <a href="#">MEAS2 Selects[7:0]</a>         | –                    | MEAS2_AMB             | MEAS2_DRVC[1:0]         | MEAS2_DRVB[1:0]         | MEAS2_DRVA[1:0]         |     |
| 0x21               | <a href="#">MEAS2 Configuration 1[7:0]</a> | –                    | MEAS2_PPG2_PDSEL      | MEAS2_PPG1_PDSEL        | MEAS2_TINT[1:0]         | MEAS2_AVER[2:0]         |     |
| 0x22               | <a href="#">MEAS2 Configuration 2[7:0]</a> | MEAS2_SINC3_SEL      | MEAS2_FILT_SEL        | MEAS2_LED_RGE[1:0]      | MEAS2_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] | MEAS2_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |     |
| 0x23               | <a href="#">MEAS2 Configuration 3[7:0]</a> | MEAS2_PD_SETLNG[1:0] | MEAS2_LED_SETLNG[1:0] | MEAS2_PPG1_DAC_OFF[1:0] | MEAS2_PPG1_DAC_OFF[1:0] |                         |     |
| 0x24               | <a href="#">MEAS2 DRVA Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS2_DRVA_PA[7:0]   |                       |                         |                         |                         |     |
| 0x25               | <a href="#">MEAS2 DRVB Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS2_DRVB_PA[7:0]   |                       |                         |                         |                         |     |
| 0x26               | <a href="#">MEAS2 DRVC Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS2_DRVC_PA[7:0]   |                       |                         |                         |                         |     |
| <b>MEAS3 Setup</b> |  |                      |                       |                         |                         |                         |     |
| 0x28               | <a href="#">MEAS3 Selects[7:0]</a>         | –                    | MEAS3_AMB             | MEAS3_DRVC[1:0]         | MEAS3_DRVB[1:0]         | MEAS3_DRVA[1:0]         |     |
| 0x29               | <a href="#">MEAS3 Configuration 1[7:0]</a> | –                    | MEAS3_PPG2_PDSEL      | MEAS3_PPG1_PDSEL        | MEAS3_TINT[1:0]         | MEAS3_AVER[2:0]         |     |
| 0x2A               | <a href="#">MEAS3 Configuration 2[7:0]</a> | MEAS3_SINC3_SEL      | MEAS3_FILT_SEL        | MEAS3_LED_RGE[1:0]      | MEAS3_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] | MEAS3_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |     |
| 0x2B               | <a href="#">MEAS3 Configuration 3[7:0]</a> | MEAS3_PD_SETLNG[1:0] | MEAS3_LED_SETLNG[1:0] | MEAS3_PPG2_DAC_OFF[1:0] | MEAS3_PPG1_DAC_OFF[1:0] |                         |     |
| 0x2C               | <a href="#">MEAS3 DRVA Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS3_DRVA_PA[7:0]   |                       |                         |                         |                         |     |
| 0x2D               | <a href="#">MEAS3 DRVB Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS3_DRVB_PA[7:0]   |                       |                         |                         |                         |     |

| ADDRESS            | NAME                                       | MSB                  |                  |                       |                         |                         | LSB |
|--------------------|--|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----|
| 0x2E               | <a href="#">MEAS3 DRVC Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS3_DRVC_PA[7:0]   |                  |                       |                         |                         |     |
| <b>MEAS4 Setup</b> |  |                      |                  |                       |                         |                         |     |
| 0x30               | <a href="#">MEAS4 Selects[7:0]</a>         | –                    | MEAS4_AMB        | MEAS4_DRVC[1:0]       | MEAS4_DRVB[1:0]         | MEAS4_DRVA[1:0]         |     |
| 0x31               | <a href="#">MEAS4 Configuration 1[7:0]</a> | –                    | MEAS4_PPG2_PDSEL | MEAS4_PPG1_PDSEL      | MEAS4_TINT[1:0]         | MEAS4_AVER[2:0]         |     |
| 0x32               | <a href="#">MEAS4 Configuration 2[7:0]</a> | MEAS4_SINC3_SEL      | MEAS4_FILT_SEL   | MEAS4_LED_RGE[1:0]    | MEAS4_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] | MEAS4_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |     |
| 0x33               | <a href="#">MEAS4 Configuration 3[7:0]</a> | MEAS4_PD_SETLNG[1:0] |                  | MEAS4_LED_SETLNG[1:0] | MEAS4_PPG2_DAC_OFF[1:0] | MEAS4_PPG1_DAC_OFF[1:0] |     |
| 0x34               | <a href="#">MEAS4 DRVA Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS4_DRVA_PA[7:0]   |                  |                       |                         |                         |     |
| 0x35               | <a href="#">MEAS4 DRVB Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS4_DRVB_PA[7:0]   |                  |                       |                         |                         |     |
| 0x36               | <a href="#">MEAS4 DRVC Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS4_DRVC_PA[7:0]   |                  |                       |                         |                         |     |
| <b>MEAS5 Setup</b> |  |                      |                  |                       |                         |                         |     |
| 0x38               | <a href="#">MEAS5 Selects[7:0]</a>         | –                    | MEAS5_AMB        | MEAS5_DRVC[1:0]       | MEAS5_DRVB[1:0]         | MEAS5_DRVA[1:0]         |     |
| 0x39               | <a href="#">MEAS5 Configuration 1[7:0]</a> | –                    | MEAS5_PPG2_PDSEL | MEAS5_PPPG1_PDSEL     | MEAS5_TINT[1:0]         | MEAS5_AVER[2:0]         |     |
| 0x3A               | <a href="#">MEAS5 Configuration 2[7:0]</a> | MEAS5_SINC3_SEL      | MEAS5_FILT_SEL   | MEAS5_LED_RGE[1:0]    | MEAS5_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] | MEAS5_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |     |
| 0x3B               | <a href="#">MEAS5 Configuration 3[7:0]</a> | MEAS5_PD_SETLNG[1:0] |                  | MEAS5_LED_SETLNG[1:0] | MEAS5_PPG2_DAC_OFF[1:0] | MEAS5_PPG1_DAC_OFF[1:0] |     |
| 0x3C               | <a href="#">MEAS5 DRVA Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS5_DRVA_PA[7:0]   |                  |                       |                         |                         |     |
| 0x3D               | <a href="#">MEAS5 DRVB Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS5_DRVB_PA[7:0]   |                  |                       |                         |                         |     |
| 0x3E               | <a href="#">MEAS5 DRVC Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS5_DRVC_PA[7:0]   |                  |                       |                         |                         |     |
| <b>MEAS6 Setup</b> |  |                      |                  |                       |                         |                         |     |
| 0x40               | <a href="#">MEAS6 Selects[7:0]</a>         | –                    | MEAS6_AMB        | MEAS6_DRVC[1:0]       | MEAS6_DRVB[1:0]         | MEAS6_DRVA[1:0]         |     |
| 0x41               | <a href="#">MEAS6 Configuration 1[7:0]</a> | –                    | MEAS6_PPG2_PDSEL | MEAS6_PPG1_PDSEL      | MEAS6_TINT[1:0]         | MEAS6_AVER[2:0]         |     |
| 0x42               | <a href="#">MEAS6 Configuration 2[7:0]</a> | MEAS6_SINC3_SEL      | MEAS6_FILT_SEL   | MEAS6_LED_RGE[1:0]    | MEAS6_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] | MEAS6_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |     |
| 0x43               | <a href="#">MEAS6 Configuration 3[7:0]</a> | MEAS6_PD_SETLNG[1:0] |                  | MEAS6_LED_SETLNG[1:0] | MEAS6_PPG2_DAC_OFF[1:0] | MEAS6_PPG1_DAC_OFF[1:0] |     |
| 0x44               | <a href="#">MEAS6 DRVA Current[7:0]</a>    | MEAS6_DRVA_PA[7:0]   |                  |                       |                         |                         |     |

| ADDRESS            | NAME                                       | MSB                  |                   |                       |                         |                         | LSB |
|--------------------|--|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----|
| 0x45               | <a href="#">MEAS6 DRVB Current[7:0]</a>    |                      |                   |                       |                         | MEAS6_DRVB_PA[7:0]      |     |
| 0x46               | <a href="#">MEAS6 DRVC Current[7:0]</a>    |                      |                   |                       |                         | MEAS6_DRVC_PA[7:0]      |     |
| <b>MEAS7 Setup</b> |  |                      |                   |                       |                         |                         |     |
| 0x48               | <a href="#">MEAS7 Selects[7:0]</a>         | –                    | MEAS7_AMB         | MEAS7_DRVC[1:0]       | MEAS7_DRVB[1:0]         | MEAS7_DRVA[1:0]         |     |
| 0x49               | <a href="#">MEAS7 Configuration 1[7:0]</a> | –                    | MEAS7_PPG2_P DSEL | MEAS7_PPG1_P DSEL     | MEAS7_TINT[1:0]         | MEAS7_AVER[2:0]         |     |
| 0x4A               | <a href="#">MEAS7 Configuration 2[7:0]</a> | MEAS7_SINC3_S EL     | MEAS7_FILT_SE L   | MEAS7_LED_RGE[1:0]    | MEAS7_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] | MEAS7_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |     |
| 0x4B               | <a href="#">MEAS7 Configuration 3[7:0]</a> | MEAS7_PD_SETLNG[1:0] |                   | MEAS7_LED_SETLNG[1:0] | MEAS7_PPG2_DAC_OFF[1:0] | MEAS7_PPG1_DAC_OFF[1:0] |     |
| 0x4C               | <a href="#">MEAS7 DRVA Current[7:0]</a>    |                      |                   |                       |                         | MEAS7_DRVA_PA[7:0]      |     |
| 0x4D               | <a href="#">MEAS7 DRVB Current[7:0]</a>    |                      |                   |                       |                         | MEAS7_DRVB_PA[7:0]      |     |
| 0x4E               | <a href="#">MEAS7 DRVC Current[7:0]</a>    |                      |                   |                       |                         | MEAS7_DRVC_PA[7:0]      |     |
| <b>MEAS8 Setup</b> |  |                      |                   |                       |                         |                         |     |
| 0x50               | <a href="#">MEAS8 Selects[7:0]</a>         | –                    | MEAS8_AMB         | MEAS8_DRVC[1:0]       | MEAS8_DRVB[1:0]         | MEAS8_DRVA[1:0]         |     |
| 0x51               | <a href="#">MEAS8 Configuration 1[7:0]</a> | –                    | MEAS8_PPG2_P DSEL | MEAS8_PPG1_P DSEL     | MEAS8_TINT[1:0]         | MEAS8_AVER[2:0]         |     |
| 0x52               | <a href="#">MEAS8 Configuration 2[7:0]</a> | MEAS8_SINC3_S EL     | MEAS8_FILT_SE L   | MEAS8_LED_RGE[1:0]    | MEAS8_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] | MEAS8_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |     |
| 0x53               | <a href="#">MEAS8 Configuration 3[7:0]</a> | MEAS8_PD_SETLNG[1:0] |                   | MEAS8_LED_SETLNG[1:0] | MEAS8_PPG2_DAC_OFF[1:0] | MEAS8_PPG1_DAC_OFF[1:0] |     |
| 0x54               | <a href="#">MEAS8 DRVA Current[7:0]</a>    |                      |                   |                       |                         | MEAS8_DRVA_PA[7:0]      |     |
| 0x55               | <a href="#">MEAS8 DRVB Current[7:0]</a>    |                      |                   |                       |                         | MEAS8_DRVB_PA[7:0]      |     |
| 0x56               | <a href="#">MEAS8 DRVC Current[7:0]</a>    |                      |                   |                       |                         | MEAS8_DRVC_PA[7:0]      |     |
| <b>MEAS9 Setup</b> |  |                      |                   |                       |                         |                         |     |
| 0x58               | <a href="#">MEAS9 Selects[7:0]</a>         | –                    | MEAS9_AMB         | MEAS9_DRVC[1:0]       | MEAS9_DRVB[1:0]         | MEAS9_DRVA[1:0]         |     |
| 0x59               | <a href="#">MEAS9 Configuration 1[7:0]</a> | –                    | MEAS9_PPG2_P DSEL | MEAS9_PPG1_P DSEL     | MEAS9_TINT[1:0]         | MEAS9_AVER[2:0]         |     |
| 0x5A               | <a href="#">MEAS9 Configuration 2[7:0]</a> | MEAS9_SINC3_S EL     | MEAS9_FILT_SE L   | MEAS9_LED_RGE[1:0]    | MEAS9_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] | MEAS9_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |     |
| 0x5B               | <a href="#">MEAS9 Configuration 3[7:0]</a> | MEAS9_PD_SETLNG[1:0] |                   | MEAS9_LED_SETLNG[1:0] | MEAS9_PPG2_DAC_OFF[1:0] | MEAS9_PPG1_DAC_OFF[1:0] |     |

| ADDRESS                     | NAME   | MSB                   |                    |                     |                     |                           |                    |                    | LSB                |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 0x5C                        | <a href="#">MEAS9 DRVA Current[7:0]</a>              | MEAS9_DRVA_PA[7:0]    |                    |                     |                     |                           |                    |                    |                    |
| 0x5D                        | <a href="#">MEAS9 DRVB Current[7:0]</a>              | MEAS9_DRVB_PA[7:0]    |                    |                     |                     |                           |                    |                    |                    |
| 0x5E                        | <a href="#">MEAS9 DRVC Current[7:0]</a>              | MEAS9_DRVC_PA[7:0]    |                    |                     |                     |                           |                    |                    |                    |
| <b>Threshold Interrupts</b> |  |                       |                    |                     |                     |                           |                    |                    |                    |
| 0x68                        | <a href="#">THRESHOLD MEAS SEL[7:0]</a>              | THRESH2_MEAS_SEL[3:0] |                    |                     |                     | THRESH1_MEAS_SEL[3:0]     |                    |                    |                    |
| 0x69                        | <a href="#">THRESHOLD HYST[7:0]</a>                  | THRESH2_PPG_SEL       | THRESH1_PPG_SEL    | –                   | TIME_HYST[1:0]      | LEVEL_HYST[2:0]           |                    |                    |                    |
| 0x6A                        | <a href="#">PPG HI THRESHOLD1[7:0]</a>               | THRESHOLD1_UPPER[7:0] |                    |                     |                     |                           |                    |                    |                    |
| 0x6B                        | <a href="#">PPG LO THRESHOLD1[7:0]</a>               | THRESHOLD1_LOWER[7:0] |                    |                     |                     |                           |                    |                    |                    |
| 0x6C                        | <a href="#">PPG HI THRESHOLD2[7:0]</a>               | THRESHOLD2_UPPER[7:0] |                    |                     |                     |                           |                    |                    |                    |
| 0x6D                        | <a href="#">PPG LO THRESHOLD2[7:0]</a>               | THRESHOLD2_LOWER[7:0] |                    |                     |                     |                           |                    |                    |                    |
| <b>Picket Fence</b>         |  |                       |                    |                     |                     |                           |                    |                    |                    |
| 0x70                        | <a href="#">Picket Fence Measurement Select[7:0]</a> | PPG2_PF_MEAS_SEL[3:0] |                    |                     |                     | PPG1_PF_MEAS_SEL[3:0]     |                    |                    |                    |
| 0x71                        | <a href="#">Picket Fence Configuration[7:0]</a>      | –                     | PF_ORDER           | IIR_TC[1:0]         | IIR_INIT_VALUE[1:0] | THRESHOLD_SIGMA_MULT[1:0] |                    |                    |                    |
| <b>Interrupt Enables</b>    |  |                       |                    |                     |                     |                           |                    |                    |                    |
| 0x78                        | <a href="#">Interrupt1 Enable 1[7:0]</a>             | A_FULL_EN1            | FRAME_RDY_EN1      | FIFO_DATA_READY_EN1 | ALC_OVERFLOW_EN1    | EXP_OVERFLOW_EN1          | THRESH2_HILO_EN1   | THRESH1_HILO_EN1   | LED_TX_EN1         |
| 0x79                        | <a href="#">Interrupt1 Enable 2[7:0]</a>             | LED9_COMPONENT_EN1    | VDD_OR_EN1         | –                   | –                   | –                         | INVALID_CFG_EN1    | –                  | –                  |
| 0x7A                        | <a href="#">Interrupt1 Enable 3[7:0]</a>             | LED8_COMPONENT_EN1    | LED7_COMPONENT_EN1 | LED6_COMPONENT_EN1  | LED5_COMPONENT_EN1  | LED4_COMPONENT_EN1        | LED3_COMPONENT_EN1 | LED2_COMPONENT_EN1 | LED1_COMPONENT_EN1 |
| 0x7C                        | <a href="#">Interrupt2 Enable 1[7:0]</a>             | A_FULL_EN2            | FRAME_RDY_EN2      | FIFO_DATA_READY_EN2 | ALC_OVERFLOW_EN2    | EXP_OVERFLOW_EN2          | THRESH2_HILO_EN2   | THRESH1_HILO_EN2   | LED_TX_EN2         |
| 0x7D                        | <a href="#">Interrupt2 Enable 2[7:0]</a>             | LED9_COMPONENT_EN2    | VDD_OR_EN2         | –                   | –                   | –                         | INVALID_CFG_EN2    | –                  | –                  |
| 0x7E                        | <a href="#">Interrupt2 Enable 3[7:0]</a>             | LED8_COMPONENT_EN2    | LED7_COMPONENT_EN2 | LED6_COMPONENT_EN2  | LED5_COMPONENT_EN2  | LED4_COMPONENT_EN2        | LED3_COMPONENT_EN2 | LED2_COMPONENT_EN2 | LED1_COMPONENT_EN2 |
| <b>Part ID</b>              |  |                       |                    |                     |                     |                           |                    |                    |                    |
| 0xFF                        | <a href="#">Part ID[7:0]</a>                         | PART_ID[7:0]          |                    |                     |                     |                           |                    |                    |                    |

## Register Details

### Status 1 (0x00)

| BIT         | 7         | 6         | 5             | 4         | 3         | 2            | 1            | 0         |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|-----------|
| Field       | A_FULL    | FRAME_RDY | FIFO_DATA_RDY | ALC_OVF   | EXP_OVF   | THRESH2_HILO | THRESH1_HILO | PWR_RDY   |
| Reset       | 0b0       | 0b0       | 0b0           | 0b0       | 0b0       | 0b0          | 0b0          | 0b1       |
| Access Type | Read Only | Read Only | Read Only     | Read Only | Read Only | Read Only    | Read Only    | Read Only |

#### A\_FULL

The A\_FULL bit is set to 1 when the FIFO has reached the threshold programmed in the FIFO\_A\_FULL register. This is a read-only bit. This bit is cleared when the Status 1 Register is read. It is also cleared when the FIFO Data Register (0x08) is read if FIFO\_STAT\_CLR = 1.

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE  |
|-------|-------------|---|
| 0     | NORMAL      | Normal Operation  |
| 1     | ASSERTED    | Indicates that the FIFO buffer has reached the threshold set by FIFO_A_FULL[7:0]. |

#### FRAME\_RDY

A frame consists of FIFO data for all the PPG ADC conversions for the sequence programmed in the MEASn (n = 1 to 9) enable registers. FRAME\_RDY bit is set to 1 when a full frame conversion has completed. This is a read-only bit and is cleared by reading the Status 1 Register (0x00). It is also cleared by reading the FIFO Data Register if FIFO\_STAT\_CLR = 1.

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE   |
|-------|-------------|--|
| 0     | NORMAL      | Normal Operation   |
| 1     | ASSERTED    | This interrupt triggers when a complete sample is available in the FIFO. |

#### FIFO\_DATA\_RDY

The FIFO\_DATA\_RDY bit is set to 1 when new data is available in the FIFO. This is a read-only bit and is cleared by reading the Status 1 register (0x00). It is also cleared by reading the FIFO Data Register if FIFO\_STAT\_CLR = 1

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE                        |
|-------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| 0     | NORMAL      | Normal Operation              |
| 1     | ASSERTED    | There is new data in the FIFO |

#### ALC\_OVF

The ALC\_OVF bit is set to 1 when a dark current measurement is either underranged or overranged for any of the assigned measurements. This is a read-only bit, and is cleared by reading the Status 1 register (0x00). A measurement is overranged if it is positive full-scale (0x7FFFF, 524287), and underranged if it is less than negative full-scale/4 (< 0xE0000, -131072).

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE   |
|-------|-------------|--|
| 0     | NORMAL      | Normal Operation   |
| 1     | ASSERTED    | This interrupt triggers when the ambient light cancellation function of the photodiode has reached its maximum limit due to overflow, and therefore, ambient light is affecting the output of the ADC. |

#### EXP\_OVF

The EXP\_OVF bit is set to 1 when an exposure current measurement is either underranged or overranged. It is also set

to 1 if a photodiode forward bias is detected. This is a read-only bit, and is cleared by reading the Status 1 register (0x00). A measurement is overranged if it is positive full-scale (0x7FFFF, 524287), and underrange if it is less than negative full-scale/4 (< 0xE0000, -131072).

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE  |
|-------|-------------|---|
| 0     | NORMAL      | Normal Operation  |
| 1     | ASSERTED    | This interrupt triggers when the exposure signal has reached its maximum limit due to overflow. |

### THRESH2\_HILO

The THRESH2\_HILO bit is set to 1 when the THRESH2\_MEAS instance as defined qualifies as above THRESHOLD2\_UPPER or below THRESHOLD2\_LOWER. This is a read-only bit and is cleared by reading the Status 1 register (0x00).

See the Threshold Detect Function section for a complete explanation of how the two threshold instances operate.

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE  |
|-------|-------------|---|
| 0     | NORMAL      | ADC reading is below the defined THRESHOLD2_UPPER level AND above THRESHOLD2_LOWER level. |
| 1     | ASSERTED    | ADC reading is above the defined THRESHOLD2_UPPER level OR below THRESHOLD2_LOWER level.  |

### THRESH1\_HILO

The THRESH1\_HILO bit is set to 1 when the THRESH1\_MEAS instance as defined qualifies as above THRESHOLD1\_UPPER or below THRESHOLD1\_LOWER. This is a read-only bit and is cleared by reading the Status 1 register (0x00).

See the Threshold Detect Function section for a complete explanation of how the two threshold instances operate.

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE  |
|-------|-------------|---|
| 0     | NORMAL      | ADC reading is below the defined THRESHOLD1_UPPER level AND above THRESHOLD1_LOWER level. |
| 1     | ASSERTED    | ADC reading is above the defined THRESHOLD1_UPPER level OR below THRESHOLD1_LOWER level.  |

### PWR\_RDY

The PWR\_RDY bit is set to 1 when  $V_{DD}$  goes below the undervoltage lockout (UVLO) threshold, which is approximately 1.3V. If this condition occurs, all registers within the MAX86171 are reset to their PORb state. This bit is not triggered by a soft-reset. This is a read-only bit and is cleared when the Status 1 register is read, or by setting the SHDN bit to 1.

PWR\_RDY is a non-maskable interrupt. So it gets asserted on both INT1 and INT2.

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE   |
|-------|-------------|--|
| 0     | NORMAL      | Normal Operation   |
| 1     | ASSERTED    | Indicates that $V_{DD\_DIG}$ or $V_{DD\_ANA}$ went below the UVLO threshold. |

### Status 2 (0x01)

| BIT         | 7              | 6         | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2               | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|----------------|-----------|---|---|---|-----------------|---|---|
| Field       | LED9_COM<br>PB | VDD_OOR   | – | – | – | INVALID_C<br>FG | – | – |
| Reset       | 0b0            | 0b0       | – | – | – | 0b0             | – | – |
| Access Type | Read Only      | Read Only | – | – | – | Read Only       | – | – |

**LED9\_COMPB**

LED<sub>x</sub> (x = 1 to 9) is not compliant. If the LED<sub>x</sub>\_DRV pin voltage drops below the compliance voltage threshold at the end of each exposure interval, the LED<sub>x</sub>\_COMPB status bit is asserted. LED<sub>x</sub>\_COMPB is a read-only bit. It is cleared when the corresponding status register is read.

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE  |
|-------|-------------|---|
| 0     | NORMAL      | LED9_DRV pin has sufficient voltage for the driver  |
| 1     | ASSERTED    | LED <sub>x</sub> _DRV pin voltage is below compliance. Power supply rejection on LED <sub>x</sub> is degraded and LED <sub>x</sub> current is inaccurate. |

**VDD\_OOR**

VDD\_OOR bit is set to 1 when VDD\_DIG is out of range  $1.65V < V_{DD\_DIG} < 2.05V$ . The detection circuitry has a 10ms time delay and continues to trigger as long as the V<sub>DD\_DIG</sub> is out of range. VDD\_OOR is a read-only bit and is cleared when the Status 2 register is read.

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE   |
|-------|-------------|--|
| 0     | NORMAL      | Normal Operation   |
| 1     | ASSERTED    | Indicates that V <sub>DD_DIG</sub> is greater than 2.05V or less than 1.65V. |

**INVALID\_CFG**

INVALID\_CFG is set to 1 when the Frame Rate programmed using the clock dividers FR\_CLK\_DIV\_H[6:0] and FR\_CLK\_DIV\_L[7:0] is too fast to accommodate the measurement sequences enabled in a frame. This is a read-only bit and it gets cleared when the Status 2 register is read.

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE                             |
|-------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| 0     | NORMAL      | Configuration timing is valid.     |
| 1     | ASSERTED    | Configuration timing is not valid. |

**Status 3 (0x02)**

| BIT         | 7           | 6           | 5           | 4           | 3           | 2           | 1           | 0           |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Field       | LED8_COM PB | LED7_COM PB | LED6_COM PB | LED5_COM PB | LED4_COM PB | LED3_COM PB | LED2_COM PB | LED1_COM PB |
| Reset       | 0x0         |
| Access Type | Read Only   |

**LED8\_COMPB**

See LED9\_COMPB for details.

**LED7\_COMPB**

See LED9\_COMPB for details.

**LED6\_COMPB**

See LED9\_COMPB for details.

**LED5\_COMPB**

See LED9\_COMPB for details.

**LED4\_COMPB**

See LED9\_COMPB for details.

**LED3\_COMPB**

See LED9\_COMPB for details.

**LED2\_COMPB**

See LED9\_COMPB for details.

**LED1\_COMPB**

See LED9\_COMPB for details.

**FIFO Write Pointer (0x04)**

| BIT         | 7                | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | FIFO_WR_PTR[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x0              |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Read Only        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**FIFO\_WR\_PTR**

FIFO\_WR\_PTR[7:0] points to the location where the next sample will be written. This pointer advances for each sample pushed on to the circular FIFO.

Refer to the FIFO Description section for details.

**FIFO Read Pointer (0x05)**

| BIT         | 7                 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | FIFO_RD_PTR[7:0]  |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x0               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read, Dual |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**FIFO\_RD\_PTR**

FIFO\_RD\_PTR[7:0] points to the location from where the processor gets the next sample from the FIFO using the serial interface. This advances each time a sample is popped from the circular FIFO. The processor can also write to this pointer after reading the samples. This allows rereading (or retrying) samples from the FIFO. However, writing to FIFO\_RD\_PTR[7:0] can have adverse effects if it results in the FIFO being almost full.

Refer to the FIFO Description section for details.

**FIFO Counter 1 (0x06)**

| BIT         | 7                   | 6                | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|---------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | FIFO_DATA_COUNT_MSB | OVF_COUNTER[6:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x0                 | 0x0              |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Read Only           | Read Only        |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**FIFO\_DATA\_COUNT\_MSB**

FIFO\_DATA\_COUNT\_MSB is a read-only register that holds the most significant bit of the number of data items

available in the FIFO for the host to read. The lower 8 bits are in the FIFO\_DATA\_COUNT\_LSB[7:0] register.

The 9-bit FIFO\_DATA\_COUNT[8:0] register is comprised of FIFO\_DATA\_COUNT\_MSB and FIFO\_DATA\_COUNT\_LSB[7:0] registers. FIFO\_DATA\_COUNT[8:0] increments when a new data item is pushed to the FIFO, and decrements when the host reads a data item from the FIFO.

Refer to the FIFO Description section for details.

### OVF\_COUNTER

When FIFO is full any new samples result in new or old samples getting lost depending on FIFO\_RO. OVF\_COUNTER[6:0] counts the number of samples lost. It saturates at 0x7F. This is a read-only register.

Refer to the FIFO Description section for details.

#### [FIFO Counter 2 \(0x07\)](#)

| BIT         | 7                        | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | FIFO_DATA_COUNT_LSB[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x0                      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Read Only                |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

### FIFO\_DATA\_COUNT\_LSB

FIFO\_DATA\_COUNT\_LSB[7:0] is a read-only register that holds the lower 8 bits of the number of data items available in the FIFO for the host to read.

See the FIFO\_DATA\_COUNT\_MSB register description for details.

#### [FIFO Data Register \(0x08\)](#)

| BIT         | 7              | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | FIFO_DATA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x0            |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Read Only      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

### FIFO\_DATA

FIFO\_DATA[7:0] is a read-only register and is used to get data from the FIFO.

Refer to the FIFO Description section for details.

#### [FIFO Configuration 1 \(0x09\)](#)

| BIT         | 7                | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | FIFO_A_FULL[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x7F             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

### FIFO\_A\_FULL

FIFO\_A\_FULL[7:0] indicates how many new samples can be written to the FIFO before the interrupt is asserted. For example, if set to 0x0F, the interrupt triggers when there are 15 empty spaces left (241 entries).

Refer to the FIFO Description section for details.

| FIFO_A_FULL[7:0] | FREE SPACE BEFORE INTERRUPT | # OF SAMPLES IN FIFO |
|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| 0                | 0                           | 256                  |
| 1                | 1                           | 255                  |
| 2                | 2                           | 254                  |
| 3                | 3                           | 253                  |
| ---              | ---                         | ---                  |
| 254              | 254                         | 2                    |
| 255              | 255                         | 1                    |

### FIFO Configuration 2 (0x0A)

| BIT         | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4           | 3             | 2           | 1           | 0 |
|-------------|---|---|---|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---|
| Field       | – | – | – | FLUSH_FIFO  | FIFO_STAT_CLR | A_FULL_TYPE | FIFO_RO     | – |
| Reset       | – | – | – | 0b0         | 0b1           | 0b0         | 0b0         | – |
| Access Type | – | – | – | Write, Read | Write, Read   | Write, Read | Write, Read | – |

### FLUSH\_FIFO

When FLUSH\_FIFO bit is set to '1', the FIFO gets flushed, FIFO\_WR\_PTR[7:0] and FIFO\_RD\_PTR[7:0] are reset to zero and FIFO\_DATA\_COUNT[8:0] becomes 0. The contents of the FIFO are lost. FIFO\_FLUSH is a self-clearing bit. Refer to the FIFO Description section for details.

### FIFO\_STAT\_CLR

When FIFO\_STAT\_CLR is set to 0, A-FULL, FRAME\_RDY and FIFO\_DATA\_RDY bits and the corresponding interrupts get cleared when Status 1 register is read. When FIFO\_STAT\_CLR is set to 1, A-FULL, FRAME\_RDY and FIFO\_DATA\_RDY bits and the corresponding interrupts get cleared when the Status 1 register is read or when FIFO\_DATA[7:0] register is read.

Refer to the FIFO Description section for details.

| VALUE | ENUMERATION   | DECODE  |
|-------|---------------|---|
| 0     | RD_DATA_NOCLR | A_FULL, FRAME_RDY and FIFO_DATA_RDY status and interrupts do not get cleared by FIFO_DATA[7:0] register read. They get cleared by a status register read. |
| 1     | RD_DATA_CLR   | A_FULL, FRAME_RDY and FIFO_DATA_RDY status and interrupts get cleared by FIFO_DATA[7:0] register read or status register read (Default)                   |

### A\_FULL\_TYPE

A\_FULL\_TYPE defines the behavior of the A\_FULL interrupt. When A\_FULL\_TYPE is set to 0, A\_FULL is asserted everytime the FIFO Almost Full condition is detected. When A\_FULL\_TYPE is set to 1, A\_FULL is asserted only for any new A\_FULL condition.

Refer to the FIFO Description section for details.

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE  |
|-------|-------------|---|
| 0     | AFULL_RPT   | A_FULL interrupt gets asserted when the A_FULL condition is detected. It is cleared by status register read, but reasserts for every sample if the A_FULL condition persists.                                   |
| 1     | AFULL_ONCE  | A_FULL interrupt gets asserted only when the A_FULL condition is detected. The interrupt gets cleared on status register read, and does not reassert for every sample until a new A_FULL condition is detected. |

**FIFO\_RO**

The FIFO\_RO bit controls the behavior of the FIFO when the FIFO becomes completely filled with data. Push to FIFO is enabled when FIFO is full if FIFO\_RO = 1 and old samples are lost. Both FIFO\_WR\_PTR and FIFO\_RD\_PTR increment for each sample after the FIFO is full. Push to FIFO is disabled when FIFO is full if FIFO\_RO = 0 and new samples are lost. FIFO\_WR\_PTR and FIFO\_RD\_PTR do not increment until a sample is read from the FIFO.

Refer to the FIFO Description section for details.

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE                                     |
|-------|-------------|--|
| 0     | STOP        | The FIFO stops on full.                    |
| 1     | PUSH        | The FIFO automatically rolls over on full. |

**System Configuration 1 (0x0C)**

| BIT         | 7           | 6                 | 5              | 4 | 3              | 2              | 1           | 0           |
|-------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------|---|----------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| Field       | MEAS9_EN    | SW_FORC<br>E_SYNC | SYNC_MODE[1:0] |   | PPG2_PW<br>RDN | PPG1_PW<br>RDN | SHDN        | RESET       |
| Reset       | 0b0         | 0b0               | 0x0            |   | 0b0            | 0b0            | 0b0         | 0b0         |
| Access Type | Write, Read | Write, Read       | Write, Read    |   | Write, Read    | Write, Read    | Write, Read | Write, Read |

**MEASn\_EN**

Set MEASn\_EN (n = 1 to 9) to 0 to disable measurement programmed in MEASn\_SETUP registers in the measurement sequence. Set MEASn\_EN to 1 to enable measurement programmed in MEASn\_SETUP registers in the measurement sequence. The sequence consists of all the enabled measurements starting from MEAS1\_EN to MEAS9\_EN.

| MEASn_EN<br>(n = 1 to 9) | ENUMERATION | DECODE                |
|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 0                        | DISABLE     | Disable Measurement n |
| 1                        | ENABLE      | Enable Measurement n  |

**SW\_FORCE\_SYNC**

Writing a 1 to this bit aborts the current Frame and starts a new Frame. This is a self-clearing bit.

**SYNC\_MODE**

SYNC\_MODE[1:0] bits are used for programming the frame synchronization modes as described in the table below.

Modes of operation:

| SYNC_MODE[1:0] | OPERATING MODES     | TRIG INPUT | DESCRIPTION   |
|----------------|---------------------|------------|---|
| 0, 3           | Internal Frame Sync | Not Used   | The device is in free-running mode. Frame-sync pulses are generated internally using the internal 32kHz/32.768kHz frame clock and the frame rate divider set by FR_CLK_DIV. The ADC Sync signals are generated internally using the 10MHz ADC clock.  |
| 1              | External Frame Sync | Frame Sync | The device is in one-shot mode. A frame cycle begins upon receipt of an active edge on the TRIG input. A frame cycle consists of a power-up cycle and the execution of each enabled measurement. The ADC Sync signals are generated internally using the 10MHz ADC clock. The internal 32kHz/32.768kHz frame clock is disabled. |

|   |                |                                    |   |
|---|----------------|------------------------------------|---|
| 2 | External Clock | EXT_CLK, External Frame Rate Clock | <p>The internal 32kHz/32.768kHz frame clock is disabled and the internal frame clock is driven by the TRIG pin. Frame-sync pulses are generated internally using the external TRIG input 32kHz/32.768kHz frame clock and the frame rate divider set by FR_CLK_DIV. The ADC Sync signals are generated internally using the 10MHz ADC clock.</p> <p>Start of sampling process can be controlled by an SPI software sync command, which zeros out the frame rate divider and restarts the frame counting process. The device then advances with the external TRIG input clock. Subsequent software Sync commands abort the current frame and restart a new Frame.</p> |
|---|----------------|------------------------------------|---|

**PPG2\_PWRDN**

When PPG2\_PWRDN is set 0, the optical channel 2 is enabled. When PPG2\_PWRDN is set to 1, this channel is powered down to save power.

| PPG2_PD | ENUMERATION | DECODE                             |
|---------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| 0       | ON          | Optical Channel 2 is enabled.      |
| 1       | OFF         | Optical Channel 2 is powered down. |

**PPG1\_PWRDN**

When PPG1\_PWRDN is set 0, the optical channel 1 is enabled. When PPG1\_PWRDN is set to 1, this channel is powered down to save power.

| PPG1_PD | ENUMERATION | DECODE                            |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0       | ON          | Optical Channel 1 is enabled      |
| 1       | OFF         | Optical Channel 1 is powered down |

**SHDN**

The part can be put into a power-save mode by setting SHDN bit to 1. While in power-save mode, all configuration registers retain their values and write/read operations function as normal. All interrupts are cleared to zero in this mode. Set SHDN to 0 to put the part in normal mode.

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE   |
|-------|-------------|--|
| 0     | NORMAL      | The part is in normal operation. No action is taken.   |
| 1     | SHUTDOWN    | The part can be put into power-save mode by writing a '1' to this bit. While in this mode all configuration registers remain accessible and retain their data. ADC conversion data contained in the registers are previous values. Writeable registers also remain accessible in shutdown. All interrupts are cleared. In this mode, the oscillator is shut down and the part draws minimum current. If this bit is asserted during an active conversion then the conversion is aborted. |

**RESET**

When the RESET bit is set to 1, the MAX86171 undergoes a forced power-on-reset sequence. All configuration, threshold, and data registers are reset to their power-on state. This bit then automatically becomes '0' after the reset sequence is completed.

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE  |
|-------|-------------|---|
| 0     | NORMAL      | The part is in normal operation. No action is taken.  |
| 1     | RESET       | The MAX86171 undergoes a forced power-on-reset sequence. All configuration, threshold, and data registers are reset to their power-on state. This bit then automatically becomes '0' after the reset sequence is completed. |

**System Configuration 2 (0x0D)**

| BIT         | 7           | 6           | 5           | 4           | 3           | 2           | 1           | 0           |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Field       | MEAS8_EN    | MEAS7_EN    | MEAS6_EN    | MEAS5_EN    | MEAS4_EN    | MEAS3_EN    | MEAS2_EN    | MEAS1_EN    |
| Reset       | 0b0         |
| Access Type | Write, Read |

**MEAS8\_EN**

See MEAS9\_EN for details.

**MEAS7\_EN**

See MEAS9\_EN for details.

**MEAS6\_EN**

See MEAS9\_EN for details.

**MEAS5\_EN**

See MEAS9\_EN for details.

**MEAS4\_EN**

See MEAS9\_EN for details.

**MEAS3\_EN**

See MEAS9\_EN for details.

**MEAS2\_EN**

See MEAS9\_EN for details.

**MEAS1\_EN**

See MEAS9\_EN for details.

**System Configuration 3 (0x0E)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4           | 3 | 2 | 1                | 0                |
|-------------|---|---|---|-------------|---|---|------------------|------------------|
| Field       | – | – | – | ALC_DISABLE | – | – | COLLECT_RAW_DATA | MEAS1_CONFIG_SEL |
| Reset       | – | – | – | 0b0         | – | – | 0b0              | 0b0              |
| Access Type | – | – | – | Write, Read | – | – | Write, Read      | Write, Read      |

**ALC\_DISABLE**

The ALC\_DISABLE bit inhibits the front-end analog ambient light cancellation circuit. This bit does not alter the backend ambient subtraction.

| VALUE | DECODE   |
|-------|--|
| 0     | Front-end ambient light cancelation is enabled.  |
| 1     | Front-end ambient light cancelation is disabled. |

**COLLECT\_RAW\_DATA**

Each measurement consists of an interleaved of N+1 DARK conversions and N exposure conversions, where  $N = 2SMP\_AVE$ . If COLLECT\_RAW\_DATA = 0, the weighted average of all ambient corrected exposures is computed and the results pushed to the FIFO. When COLLECT\_RAW\_DATA = 1, the weighted average is not computed and each raw conversion is pushed to the FIFO. This mode inhibits the back-end ambient cancellation as well as the weighted averaging. This allows for the use of a customized ambient rejection algorithm in a host microcontroller.

When COLLECT\_RAW\_DATA = 1, Picket Fence detect is disabled.

| COLLECT_RAW_DATA | ENUMERATION | DECODE   |
|------------------|-------------|--|
| 0                | COMPUTED    | Capture computed data for each burst in the FIFO.              |
| 1                | RAW         | Capture raw data for each DARK and LED conversion in the FIFO. |

**MEAS1\_CONFIG\_SEL**

When the MEAS1\_CONFIG\_SEL bit is set to 0, all enabled measurements use the unique configuration defined in each MEASn setup.

When the MEAS1\_CONFIG\_SEL bit is set to 1, all enabled measurements use the following configuration settings defined in MEAS1 setup. This allows for a reduced setup configuration.

MEAS1\_FILT\_SEL

MEAS1\_TINT

MEAS1\_AVER

MEAS1\_PD\_SETLNG

MEAS1\_LED\_SETLNG

MEAS1\_PPG1\_PDSEL

MEAS1\_PPG2\_PDSEL

MEAS1\_LED\_RGE

MEAS1\_PPG1\_ADC\_RGE

MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE

| VALUE | ENUMERATION  | DECODE   |
|-------|--------------|--|
| 0     | SPECIFIC_CFG | Use measurement specific configuration defined in each measurement register. |
| 1     | MEAS1_CFG    | Use MEAS1 configuration for all enabled measurements.                        |

**Photodiode Bias (0x0F)**

| BIT                | 7             | 6 | 5             | 4 | 3             | 2 | 1             | 0 |
|--------------------|---------------|---|---------------|---|---------------|---|---------------|---|
| <b>Field</b>       | PD4_BIAS[1:0] |   | PD3_BIAS[1:0] |   | PD2_BIAS[1:0] |   | PD1_BIAS[1:0] |   |
| <b>Reset</b>       | 0x1           |   | 0x1           |   | 0x1           |   | 0x1           |   |
| <b>Access Type</b> | Write, Read   |   | Write, Read   |   | Write, Read   |   | Write, Read   |   |

**PD4\_BIAS**

See the Photodiode Biasing section for more information.

| PDx_BIAS[1:0]<br>(x = 1 TO 4) | PHOTODIODE CAPACITANCE     |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 0                             | Not recommended            |
| 1                             | 0pF to 125pF (POR default) |
| 2                             | 125pF to 250pF             |

| PDx_BIAS[1:0]<br>(x = 1 TO 4) | PHOTODIODE CAPACITANCE |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| 3                             | 250pF to 500pF         |

**PD3\_BIAS**

See PD4\_BIAS[1:0] for details.

**PD2\_BIAS**

See PD4\_BIAS[1:0] for details.

**PD1\_BIAS**

See PD4\_BIAS[1:0] for details.

**Pin Functional Configuration (0x10)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4              | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0           |
|-------------|---|---|---|----------------|---|---|---|-------------|
| Field       | – | – | – | INT2_FCFG[1:0] |   | – | – | TRIG_ICFG   |
| Reset       | – | – | – | 0x0            |   | – | – | 0b0         |
| Access Type | – | – | – | Write, Read    |   | – | – | Write, Read |

**INT2\_FCFG**

The INT2\_FCFG[1:0] bit sets the functional configuration of the INT2 pin. This interrupt can be configured to be disabled, cleared on status byte read or to self-clear after two optional prescribed times.

| VALUE | DECODE   |
|-------|--|
| 0     | Disabled   |
| 1     | INT2 is enabled and is cleared upon reading of any status register or FIFO |
| 2     | INT2 is enabled and is self-clearing after 30.5µs                          |
| 3     | INT2 is enabled and is self-clearing after 244µs                           |

**TRIG\_ICFG**

The TRIG\_ICFG bit sets the input active edge of the TRIG pin. Active edge is the edge for which the TRIG input responds.

| VALUE | DECODE                                      |
|-------|---|
| 0     | TRIG active edge is falling (PORb default). |
| 1     | TRIG active edge is rising.                 |

**Output Pin Configuration (0x11)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4              | 3 | 2              | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|---|---|---|----------------|---|----------------|---|---|
| Field       | – | – | – | INT2_OCFG[1:0] |   | INT1_OCFG[1:0] |   | – |
| Reset       | – | – | – | 0x0            |   | 0x0            |   | – |
| Access Type | – | – | – | Write, Read    |   | Write, Read    |   | – |

**INT2\_OCFG**

See INT1\_OCFG[1:0] for details.

**INT1\_OCFG**

INTx\_OCFG[1:0] (x = 1, 2) selects the output drive type for the INTx pin, as shown in the table below.

| VALUE | DECODE   |
|-------|--|
| 0     | Open drain, V <sub>DD</sub> compliant, active-low output (PORb default). |
| 1     | Active drive to VDD_DIG and GND, the active level is high-output.        |
| 2     | Active drive to VDD_DIG and GND, the active level is low-output.         |
| 3     | Not defined  |

**FR Clock Frequency Select (0x15)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6 | 5           | 4                     | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|---|---|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | – | – | FR_CLK_SEL  | FR_CLK_FINE_TUNE[4:0] |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | – | – | 0b1         | 0x0                   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | – | – | Write, Read | Write, Read           |   |   |   |   |

**FR\_CLK\_SEL**

When FR\_CLK\_SEL is set to 0, the internal frame-rate primary clock is trimmed to 32.0kHz. When FR\_CLK\_SEL is set to 1, the internal frame rate primary clock is trimmed to 32.768kHz. The measurement frame rate is the primary clock rate divided by the program divider ratio (FR\_CLK\_DIV).

| FR_CLK_SEL | ENUMERATION | DECODE  |
|------------|-------------|---|
| 0          | CLK32000Hz  | The internal frame-rate primary clock is 32000Hz. |
| 1          | CLK32768Hz  | The internal frame-rate primary clock is 32768Hz. |

**FR\_CLK\_FINE\_TUNE**

FR\_CLK\_FINE\_TUNE[4:0] is used to fine-tune the internal 32kHz/32.768kHz frame rate clock. This register can be used to compensate the internal oscillator for thermal drift. This can be accomplished by measuring the time between interrupts using a microcontroller crystal based real-time oscillator as a reference and computing the error in the time between interrupts. FR\_CLK\_FINE\_TUNE[4:0] is a 2s complement code with a resolution of 0.2%/LSB. The total range is +3.0% to -3.2% around the factory trimmed value. See the FR\_CLK\_FINE\_TUNE table for the shift in internal primary frame-rate clock vs. trim code.

| FR_CLK_FINE_TUNE[4:0] | SHIFT IN OSC FREQUENCY (%) |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| 0x10                  | -3.2                       |
| 0x11                  | -3.0                       |
| 0x12                  | -2.8                       |
| 0x13                  | -2.6                       |
| 0x14                  | -2.4                       |
| 0x15                  | -2.2                       |
| 0x16                  | -2.0                       |
| 0x17                  | -1.8                       |
| 0x18                  | -1.6                       |
| 0x19                  | -1.4                       |
| 0x1A                  | -1.2                       |
| 0x1B                  | -1.0                       |
| 0x1C                  | -0.8                       |

|      |      |
|------|------|
| 0x1D | -0.6 |
| 0x1E | -0.4 |
| 0x1F | -0.2 |
| 0x00 | 0.0  |
| 0x01 | 0.2  |
| 0x02 | 0.4  |
| 0x03 | 0.6  |
| 0x04 | 0.8  |
| 0x05 | 1.0  |
| 0x06 | 1.2  |
| 0x07 | 1.4  |
| 0x08 | 1.6  |
| 0x09 | 1.8  |
| 0x0A | 2.0  |
| 0x0B | 2.2  |
| 0x0C | 2.4  |
| 0x0D | 2.6  |
| 0x0E | 2.8  |
| 0x0F | 3.0  |

### FR Clock Divider MSB (0x16)

| BIT         | 7 | 6                 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|---|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | – | FR_CLK_DIV_H[6:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | – | 0x01              |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read       |   |   |   |   |   |   |

### FR\_CLK\_DIV\_H

FR\_CLK\_DIV\_H[6:0] is the upper 7 bits of the 15-bit FR\_CLK\_DIV[14:0] clock divider, which defines the frame rate at which every enabled measurement is made.

The FR\_CLK\_DIV[14:0] should be programmed such that all the conversions selected in the MEASn\_EN (n = 1 to 9) bits in the System Configuration 1 and 2 registers can be completed within the frame period. In the event that the number of enabled measurements as well as the integration time and number of averages of each enabled measurement results in a frame measurement time that is longer than the primary frame clock period divided by FR\_CLK\_DIV, a timing error occurs. This timing error sets the INVALID\_CFG bit in the Status register 2.

The time for each measurement to complete is given by:

$$t_{\text{MEASUREMENT}} = t_{\text{INIT1}} + t_{\text{MEAS1}} + t_{\text{MEAS2}} + t_{\text{MEAS3}} + \dots + t_{\text{MEAS9}}$$

where:

if the MEASn\_SINC3 = 1 or MEASn\_FILT = 0, then:

$$t_{\text{MEASn}} = [ t_{\text{INIT}} + \text{MEASn\_TINT} \times (2 \times \text{MEASn\_AVER} + 1) + 2 \times \text{MEASn\_AVER} \times \text{MEASn\_PD\_SETLNG} ] \times \text{MEASn\_EN}$$

if MEASn\_SINC3 = 0 and MEASn\_FILT = 1 then:

$$t_{\text{MEASn}} = [ t_{\text{INIT}} + 2 \times \text{MEASn\_TINT} + \text{MEASn\_PD\_SETLNG} ] \times \text{MEASn\_EN}$$

$$t_{\text{INIT1}} = 7 \times t_{\text{CLOCK}}$$

$$t_{\text{INIT}} = 3 \times t_{\text{CLOCK}}$$

MEASn\_TINT = Integration time defined in measurement n = 1 to 9

MEASn\_EN = 1 if the measurement is enabled and 0 if it is not for measurement n = 1 to 9

MEASn\_AVER = Number of averages defined in measurement n = 1 to 9

MEASn\_PD\_SETLNG = Photodiode settling time defined in measurement n = 1 to 9

t<sub>CLOCK</sub> = Frame clock period, which can be 1/32768 sec or 1/32000 sec depending on the FR\_CLK\_SEL bit

In SYNC\_MODE = 0 and 2 a valid measurement requires:

$$t_{\text{MEASUREMENT}} < \text{FR\_CLK\_DIV} / F_{\text{Primary\_Frame\_Clock}}$$

where:

F<sub>Primary\_Frame\_Clock</sub> = Either the internal primary frame clock (SYNC\_MODE = 0) or the external frame clock inputted through the TRIG input (SYNC\_MODE = 2)

In SYNC\_MODE = 1 a valid measurement requires:

$$t_{\text{MEASUREMENT}} < t_{\text{TRIG\_PERIOD}}$$

where:

t<sub>TRIG\_PERIOD</sub> = Period of the TRIG input signal

### FR Clock Divider LSB (0x17)

| BIT         | 7                 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | FR_CLK_DIV_L[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00              |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read       |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

### FR\_CLK\_DIV\_L

FR\_CLK\_DIV\_L[7:0] is the lower byte of the 15-bit FR\_CLK\_DIV[14:0] clock divider that defines the frame rate.

See FR\_CLK\_DIV\_H for more details.

### MEAS1 Selects (0x18)

| BIT         | 7 | 6           | 5               | 4 | 3               | 2 | 1               | 0 |
|-------------|---|-------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS1_AMB   | MEAS1_DRVC[1:0] |   | MEAS1_DRVB[1:0] |   | MEAS1_DRVA[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0         | 0x1             |   | 0x0             |   | 0x0             |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |

### MEAS1\_AMB

Set MEASn\_AMB (n = 1 to 9) to 1 to enable a direct ambient measurement. Set MEASn\_AMB to 0 to allow normal exposure measurements to be made. When MEASn\_AMB is set to 1, MEASn\_DRVA[1:0], MEASn\_DRVB[1:0], and MEASn\_DRVC[1:0] are ignored.

When a MEASn\_AMB is set to 1, it should always be the last enabled measurement in the frame.

| MEASn_AMB<br>(n = 1 to 9) | DECODE   |
|---------------------------|--|
| 0                         | Enable normal exposure measurements for MEASn. |
| 1                         | Enable direct ambient conversion for MEASn.    |

**MEAS1\_DRVC**

Program MEASn\_DRVC (n = 1 to 9) measurement to select the LEDx\_DRV pin (x = 1, 3, 6, 9) for LED Driver C as shown in the table below.

| MEASn_DRVC[1:0]<br>(n = 1 to 9) | DECODE                    |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0                               | LED Driver C drives pin 1 |
| 1                               | LED Driver C drives pin 3 |
| 2                               | LED Driver C drives pin 6 |
| 3                               | LED Driver C drives pin 9 |

**MEAS1\_DRVB**

Program MEASn\_DRVB (n = 1 to 9) measurement to select the LEDx\_DRV pin (x = 2, 3, 5, 8) for LED Driver B as shown in the table below.

| MEASn_DRVB[1:0] (n = 1 to 9) | DECODE                    |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0                            | LED Driver B drives pin 2 |
| 1                            | LED Driver B drives pin 3 |
| 2                            | LED Driver B drives pin 5 |
| 3                            | LED Driver B drives pin 8 |

**MEAS1\_DRVA**

Program MEASn\_DRVA (n = 1 to 9) measurement to select the LEDx\_DRV pin (x = 1, 2, 4, 7) for LED Driver A as shown in the table below.

| MEASn_DRVA[1:0]<br>(n = 1 to 9) | DECODE                    |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0                               | LED Driver A drives pin 1 |
| 1                               | LED Driver A drives pin 2 |
| 2                               | LED Driver A drives pin 4 |
| 3                               | LED Driver A drives pin 7 |

**MEAS1 Configuration 1 (0x19)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6                    | 5                    | 4               | 3 | 2               | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS1_PP<br>G2_PDSEL | MEAS1_PP<br>G1_PDSEL | MEAS1_TINT[1:0] |   | MEAS1_AVER[2:0] |   |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0                  | 0b0                  | 0x3             |   | 0x0             |   |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read          | Write, Read          | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |   |

**MEAS1\_PPG2\_PDSEL**

MEASn\_PPG2\_PDSEL (n = 1 to 9) selects which PDx\_IN (x = 2, 4) is connected to optical channel 2 for measurement n. Set MEASn\_PPG2\_PDSEL to 0 to select PD2\_IN and 1 to select PD4\_IN as input to optical channel 2 as shown below.

| MEASn_PPG2_PDSEL<br>(n = 1 to 9) | DECODE   |
|----------------------------------|--|
| 0                                | Select PD2_IN as input to optical channel 2 for measurement n. |
| 1                                | Select PD4_IN as input to optical channel 2 for measurement n. |

**MEAS1\_PPG1\_PDSEL**

MEASn\_PPG1\_PDSEL (n = 1 to 9) selects which PDx\_IN (x = 1, 3) is connected to optical channel 1 for measurement n. Set MEASn\_PPG1\_PDSEL to 0 to select PD1\_IN and 1 to select PD3\_IN as input to optical channel 1 as shown below.

| MEASn_PPG1_PDSEL<br>(n = 1 to 9) | DECODE  |
|----------------------------------|---|
| 0                                | Select PD1_IN as input to PPG1 for measurement n. |
| 1                                | Select PD3_IN as input to PPG1 for measurement n. |

**MEAS1\_TINT**

MEASn\_TINT[1:0] (n = 1 to 9) bits set the integration time of PPG ADC as shown in the table below.

| MEASn_TINT[1:0]<br>(n = 1 to 9) | INTEGRATION TIME (μs) |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 00                              | 14.6                  |
| 01                              | 29.2                  |
| 10                              | 58.6                  |
| 11                              | 117.1                 |

**MEAS1\_AVER**

MEASn\_AVER[2:0] (n = 1 to 9) sets the number of exposures that are averaged in order to improve the exposure SNR and improve ambient light cancellation. MEASn\_AVER works only with MEASn\_FILT\_SEL = 0 or when COLLECT\_RAW\_DATA = 1. When MEASn\_FILT\_SEL = 0, (2 x 2<sup>MEASn\_AVER</sup> + 1) ADC conversions of interleaved dark and exposure measurements are made and a weighted computed average loaded into the FIFO.

| MEASn_AVER[2:0]<br>(n = 1 to 9) | NUMBER OF LED PULSES |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| 000                             | 1                    |
| 001                             | 2                    |
| 010                             | 4                    |
| 011                             | 8                    |
| 100                             | 16                   |
| 101                             | 32                   |
| 110                             | 64                   |
| 111                             | 128                  |

**MEAS1 Configuration 2 (0x1A)**

| BIT         | 7               | 6              | 5                  | 4 | 3                       | 2                       | 1           | 0 |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS1_SINC3_SEL | MEAS1_FILT_SEL | MEAS1_LED_RGE[1:0] |   | MEAS1_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] | MEAS1_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |             |   |
| Reset       | 0b0             | 0b0            | 0x3                |   | 0x2                     |                         | 0x2         |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read     | Write, Read    | Write, Read        |   | Write, Read             |                         | Write, Read |   |

**MEAS1\_SINC3\_SEL**

MEASx\_SINC3\_SEL (x = 1 to 9) enables the SINC3 decimation filter for the delta-sigma ADC for measurement x. This filter provides improved high-frequency roll-off, which also improves high-frequency ambient light rejection and V<sub>LED</sub> power-supply rejection. MAX86171 by default, uses a third order cascade of integrators (COI3) decimation filter. This

filter provides excellent quantization, but only a 20dB/dec roll-off at higher frequencies. The SINC3 filter is only available on the longest integration time, MEASx\_TINT = 0x3 (117.1µs). However, the SINC3 filter provides a 60dB/dec roll-off at out of band frequencies; thus, providing improved ambient and V<sub>LED</sub> rejection.

Set MEASx\_SINC3 low to use the COI3 decimation filter.

Set MEASx\_SINC3 high to select the SINC3 decimation filter, which is only used if the MEASx\_TINT = 0x3 (integration time set to 117.1µs) for this measurement.

| VALUE | DECODE   |
|-------|--|
| 0x0   | SINC3 filter is not used.  |
| 0x1   | SINC3 decimation filter is used only if MEASx_TINT = 0x3 (115.2µs) |

### MEAS1\_FILT\_SEL

MEASn\_FILT\_SEL (n = 1 to 9) sets the backend ambient light rejection method to be used. Set MEASn\_FILT\_SEL to 0 to use the central difference method where ambient light estimation is made from dark measurements before and after the exposure measurement. Set MEASn\_FILT\_SEL to 1 to use the forward difference method where the ambient light is estimated by a dark measurement before the exposure measurement.

When MEASn\_FILT\_SEL is set to 0, (2 x 2<sup>MEASn\_AVER</sup> + 1) ADC conversions of interleaved dark and exposure measurements are made and a weighted computed average loaded into the FIFO. When MEASn\_FILT\_SEL is set to 1, only one dark and exposure ADC conversion is made, regardless of the value of MEASn\_AVER.

| VALUE | DECODE  |
|-------|---|
| 0     | Ambient light correction is done using the central difference method. |
| 1     | Ambient light correction is done using the forward difference method. |

### MEAS1\_LED\_RGE

MEASn\_LED\_RGE (n = 1 to 9) sets the range of all three LED current drivers DRVA, DRVB, DRVC for the nth measurement.

| MEASn_LED_RGE[1:0] | LED FULL-SCALE RANGE (mA) |
|--------------------|---------------------------|
| 00                 | 32                        |
| 01                 | 64                        |
| 10                 | 96                        |
| 11                 | 128                       |

### MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE

MEASn\_PPGx\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] (n = 1 to 9, x = 1, 2) bits set the ADC positive full-scale range of the optical channel x in measurement n, as shown in the table below.

| MEASn_PPGX_ADC_RGE[1:0]<br>(N = 1 TO 9, X = 1, 2) | LSB (pA) | FULL SCALE (µA) |
|---|----------|-----------------|
| 00  | 7.6      | 4.0             |
| 01  | 15.3     | 8.0             |
| 10  | 30.5     | 16.0            |
| 11  | 61.0     | 32.0            |

### MEAS1\_PPG1\_ADC\_RGE

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS1 Configuration 3 (0x1B)**

| BIT         | 7                    | 6 | 5                     | 4 | 3                      | 2 | 1                      | 0 |
|-------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS1_PD_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS1_LED_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS1_PPG2_DACOFF[1:0] |   | MEAS1_PPG1_DACOFF[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | 0x1                  |   | 0x1                   |   | 0x0                    |   | 0x0                    |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read          |   | Write, Read           |   | Write, Read            |   | Write, Read            |   |

**MEAS1\_PD\_SETLNG**

MEASn\_PD\_SETLNG[1:0] sets the time between dark and exposure samples as shown in the table below. This time can be used to allow for longer photodiode settling.

| MEASn_PD_SETLNG[1:0]<br>(n = 1 to 9) | TIME BETWEEN SAMPLES<br>( $\mu$ s) |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 0                                    | 6.1                                |
| 1                                    | 12.1 (Default)                     |
| 2                                    | 18.1                               |
| 3                                    | 24.1                               |

**MEAS1\_LED\_SETLNG**

Program MEASn\_LED\_SETLNG[1:0] to select the delay from the rising edge of LED to start of the exposure ADC integration. This allows for the LED current to settle before the start of ADC integration. LED settling time must always be less than the PD settling time for the same measurement.

| MEASn_LED_SETLNG[1:0]<br>(n = 1 to 9) | SETTLING TIME<br>( $\mu$ s) |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 00                                    | 6.0                         |
| 01                                    | 12.0 (default)              |
| 10                                    | 18.0                        |
| 11                                    | 24.0                        |

**MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF**

MEASn\_PPGx\_DACOFF[1:0] sets the value of the offset DAC during the exposure interval. This allow for a larger convertible exposure range by sourcing some of the exposure current from the offset DAC. Set MEASn\_PPGx\_DACOFF[1:0] to select the desired offset current as shown in the table below.

| MEASN_PPGX_DACOFF[1:0]<br>(N = 1 TO 9, X = 1, 2) | INJECTED OFFSET CURRENT ( $\mu$ A) |
|--|------------------------------------|
| 0  | Offset DAC current is 0            |
| 1  | Offset DAC current is 8            |
| 2  | Offset DAC current is 16           |
| 3  | Offset DAC current is 24           |

**MEAS1\_PPG1\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS1 DRVA Current (0x1C)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS1_DRVA_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA**

MEASn\_DRVx\_PA[7:0] (n = 1 to 9, x = A, B, C) sets the LED drive current on each of the three LED drivers DRVA, DRVB, and DRVC for the measurement. Each of the three LED drivers is routed to the LEDy\_DRV (y = 1 to 9) as set by the MEASn\_DRVA, MEASn\_DRVB, and MEASn\_DRVC multiplexer setting. The full-scale range of all three LED drivers is set by the MEASn\_LED\_RGE[1:0] bits.

Set MEASn\_DRVx\_PA[7:0] (n = 1 to 9, x = A, B, C) code to set the desired current according to the table below. If MEASn\_DRVx\_PA[7:0] is set to 0x00, LED Driver x is disabled for measurement n.

| MEASn_LED_RGE[1:0]<br>(n = 1 to 9)              | 00               | 01               | 10               | 11               |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| MEASn_DRVx_PA[7:0]<br>(n = 1 to 9, x = A, B, C) | LED CURRENT (mA) | LED CURRENT (mA) | LED CURRENT (mA) | LED CURRENT (mA) |
| 0   | 0.000            | 0.000            | 0.000            | 0.000            |
| 1   | 0.125            | 0.250            | 0.375            | 0.500            |
| 10  | 0.250            | 0.500            | 0.750            | 1.000            |
| 11  | 0.375            | 0.750            | 1.125            | 1.500            |
| .....   |                  |                  |                  |                  |
| 11111100  | 31.500           | 63.000           | 94.500           | 126.000          |
| 11111101  | 31.625           | 63.250           | 94.875           | 126.500          |
| 11111110  | 31.750           | 63.500           | 95.250           | 127.000          |
| 11111111  | 31.875           | 63.750           | 95.625           | 127.500          |
| LSB   | 0.125            | 0.250            | 0.375            | 0.500            |

**MEAS1 DRVB Current (0x1D)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS1_DRVB_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS1\_DRVB\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS1 DRVC Current (0x1E)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS1_DRVC_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS1\_DRVC\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS2 Selects (0x20)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6           | 5               | 4 | 3               | 2 | 1               | 0 |
|-------------|---|-------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS2_AMB   | MEAS2_DRVC[1:0] |   | MEAS2_DRVB[1:0] |   | MEAS2_DRVA[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0         | 0x0             |   | 0x0             |   | 0x0             |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |

**MEAS2\_AMB**

See MEAS1\_AMB for details.

**MEAS2\_DRVC**

See MEAS1\_DRVC[1:0] for details.

**MEAS2\_DRVB**

See MEAS1\_DRVB[1:0] for details.

**MEAS2\_DRVA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA[1:0] for details.

**MEAS2 Configuration 1 (0x21)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6                | 5                | 4               | 3 | 2               | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|---|------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS2_PPG2_PDSEL | MEAS2_PPG1_PDSEL | MEAS2_TINT[1:0] |   | MEAS2_AVER[2:0] |   |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0              | 0b0              | 0x3             |   | 0x0             |   |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read      | Write, Read      | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |   |

**MEAS2\_PPG2\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS2\_PPG1\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG1\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS2\_TINT**

See MEAS1\_TINT for details.

**MEAS2\_AVER**

See MEAS1\_AVER[2:0] for details.

**MEAS2 Configuration 2 (0x22)**

| BIT         | 7               | 6                | 5                  | 4 | 3                       | 2 | 1                       | 0 |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|---|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS2_SINC3_SEL | MEAS2_FILTER_SEL | MEAS2_LED_RGE[1:0] |   | MEAS2_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] |   | MEAS2_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | 0b0             | 0b0              | 0x3                |   | 0x2                     |   | 0x2                     |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read     | Write, Read      | Write, Read        |   | Write, Read             |   | Write, Read             |   |

**MEAS2\_SINC3\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_SINC3\_SEL for details.

**MEAS2\_FILTER\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_FILTER\_SEL for details.

**MEAS2\_LED\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_LED\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS2\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS2\_PPG1\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS2 Configuration 3 (0x23)**

| BIT         | 7                    | 6 | 5                     | 4 | 3                      | 2 | 1                      | 0 |
|-------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS2_PD_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS2_LED_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS2_PPG1_DACOFF[1:0] |   | MEAS2_PPG1_DACOFF[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | 0x1                  |   | 0x1                   |   | 0x0                    |   | 0x0                    |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read          |   | Write, Read           |   | Write, Read            |   | Write, Read            |   |

**MEAS2\_PD\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_PD\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS2\_LED\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_LED\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS2\_PPG1\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS2\_PPG1\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS2 DRVA Current (0x24)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS2_DRVA_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS2\_DRVA\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS2 DRVB Current (0x25)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS2_DRVB_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS2\_DRVB\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS2 DRVC Current (0x26)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS2_DRVC_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS2\_DRVC\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS3 Selects (0x28)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6           | 5               | 4 | 3               | 2 | 1               | 0 |
|-------------|---|-------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS3_AMB   | MEAS3_DRVC[1:0] |   | MEAS3_DRVB[1:0] |   | MEAS3_DRVA[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0         | 0x1             |   | 0x0             |   | 0x0             |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |

**MEAS3\_AMB**

See MEAS1\_AMB for details.

**MEAS3\_DRVC**

See MEAS1\_DRVC[1:0] for details.

**MEAS3\_DRVB**

See MEAS1\_DRVB[1:0] for details.

**MEAS3\_DRVA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA[1:0] for details.

**MEAS3 Configuration 1 (0x29)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6                | 5                | 4               | 3 | 2               | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|---|------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS3_PPG2_PDSEL | MEAS3_PPG1_PDSEL | MEAS3_TINT[1:0] |   | MEAS3_AVER[2:0] |   |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0              | 0b0              | 0x3             |   | 0x0             |   |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read      | Write, Read      | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |   |

**MEAS3\_PPG2\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS3\_PPG1\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG1\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS3\_TINT**

See MEAS1\_TINT for details.

**MEAS3\_AVER**

See MEAS1\_AVER[2:0] for details.

**MEAS3 Configuration 2 (0x2A)**

| BIT         | 7               | 6                | 5                  | 4 | 3                       | 2 | 1                       | 0 |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|---|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS3_SINC3_SEL | MEAS3_FILTER_SEL | MEAS3_LED_RGE[1:0] |   | MEAS3_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] |   | MEAS3_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | 0b0             | 0b0              | 0x3                |   | 0x2                     |   | 0x2                     |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read     | Write, Read      | Write, Read        |   | Write, Read             |   | Write, Read             |   |

**MEAS3\_SINC3\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_SINC3\_SEL for details.

**MEAS3\_FILTER\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_FILTER\_SEL for details.

**MEAS3\_LED\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_LED\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS3\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS3\_PPG1\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS3 Configuration 3 (0x2B)**

| BIT         | 7                    | 6 | 5                     | 4 | 3                      | 2 | 1                      | 0 |
|-------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS3_PD_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS3_LED_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS3_PPG2_DACOFF[1:0] |   | MEAS3_PPG1_DACOFF[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | 0x1                  |   | 0x1                   |   | 0x0                    |   | 0x0                    |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read          |   | Write, Read           |   | Write, Read            |   | Write, Read            |   |

**MEAS3\_PD\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_PD\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS3\_LED\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_LED\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS3\_PPG2\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS3\_PPG1\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS3 DRVA Current (0x2C)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS3_DRVA_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS3\_DRVA\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS3 DRVB Current (0x2D)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS3_DRVB_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS3\_DRVB\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS3 DRVC Current (0x2E)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS3_DRVC_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS3\_DRVC\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS4 Selects (0x30)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6           | 5               | 4 | 3               | 2 | 1               | 0 |
|-------------|---|-------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS4_AMB   | MEAS4_DRVC[1:0] |   | MEAS4_DRVB[1:0] |   | MEAS4_DRVA[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0         | 0x1             |   | 0x0             |   | 0x0             |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |

**MEAS4\_AMB**

See MEAS1\_AMB for details.

**MEAS4\_DRVC**

See MEAS1\_DRVC[1:0] for details.

**MEAS4\_DRVB**

See MEAS1\_DRVB[1:0] for details.

**MEAS4\_DRVA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA[1:0] for details.

**MEAS4 Configuration 1 (0x31)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6                | 5                | 4               | 3 | 2               | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|---|------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS4_PPG2_PDSEL | MEAS4_PPG1_PDSEL | MEAS4_TINT[1:0] |   | MEAS4_AVER[2:0] |   |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0              | 0b0              | 0x3             |   | 0x0             |   |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read      | Write, Read      | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |   |

**MEAS4\_PPG2\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS4\_PPG1\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG1\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS4\_TINT**

See MEAS1\_TINT for details.

**MEAS4\_AVER**

See MEAS1\_AVER[2:0] for details.

**MEAS4 Configuration 2 (0x32)**

| BIT         | 7               | 6                | 5                  | 4 | 3                       | 2 | 1                       | 0 |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|---|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS4_SINC3_SEL | MEAS4_FILTER_SEL | MEAS4_LED_RGE[1:0] |   | MEAS4_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] |   | MEAS4_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | 0b0             | 0b0              | 0x3                |   | 0x2                     |   | 0x2                     |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read     | Write, Read      | Write, Read        |   | Write, Read             |   | Write, Read             |   |

**MEAS4\_SINC3\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_SINC3\_SEL for details.

**MEAS4\_FILTER\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_FILTER\_SEL for details.

**MEAS4\_LED\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_LED\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS4\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS4\_PPG1\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS4 Configuration 3 (0x33)**

| BIT         | 7                    | 6 | 5                     | 4 | 3                      | 2 | 1                      | 0 |
|-------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS4_PD_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS4_LED_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS4_PPG2_DACOFF[1:0] |   | MEAS4_PPG1_DACOFF[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | 0x1                  |   | 0x1                   |   | 0x0                    |   | 0x0                    |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read          |   | Write, Read           |   | Write, Read            |   | Write, Read            |   |

**MEAS4\_PD\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_PD\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS4\_LED\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_LED\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS4\_PPG2\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS4\_PPG1\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS4 DRVA Current (0x34)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS4_DRVA_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS4\_DRVA\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS4 DRVB Current (0x35)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS4_DRVB_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS4\_DRVB\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS4 DRVC Current (0x36)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS4_DRVC_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS4\_DRVC\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS5 Selects (0x38)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6           | 5               | 4 | 3               | 2 | 1               | 0 |
|-------------|---|-------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS5_AMB   | MEAS5_DRVC[1:0] |   | MEAS5_DRVB[1:0] |   | MEAS5_DRVA[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0         | 0x1             |   | 0x0             |   | 0x0             |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |

**MEAS5\_AMB**

See MEAS1\_AMB for details.

**MEAS5\_DRVC**

See MEAS1\_DRVC[1:0] for details.

**MEAS5\_DRVB**

See MEAS1\_DRVB[1:0] for details.

**MEAS5\_DRVA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA[1:0] for details.

**MEAS5 Configuration 1 (0x39)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6                | 5                | 4               | 3 | 2               | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|---|------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS5_PPG2_PDSEL | MEAS5_PPG1_PDSEL | MEAS5_TINT[1:0] |   | MEAS5_AVER[2:0] |   |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0              | 0b0              | 0x3             |   | 0x0             |   |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read      | Write, Read      | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |   |

**MEAS5\_PPG2\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS5\_PPG1\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG1\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS5\_TINT**

See MEAS1\_TINT for details.

**MEAS5\_AVER**

See MEAS1\_AVER[2:0] for details.

**MEAS5 Configuration 2 (0x3A)**

| BIT         | 7               | 6                | 5                  | 4 | 3                       | 2                       | 1           | 0 |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS5_SINC3_SEL | MEAS5_FILTER_SEL | MEAS5_LED_RGE[1:0] |   | MEAS5_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] | MEAS5_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |             |   |
| Reset       | 0b0             | 0b0              | 0x3                |   | 0x2                     |                         | 0x2         |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read     | Write, Read      | Write, Read        |   | Write, Read             |                         | Write, Read |   |

**MEAS5\_SINC3\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_SINC3\_SEL for details.

**MEAS5\_FILTER\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_FILTER\_SEL for details.

**MEAS5\_LED\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_LED\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS5\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS5\_PPG1\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS5 Configuration 3 (0x3B)**

| BIT         | 7                    | 6 | 5                     | 4 | 3                      | 2 | 1                      | 0 |
|-------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS5_PD_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS5_LED_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS5_PPG2_DACOFF[1:0] |   | MEAS5_PPG1_DACOFF[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | 0x1                  |   | 0x1                   |   | 0x0                    |   | 0x0                    |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read          |   | Write, Read           |   | Write, Read            |   | Write, Read            |   |

**MEAS5\_PD\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_PD\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS5\_LED\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_LED\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS5\_PPG2\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS5\_PPG1\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS5 DRVA Current (0x3C)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS5_DRVA_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS5\_DRVA\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS5 DRVB Current (0x3D)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS5_DRVB_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS5\_DRVB\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS5 DRVC Current (0x3E)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS5_DRVC_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS5\_DRVC\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS6 Selects (0x40)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6           | 5               | 4 | 3               | 2 | 1               | 0 |
|-------------|---|-------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS6_AMB   | MEAS6_DRVC[1:0] |   | MEAS6_DRVB[1:0] |   | MEAS6_DRVA[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0         | 0x1             |   | 0x0             |   | 0x0             |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |

**MEAS6\_AMB**

See MEAS1\_AMB for details.

**MEAS6\_DRVC**

See MEAS1\_DRVC[1:0] for details.

**MEAS6\_DRVB**

See MEAS1\_DRVB[1:0] for details.

**MEAS6\_DRVA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA[1:0] for details.

**MEAS6 Configuration 1 (0x41)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6                | 5                | 4               | 3 | 2               | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|---|------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS6_PPG2_PDSEL | MEAS6_PPG1_PDSEL | MEAS6_TINT[1:0] |   | MEAS6_AVER[2:0] |   |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0              | 0b0              | 0x3             |   | 0x0             |   |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read      | Write, Read      | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |   |

**MEAS6\_PPG2\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS6\_PPG1\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG1\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS6\_TINT**

See MEAS1\_TINT for details.

**MEAS6\_AVER**

See MEAS1\_AVER[2:0] for details.

**MEAS6 Configuration 2 (0x42)**

| BIT                | 7               | 6                | 5                  | 4 | 3                       | 2 | 1                       | 0 |
|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|---|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|---|
| <b>Field</b>       | MEAS6_SINC3_SEL | MEAS6_FILTER_SEL | MEAS6_LED_RGE[1:0] |   | MEAS6_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] |   | MEAS6_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |   |
| <b>Reset</b>       | 0b0             | 0b0              | 0x3                |   | 0x2                     |   | 0x2                     |   |
| <b>Access Type</b> | Write, Read     | Write, Read      | Write, Read        |   | Write, Read             |   | Write, Read             |   |

**MEAS6\_SINC3\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_SINC3\_SEL for details.

**MEAS6\_FILTER\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_FILTER\_SEL for details.

**MEAS6\_LED\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_LED\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS6\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS6\_PPG1\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS6 Configuration 3 (0x43)**

| BIT                | 7                    | 6 | 5                     | 4 | 3                      | 2 | 1                      | 0 |
|--------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| <b>Field</b>       | MEAS6_PD_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS6_LED_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS6_PPG2_DACOFF[1:0] |   | MEAS6_PPG1_DACOFF[1:0] |   |
| <b>Reset</b>       | 0x1                  |   | 0x1                   |   | 0x0                    |   | 0x0                    |   |
| <b>Access Type</b> | Write, Read          |   | Write, Read           |   | Write, Read            |   | Write, Read            |   |

**MEAS6\_PD\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_PD\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS6\_LED\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_LED\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS6\_PPG2\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS6\_PPG1\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS6 DRVA Current (0x44)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS6_DRVA_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS6\_DRVA\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS6 DRVB Current (0x45)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS6_DRVB_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS6\_DRVB\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS6 DRVC Current (0x46)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS6_DRVC_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS6\_DRVC\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS7 Selects (0x48)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6           | 5               | 4 | 3               | 2 | 1               | 0 |
|-------------|---|-------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS7_AMB   | MEAS7_DRVC[1:0] |   | MEAS7_DRVB[1:0] |   | MEAS7_DRVA[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0         | 0x1             |   | 0x0             |   | 0x0             |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |

**MEAS7\_AMB**

See MEAS1\_AMB for details.

**MEAS7\_DRVC**

See MEAS1\_DRVC[1:0] for details.

**MEAS7\_DRVB**

See MEAS1\_DRVB[1:0] for details.

**MEAS7\_DRVA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA[1:0] for details.

**MEAS7 Configuration 1 (0x49)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6                | 5                | 4               | 3 | 2               | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|---|------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS7_PPG2_PDSEL | MEAS7_PPG1_PDSEL | MEAS7_TINT[1:0] |   | MEAS7_AVER[2:0] |   |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0              | 0b0              | 0x3             |   | 0x0             |   |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read      | Write, Read      | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |   |

**MEAS7\_PPG2\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS7\_PPG1\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG1\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS7\_TINT**

See MEAS1\_TINT for details.

**MEAS7\_AVER**

See MEAS1\_AVER[2:0] for details.

**MEAS7 Configuration 2 (0x4A)**

| BIT         | 7               | 6                | 5                  | 4 | 3                        | 2                        | 1           | 0 |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS7_SINC3_SEL | MEAS7_FILTER_SEL | MEAS7_LED_RGE[1:0] |   | MEAS7_PPG2_ADC_RGE [1:0] | MEAS7_PPG1_ADC_RGE [1:0] |             |   |
| Reset       | 0b0             | 0b0              | 0x3                |   | 0x2                      |                          | 0x2         |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read     | Write, Read      | Write, Read        |   | Write, Read              |                          | Write, Read |   |

**MEAS7\_SINC3\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_SINC3\_SEL for details.

**MEAS7\_FILTER\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_FILTER\_SEL for details.

**MEAS7\_LED\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_LED\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS7\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS7\_PPG1\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS7 Configuration 3 (0x4B)**

| BIT         | 7                    | 6 | 5                     | 4 | 3                      | 2 | 1                      | 0 |
|-------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS7_PD_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS7_LED_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS7_PPG2_DACOFF[1:0] |   | MEAS7_PPG1_DACOFF[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | 0x1                  |   | 0x1                   |   | 0x0                    |   | 0x0                    |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read          |   | Write, Read           |   | Write, Read            |   | Write, Read            |   |

**MEAS7\_PD\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_PD\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS7\_LED\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_LED\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS7\_PPG2\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS7\_PPG1\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS7 DRVA Current (0x4C)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS7_DRVA_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS7\_DRVA\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS7 DRVB Current (0x4D)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS7_DRVB_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS7\_DRVB\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS7 DRVC Current (0x4E)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS7_DRVC_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS7\_DRVC\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS8 Selects (0x50)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6           | 5               | 4 | 3               | 2 | 1               | 0 |
|-------------|---|-------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS8_AMB   | MEAS8_DRVC[1:0] |   | MEAS8_DRVB[1:0] |   | MEAS8_DRVA[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0         | 0x1             |   | 0x0             |   | 0x0             |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |

**MEAS8\_AMB**

See MEAS1\_AMB for details.

**MEAS8\_DRVC**

See MEAS1\_DRVC[1:0] for details.

**MEAS8\_DRVB**

See MEAS1\_DRVB[1:0] for details.

**MEAS8\_DRVA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA[1:0] for details.

**MEAS8 Configuration 1 (0x51)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6                | 5                | 4               | 3 | 2               | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|---|------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS8_PPG2_PDSEL | MEAS8_PPG1_PDSEL | MEAS8_TINT[1:0] |   | MEAS8_AVER[2:0] |   |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0              | 0b0              | 0x3             |   | 0x0             |   |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read      | Write, Read      | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |   |

**MEAS8\_PPG2\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS8\_PPG1\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG1\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS8\_TINT**

See MEAS1\_TINT for details.

**MEAS8\_AVER**

See MEAS1\_AVER[2:0] for details.

**MEAS8 Configuration 2 (0x52)**

| BIT         | 7               | 6                | 5                  | 4 | 3                       | 2 | 1                       | 0 |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|---|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS8_SINC3_SEL | MEAS8_FILTER_SEL | MEAS8_LED_RGE[1:0] |   | MEAS8_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] |   | MEAS8_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | 0b0             | 0b0              | 0x3                |   | 0x2                     |   | 0x2                     |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read     | Write, Read      | Write, Read        |   | Write, Read             |   | Write, Read             |   |

**MEAS8\_SINC3\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_SINC3\_SEL for details.

**MEAS8\_FILTER\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_FILTER\_SEL for details.

**MEAS8\_LED\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_LED\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS8\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS8\_PPG1\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS8 Configuration 3 (0x53)**

| BIT         | 7                    | 6 | 5                     | 4 | 3                      | 2 | 1                      | 0 |
|-------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS8_PD_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS8_LED_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS8_PPG2_DACOFF[1:0] |   | MEAS8_PPG1_DACOFF[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | 0x1                  |   | 0x1                   |   | 0x0                    |   | 0x0                    |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read          |   | Write, Read           |   | Write, Read            |   | Write, Read            |   |

**MEAS8\_PD\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_PD\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS8\_LED\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_LED\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS8\_PPG2\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS8\_PPG1\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS8 DRVA Current (0x54)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS8_DRVA_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS8\_DRVA\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS8 DRVB Current (0x55)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS8_DRVB_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS8\_DRVB\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS8 DRVC Current (0x56)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS8_DRVC_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS8\_DRVC\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS9 Selects (0x58)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6           | 5               | 4 | 3               | 2 | 1               | 0 |
|-------------|---|-------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS9_AMB   | MEAS9_DRVC[1:0] |   | MEAS9_DRVB[1:0] |   | MEAS9_DRVA[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0         | 0x1             |   | 0x0             |   | 0x0             |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |

**MEAS9\_AMB**

See MEAS1\_AMB for details.

**MEAS9\_DRVC**

See MEAS1\_DRVC[1:0] for details.

**MEAS9\_DRVB**

See MEAS1\_DRVB[1:0] for details.

**MEAS9\_DRVA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA[1:0] for details.

**MEAS9 Configuration 1 (0x59)**

| BIT         | 7 | 6                | 5                | 4               | 3 | 2               | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|---|------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|---|
| Field       | – | MEAS9_PPG2_PDSEL | MEAS9_PPG1_PDSEL | MEAS9_TINT[1:0] |   | MEAS9_AVER[2:0] |   |   |
| Reset       | – | 0b0              | 0b0              | 0x3             |   | 0x0             |   |   |
| Access Type | – | Write, Read      | Write, Read      | Write, Read     |   | Write, Read     |   |   |

**MEAS9\_PPG2\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS9\_PPG1\_PDSEL**

See MEAS1\_PPG1\_PDSEL for details.

**MEAS9\_TINT**

See MEAS1\_TINT for details.

**MEAS9\_AVER**

See MEAS1\_AVER[2:0] for details.

**MEAS9 Configuration 2 (0x5A)**

| BIT         | 7               | 6                | 5                  | 4 | 3                       | 2                       | 1           | 0 |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS9_SINC3_SEL | MEAS9_FILTER_SEL | MEAS9_LED_RGE[1:0] |   | MEAS9_PPG2_ADC_RGE[1:0] | MEAS9_PPG1_ADC_RGE[1:0] |             |   |
| Reset       | 0b0             | 0b0              | 0x3                |   | 0x2                     |                         | 0x2         |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read     | Write, Read      | Write, Read        |   | Write, Read             |                         | Write, Read |   |

**MEAS9\_SINC3\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_SINC3\_SEL for details.

**MEAS9\_FILTER\_SEL**

See MEAS1\_FILTER\_SEL for details.

**MEAS9\_LED\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_LED\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS9\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_RGE[1:0] for details.

**MEAS9\_PPG1\_ADC\_RGE**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_ADC\_REG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS9 Configuration 3 (0x5B)**

| BIT         | 7                    | 6 | 5                     | 4 | 3                      | 2 | 1                      | 0 |
|-------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| Field       | MEAS9_PD_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS9_LED_SETLNG[1:0] |   | MEAS9_PPG2_DACOFF[1:0] |   | MEAS9_PPG1_DACOFF[1:0] |   |
| Reset       | 0x1                  |   | 0x1                   |   | 0x0                    |   | 0x0                    |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read          |   | Write, Read           |   | Write, Read            |   | Write, Read            |   |

**MEAS9\_PD\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_PD\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS9\_LED\_SETLNG**

See MEAS1\_LED\_SETLNG[1:0] for details.

**MEAS9\_PPG2\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG2\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS9\_PPG1\_DACOFF**

See MEAS1\_PPG1\_DACOFF[1:0] for details.

**MEAS9 DRVA Current (0x5C)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS9_DRVA_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS9\_DRVA\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS9 DRVB Current (0x5D)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS9_DRVB_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS9\_DRVB\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**MEAS9 DRVC Current (0x5E)**

| BIT         | 7                  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | MEAS9_DRVC_PA[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**MEAS9\_DRVC\_PA**

See MEAS1\_DRVA\_PA[7:0] for details.

**THRESHOLD MEAS SEL (0x68)**

| BIT         | 7                     | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3                     | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|-----------------------|---|---|---|
| Field       | THRESH2_MEAS_SEL[3:0] |   |   |   | THRESH1_MEAS_SEL[3:0] |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x0                   |   |   |   | 0x0                   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read           |   |   |   | Write, Read           |   |   |   |

**THRESH2\_MEAS\_SEL**

This field enables THRESH2 and assigns one of the nine measurements to the second instance of the threshold feature. THRESH2\_MEAS\_SEL[3:0] selects which of the MEAS<sub>n</sub> (n = 1 to 9) is used for THRESH2\_HILO detect.

| THRESH2_MEAS_SEL[3:0] | DECODE                                    |
|-----------------------|---|
| 0x0                   | THRESH2_HILO detect is disabled           |
| 0x1                   | MEAS1 selected                            |
| 0x2                   | MEAS2 selected                            |
| 0x3                   | MEAS3 selected                            |
| 0x4                   | MEAS4 selected                            |
| 0x5                   | MEAS5 selected                            |
| 0x6                   | MEAS6 selected                            |
| 0x7                   | MEAS7 selected                            |
| 0x8                   | MEAS8 selected                            |
| 0x9                   | MEAS9 selected                            |
| 0xA to 0xF            | RESERVED, THRESH2_HILO detect is disabled |

**THRESH1\_MEAS\_SEL**

This field enables THRESH1 and assigns one of the nine measurements to the first instance of the threshold feature. THRESH1\_MEAS\_SEL[3:0] selects which of the MEAS<sub>n</sub> (n = 1 to 9) is used for THRESH1\_HILO detect.

| THRESH1_MEAS_SEL[3:0] | DECODE                          |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| 0x0                   | THRESH1_HILO detect is disabled |
| 0x1                   | MEAS1 selected                  |
| 0x2                   | MEAS2 selected                  |
| 0x3                   | MEAS3 selected                  |
| 0x4                   | MEAS4 selected                  |
| 0x5                   | MEAS5 selected                  |
| 0x6                   | MEAS6 selected                  |

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| 0x7        | MEAS7 selected                            |
| 0x8        | MEAS8 selected                            |
| 0x9        | MEAS9 selected                            |
| 0xA to 0xF | RESERVED, THRESH1_HILO detect is disabled |

**THRESHOLD HYST (0x69)**

| BIT                | 7               | 6               | 5 | 4              | 3 | 2               | 1 | 0 |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|----------------|---|-----------------|---|---|
| <b>Field</b>       | THRESH2_PPG_SEL | THRESH1_PPG_SEL | – | TIME_HYST[1:0] |   | LEVEL_HYST[2:0] |   |   |
| <b>Reset</b>       | 0b0             | 0b0             | – | 0x0            |   | 0x0             |   |   |
| <b>Access Type</b> | Write, Read     | Write, Read     | – | Write, Read    |   | Write, Read     |   |   |

**THRESH2\_PPG\_SEL**

THRESH2\_PPG\_SEL sets which optical channel the threshold measurement 2 is applied. If THRESH2\_PPG\_SEL is set to 0 then the threshold measurement 2 is applied to optical channel 1. If THRESH2\_PPG\_SEL is set to 1 then threshold measurement 2 is applied to optical channel 2.

| THRESH2_PPG_SEL | CHANNEL THAT THRESHOLD2 IS APPLIED |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| 0b0             | Optical Channel 1                  |
| 0b1             | Optical Channel 2                  |

**THRESH1\_PPG\_SEL**

THRESH1\_PPG\_SEL sets which optical channel the threshold measurement 1 is applied. If THRESH1\_PPG\_SEL is set to 0 then the threshold measurement 1 is applied to optical channel 1. If THRESH1\_PPG\_SEL is set to 1 then threshold measurement 1 is applied to optical channel 2.

| THRESH2_PPG_SEL | CHANNEL THAT THRESHOLD2 IS APPLIED |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| 0b0             | Optical Channel 1                  |
| 0b1             | Optical Channel 2                  |

**TIME\_HYST**

Time hysteresis sets the number of samples that the ambient light corrected exposure signal exceeds the THRESHOLD<sub>x</sub>\_UPPER or below THRESHOLD<sub>x</sub>\_LOWER before the threshold interrupt is set. The value of the ADC counts is applied at  $\pm 0.5 \times \text{LEVEL\_HYST}$  around the THRESHOLD<sub>x</sub>\_UPPER and THRESHOLD<sub>x</sub>\_LOWER. Specifically, in order for an interrupt to be generated from the thresholding function, an ambient light corrected exposure must transition above the THRESHOLD<sub>x</sub>\_UPPER +  $0.5 \times \text{LEVEL\_HYST}$  and stay above THRESHOLD<sub>x</sub>\_UPPER -  $0.5 \times \text{LEVEL\_HYST}$  for TIME\_HYST samples or transition below THRESHOLD<sub>x</sub>\_LOWER -  $0.5 \times \text{LEVEL\_HYST}$  and stay below THRESHOLD<sub>x</sub>\_LOWR +  $0.5 \times \text{LEVEL\_HYST}$  for TIME\_HYST samples. TIME\_HYST parameter applies to both instances of threshold interrupts.

| TIME_HYST | NUMBER OF SAMPLES BEFORE INTERRUPT IS SET |
|-----------|---|
| 0b00      | 0, time hysteresis disabled               |
| 0b01      | 2 samples                                 |
| 0b10      | 4 samples                                 |
| 0b11      | 8 samples                                 |

**LEVEL\_HYST**

Level hysteresis sets the amount of ambient light corrected exposure hysteresis to apply to both instances of the threshold function. This value is in ADC counts and is applied at  $\pm 0.5 \times \text{LEVEL\_HYST}$  around the  $\text{THRESHOLDx\_UPPER}$  and  $\text{THRESHOLDx\_LOWER}$ . Specifically, in order for an interrupt to be generated from the thresholding function, an ambient light corrected exposure must transition above the  $\text{THRESHOLDx\_UPPER} + 0.5 \times \text{LEVEL\_HYST}$  and stay above  $\text{THRESHOLDx\_UPPER} - 0.5 \times \text{LEVEL\_HYST}$  for  $\text{TIME\_HYST}$  samples or transition below  $\text{THRESHOLDx\_LOWER} - 0.5 \times \text{LEVEL\_HYST}$  and stay below  $\text{THRESHOLDx\_LOWER} + 0.5 \times \text{LEVEL\_HYST}$  for  $\text{TIME\_HYST}$  samples.  $\text{LEVEL\_HYST}$  parameter applies to both instances of threshold interrupts.

| LEVEL_HYST | MAGNITUDE OF HYSTERESIS (LSBs) |
|------------|--------------------------------|
| 0b000      | 0, Disable Level Hysteresis    |
| 0b001      | 2                              |
| 0b010      | 4                              |
| 0b011      | 8                              |
| 0b100      | 16                             |
| 0b101      | 32                             |
| 0b110      | 64                             |
| 0b111      | 128                            |

**PPG HI THRESHOLD1 (0x6A)**

| BIT                | 7                     | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| <b>Field</b>       | THRESHOLD1_UPPER[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>Reset</b>       | 0xFF                  |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>Access Type</b> | Write, Read           |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**THRESHOLD1\_UPPER**

Upper threshold for instance 1. Each LSB of the threshold represents 2048 LSBs the ambient light exposure code.

It is important to program the  $\text{THRESHOLD1\_UPPER}$  to be greater than the  $\text{THRESHOLD1\_LOWER}$ . Otherwise, the interrupt behavior is undefined.

| THRESHOLD1_UPPER | AMBIENT LIGHT CORRECTED EXPOSURE SIGNAL |
|------------------|---|
| 0x0              | 0, upper threshold is disabled          |
| 0x1              | 2048                                    |
| 0x2              | 4096                                    |
| 0x3              | 6144                                    |
| •                | •                                       |
| •                | •                                       |
| •                | •                                       |
| 0xFD             | 518144                                  |
| 0xFE             | 520192                                  |
| 0xFF             | 522240                                  |

**PPG LO THRESHOLD1 (0x6B)**

| BIT         | 7                     | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | THRESHOLD1_LOWER[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x00                  |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read           |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**THRESHOLD1\_LOWER**

Lower threshold for instance 1. Each LSB of the threshold represents 2048 LSBs the ambient light exposure code.

It is important to program the THRESHOLD1\_UPPER to be greater than the THRESHOLD1\_LOWER. Otherwise, the interrupt behavior is undefined.

| THRESHOLD1_LOWER | AMBIENT LIGHT CORRECTED EXPOSURE SIGNAL |
|------------------|---|
| 0x0              | 0, lower threshold is disabled          |
| 0x1              | 2048                                    |
| 0x2              | 4096                                    |
| 0x3              | 6144                                    |
| •                | •                                       |
| •                | •                                       |
| •                | •                                       |
| 0xFD             | 518144                                  |
| 0xFE             | 520192                                  |
| 0xFF             | 522240                                  |

**PPG HI THRESHOLD2 (0x6C)**

| BIT         | 7                     | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | THRESHOLD2_UPPER[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0xFF                  |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Write, Read           |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**THRESHOLD2\_UPPER**

Upper threshold for instance 2. Each LSB of the threshold represents 2048 LSBs the ambient light exposure code.

It is important to program the THRESHOLD2\_UPPER to be greater than the THRESHOLD2\_LOWER. Otherwise, the interrupt behavior is undefined.

| THRESHOLD2_UPPER | AMBIENT LIGHT CORRECTED EXPOSURE SIGNAL |
|------------------|---|
| 0x0              | 0, upper threshold is disabled          |
| 0x1              | 2048                                    |
| 0x2              | 4096                                    |
| 0x3              | 6144                                    |
| •                | •                                       |
| •                | •                                       |
| •                | •                                       |
| 0xFD             | 518144                                  |

|      |        |
|------|--------|
| 0xFE | 520192 |
| 0xFF | 522240 |

**PPG LO THRESHOLD2 (0x6D)**

| BIT                | 7                     | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| <b>Field</b>       | THRESHOLD2_LOWER[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>Reset</b>       | 0x00                  |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>Access Type</b> | Write, Read           |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**THRESHOLD2\_LOWER**

Lower threshold for instance 2. Each LSB of the threshold represents 2048 LSBs the ambient light exposure code.

It is important to program the THRESHOLD2\_UPPER to be greater than the THRESHOLD2\_LOWER. Otherwise, the interrupt behavior is undefined.

| THRESHOLD2_LOWER | AMBIENT LIGHT CORRECTED EXPOSURE SIGNAL |
|------------------|---|
| 0x0              | 0, lower threshold is disabled          |
| 0x1              | 2048                                    |
| 0x2              | 4096                                    |
| 0x3              | 6144                                    |
| •                | •                                       |
| •                | •                                       |
| •                | •                                       |
| 0xFD             | 518144                                  |
| 0xFE             | 520192                                  |
| 0xFF             | 522240                                  |

**Picket Fence Measurement Select (0x70)**

| BIT                | 7                     | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3                     | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|-----------------------|---|---|---|
| <b>Field</b>       | PPG2_PF_MEAS_SEL[3:0] |   |   |   | PPG1_PF_MEAS_SEL[3:0] |   |   |   |
| <b>Reset</b>       | 0x0                   |   |   |   | 0x0                   |   |   |   |
| <b>Access Type</b> | Write, Read           |   |   |   | Write, Read           |   |   |   |

**PPG2\_PF\_MEAS\_SEL**

PPG2\_PF\_MEAS\_SEL[3:0] selects LED measurement for optical channel 2 for picket fence detect-and-replace.

| PPGX_PF_SEL[3:0]<br>(X= 1, 2) | ENUMERATION | DECODE   |
|-------------------------------|-------------|--|
| 0x0                           | DISABLE     | Picket fence detect disabled   |
| 0x1                           | MEAS1       | Picket Fence detect and replace is done on measurement programmed in MEAS1 Setup registers for Optical Channel x |

|            |          |  |
|------------|----------|--|
| 0x2        | MEAS2    | Picket Fence detect and replace is done on measurement programmed in MEAS2 Setup registers for Optical Channel x |
| 0x3        | MEAS3    | Picket Fence detect and replace is done on measurement programmed in MEAS3 Setup registers for Optical Channel x |
| 0x4        | MEAS4    | Picket Fence detect and replace is done on measurement programmed in MEAS4 Setup registers for Optical Channel x |
| 0x5        | MEAS5    | Picket Fence detect and replace is done on measurement programmed in MEAS5 Setup registers for Optical Channel x |
| 0x6        | MEAS6    | Picket Fence detect and replace is done on measurement programmed in MEAS6 Setup registers for Optical Channel x |
| 0x7        | MEAS7    | Picket Fence detect and replace is done on measurement programmed in MEAS7 Setup registers for Optical Channel x |
| 0x8        | MEAS8    | Picket Fence detect and replace is done on measurement programmed in MEAS8 Setup registers for Optical Channel x |
| 0x9        | MEAS9    | Picket Fence detect and replace is done on measurement programmed in MEAS9 Setup registers for Optical Channel x |
| 0xA to 0xF | RESERVED | Picket Fence detect disabled   |

**PPG1\_PF\_MEAS\_SEL**

See PPG2\_PF\_MEAS\_SEL[3:0] for details.

**Picket Fence Configuration (0x71)**

| BIT                | 7 | 6           | 5           | 4 | 3                   | 2 | 1                         | 0 |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---|---------------------|---|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Field</b>       | – | PF_ORDER    | IIR_TC[1:0] |   | IIR_INIT_VALUE[1:0] |   | THRESHOLD_SIGMA_MULT[1:0] |   |
| <b>Reset</b>       | – | 0x1         | 0x00        |   | 0x00                |   | 0x00                      |   |
| <b>Access Type</b> | – | Write, Read | Write, Read |   | Write, Read         |   | Write, Read               |   |

**PF\_ORDER**

PF\_ORDER determines which prediction method is used: the last sample or a linear fit to the previous four samples.

Refer to the Picket Fence Detect-and-Replace Function section for details.

| VALUE | ENUMERATION | DECODE  |
|-------|-------------|---|
| 0     | OFF         | Last Sample (1 point)                           |
| 1     | ON          | Fit 4 points to a line for prediction (default) |

**IIR\_TC**

IIR\_TC[1:0] determines the IIR filter bandwidth where the lowest setting has the narrowest bandwidth of a first-order filter.

Refer to the Picket Fence Detect-and-Replace Function section for details.

| IIR_TC[1:0] | COEFFICIENT | SAMPLES TO 90% |
|-------------|-------------|----------------|
| 00          | 1/64        | 146            |
| 01          | 1/32        | 72             |
| 10          | 1/16        | 35             |
| 11          | 1/8         | 17             |

**IIR\_INIT\_VALUE**

This IIR filter estimates the true standard deviation between the actual and predicted sample and tracks the ADC Range setting.

Refer to the Picket Fence Detect-and-Replace Function section for details.

| IIR_INIT_VALUE[1:0] | CODE |
|---------------------|------|
| 00                  | 64   |
| 01                  | 48   |
| 10                  | 32   |
| 11                  | 24   |

**THRESHOLD\_SIGMA\_MULT**

GAIN resulting from the SIGMA\_MULT[1:0] setting determines the number of standard deviations of the delta between the actual and predicted sample beyond which a picket-fence event is triggered.

Refer to the Picket Fence Detect-and-Replace Function section for details.

| THRESHOLD_SIGMA_MULT[1:0] | GAIN |
|---------------------------|------|
| 00                        | 4    |
| 01                        | 8    |
| 10                        | 16   |
| 11                        | 32   |

**Interrupt1 Enable 1 (0x78)**

| BIT         | 7           | 6             | 5                 | 4           | 3           | 2                | 1                | 0           |
|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Field       | A_FULL_EN1  | FRAME_RDY_EN1 | FIFO_DATA_RDY_EN1 | ALC_OVF_EN1 | EXP_OVF_EN1 | THRESH2_HILO_EN1 | THRESH1_HILO_EN1 | LED_TX_EN1  |
| Reset       | 0b0         | 0b0           | 0b0               | 0b0         | 0b0         | 0x0              | 0b0              | 0b0         |
| Access Type | Write, Read | Write, Read   | Write, Read       | Write, Read | Write, Read | Write, Read      | Write, Read      | Write, Read |

**A\_FULL\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the A\_FULL bit in the Status 1 Register is asserted.

**FRAME\_RDY\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the FRAME\_RDY bit in the Status 1 Register is asserted.

**FIFO\_DATA\_RDY\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the FIFO\_DATA\_RDY bit in the Status 1 Register is asserted.

**ALC\_OVF\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the ALC\_OVF bit in the Status 1 Register is asserted.

**EXP\_OVF\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the EXP\_OVF bit in the Status 1 Register is asserted.

**THRESH2\_HILO\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the THRESH2\_HILO bit in the Status 1 Register is asserted.

**THRESH1\_HILO\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the THRESH1\_HILO bit in the Status 1 Register is asserted.

**LED\_TX\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated 500ns before any of the nine LED Driver pins, LEDn\_DRV (n = 1 to 9) gets asserted. This feature can be used in combination with the MAX20345 boost converter to switch it from a fully "off" state to a fully "on" state; thus, reducing the boost quiescent power and the effects of boost ripple on the MAX86171.

The application should not set any of the other bits in the Interrupt 1 Enable Registers when LED\_TX\_EN1 is set to 1.

**Interrupt1 Enable 2 (0x79)**

| BIT            | 7                  | 6               | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2                   | 1 | 0 |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|---|---|---|---------------------|---|---|
| Field          | LED9_COM<br>PB_EN1 | VDD_OOR_<br>EN1 | – | – | – | INVALID_C<br>FG_EN1 | – | – |
| Reset          | 0b0                | 0b0             | – | – | – | 0b0                 | – | – |
| Access<br>Type | Write, Read        | Write, Read     | – | – | – | Write, Read         | – | – |

**LED9\_COMPB\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the LED9\_COMPB bit in the Status 2 Register is asserted.

**VDD\_OOR\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the VDD\_OOR bit in the Status 2 Register is asserted. If both VDD\_OOR\_EN1 and VDD\_OOR\_EN2 are set to 0 then the OOR circuit is shutdown.

**INVALID\_CFG\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the INVALID\_CFG bit in the Status 2 Register is asserted.

**Interrupt1 Enable 3 (0x7A)**

| BIT            | 7                  | 6                  | 5                  | 4                  | 3                  | 2                  | 1                  | 0                  |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Field          | LED8_COM<br>PB_EN1 | LED7_COM<br>PB_EN1 | LED6_COM<br>PB_EN1 | LED5_COM<br>PB_EN1 | LED4_COM<br>PB_EN1 | LED3_COM<br>PB_EN1 | LED2_COM<br>PB_EN1 | LED1_COM<br>PB_EN1 |
| Reset          | 0b0                |
| Access<br>Type | Write, Read        |

**LED8\_COMPB\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the LED8\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**LED7\_COMPB\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the LED7\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**LED6\_COMPB\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the LED6\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**LED5\_COMPB\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the LED5\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**LED4\_COMPB\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the LED4\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**LED3\_COMPB\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the LED3\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**LED2\_COMPB\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the LED2\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**LED1\_COMPB\_EN1**

If this bit is set to 1, INT1 is activated when the LED1\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**Interrupt2 Enable 1 (0x7C)**

| BIT         | 7           | 6             | 5                 | 4           | 3           | 2                | 1                | 0           |
|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Field       | A_FULL_EN2  | FRAME_RDY_EN2 | FIFO_DATA_RDY_EN2 | ALC_OVF_EN2 | EXP_OVF_EN2 | THRESH2_HILO_EN2 | THRESH1_HILO_EN2 | LED_TX_EN2  |
| Reset       | 0b0         | 0b0           | 0b0               | 0b0         | 0b0         | 0b0              | 0b0              | 0b0         |
| Access Type | Write, Read | Write, Read   | Write, Read       | Write, Read | Write, Read | Write, Read      | Write, Read      | Write, Read |

**A\_FULL\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the A\_FULL bit in the Status 1 Register is asserted

**FRAME\_RDY\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the FRAME\_RDY bit in the Status 1 Register is asserted.

**FIFO\_DATA\_RDY\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the FIFO\_DATA\_RDY bit in the Status 1 Register is asserted.

**ALC\_OVF\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the ALC\_OVF bit in the Status 1 Register is asserted

**EXP\_OVF\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the EXP\_OVF bit in the Status 1 Register is asserted.

**THRESH2\_HILO\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the THRESH2\_HILO bit in the Status 1 Register is asserted.

**THRESH1\_HILO\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the THRESH1\_HILO bit in the Status 1 Register is asserted.

**LED\_TX\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated 500ns before any of the nine LED Driver pins, LED<sub>n</sub>\_DRV (n = 1 to 9) gets asserted. This feature can be used in combination with MAX20345 boost converter to switch it from a fully "off" state to a fully "on" state; thus, reducing the boost quiescent power and the effects of boost ripple on the MAX86171.

The application should not set any of the other bits in the Interrupt 2 Enable Registers when LED\_TX\_EN2 is set to 1.

**Interrupt2 Enable 2 (0x7D)**

| BIT            | 7                  | 6               | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2                   | 1 | 0 |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|---|---|---|---------------------|---|---|
| Field          | LED9_COM<br>PB_EN2 | VDD_OOR_<br>EN2 | – | – | – | INVALID_C<br>FG_EN2 | – | – |
| Reset          | 0b0                | 0b0             | – | – | – | 0b0                 | – | – |
| Access<br>Type | Write, Read        | Write, Read     | – | – | – | Write, Read         | – | – |

**LED9\_COMPB\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the LED9\_COMPB bit in the Status 2 Register is asserted.

**VDD\_OOR\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the VDD\_OOR bit in the Status 2 Register is asserted. If both VDD\_OOR\_EN1 and VDD\_OOR\_EN2 are set to 0 then the OOR circuit is shutdown

**INVALID\_CFG\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the INVALID\_CFG bit in the Status 2 Register is asserted.

**Interrupt2 Enable 3 (0x7E)**

| BIT            | 7                  | 6                  | 5                  | 4                  | 3                  | 2                  | 1                  | 0                  |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Field          | LED8_COM<br>PB_EN2 | LED7_COM<br>PB_EN2 | LED6_COM<br>PB_EN2 | LED5_COM<br>PB_EN2 | LED4_COM<br>PB_EN2 | LED3_COM<br>PB_EN2 | LED2_COM<br>PB_EN2 | LED1_COM<br>PB_EN2 |
| Reset          | 0b0                |
| Access<br>Type | Write, Read        |

**LED8\_COMPB\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the LED8\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**LED7\_COMPB\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the LED7\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**LED6\_COMPB\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the LED6\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**LED5\_COMPB\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the LED5\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**LED4\_COMPB\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the LED4\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**LED3\_COMPB\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the LED3\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**LED2\_COMPB\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the LED2\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**LED1\_COMPB\_EN2**

If this bit is set to 1, INT2 is activated when the LED1\_COMPB bit in the Status 3 Register is asserted.

**Part ID (0xFF)**

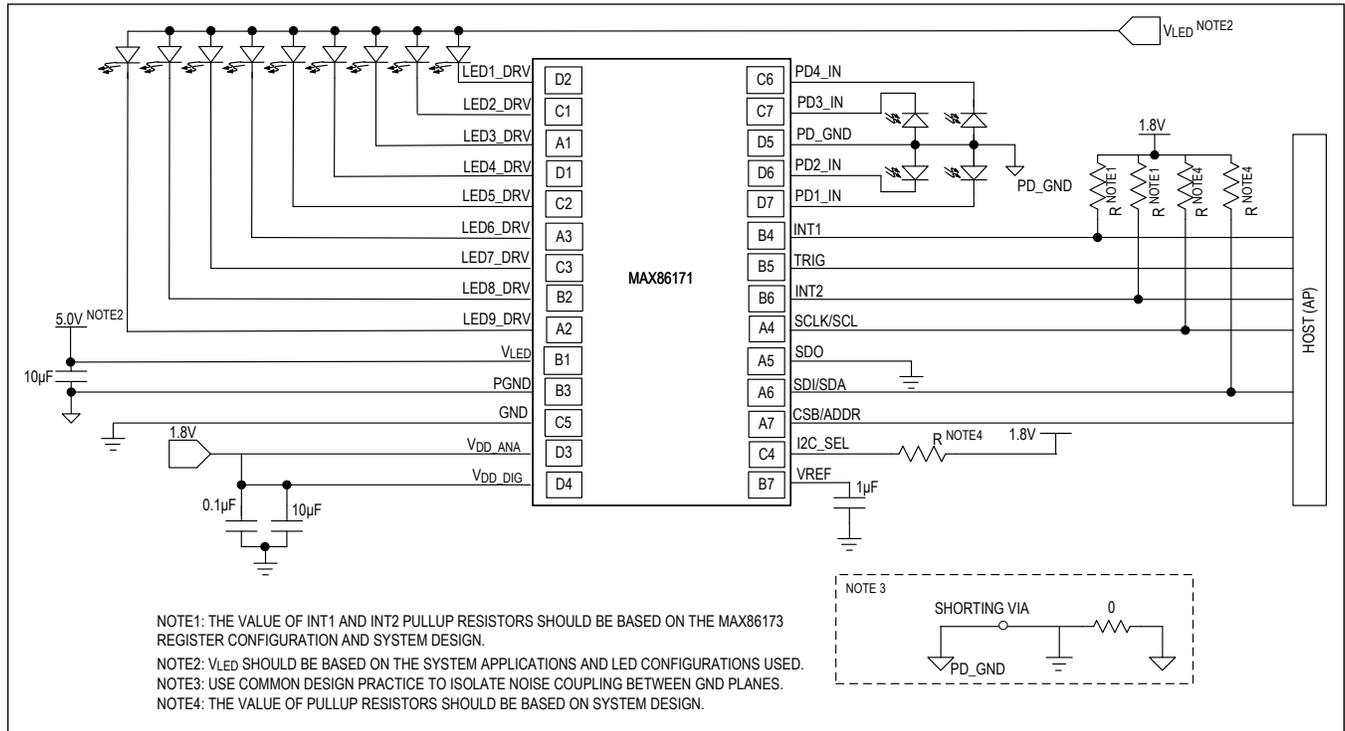
| BIT         | 7            | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|--------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Field       | PART_ID[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Reset       | 0x2C         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Access Type | Read Only    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**PART\_ID**

This register stores the part identifier for the chip.

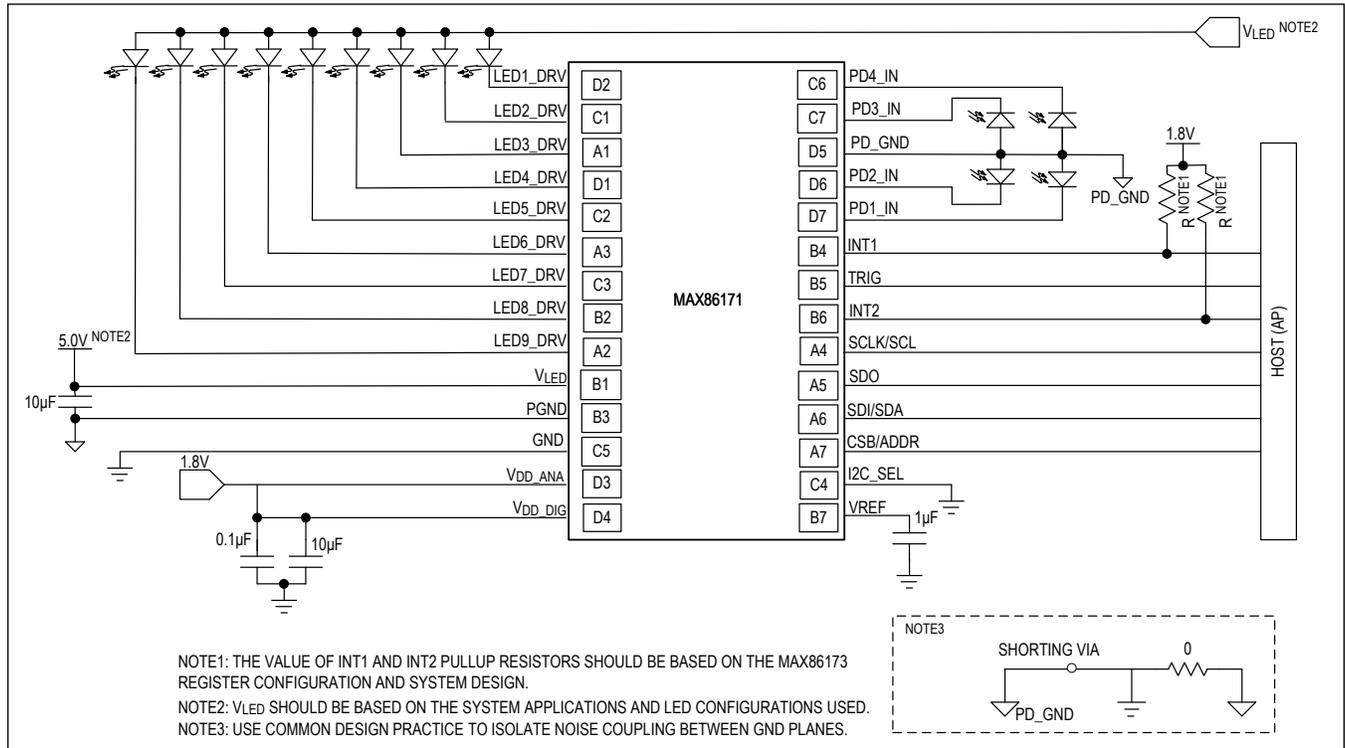
Typical Application Circuits

I<sup>2</sup>C Mode



Typical Application Circuits (continued)

SPI Mode



Ordering Information

| PART NUMBER   | TEMP.RANGE     | BUMP   |
|---------------|----------------|--------|
| MAX86171ENI+  | -40°C to +85°C | 28 WLP |
| MAX86171ENI+T | -40°C to +85°C | 28 WLP |

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

T = Tape and reel.

## Revision History

| REVISION NUMBER | REVISION DATE | DESCRIPTION   | PAGES CHANGED                           |
|-----------------|---------------|---|---|
| 0               | 5/19          | Initial release   | —                                       |
| 1               | 2/21          | Updated the <i>Benefits and Features</i> , <i>Simplified Block Diagram</i> , <i>Pin Description</i> , <i>Detailed Description</i> , <i>Optical Receiver Overview</i> , <i>Scan Modes</i> , <i>Scan_Mode_</i> , <i>Measurement Sequence Control</i> (address 0x0C to address 0x0D), <i>Picket Fence Detect-and-Replace Function</i> , and <i>Typical Application Circuits</i> sections; replaced Figures 18–21; updated Register Bits FR_CLK_DIV_H | 1, 7, 18–21, 27, 34, 40–42, 65, 102–103 |
| 2               | 10/21         | Updated title, <i>Simplified Block Diagram</i> , <i>Absolute Maximum Ratings</i> , replaced Figure 4, 18–21, updated FiFO_A_FULL (address 0x09), <i>Slave Address</i> , <i>Typical Application Circuits I<sup>2</sup>C Mode</i> , <i>Typical Application Circuits SPI Mode</i> , and <i>PWR_RDY</i>   | 1, 3, 20, 28, 36, 38–40, 48, 97, 98     |
| 3               | 12/21         | Updated <i>Ordering Information</i>   | 98                                      |
| 4               | 06/22         | Updated <i>Ordering Information</i>   | 98                                      |

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