DELIVERY SPECIFICATION SPEC. No. A-General-g

D A T E: Jun, 2019

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Non-Controlled Copy

CUSTOMER'S PRODUCT NAME TDK'S PRODUCT NAME Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitors Bulk and Tape packaging [RoHS compliant] CGA1,CGA2,CGA3,CGA4,CGA5,CGA6,CGA8,CGA9Type C0G,NP0,X7R,X7S,X7T,X8R,X8L Characteristics

Please return this specification to TDK representatives with your signature. If orders are placed without returned specification, please allow us to judge that specification is accepted by your side.

RECEIPT CONFIRMATION

	DATE:	YEAR	MONTH	DAY
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Test conditions in this specification based on AEC-Q200 for automotive application.

TDK Corporation

Sales Engineering

Electronic Components Electronic Components Business Company Ceramic Capacitors Business Group Sales & Marketing Group

APPROVED	Person in charge

APPROVED	CHECKED	Person in charge

■ CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION

CGA	6	P	1	X7R	1N	106	M	250	Α	С	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	_

(1) Series

(2) Dimensions L x W (mm)

Code	EIA	Length	Width	Terminal width
1	CC0201	0.60	0.30	0.10
2	CC0402	1.00	0.50	0.10
3	CC0603	1.60	0.80	0.20
4	CC0805	2.00	1.25	0.20
5	CC1206	3.20	1.60	0.20
6	CC1210	3.20	2.50	0.20
8	CC1812	4.50	3.20	0.20
9	CC2220	5.70	5.00	0.20

(3) Thickness code

Code	Thickness	
A	0.30 mm	_
В	0.50 mm	
С	0.60 mm	
E	0.80 mm	
F	0.85 mm	
Н	1.15 mm	
J L M	1.25 mm	
L	1.60 mm	
M	2.00 mm	
N	2.30 mm	
P Q	2.50 mm	
Q	2.80 mm	
R	3.20 mm	

(4) Voltage condition for life test

Symbol	Condition	
1	1 × R.V.	
2	2 × R.V.	
3	1.5 × R.V.	

(5) Temperature characteristics

Temperature characteristics	Temperature coefficient or capacitance change	Temperature range
COG	0±30 ppm/°C	-55 to +125°C
X5R	±15%	-55 to +85°C
X7R	±15%	-55 to +125°C
X7S	±22%	–55 to +125°C

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

Code	Voltage (DC)
0J	6.3V
1A	10V
1C	16V
1E	25V
1V	35V
1H	50V
1N	75V

(7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

(Example)0R5 = 0.5pF 101 = 100pF 225 = 2,200,000pF = 2.2µF

(8) Capacitance tolerance

Code	Tolerance	
C	±0.25pF	
D	±0.50pF	
J	±5%	
K	±10%	
M	±20%	

(9) Thickness

Code	Thickness	
030	0.30 mm	
050	0.50 mm	
060	0.60 mm	
080	0.80 mm	
085	0.85 mm	
115	1.15 mm	
125	1.25 mm	
160	1.60 mm	
200	2.00 mm	
230	2.30 mm	
250	2.50 mm	
280	2.80 mm	
320	3.20 mm	

(10) Packaging style

Code	Style
Α	178mm reel, 4mm pitch
В	178mm reel, 2mm pitch
K	178mm reel, 8mm pitch

(11) Special reserved code

Code	Description	
A,B,C	TDK internal code	

■ CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION

CGA	9	P	3	X7S	2A	156	M	250	K	В
(1)										

(1) Series

(2) Dimensions Lx W (mm)

Code	EIA	Length	Width	Terminal width
2	CC0402	1.00	0.50	0.10
3	CC0603	1.60	0.80	0.20
4	CC0805	2.00	1.25	0.20
5	CC1206	3.20	1.60	0.20
6	CC1210	3.20	2.50	0.20
8	CC1812	4.50	3.20	0.20
9	CC2220	5.70	5.00	0.20

(3) Thickness code

Code	Thickness	
В	0.50 mm	
C	0.60 mm	
E	0.80 mm	
F	0.85 mm	
Н	1.15 mm	
J K	1.25 mm	
	1.30 mm	
L	1.60 mm	
M	2.00 mm	
N	2.30 mm	
P	2.50 mm	
Q	2.80 mm	
R	3.20 mm	

(4) Voltage condition for life test

Symbol	Condition
1	1 × R.V.
2	2 × R.V.
3	1.5 × R.V.
4	1.2 × R.V.

(5) Temperature characteristics

Temperature characteristics	Temperature coefficient or capacitance change	Temperature range
COG	0±30 ppm/°C	-55 to +125°C
X7R	±15%	-55 to +125°C
X7S	±22%	-55 to +125°C
X7T	+22,-33%	-55 to +125°C

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

Ccde	Voltage (DC)	
2A	100V	
2E	250V	
2W	450V	
2J	630V	

(7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

(Example)0R5 = 0.5pF

$$101 = 100$$
pF
 $225 = 2,200,000$ pF = 2.2 µF

(8) Capacitance tolerance

Code	Tolerance	
C	±0.25pF	
D	±0.50pF	
J	±5%	
K	±10%	
M	±20%	

(9) Thickness

Ccde	Thickness	
050	0.50 mm	
060	0.60 mm	Π
080	0.80 mm	
085	0.85 mm	
115	1.15 mm	Ī
125	1.25 mm	
130	1.30 mm	
160	1.60 mm	
200	2.00 mm	
230	2.30 mm	
250	2.50 mm	
280	2.80 mm	
320	3.20 mm	Ī

(10) Packaging style

Ccde	Style
A	178mm reel, 4mm pitch
В	178mm reel, 2mm pitch
K	178mm reel, 8mm pitch

(11) Special reserved code

Code	Description	
A,B,C,N	TDK internal code	

■CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION

CGA	6	P	1	X8L	1C	226	M	250	Α	С
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)

(1) Series

(2) Dimensions L x W (mm)

Code	EIA	Length	Width	Terminal width
2	CC0402	1.00	0.50	0.10
3	CC0603	1.60	0.80	0.20
4	CC0805	2.00	1.25	0.20
5	CC 1206	3.20	1.60	0.20
6	CC1210	3.20	2.50	0.20
8	CC1812	4.50	3.20	0.20
9	CC2220	5.70	5.00	0.20

(3) Thickness code

Code	Thickness	
В	0.50 mm	
С	0.60 mm	
E F H	0.80 mm	
F	0.85 mm	
	1.15 mm	
J	1.25 mm	
L	1.60 mm	
М	2.00 mm	
N	2.30 mm	
P Q	2.50 mm	
Q	2.80 mm	
R	3.20 mm	

(4) Voltage condition for life test

Symbol	Condition	
1	1 × R.V.	
2	2 × R.V.	
3	1.5 × R.V.	
4	1.2 x R.V.	

(5) Temperature characteristics

Temperature characteristics	Temperature coefficient or capacitance change	Temperature range
NP0	0±30ppm/°C	-55 to +150°C
X8R	±15%	-55 to +150°C
XBL	+15,-40%	-55 to +150°C

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

Code	Voltage (DC)
0G	4V
a	6.3V
1A	10V
1C	16V
1E	25V
1H	50V
2A	100 V
2E	250V
2W	450V
ಖ	630V

(7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

(Example)0R5 = 0.5pF 101 = 100pF 225 = 2,200,000pF = 2.2µF

(8) Capacitance tolerance

Code	Tolerance	
С	±0.25pF	
D	±0.50pF	
J	±5%	
K	±10%	
М	±20%	

(9) Thickness

Code	Thickness	
050	0.50mm	
060	0.60mm	
080	0.80mm	
085	0.85mm	
115	1.15mm	
125	1.25mm	
160	1.60mm	
200	2.00mm	
230	2.30mm	
250	2.50mm	
280	2.80mm	
320	3.20mm	

(10) Packaging style

Code	Style
A	178mm reel, 4mm pitch
В	178mm reel, 2mm pitch
K	178mm reel, 8mm pitch

(11) Special reserved code

Code	Description	
A.B.C.N	TDK internal code	_

SCOPE

This delivery specification shall be applied to Multilayer ceramic chip capacitors to be delivered to

PRODUCTION PLACES

Production places defined in this specification shall be TDK Corporation, TDK(Suzhou)Co.,Ltd and TDK Components U.S.A.,Inc.

PRODUCT NAME

The name of the product to be defined in this specifications shall be CGA♦♦♦OOA△□□□×.

REFERENCE STANDARD

JIS C 5101-1:2010	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part 1: Generic specification
C 5101-21: 2014	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part21 : Sectional specification
	: Fixed surface mount multilayer capacitors of ceramic dielectric, Class1
C 5101-22: 2014	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part22 : Sectional specification
	: Fixed surface mount multilayer capacitors of ceramic dielectric, Class 2
C 0806-3:2014	Packaging of components for automatic handling - Part 3: Packaging of
	surface mount components on continuous tapes
JEITA RCR-2335 C 2014	Safety application guide for fixed ceramic capacitors for use in electronic
	equipment

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<EXPLANATORY NOTE>

When the mistrust in the spec arises, this specification is given priority. And it will be confirmed by written spec change after conference of both posts involved.

This specification warrants the quality of the ceramic chip capacitor. Capacitors should be evaluated or confirmed a state of mounted on your product.

If the use of the capacitors goes beyond the bounds of this specification, we can not afford to guarantee.

Division	Date	SPEC. No.
Ceramic Capacitors Business Group	Jun. 2019	A-General-g

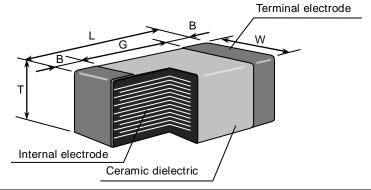
1. CODE CONSTRUCTION

CGA 2 В X7R 1 E 104 0000 (Example) 3 K Т CGA <u>6</u> (2) X7S <u>1 H</u> <u>T</u> 106 <u>K</u> 0000 (1) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10)

(1) Series

Symbol	Series
CGA	For automotive application

(2) Case size



Case size	Case size			nsions (Unit : mm)		
Symbol	(EIA style)	L	W	Т	В	G	
	CGA1	0.60±0.03	0.30±0.03	0.30±0.03			
1 (CC0201)		0.60 +0.10 -0.03	$0.60^{+0.10}_{-0.03}$ $0.30^{+0.10}_{-0.03}$ $0.30^{+0.10}_{-0.03}$		0.10 min.	0.20 min.	
2	CGA2	1.00±0.05	0.50±0.05	0.50±0.05	0.10 min.	0.30 min.	
	(CC0402)	1.00±0.10	0.50±0.10	0.50±0.10	0.1011111.	0.50 11111.	
		1.60±0.10	0.80±0.10	0.80±0.10			
	CGA3	1.60±0.15	0.80±0.15	0.80±0.15			
3	(CC0603)	1.60±0.20	0.80±0.20	0.80±0.20	0.20 min.	0.30 min.	
	(,	1.60 ^{+0.30} -0.10	0.80 ^{+0.30} -0.10	0.80 +0.30 -0.10			
				0.60±0.15			
	CGA4	2.00±0.20	1.25±0.20	0.85±0.15			
4	(CC0805)			1.25±0.20	0.20 min.	0.50 min.	
		2.00 +0.25 -0.15	1.25 ^{+0.25} -0.15	1.25 ^{+0.25} -0.15			
	CGA5 (CC1206)			0.60±0.15		1.00 min.	
		3.20±0.20	1.60±0.20	0.85±0.15	0.20 min.		
				1.15±0.15			
5				1.30±0.20			
				1.60±0.20			
		3.20 +0.30 -0.10	1.60 ^{+0.30} -0.10	1.60 ^{+0.30} -0.10			
				1.25±0.20			
				1.60±0.20			
6	CGA6 (CC1210)	3.20±0.40	2.50±0.30	2.00±0.20	0.20 min.		
	(001210)			2.30±0.20			
				2.50±0.30			
				1.60±0.20			
	CGA8			2.00±0.20			
8	(CC1812)	4.50±0.40	3.20±0.40	2.30±0.20	0.20 min.		
	(00:0:=)			2.50±0.30			
				3.20±0.30			
				1.60±0.20			
	CGA9	<u> </u>		2.00±0.20	0.20 min.		
9	(CC2220)	5.70±0.40	5.00±0.40	2.30±0.20			
	(======)			2.50±0.30			
				2.80±0.30			

^{*}As for each item, please refer to detail page on TDK Web.

(3) Thickness

Symbol	Dimension(mm)	Symbol	Dimension(mm)
Α	0.30	K	1.30
В	0.50	L	1.60
С	0.60	М	2.00
Е	0.80	N	2.30
F	0.85	Р	2.50
Н	1.15	Q	2.80
J	1.25	R	3.20

(4) Voltage condition in the life test

* Details are shown in table 1 No.16 at 7.PERFORMANCE.

Symbol	Condition
1	Rated Voltage
2	Rated Voltage x 2
3	Rated Voltage x 1.5
4	Rated Voltage x 1.2

(5) Temperature Characteristics

* Details are shown in table 1 No.6 and No.7 at 7.PERFORMANCE.

(6) Rated Voltage

Symbol	Rated Voltage
2 J	DC 630 V
2 W	DC 450 V
2 E	DC 250 V
2 A	DC 100 V
1 N	DC 75 V
1 H	DC 50 V

Symbol	Rated Voltage
1 V	DC 35 V
1 E	DC 25 V
1 C	DC 16 V
1 A	DC 10 V
0 J	DC 6.3 V
0 G	DC 4 V

(7) Rated Capacitance

Stated in three digits and in units of pico farads (pF). The first and Second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance, the third digit identifies the multiplier.

R is designated for a decimal point.

(Example)	Symbol	Rated Capacitance
	2R2	2.2 pF
	104	100,000 pF

(8) Capacitance tolerance

* M tolerance shall be standard for over 10uF.

Symbol	Tolerance	Capacitance		
С	± 0.25 pF	10pE and under		
D	± 0.5 pF	10pF and under		
J	± 5%			
K	± 10 %	Over 10pF		
*M	± 20 %			

(9) Packaging

* CGA1 and CGA2 types are applicable to tape packaging only.

Symbol	Packaging
В	Bulk
Т	Taping

(10) TDK internal code

2. COMBINATION OF RATED CAPACITANCE AND TOLERANCE

Class	Temperature Characteristics	Capacitar	nce tolerance	Rated capacitance
	1 COG NPO	10pF and	C (±0.25pF)	1, 1.5, 2, 2.2, 3, 3.3, 4, 4.7, 5
		under	D (±0.5pF)	6, 6.8, 7, 8, 9, 10
1		12pF to 10,000pF	I.(. E.0/.)	E – 12 series
		Over 10,000pF	J (± 5%)	E – 6 series
-	X7R X7S 2 X7T X8R X8L	0.1uF and under	K (± 10 %)	E. Coorios
2		Over 0.1uF	K (± 10 %) M (± 20 %)	E – 6 series

Capacitance Step in E series

E series		Capacitance Step										
E- 6	1.	1.0 1.5 2.2 3.3 4.7 6.8										
E-12	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2

3. OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE

T.C.	Min. operating Temperature	Max. operating Temperature	Reference Temperature
C0G	-55°C	125°C	25°C
NP0	-55°C	150°C	25°C
X7R/X7S/X7T	-55°C	125°C	25°C
X8R/X8L	-55°C	150°C	25°C

4. STORING CONDITION AND TERM

Storing temperature	Storing humidity	Storing term
5~40°C	20~70%RH	Within 6 months upon receipt.

5. P.C. BOARD

When mounting on an aluminum substrate, large case size such as CGA6 [CC1210] and larger are more likely to be affected by heat stress from the substrate.

Please inquire separate specification for the large case sizes when mounted on the substrate.

6. INDUSTRIAL WASTE DISPOSAL

Dispose this product as industrial waste in accordance with the Industrial Waste Law.

7. PERFORMANCE

Table 1

No.	Item]	Performance		Test or inspection method			
1	External App	earance	No defects which may affect performance.	In case	Inspect with magnifying glass (3x) In case of CGA1[CC0201] type, with magnifying glass(10x).			
2	Insulation Re	esistance	10,000MΩ or $500M\Omega \cdot \mu F$ min. (As for the capacitors of rated voltage 16V DC and lower, 10,000 MΩ or $100M\Omega \cdot \mu F$ min.), whichever smaller.	(As for to	Measuring voltage: Rated voltage (As for the capacitor of rated voltage 630V DC, apply 500V DC.) Voltage application time: 60s.			
3	Voltage Proo	ıf	Withstand test voltage without insulation breakdown or other damage.	Class	voltage(RV)			apply voltage
			damage.			≦100V		× rated voltage
				1		(RV≦500V		× rated voltage
						V <rv< td=""><td></td><td>× rated voltage</td></rv<>		× rated voltage
						≦100V		× rated voltage
				2		RV≦500V		× rated voltage
					500	V <rv< td=""><td>1.3</td><td>× rated voltage</td></rv<>	1.3	× rated voltage
				Voltage application time : 1s. Charge / discharge current : 50mA or lo				
4	Capacitance		Within the specified tolerance.	《Class	1》			
						Measurin frequenc		Measuring voltage
					1000pF and under 1N			0.5 ~ 5 Vrms.
				Over 1000pF 1kHz±10%			_	
				《Class 2》				
				Capacitance		Measurin frequenc		Measuring voltage
				un	and der	1kHz±10		1.0±0.2Vrms
				Over	10uF	120Hz±20)%	0.5±0.2Vrms.
				DC, 0.5	Vrms is xceptio	applied. n, 1.0Vrm	s is	d voltage 6.3V applied for racteristics.
5	Q	Class1	Please refer to detail page on TDK Web.	See No. conditio		s table for	me	easuring
	Dissipation Factor	Class2						
6	6 Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance (Class1)		Characteristics of Capacitance T.C. Temperature Coefficient (ppm/°C)		Temperature coefficient shall be calculated based on values at 25°C and 85°C temperature. Measuring temperature below 25°C shall be -10°C and -25°C.			

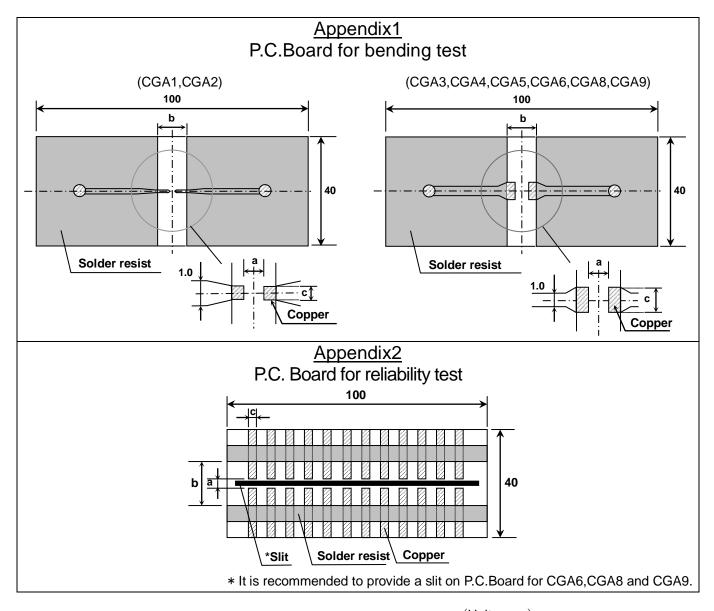
No.	Item	Performance	Test or inspection method			
7	Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance	Capacitance Change (%)	Capacitance shall be measured by the steps shown in the following table after thermal equilibrium is obtained for each			
	(Class2)	No voltage applied	step.			
		X7R : ± 15 X7S : ± 22	ΔC be calculated ref. STEP3 reading			
		X7T: +22 -33	Step Temperature(°C)			
		X8R: ±15	1 Reference temp. ± 2			
		X8L . +15	2 Min. operating temp. ± 2			
		-40	3 Reference temp. ± 2			
			4 Max. operating temp. ± 2			
			As for Min./ Max. operating temp. and Reference temp., please refer to "4.OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE". As for measuring voltage, please contact with our sales representative.			
8	Robustness of Terminations	No sign of termination coming off, breakage of ceramic, or other abnormal signs.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2. Apply a pushing force gradually at the center of a specimen in a horizontal direction of P.C.board. Pushing force: 17.7N (2N is applied for CGA1 and CGA2 type.) Holding time: 10±1s.			
			Pushing force P.C.Board			
9	Bending	No mechanical damage.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1. (1mm is applied for 0.85mm thickness of Class2 items.) FRE30 (Unit:mm)			
10	Solderability	New solder to cover over 75% of termination.	Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu or Sn-37Pb			
		25% may have pin holes or rough spots but not concentrated in one spot. Ceramic surface of A sections shall not be exposed due to	Flux: Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K 8839) Rosin (JIS K 5902) 25% solid solution.			
		melting or shifting of termination material.	Solder temp.: 245±5°C (Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu) 235±5°C (Sn-37Pb)			
			Dwell time: 3±0.3s.(Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu) 2±0.2s.(Sn-37Pb)			
		A section	Solder Until both terminations are position : completely soaked.			

No.	Ito	em	Performance			Test or inspection method			
11	Resistance to solder heat	External appearance	terminati	ons sh	illowed and all be covered at new solder.	Solder :	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu or Sn-37Pb		
		Capacitance				Flux :	Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K		
			Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test		8839) Rosin (JIS K 5902) 25% solid solution.		
			Class1	C0G NP0	± 2.5% or ± 0.25pF, whichever larger.	Solder temp. :	260±5°C		
				X7R X7S		Dwell time :	10±1s.		
			Class2	X7T X8R X8L	± 7.5 %	Solder position :	Until both terminations are completely soaked.		
		Q (Class1)	Meet the	initial	spec.	Pre-heating :	Temp. — 110~140°C Time — 30∼60s.		
		(Class1)				Leaving time:	Class1 — 6~24h		
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the	initial	spec.	Leaving time .	Class2 — 24±2h		
		Insulation Resistance	Meet the	initial	spec.				
		Voltage proof	No insulation breakdown or other damage.						
12	Vibration	External appearance	No mech	anical	damage.	Applied force : 5G max. Frequency : 10~2,000Hz			
		Capacitance	Characte	eristics	Change from the value before test	Cycle : 12 cyc	sweep time : 20 min. les in each 3 mutually		
			Class1	C0G NP0	± 2.5% or ± 0.25pF, whichever larger.		dicular directions.		
			Class2	X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L	± 7.5 %	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2 before testing.			
		Q (Class1)	Meet the	initial	spec.				
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the	initial	spec.				

	ntinued)		1			1				
No.	Ite	em	Performance				Test or inspection method			
13	Temperature cycle	External appearance Capacitance	No mechanical damage.			step1 t	Expose the capacitors in the condition step1 through step 4 listed in the following table.			
		Capacitarios	Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test	Temp.	Temp. cycle: 1,000 cycles			
				000		Step	Temperature(°C)	Time (min.)		
			Class1	C0G NP0	Please contact	1	Min. operating temp. ±3	30 ± 3		
				X7R X7S	with our sales representative.	2	Ambient Temp.	2 ~ 5		
			Class2	X7T X8R X8L	Toprocontativo.	3	Max. operating temp. ±2	30 ± 2		
				7.02		4	Ambient Temp.	2 ~ 5		
		Q (Class1)	Meet the	initial	spec.	refer to	Min./ Max. operating b "3.OPERATING TEI	temp., please MPERATURE		
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the	initial	spec.	RANG Leavin	g time : Class1 — 6~			
		Insulation Resistance	Meet the initial spec.				Class2 — 24±2h Reflow solder the capacitors on a			
		Voltage proof	No insula other dar		reakdown or	P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2 before testing.				
14	Moisture Resistance	External appearance	No mechanical damage.			Test temp.: 40±2°C Test humidity: 90~95%RH				
	(Steady State)	Capacitance	Charac	teristics	Change from the value before test	Test tir				
			Class1	C0G NP0		Leaving time : Class1 — 6~24h Class2 — 24±2h				
			Class2		Please contact with our sales representative.		v solder the capacitors pard shown in Append			
		Q								
		(Class1)		nd over	Q 350 min.					
			10pF a	nd over 30pF	275+5/2×C min.					
			-	10pF	200+10×C min.					
			C : Rate	d capa	citance (pF)					
		D.F. (Class2)	200% of	initial s	spec. max.					
		Insulation Resistance	(As for the voltage 1 1,000 Mg	ne capa l6V DC Ω or 10	or 50MΩ·μF min. e capacitors of rated 6V DC and lower, Ω or 10MΩ·μF min.), er smaller.					

	ontinuea)						
No.		em	Performance			Test or inspection method	
15	Moisture Resistance	External appearance	No mechanical damage.			Test temp.: 85±2°C Test humidity: 85%RH	
		Capacitance	Characteristics Change from the value before test			Applied voltage: Rated voltage Test time: 1,000 +48,0h	
			Class1	C0G NP0		Charge/discharge current : 50mA or lower	
			Class2	X7R X7S X7T X8R	Please contact with our sales representative.	Leaving time : Class1 — 6~24h Class2 — 24±2h	
				X8L		Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before	
		Q (Class1)	Capac	itance	Q	testing.	
		(010001)	30pF ar	nd over	200 min.	Initial value setting (only for class 2)	
			Under	30pF	100+10/3×C min.	Voltage conditioning 《After voltage treat the capacitors under testing temperature	
					citance (pF)	and voltage for 1 hour, leave the	
		D.F. (Class2)	200% of i	initial s	pec. max.	capacitors in ambient condition for 24±2h before measurement.	
		Insulation Resistance	(As for th voltage 1	e capa 6V DC or 5MΩ	2·μF min. citors of rated and lower, 9·μF min.), ler.	Use this measurement for initial value.	
16	Life	fe External appearance		anical	damage.	Test temp.: Maximum operating temperature±2°C	
		Capacitance	Characteristics Change from the		-	Applied voltage: Please contact with our sales representative.	
			Class1	C0G NP0	value before test	Test time: 1,000 +48,0h	
				X7R	Please contact with our sales	Charge/discharge current : 50mA or lower	
			Class2 X7S X7T representative. X8R X8L		representative.	Leaving time : Class1 — 6~24h Class2 — 24±2h	
		Q				Reflow solder the capacitors on a	
		(Class1)	· · · · · ·	citance	Q	P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before	
			30pF ai			testing.	
			10pF ar under 30		275+5/2×C min.	Initial value setting (only for class 2) Voltage conditioning 《After voltage treat	
				Under 10pF 200+10xC		the capacitors under testing temperature	
		DE			citance (pF)	and voltage for 1 hour, leave the	
		D.F. (Class2)	200% of i	initial s	pec. max.	capacitors in ambient condition for 24±2h before measurement.	
		Insulation Resistance	(As for th voltage 1	e capa 6V DC Ω or 10	MΩ·μF min. citors of rated and lower, MΩ·μF min.), ler.	Use this measurement for initial value.	

^{*}As for the initial measurement of capacitors (Class2) on number 7,11,12,13 and 14 leave capacitors at 150 0,–10°C for 1 hour and measure the value after leaving capacitors for 24±2h in ambient condition.



(Unit:mm)

Symbol	Dimensions			
Case size	а	b	С	
CGA1 (CC0201)	0.3	0.8	0.3	
CGA2 (CC0402)	0.4	1.5	0.5	
CGA3 (CC0603)	1.0	3.0	1.2	
CGA4 (CC0805)	1.2	4.0	1.65	
CGA5 (CC1206)	2.2	5.0	2.0	
CGA6 (CC1210)	2.2	5.0	2.9	
CGA8 (CC1812)	3.5	7.0	3.7	
CGA9 (CC2220)	4.5	8.0	5.6	

1. Material : Glass Epoxy(As per JIS C6484 GE4)

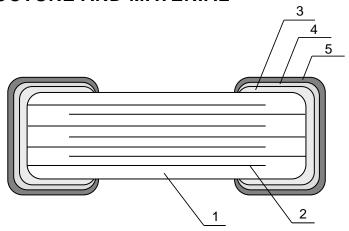
2. Thickness : Appendix 1 — 0.8mm (CGA1,CGA2)

— 1.6mm (CGA3,CGA4,CGA5,CGA6,CGA8,CGA9)

: Appendix 2 — 1.6mm

Copper(Thickness:0.035mm)
Solder resist

8. INSIDE STRUCTURE AND MATERIAL



No.	NAME	MATERIAL			
INO.	INAIVIE	Class1	Class2		
1	Dielectric	CaZrO ₃ BaTiO ₃			
2	Electrode	Nickel (Ni)			
3		Coppe	r (Cu)		
4	Termination	Nickel (Ni)			
5		Tin (Sn)			

9. PACKAGING

Packaging shall be done to protect the components from the damage during transportation and storing, and a label which has the following information shall be attached.

- 9.1 Each plastic bag for bulk packaging contains 1000pcs. And the minimum quantity for Bulk packaging is 1000pcs.
- 9.2 Tape packaging is as per 13. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION.
 - * CGA1 [CC0201] and CGA2 [CC0402] types are applicable to tape packaging only.
 - 1) Inspection No.
 - 2) TDK P/N
 - 3) Customer's P/N
 - 4) Quantity
 - *Composition of Inspection No.

Example
$$\frac{F}{(a)} \frac{8}{(b)} \frac{A}{(c)} - \frac{23}{(d)} - \frac{001}{(e)}$$

- (a) Line code
- (b) Last digit of the year
- (c) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
- (d) Inspection Date of the month.
- (e) Serial No. of the day
- *Composition of new Inspection No.

(Will be implemented on and after May 1, 2019)

- (a) Prefix
- (b) Line code
- (c) Last digit of the year
- (d) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
- (e) Inspection Date of the month.
- (f) Serial No. of the day(00 ~ ZZ)
- (g) Suffix $(00 \sim ZZ)$

Until the shift is completed, either current or new composition of inspection No. will be applied.

^{*} It is planned to shift to the new inspection No. on and after May 2019, but the implementation timing may be different depending on shipment bases.

10. RECOMMENDATION

As for CGA6 [CC1210] and larger, It is recommended to provide a slit (about 1mm width) in the board under the components to improve washing Flux. And please make sure to dry detergent up completely before.

11. SOLDERING CONDITION

As for CGA1 [CC0201], CGA2 [CC0402], CGA6 [CC1210] and larger, reflow soldering only.

12. CAUTION

	Drasses	One distant					
No.	Process	Condition					
1	Operating Condition (Storage, Use, Transportation)	 1-1. Storage, Use The capacitors must be stored in an ambient temperature of 5 to 40°C with a relative humidity of 20 to 70%RH. The products should be used within 6 months upon receipt. The capacitors must be operated and stored in an environment free of dew condensation and these gases such as Hydrogen Sulphide, Hydrogen Sulphate, Chlorine, Ammonia and sulfur. Avoid storing in sun light and falling of dew. Do not use capacitors under high humidity and high and low atmospheric pressure which may affect capacitors reliability. Capacitors should be tested for the solderability when they are stored for long time. Handling in transportation In case of the transportation of the capacitors, the performance of the capacitors may be deteriorated depending on the transportation condition. (Refer to JEITA RCR-2335C 9.2 Handling in transportation) 					
2	Circuit design	2-1. Operating temperature					
-	Caution	Operating temperature should be followed strictly within this specification, especially					
		be careful with maximum temperature.1) Do not use capacitors above the maximum allowable operating temperature.					
		2) Surface temperature including self heating should be below maximum operating					
		temperature. (Due to dielectric loss, capacitors will heat itself when AC is applied. Especially at					
		high frequencies around its SRF, the heat might be so extreme that it may damage itself or the product mounted on. Please design the circuit so that the maximum					
		temperature of the capacitors including the self heating to be below the maximum					
		allowable operating temperature. Temperature rise at capacitor surface shall be below 20°C)					
		The electrical characteristics of the capacitors will vary depending on the temperature. The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the					
		temperature into consideration.					
		2-2. Operating voltage1) Operating voltage across the terminals should be below the rated voltage.					
		When AC and DC are super imposed, V _{0-P} must be below the rated voltage. — (1) and (2)					
		AC or pulse with overshooting, V _{P-P} must be below the rated voltage. — (3), (4) and (5)					
		When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or					
		switching. Be sure to use the capacitors within rated voltage containing these					
		Irregular voltage.					
		Voltage (1) DC voltage (2) DC+AC voltage (3) AC voltage					
		Positional Measurement V _{0-P} V _{0-P} V _{0-P} V _{0-P}					
		(Rated voltage)					
		Voltage (4) Pulse voltage (A) (5) Pulse voltage (B)					
		voltage (1) I also voltage (2)					
		Positional Positional					
		Measurement (Rated voltage)					
		(Kated Voltage)					

No.	Process		Condition							
2	Circuit design Caution		Even below the rated voltage, if repetitive high frequency AC or pulse is applied, the reliability of the capacitors may be reduced.							
		The effective can the capacitors consideration.		ary depending on ed and designed						
		· ·	, ,	are used in AC a lves and generate	•	ges, the				
3	Designing P.C.board	capacitors. 1) The greater the and the more li shape and size terminations.	1) The greater the amount of solder, the higher the stress on the chip capacitors, and the more likely that it will break. When designing a P.C.board, determine the shape and size of the solder lands to have proper amount of solder on the							
			each terminations							
		3) Size and recom								
			Chi	ip capacitors So	older land					
			Solder resist							
			<u>B</u> ←	A						
		Flow solderin			(mm)	-				
		Case size Symbol	CGA3 (CC0603)	CGA4 (CC0805)	CGA5 (CC1206)					
		A	0.7 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.3	2.1 ~ 2.5	-				
		В	0.8 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.1 ~ 1.3	-				
		С	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.8 ~ 1.1	1.0 ~ 1.3	-				
		Reflow solder	rina			(mm)				
		Case size	_	CGA2	CGA3	CGA4				
		Symbol	(CC0201)	(CC0402)	(CC0603)	(CC0805)				
		A	0.25 ~ 0.35	0.3 ~ 0.5	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.9 ~ 1.2				
			B 0.20 ~ 0.30 0.35 ~ 0.45 0.6 ~ 0.8 0.7 ~ 0.9							
		C	0.25 ~ 0.35	0.4 ~ 0.6	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.9 ~ 1.2				
		Case size	CGA5	CGA6	CGA8	CGA9				
		Symbol	(CC1206)	(CC1210)	(CC1812)	(CC2220)				
		A	2.0 ~ 2.4	2.0 ~ 2.4	3.1 ~ 3.7	4.1 ~ 4.8				
		B	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.2 ~ 1.4	1.2 ~ 1.4				
		C	1.1 ~ 1.6	1.9 ~ 2.5	2.4 ~ 3.2	4.0 ~ 5.0				

No.	Process		Condition							
3	Designing P.C.board	4)	Recommended	chip capacitors layout is as follo	wing.					
				Disadvantage against bending stress	Advantage against bending stress					
			Mounting face	Perforation or slit	Perforation or slit					
				Break P.C.board with mounted side up.	Break P.C.board with mounted side down.					
				Mount perpendicularly to perforation or slit	Mount in parallel with perforation or slit					
			Chip arrangement (Direction)	Perforation or slit	Perforation or slit					
			Distance from slit	Closer to slit is higher stress (l1 < l2)	Away from slit is less stress l 2 (l 1 < l 2)					

No.	Process		Condition								
3	Designing P.C.board	5) Mechanic	5) Mechanical stress varies according to location of chip capacitors on the P.C.board.								
		Perforation									
		Per	Toration								
			A	В							
			Sli	t_/							
			The stress in capacitors is in the following order. $A > B = C > D > E$								
		6) Layout re	commendation								
		Example	Use of common solder land	Use of common solder land with other SMD							
		Need to avoid	Chip Solder PCB Adhesive Solder land	Chassis Excessive solder	Solder land Excessive solder						
					Missing Solder land						
		Recommen- dation	Solder resist	Solder resist L ₂ L ₂ >L ₁	Solder resist						
			<u>I</u>	<u>I</u>	<u> </u>						

No.	Process			Condition					
4	Mounting	If the mounting h capacitors to result 1) Adjust the botto	 4-1. Stress from mounting head If the mounting head is adjusted too low, it may induce excessive stress in the chip capacitors to result in cracking. Please take following precautions. 1) Adjust the bottom dead center of the mounting head to reach on the P.C.board 						
		surface and not 2) Adjust the mou		ressure to be 1 to 3N	of static weight.				
		support from the	3) To minimize the impact energy from mounting head, it is important to provide support from the bottom side of the P.C.board. See following examples.						
			Not i	ecommended	Recommended				
		Single-sided mounting		Crack	Support pin				
		Double-sides mounting	Solder	Crack	Support pin				
		to cause crack. P	When the centering jaw is worn out, it may give mechanical impact on the capacitors to cause crack. Please control the close up dimension of the centering jaw and provide sufficient preventive maintenance and replacement of it.						
		4-2. Amount of adhesive							
				**************************************	-				
				c c					
			Example : CGA4 (CC0805), CGA5 (CC1206)						
			a	0.2mm m	<u></u> _				
			b	70 ~ 100µ	ım				
			С	Do not touch the s	solder land				

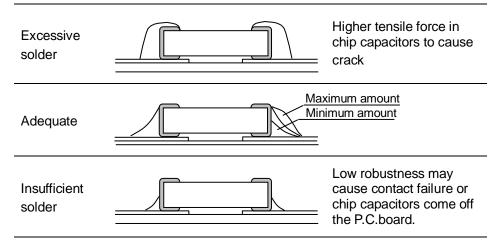
No.	Process		Co	ondition				
5	Soldering	5-1. Flux selection Flux can seriously aff select the appropriate to	•	ance of capac	citors. Confirm	the following to		
		It is recommended to Strong flux is not reco	o use a mildly acommended.	ctivated rosin f	lux (less than 0	.1wt% chlorine).		
		2) Excessive flux must b	2) Excessive flux must be avoided. Please provide proper amount of flux.					
		3) When water-soluble f	lux is used, enou	ugh washing is	necessary.			
		5-2. Recommended sold	ering profile by v	arious method	S			
		Wave sold	-		Reflow solde	ering Idering		
		Preheating >						
		Peak Temp		Peak Temp	† /	1		
		(°C)		Temp. (°C)	т			
		Jen Jen		^p //_				
		0			r 60 aaa	``\		
		Over 60 sec.	Over 60 sec.	→ l < ove	r 60 sec. Peak	 ←→ Temp time		
		Manual s		APPLI	CATION			
		(Solde	r iron)	As for	CGA3 (CC0603), C	CGA4 (CC0805) and		
		1emp	\`\ <u>\</u>		(CC1206), applied flow soldering.	to wave soldering		
		ΔT (°C)	``		other case sizes, a ing only.	pplied to reflow		
		Tem Jem						
		Preheating						
			3sec. (As short a	s possible)				
		※ As for peak temperature	of manual soldering	ng, please refer	"5-6. Solder repa	ir by solder iron".		
		5-3. Recommended sold	ering peak temp	and peak temp duration				
		Temp./Duration	Wave so	oldering	Reflow so	oldering		
		Solder	Peak temp(°C)	Duration(sec.)	Peak temp(°C)	Duration(sec.)		
		Sn-Pb Solder	250 max.	3 max.	230 max.	20 max.		
		Lead Free Solder	260 max.	5 max.	260 max.	10 max.		
		Recommended solds	•			·		
		Lead Free Solder : \$ Sn-Pb solder : Sn-3	-					
		2 2 23.40. 1 311 0	-					

lo.	Process	Condition					
5	Soldering	5-4. Avoiding thermal shock	5-4. Avoiding thermal shock				
		1) Preheating condition					
		Soldering	Case size	Temp. (°C)			
		Wave soldering	CGA3(CC0603), CGA4(CC0805), CGA5(CC1206)	ΔT ≦ 150			
		Reflow soldering	CGA1(CC0201),CGA2(CC0402) CGA3(CC0603),CGA4(CC0805) CGA5(CC1206)	ΔT ≦ 150			
		rtonom osidonnig	CGA6(CC1210), CGA8(CC1812), CGA9(CC2220)	ΔT ≦ 130			
		Manual soldering	CGA1(CC0201),CGA2(CC0402) CGA3(CC0603),CGA4(CC0805) CGA5(CC1206)	ΔT ≦ 150			
			CGA6(CC1210), CGA8(CC1812), CGA9(CC2220)	ΔT ≦ 130			

cleaning, the temperature difference (ΔT) must be less than 100°C.

5-5. Amount of solder

Excessive solder will induce higher tensile force in chip capacitors when temperature changes and it may result in chip cracking. In sufficient solder may detach the capacitors from the P.C.board.



5-6. Solder repair by solder iron

1) Selection of the soldering iron tip

Tip temperature of solder iron varies by its type, P.C.board material and solder land size. The higher the tip temperature, the quicker the operation. However, heat shock may cause a crack in the chip capacitors.

Please make sure the tip temp. before soldering and keep the peak temp and time in accordance with following recommended condition.

Recommended solder iron condition (Sn-Pb Solder and Lead Free Solder)

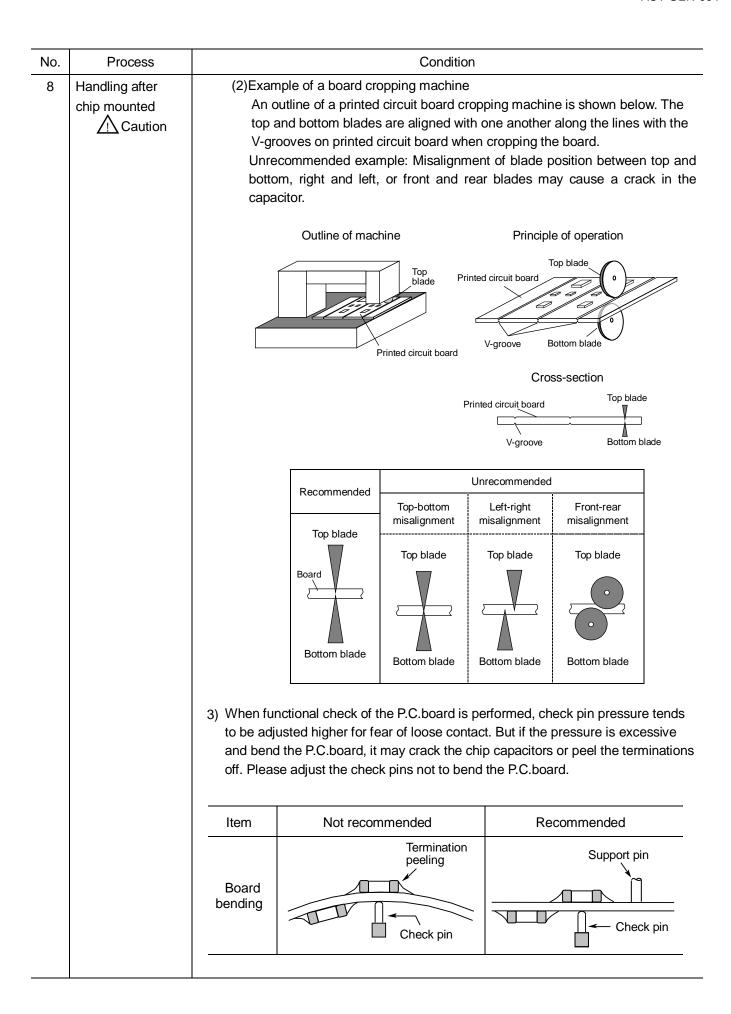
Case size	Temp. (°C)	Duration (sec.)	Wattage (W)	Shape (mm)	
CGA1(CC0201) CGA2(CC0402) CGA3(CC0603) CGA4(CC0805) CGA5(CC1206)	350 max.	3 max.	20 max.	Ø 3.0 max.	
CGA6(CC1210) CGA8(CC1812) CGA9(CC2220)	280 max.				

^{*} Please preheat the chip capacitors with the condition in 5-4 to avoid the thermal shock.

No.	Process	Condition			
5	Soldering	 Direct contact of the soldering iron with ceramic dielectric of chip capacitors may cause crack. Do not touch the ceramic dielectric and the terminations by solder iron. 			
		 5-7. Soldering rework using spot heater Heat stress during rework may possibly be reduced by using a spot heater (also called a "blower") rather than a soldering iron. It is applied only to adding solder in the case of insufficient solder amount. 1) Reworking using a spot heater may suppress the occurrence of cracks in the capacitor compared to using a soldering iron. A spot heater can heat up a capacitor uniformly with a small heat gradient which leads to lower thermal stress caused by quick heating and cooling or localized heating. Moreover, where ultra-small capacitors are mounted close together on a printed circuit board, reworking with a spot heater can eliminate the risk of direct contact between the tip of a soldering iron and a capacitor. 			
		2) Rework condition If the blower nozzle of a spot heater is too close to a capacitor, a crack in the capacitor may occur due to heat stress. Below are recommendations for avoiding such an occurrence. Keep more than 5mm between a capacitor and a spot heater nozzle. The blower temperature of the spot heater shall be lower than 400°C. The airflow shall be set as weak as possible. The diameter of the nozzle is recommended to be 2mm(one-outlet type). The size is standard and common. Duration of blowing hot air is recommended to be 10s or less for CGA3 (CC0603), CGA4 (CC0805) and CGA5 (CC1206), and 30s or less for CGA6 (CC1210), CGA8(CC1812) and CGA9 (CC2220), considering surface area of the capacitor and melting temperature of solder. The angle between the nozzle and the capacitor is recommended to be 45degrees in order to work easily and to avoid partial area heating. As is the case when using a soldering iron, preheating reduces thermal stress on capacitors and improves operating efficiency.			
		• Recommended rework condition (Consult the component manufactures for details.)			
		Distance from nozzle 5mm and over			
		Nozzle angle 45degrees			
		Nozzle temp. 400°C and less			
		Set as weak as possible (The airflow shall be the minimum value necessary for solder to melt in the conditions mentioned above.)			
		Nozzle diameter ϕ 2mm (one-outlet type)			
		Blowing duration 10s and less (CGA3 [CC0603], CGA4 [CC0805], CGA5 [CC1206]) 30s and less (CGA6 [CC1210], CGA8 [CC1812], CGA9 [CC2220])			
		Example of recommended spot heater use			
		One-outlet type nozzle Angle: 45degrees			

No.	Process	Condition
5	Soldering	3) Amount of solder should be suitable to from a proper fillet shape. Excess solder causes mechanical and thermal stress on a capacitor and results in cracks. Insufficient solder causes weak adherence of the capacitor to the substrate and may result in detachment of a capacitor and deteriorate reliability of the printed wiring board. See the example of appropriate solder fillet shape for 5-5. Amount of solder.
		5-8. Sn-Zn solder
		Sn-Zn solder affects product reliability. Please contact TDK in advance when utilize Sn-Zn solder.
		5-9. Countermeasure for tombstone The misalignment between the mounted positions of the capacitors and the land patterns should be minimized. The tombstone phenomenon may occur especially the capacitors are mounted (in longitudinal direction) in the same direction of the reflow soldering.
		(Refer to JEITA RCR-2335C Annex A (Informative), Recommendations to prevent the tombstone phenomenon.)
6	Cleaning	If an unsuitable cleaning fluid is used, flux residue or some foreign articles may stick to chip capacitors surface to deteriorate especially the insulation resistance.
		2) If cleaning condition is not suitable, it may damage the chip capacitors.
		2)-1. Insufficient washing
		(1) Terminal electrodes may corrode by Halogen in the flux.
		(2) Halogen in the flux may adhere on the surface of capacitors, and lower the insulation resistance.
		(3) Water soluble flux has higher tendency to have above mentioned problems (1) and (2).
		2)-2. Excessive washing
		When ultrasonic cleaning is used, excessively high ultrasonic energy output can affect the connection between the ceramic chip capacitor's body and the terminal electrode. To avoid this, following is the recommended condition.
		Power : 20 W/lmax.
		Frequency: 40 kHz max.
		Washing time : 5 minutes max.
		2)-3. If the cleaning fluid is contaminated, density of Halogen increases, and it may bring the same result as insufficient cleaning.

No.	Process		Condition	
7	Coating and molding of the P.C.board	2) Please verify carefully	that there is no harmful deco	
8	Handling after chip mounted	2) Printed circuit board control proper tooling. Printed cropping jig as shown prevent inducing mech (1) Example of a boar Recommended exclose to the cropping the capacitor is control unrecommended exthe pushing direction.	ropping should not be carried circuit board cropping should in the following figure or an anical stress on the board. It is to board should be a gig so that the board is not appressive.	Twist Twist d out by hand, but by using the ld be carried out using a board a board cropping apparatus to e pushed from the back side, t bent and the stress applied to is far from the cropping jig and he board, large tensile stress is is is.
		Outline of jig	Recommended	Unrecommended
		Printed circuit board Board cropping jig	Printed circuit board Components Load point V-groove Slot	Load point Printed circuit board V-groove Slot



No.	Process	Condition
9	Handling of loose chip capacitors	If dropped the chip capacitors may crack. Once dropped do not use it. Especially, the large case sized chip capacitors are tendency to have cracks easily, so please handle with care. Crack Floor
		Piling the P.C.board after mounting for storage or handling, the corner of the P.C. board may hit the chip capacitors of another board to cause crack. Crack Crack
10	Capacitance aging	The capacitors (Class 2) have aging in the capacitance. They may not be used in precision time constant circuit. In case of the time constant circuit, the evaluation should be done well.
11	Estimated life and estimated failure rate of capacitors	As per the estimated life and the estimated failure rate depend on the temperature and the voltage. This can be calculated by the equation described in JEITA RCR-2335C Annex F (Informative) Calculation of the estimated lifetime and the estimated failure rate (Voltage acceleration coefficient: 3 multiplication rule, Temperature acceleration coefficient: 10°C rule) The failure rate can be decreased by reducing the temperature and the voltage but they will not be guaranteed.

No.	Process	Condition
12	Caution during operation of equipment	A capacitor shall not be touched directly with bare hands during operation in order to avoid electric shock. Electric energy held by the capacitor may be discharged through the human body when touched with a bare hand. Even when the equipment is off, a capacitor may stay charged. The capacitor should be handled after being completely discharged using a resistor.
		2) The terminals of a capacitor shall not be short-circuited by any accidental contact with a conductive object. A capacitor shall not be exposed to a conductive liquid such as an acid or alkali solution. A conductive object or liquid, such as acid and alkali, between the terminals may lead to the breakdown of a capacitor due to short circuit
		 Confirm that the environment to which the equipment will be exposed during transportation and operation meets the specified conditions. Do not to use the equipment in the following environments. Environment where a capacitor is spattered with water or oil Environment where a capacitor is exposed to direct sunlight Environment where a capacitor is exposed to Ozone, ultraviolet rays or radiation Environment where a capacitor exposed to corrosive gas(e.g. hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, chlorine. ammonia gas etc.) Environment where a capacitor exposed to vibration or mechanical shock exceeding the specified limits.
13	Others	(6) Atmosphere change with causes condensation The product listed in this specification is intended for use in automotive applications
	<u> </u>	under-normal operation and usage conditions. The product is not designed or warranted to meet the requirements of application listed below, whose performance and/or quality requires a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or defect could cause serious damage to society, person or property. Please understand that we are not responsible for any damage or liability caused by use of the products in any of the applications below or for any other use exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification sheet. If you intend to use the products in the applications listed below or if you have special requirements exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification, please contact us.
		 (1) Aerospace/Aviation equipment (2) Transportation equipment (electric trains, ships etc.) (3) Medical equipment (Excepting Pharmaceutical Affairs Law classification Class1, 2) (4) Power-generation control equipment (5) Atomic energy-related equipment (6) Seabed equipment (7) Transportation control equipment (8) Public information-processing equipment (9) Military equipment (10) Electric heating apparatus, burning equipment (11) Disaster prevention/crime prevention equipment (12) Safety equipment (13) Other applications that are not considered general-purpose applications
		When designing your equipment even for general-purpose applications, you are kindly requested to take into consideration securing protection circuit/device or providing backup circuits in your equipment. In addition, although the product listed in this specification is intended for use in automotive applications as described above, it is not prohibited to use for general electronic equipment, whose performance and/or quality doesn't require a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or defect could not cause serious damage to society, person or property. Therefore, the description of this caution will be applied, when the product is used in general electronic equipment under a normal operation and usage conditions.

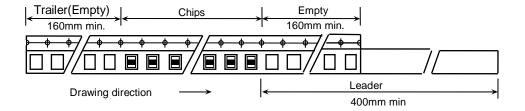
13. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

1. CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSION OF TAPING

1-1. Dimensions of carrier tape

Dimensions of paper tape shall be according to Appendix 3, 4, 5. Dimensions of plastic tape shall be according to Appendix 6, 7.

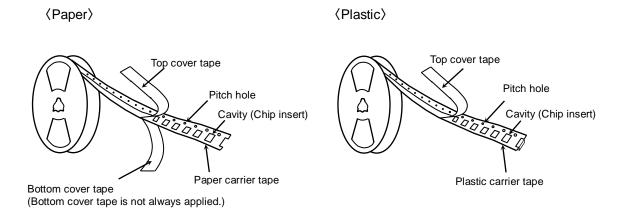
1-2. Bulk part and leader of taping



1-3. Dimensions of reel

Dimensions of Ø178 reel shall be according to Appendix 8, 9. Dimensions of Ø330 reel shall be according to Appendix 10, 11.

1-4. Structure of taping



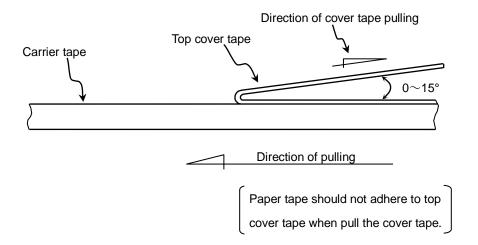
2. CHIP QUANTITY

Please refer to detail page on TDK Web.

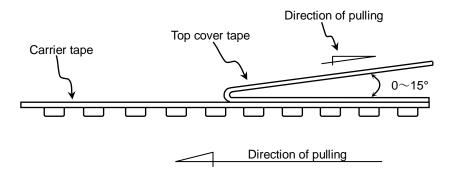
3. PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

3-1. Fixing peeling strength (top tape)0.05N < Peeling strength < 0.7N

⟨Paper⟩

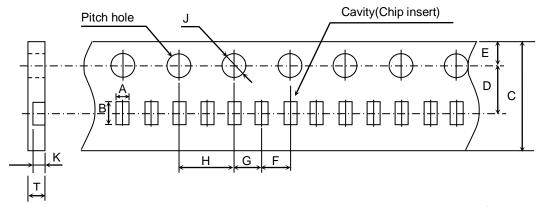


⟨Plastic⟩



- 3-2. Carrier tape shall be flexible enough to be wound around a minimum radius of 30mm with components in tape.
- 3-3. The missing of components shall be less than 0.1%
- 3-4. Components shall not stick to fixing tape.
- 3-5. When removing the cover tape, there shall not be difficulties by unfitting clearance gap, burrs and crushes of cavities. Also the sprocket holes shall not be covered by absorbing dust into the suction nozzle.

Paper Tape



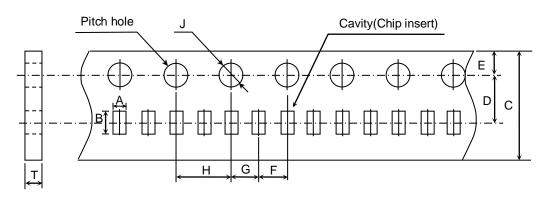
(Unit:mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F	
CGA1	(0.38)	(0.68)	8.00 ± 0.30 3.50 ± 0.05	2.50 . 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.05	
(CC0201)	*(0.45)	*(0.75)		3.30 ± 0.03	1.75 ± 0.10		
						-	
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	K	Т	-	
Case size	G				T 0.40 min	-	
	G 2.00 ± 0.05		J Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10}		T 0.40 min. * 0.47 min.	-	

^() Reference value.

Appendix 4

Paper Tape



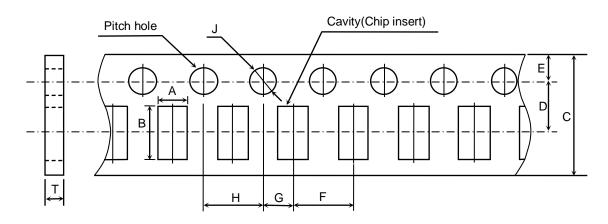
(Unit: mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA2 (CC0402)	(0.65)	(1.15)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.05
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	Т	•	
CGA2 (CC0402)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10} ₀	0.60±0.15	-	

() Reference value.

^{*} Applied to 100nF.

Paper Tape



(Unit: mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA3 (CC0603)	(1.10)	(1.90)				
CGA4 (CC0805)	(1.50)	(2.30)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA5 (CC1206)	(1.90)	(3.50)				
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	Т		
CGA3 (CC0603)						

1.20 max.

 4.00 ± 0.10 Ø 1.50 + 0.10

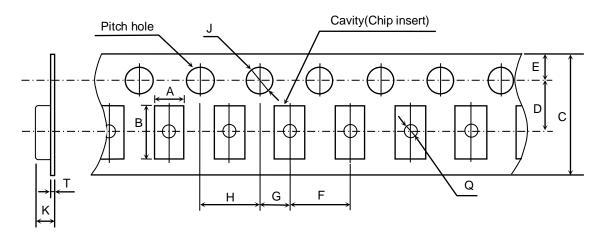
) Reference value.

 2.00 ± 0.05

CGA4

(CC0805) CGA5 (CC1206)

Plastic Tape



(Unit:mm)

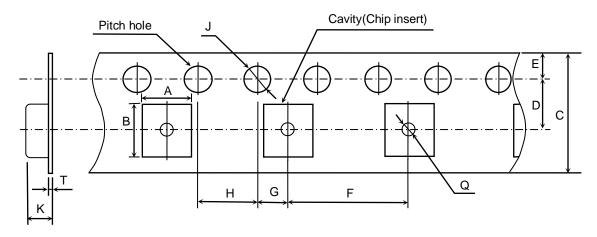
						,
Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA3 (CC0603)	(1.10)	(1.90)				
CGA4 (CC0805)	(1.50)	(2.30)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA5 (CC1206)	(1.90)	(3.50)	* 12.00 ± 0.30	*5.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA6 (CC1210)	(2.90)	(3.60)				
						L
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	К	Т	Q
	G	Н	J	K 1.60 max.	Т	Q
Case size CGA3				1.60 max.		
Case size CGA3 (CC0603) CGA4	G 2.00 ± 0.05	H 4.00 ± 0.10	J Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10}	1.60 max.	T 0.60 max.	Q Ø 0.50 min.

^() Reference value.

Exceptionally no hole in the cavity is applied. Please inquire if hole in cavity is mandatory.

^{*} Applied to thickness, 2.5mm products.

Plastic Tape



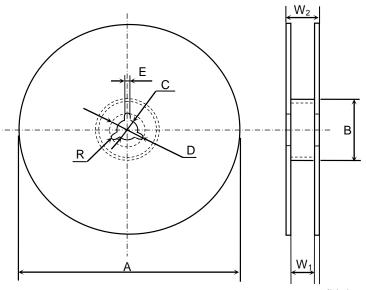
(Unit: mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA8 (CC1812)	(3.60)	(4.90)	12 00 + 0 30	5.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	8.00 ± 0.10
CGA9 (CC2220)	(5.40)	(6.10)	12.00 ± 0.30	3.30 ± 0.03	1.75 ± 0.10	6.00 ± 0.10
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	K	Т	Q
				1	-	~
CGA8 (CC1812)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10}		0.60 max	Ø 1.50 min.

() Reference value.

Exceptionally no hole in the cavity is applied. Please inquire if hole in cavity is mandatory.

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA1, CGA2, CGA3, CGA4, CGA5, CGA6



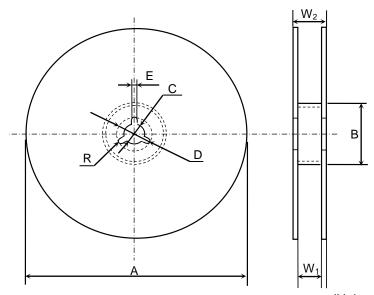
(Unit: mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	Е	W ₁
Dimension	Ø178 ± 2.0	Ø60 ± 2.0	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	9.0 ± 0.3

Symbol	W_2	R
Dimension	13.0 ± 1.4	1.0

Appendix 9

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA6(2.5mm thickness products), CGA8, CGA9

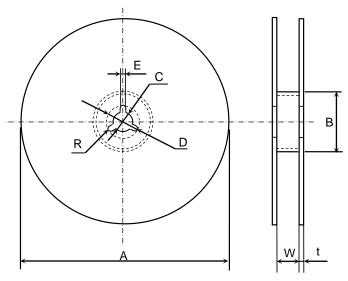


(Unit: mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	E	W ₁
Dimension	Ø178 ± 2.0	Ø60 ± 2.0	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	13.0 ± 0.3

Symbol	W_2	R
Dimension	17.0 ± 1.4	1.0

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA1, CGA2, CGA3, CGA4, CGA5, CGA6



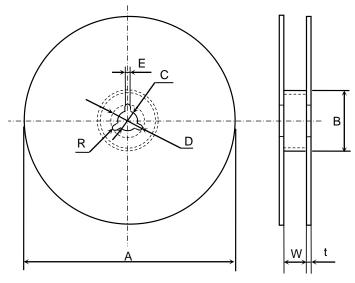
(Unit:mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	Е	W
Dimension	Ø382 max. (Nominal Ø330)	Ø50 min.	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	10.0 ± 1.5
		ı	•			

Symbol	t	R
Dimension	2.0 ± 0.5	1.0

Appendix 11

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA6(2.5mm thickness products), CGA8, CGA9



(Unit: mm)

Symbol	Α	В	С	D	Е	W
Dimension	Ø382 max. (Nominal Ø330)	Ø50 min.	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	14.0 ± 1.5

Symbol	t	R
Dimension	2.0 ± 0.5	1.0

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1812J1K00473KXT 1812J2K00680JCT 1812J4K00102MXT 1812J5000102JCT 1812J5000103JCT 1812J5000682JCT NIN-FB391JTRF

NIN-FC2R7JTRF NPIS27H102MTRF C1206C101J1GAC C1608C0G1E472JT000N C2012C0G2A472J 2220J2K00101JCT

KHC201E225M76N0T00 LRC-LRF1206LF-01R025FTR1K 1812J1K00222JCT 1812J2K00102KXT 1812J2K00222KXT

1812J2K00472KXT 2-1622820-7-CUT-TAPE 2220J3K00102KXT 2225J2500824KXT CCR07CG103KM CGA2B2C0G1H010C

CGA2B2C0G1H040C CGA2B2C0G1H050C CGA2B2C0G1H060D CGA2B2C0G1H070D CGA2B2C0G1H151J CGA2B2C0G1H1R5C

CGA2B2C0G1H2R2C CGA2B2C0G1H3R3C CGA2B2C0G1H680J CGA2B2C0G1H6R8D CGA2B2X8R1H221K CGA2B2X8R1H472K

CGA3E1X7R1C474K