



RoHS

MESSRS: _____

APPROVAL NO

710 - 001

DATE

2017.06.23

ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC

CAPACITOR**APPROVAL SHEET**

CATALOG TYPE	NXA SERIES
USER PART NO.	
适用机种	
特记事项	Halogen-Free

QINGDAO SAMYOUNG ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD.

MANAGER OF DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

GONG JANG SUG

USER APPROVAL:

APPROVAL NO.: _____

SamYoung(Korea) : 47,SAGIMAKGOL-RO,JUNGWON-GU,SEONGNAM-SI,GYEONGGI-DO,KOREA

SamYoung(China) : No.5 CHANGJIANG ROAD,PINGDU-CITY,SHANDONG-PROVINCE,CHINA

样式: H-1001-011

A4 (210×297)

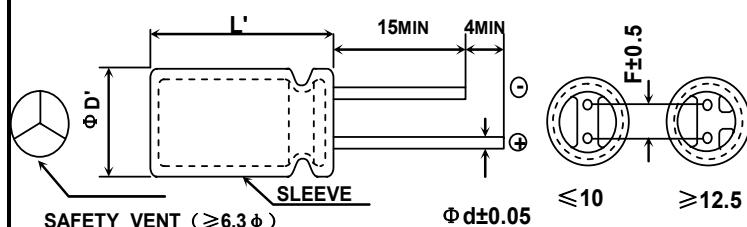
**SamYoung Electronics Co., Ltd.**

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Specifications of NXA Series

Item	Characteristics									
Rated Voltage Range	6.3 ~ 100 V _{DC}									
Operating Temperature Range	- 40 ~ + 105 °C									
Capacitance Tolerance	±20% <M> (at 20°C ,120Hz)									
Leakage Current (at 20 °C,2 minutes)	I = 0.01CV(μA) or 3 μA,whichever is greater Where,I: Max.Leakage current(μA),C: Nominal capacitance (μF) V: Rated Voltage (V _{DC})									
Dissipation Factor (TANδ) (at 20°C , 120Hz)	Rated voltage(V _{DC})	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63	80	100
	TANδ(Max)	0.22	0.19	0.16	0.14	0.12	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.08
	※ When the Capacitance exceeds 1,000μF, 0.02 shall be added every 1,000μF increase.									
Temperature Characteristics (Max.Impedance ratio)	Rated Voltage(VDC)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63	80	100
	Z(-25℃)/Z(20℃)	4	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Z(-40℃)/Z(20℃)	8	6	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Load Life	The following specifications shall be satisfied when the capacitors are restored to 20℃ after the rated voltage with the rated ripple current is applied (the peak voltage shall not exceed the rated voltage) at 105℃ for the specified period of time.									
	Capacitance change : ≤± 25% of the initial Value							Case Size (ΦD)	6.3~10(V)	16~100(V)
	TANδ : ≤200% of the initial specified value							Φ5~Φ6.3	4,000 hours	5,000 hours
	Leakage current : ≤ The initial specified value							Φ8~Φ10	6,000 hours	7,000 hours
								Φ12.5 ~Φ18	8,000 hours	10,000 hours
Shelf Life	The following specifications shall be satisfied when the capacitors are restored to 20℃ after exposing them for 500 hours at 105℃ without voltage applied.The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitor for a minimum of 30 minutes,at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before the measurements.									
	Capacitance change : ≤± 25% of the initial Value									
	TANδ : ≤200% of the initial specified value									
	Leakage current : ≤The initial specified value									
Others	Satisfies characteristic KS C IEC 60384-4									

A. DIAGRAM OF DIMENSION



ΦD	5	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	18
Φd	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8
F	2.0	2.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	7.5	7.5
ΦD'	ΦD+0.5max						
L'	L+1.5max			L+2.0max			

※ Φ10x12L, L' ≤ L+1.5

B. MARKING: DARK BROWN SLEEVE, SILVER INK



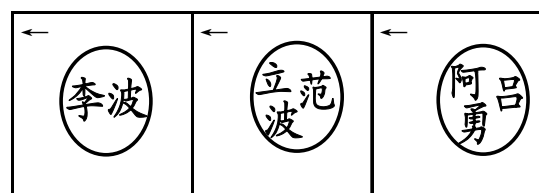
NXA

25V 1000 μF

<M>105°C
LOT NO.

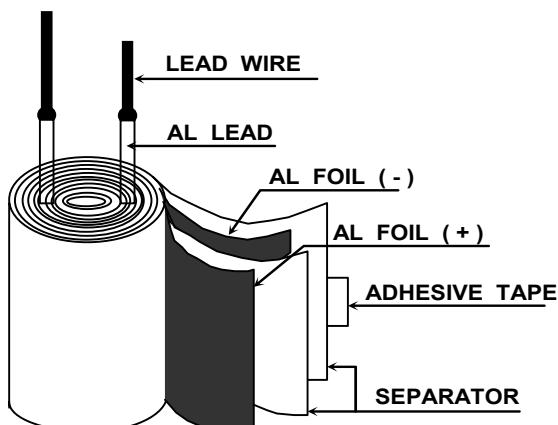
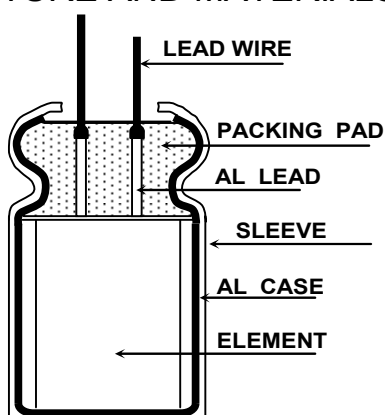
FRONT VIEW OF CAPACITOR

BACK VIEW OF CAPACITOR



SamYoung Electronics Co., Ltd.

ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR												APPROVAL NO: 710 - 001				
RATINGS OF NXA Series																
Vdc ΦD×L	6.3 WV			10 WV			16 WV			25 WV			35 WV			
	CAP.(μ F)	IMP.	RIPPLE	CAP.(μ F)	IMP.	RIPPLE	CAP.(μ F)	IMP.	RIPPLE	CAP.(μ F)	IMP.	RIPPLE	CAP.(μ F)	IMP.	RIPPLE	
5×11	150	0.580	210	100	0.580	210	47	0.580	192	22	0.58	120	22	0.700	120	
							56	0.580	210	33	0.58	210	33	0.580	210	
							100	0.580	210	68	0.58	210	47	0.580	210	
6.3×11	220	0.220	340				100	0.220	340	47	0.22	290	47	0.250	300	
	330	0.220	340	220	0.220	340	120	0.220	340	100	0.22	340	56	0.220	340	
							150	0.220	340							
6.3×15				330	0.220	340	220	0.220	340	150	0.22	340	100	0.220	340	
				470	0.220	350	330	0.220	360							
8×11.5	680	0.130	640	470	0.130	640	330	0.130	640	220	0.130	640	100	0.200	400	
				680	0.130	640	470	0.130	640	330	0.130	640	150	0.130	640	
	1000	0.087	840	680	0.087	840	470	0.087	840	330	0.087	840	220	0.130	640	
8×15				1000	0.087	840	680	0.087	840	470	0.087	840				
										560	0.087	840				
	1200	0.069	1050	1000	0.069	1050	680	0.069	1050	470	0.069	1050	270	0.069	1050	
8×20																
				1200	0.069	1050	1000	0.069	1050	680	0.069	1050	390	0.069	1050	
	820	0.080	865	680	0.080	865	470	0.080	865	330	0.080	865	220	0.080	865	
10×12.5				1000	0.080	865	680	0.080	865	470	0.080	865	330	0.080	865	
	1200	0.060	1210	1000	0.060	1210	680	0.060	1210	470	0.060	1210	330	0.060	1210	
				1000	0.060	1210	1000	0.060	1210	680	0.060	1210	470	0.060	1210	
10×16																
	1500	0.046	1400	1200	0.046	1400	1000	0.046	1400	680	0.046	1400	470	0.046	1400	
										820	0.046	1400	680	0.046	1400	
10×20							1500	0.046	1400	1000	0.046	1400				
							1200	0.042	1650	820	0.042	1650				
10×25													560	0.042	1650	
													680	0.042	1650	
													820	0.042	1650	
10×30	2200	0.042	1650	1500	0.042	1650	2200	0.042	1650	1000	0.042	1650	1000	0.042	1650	
	2700	0.031	1910	2200	0.031	1910	1500	0.031	1910	1000	0.031	1910	680	0.031	1910	
	1800	0.049	1450	1500	0.049	1450	1000	0.049	1450	680	0.049	1450	470	0.049	1450	
12.5×16													680	0.035	1900	
				2200	0.035	1900	1500	0.035	1900	1000	0.035	1900	820	0.035	1900	
	3300	0.035	1900	3300	0.035	1900	2200	0.035	1900	1500	0.035	1900	1000	0.035	1900	
12.5×25	3900	0.027	2230	3300	0.027	2230	2200	0.027	2230	1500	0.027	2230	1000	0.027	2230	
										2200	0.027	2230	1200	0.027	2230	
										1800	0.024	2650	1500	0.024	2650	
12.5×30	4700	0.024	2650	3900	0.024	2650	2700	0.024	2650	2200	0.024	2650	1500	0.024	2650	
12.5×35	5600	0.020	2880	4700	0.020	2880	3300	0.020	2880	2200	0.020	2880	1500	0.020	2880	
	2700	0.042	1940	2200	0.042	1940	1500	0.042	1940	1000	0.042	1940	680	0.042	1940	
										1800	0.027	2530	1200	0.027	2530	
16×20	5600	0.027	2530	3900	0.027	2530	2700	0.027	2530	2200	0.021	2930	1800	0.021	2930	
				4700	0.027	2600	3300	0.027	2800	2200	0.021	2930	1500	0.027	2530	
							3900	0.021	2930	2700	0.021	2930	1800	0.021	2930	
16×25	6800	0.021	2930	5600	0.021	2930	4700	0.021	2930	3300	0.021	2930	2200	0.021	2930	
	8200	0.017	3450	6800	0.017	3450	4700	0.017	3450	3300	0.017	3450	2200	0.017	3450	
	10000	0.015	3510	8200	0.015	3510	5600	0.015	3510	3900	0.015	3510	2700	0.015	3510	
16×31.5	12000	0.013	4080	10000	0.013	4080	6800	0.013	4080	4700	0.013	4080	3300	0.013	4080	
	18×20	6800	0.026	2860	5600	0.026	2860	3900	0.026	2860	2200	0.026	2860	1800	0.026	2860
	18×25	10000	0.019	3140	6800	0.019	3140	4700	0.019	3140	3300	0.019	3140	2200	0.019	3140
18×31.5	12000	0.015	4170	8200	0.015	4170	5600	0.015	4170	3900	0.017	4170	2700	0.015	4170	
										4700	0.017	4170				
										4700	0.014	4220				
18×35.5	15000	0.014	4220	10000	0.014	4220	8200	0.014	4220	4700	0.014	4220	3300	0.014	4220	
	18×40	18000	0.012	4280	12000	0.012	4280	10000	0.012	4280	5600	0.012	4280	3900	0.012	4280
VDC ΦD×L	50 WV			63 WV			80WV			100 WV			120 WV			
	CAP.(μ F)	IMP.	RIPPLE	CAP.(μ F)	IMP.	RIPPLE	CAP.(μ F)	IMP.	RIPPLE	CAP.(μ F)	IMP.	RIPPLE	CAP.(μ F)	IMP.	RIPPLE	
5×11	0.47	12.00	28	4.7	1.300	100										
	1	4.00	50	10	1.000	110										
	2.2	2.50	51													
	3.3	2.20	53							4.7	1.500	105				
6.3×11	4.7	3.00	80													
	6.8	1.50	100													
	10	1.50	100	15	0.880	165				6.8	1.400	125				
	22	0.70	180													
8×11.5	33	0.70	180							10	1.400	125				
	22	0.30	295							10	0.570	205				
	33	0.30	295	22	0.800	180				15	0.570	205				
	47	0.30	340							22	0.570	205				
8×15	56	0.30	340	33	0.350	265										
	68	0.170	460	47	0.220	500	47	0.300	330	22	0.500	310				
	100	0.170	555	56	0.220	500				27	0.360	355				
	120	0.170	555	68	0.220	500	100	0.250	450	33	0.360	355				
8×20	120	0.120	730	82	0.160	665				39	0.250	450				
				100	0.160	665				47	0.250	450				
	180	0.090	910	120	0.120	820	100	0.190	565	47	0.190	565				
	220	0.090	910	150	0.120	820				68	0.190	565				
10×12.5	150	0.120	760	68	0.130	600	68	0.170	480	47	0.170	480				
				82	0.110	690										
				100	0.110	690	82	0.170	480							
	220	0.120	760	120	0.110	690										
10×16	220	0.084	1050	150	0.076	950	100	0.110	600	68	0.110	600				
				180	0.076	950										
	270	0.084	1050	220	0.076	950				82	0.110	600				
	330	0.084	1050	270	0.076	950				100	0.110	600				
10×20	270	0.060	1150	180	0.056	1150	120	0.084	800	82	0.084	800	68	0.190	500	
	330	0.060	1220	220	0.056	1150	180	0.084	800	100	0.084	800				
				270	0.056	1150	220	0.084	800							
	470	0.060	1220	330	0.056	1150										
10×25	330	0.055	1440	220	0.046	1350	150	0.069	900	100	0.069	900				
	560	0.055														

ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS**APPROVAL NO.**
710 - 001**STRUCTURE AND MATERIALS**

CE04 TYPE

MINIATURE SIZED TYPE CAPACITORS COMPONENT

PART NAME	MATERIALS	VENDER
LEAD WIRE	TINNED COPPER - PLY WIRE(Pb-FREE)	KISTRON (KOREA/CHINA) KOHOKU (JAPAN/CHINA) NANTONG HONG YANG (CHINA)
AL LEAD	ALUMINUM 99.92 % OVER	KANG WON AUTO FITTING NAN TONG HUI FENG (CHINA) NANTONG HONG YANG KOHOKU (JAPAN/CHINA) KISTRON (KOREA/CHINA)
PACKING PAD	SYNTHETIC RUBBER	SUNG NAM (KOREA/CHINA) CCW/ZHE JIANG TIAN TAI ZHE JIANG TIAN HUA (CHINA)
SLEEVE	P.E.T(Poly Ethylene Terephthalate Resin)	MOO DEUNG (KOREA/CHINA) SUZHOU QILIAN SHUN PENG PLASTIC (CHINA) YUN LIN PLASTIC
AL CASE	ALUMINUM 99.0 % OVER	ZHANG JIA GANG LIAN YI LIN AN AO XING (CHINA) NANTONG CHUANGJIA DONG NAM (KOREA/CHINA) D.N TECH/HA NAM
AL FOIL ⊕	FORMED ALUMINUM 99.9 % OVER	K.D.K/JCC/MATSUSHITA (JAPAN) SAM YOUNG (KOREA) BECROMAL (ITALY) SATMA (FRANCE) HEC XINJIANG JOINWORLD (CHINA) HUAFENG / NANTONG / RAOIO LUXON/LITON (TAIWAN)
AL FOIL ⊖	ETCHED ALUMINUM 98.0 % OVER	K-JCC (KOREA) K.D.K (JAPAN) AFT/INCULCU/SHENGHONG ELECON/WU JIANG FEILO (CHINA)
SEPARATOR	INSULATION PAPER	KAN/LUNAN (CHINA) SPO (GERMANY) N.K.K (JAPAN)
ADHESIVE TAPE	POLY PROPYLENE OR POLY IMIDE FILM	NITTO/NICHIBAN (JAPAN) DAEIL/SWECO (KOREA)

**SamYoung Electronics Co., Ltd.**

When using aluminum electrolytic capacitors, pay strict attention to the following:

1. Electrolytic capacitors for DC application require polarization.

Confirm the polarity. If used in reversed polarity, the circuit life may be shortened or the capacitor may be damaged. For use on circuits whose polarity is occasionally reversed, or whose polarity is unknown, use bi-polarized capacitors (BP-series). Also, note that the electrolytic capacitor cannot be used for AC application.

2. Do not apply a voltage exceeding the capacitor's voltage rating.

If a voltage exceeding the capacitor's voltage rating is applied, the capacitor may be damaged as leakage current increases. When using the capacitor with AC voltage superimposed on DC voltage, care must be exercised that the peak value of AC voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

3. Do not allow excessive ripple current to pass.

Use the electrolytic capacitor at current values within the permissible ripple range. If the ripple current exceeds the specified value, request capacitors for high ripple current applications.

4. Ascertain the operating temperature range.

Use the electrolytic capacitors according to the specified operating temperature range. Usage at room temperature will ensure longer life.

5. The electrolytic capacitor is not suitable for circuits in which charge and discharge are frequently repeated.

If used in circuits in which charge and discharge are frequently repeated, the capacitance value may drop, or the capacitor may be damaged. Please consult our engineering department for assistance in these applications.

6. Apply voltage treatment to the electrolytic capacitor which has been allowed to stand for a long time.

If the electrolytic capacitor is allowed to stand for a long time, its withstand voltage is liable to drop, resulting in increased leakage current. If the rated voltage is applied to such a product, a large leakage current occurs and this generates internal heat, which damaged the capacitor. If the electrolytic capacitor is allowed to stand for a long time, therefore, use it after giving voltage treatment (Note 1). (However, no voltage treatment is required if the electrolytic capacitor is allowed to stand for less than 2 or 3 years at normal temperature.)

7. Be careful of temperature and time when soldering.

When soldering a printed circuit board with various components, care must be taken that the soldering temperature is not too high and that the dipping time is not too long. Otherwise, there will be adverse effects on the electrical characteristics and insulation sleeve of electrolytic capacitors in the case of small-sized electrolytic capacitors, nothing abnormal will occur if dipping is performed at less than 260°C for less than 10 seconds.

8. Do not place a soldering iron on the body of the capacitor.

The electrolytic capacitor is covered with a vinyl sleeve. If the soldering iron comes in contact with the electrolytic capacitor body during wiring, damage to the vinyl sleeve and/or case may result in defective insulation, or improper protection of the capacitor element.

9. Cleaning circuit boards after soldering.

Some solvents have adverse effects on capacitors.
Please refer to the next page.

10. Do not apply excessive force to the lead wires or terminals.

If excessive force is applied to the lead wires and terminals, they may be broken or their connections with the internal elements may be affected. (For strength of terminals, refer to KS C IEC 60384-4 (JIS C 5101-1, JIS C 5101-4))

11. Care should be used in selecting a storage area.

If electrolytic capacitors are exposed to high temperatures caused by such things as direct sunlight, the life of the capacitor may be adversely affected. Storage in a high humidity atmosphere may affect the solderability of lead wires and terminals.

12. Surge voltage.

The surge voltage rating is the maximum DC over-voltage to which the capacitor may be subjected for short periods not exceeding approximately 30 seconds at infrequent intervals of not more than six minutes. According to KS C IEC 60384-4, the test shall be conducted 1000 cycles at room temperature for the capacitors of characteristic KS C IEC 60384-4 or at the maximum operating temperature for the capacitors of characteristics B and C of KS C IEC 60384-4 with voltage applied through a series resistance of 1000 ohms without discharge. The electrical characteristics of the capacitor after the test are specified in KS C IEC 60384-4. Unless otherwise specified, the rated surge voltage are as follows:

Rated Voltage(V)	2	4	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63	80	100	160	200	250	315	350	400	450	500
Rated Surge Voltage(V)	2.5	5	8	13	20	32	44	63	79	100	125	200	250	300	365	400	450	500	550

Note 1 Voltage treatment ... Voltage treatment shall be performed by increasing voltage up to the capacitor's voltage rating gradually while lowering the leakage current. In this case, the impressed voltage shall be in the range where the leakage current of the electrolytic capacitor is less than specified value. Meanwhile, the voltage treatment time may be effectively shortened if the ambient temperature is increased (within the operating temperature range).

Note 2 For methods of testing, refer to KS C IEC 60384-4, (JIS C 5101-1, JIS C 5101-4)



CLEANING CONDITIONS

Aluminum electrolytic capacitors that have been exposed to halogenated hydrocarbon cleaning and defluxing solvents are susceptible to attack by these solvents. This exposure can result in solvent penetration into the capacitors, leading to internal corrosion and potential failure.

Common type of halogenated cleaning agents are listed below.

Chemical Name	Structural Formula	Representative Brand Name
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	$C_2Cl_3F_3$	Freon TF, Daiflon S-3
Fluorotrichloromethane	CCl_3F	Freon-11, Daiflon S-1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	$F_2H_3Cl_3$	Chloroethane
Trichloroethylene	C_2HCl_3	Trichiene
Methyl Chloride	CH_3Cl	MC

We would like to recommend you the below cleaning materials for your stable cleaning condition taking the place of previous materials.

◎ Isopropyl Alcohol (IPA) or Water

Cleaning method: One of immersion, ultrasonic or vapor cleaning.

Maximum cleaning time: 5 minutes (Chip type: 2 minutes)

※ Do not use AK225AES

Aluminum electrolytic capacitors are easily affected by halogen ions, particularly by chloride ions.

Excessive amounts of halogen ions, if happened to enter the inside of the capacitors, will give corrosion accidents-rapid capacitance drop and vent open. The extent of corrosion accidents varies with kinds of electrolytes and seal-materials. Therefore, the prevention of halogen ion contamination is the most important check point for quality control in our production lines. At present, halogenated hydrocarbon-contained organic solvents such as Trichloroethylene, 1,1,1-Trichloroethane, and Freon are used to remove flux from circuit boards.

If electrolytic capacitors are cleaned with such solvents, they may gradually penetrate the seal portion and cause the ejection. When using latex-based adhesive on the capacitors rubber end seal for adhesion to a PCB, corrosion may occur depending on the kind of solvent in the adhesive. Select an adhesive as an organic solvent with dissolved polymer that is not halogenated hydrocarbon. Hot air drying is required for eliminating the solvent between the product and the PCB at 50°C~80°C after coating.

Followings are the penetration path of the halogenated solvent.

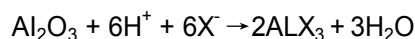
- ① Penetration between the rubber and the aluminum case
- ② Penetration between the rubber and the lead wire
- ③ Penetration through the rubber

The inside of the capacitors, the mechanism of corrosion of aluminum electrolytic capacitors by halogen ions can be explained as follows:

Halides (RX) are absorbed and diffused into the seal portion. The halides then enter the inside of the capacitors and contact with the electrolyte of the capacitors. Where by halogen ions are made free by a hydrolysis with water in the electrolyte:



The halogen ions (X^-) react with the dielectric substance (Al_2O_3) of aluminum electrolytic capacitors:



ALX_3 is dissociated with water:



※ MANUFACTURING SITE

- SamYoung Electronics Co., Ltd. (Korea/China)



SamYoung Electronics Co., Ltd.

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[450MXK330MA2RFC22X50](#) [63ZLH560MEFCG412.5X30](#) [ELH2DM331O25KT](#) [ELH2DM471P30KT](#)